"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light to moderate south winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,883. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

MISS QUIMBY DIES IN AIRSHIP FALL

Noted Woman Aviator and W. A. P. Willard, Passenger, Are Thrown 1,000 Feet.

DROP INTO DORCHESTER BAY

Motor Boats Rushing to Rescue, Find the Bodies Buried in Mud and Terribly Crushed.

MISS SCOTT, FLYING, SEES IT

And Collapses When She Reaches Ground—Tragedy, Laid to Broken Rudder or Sudden Gust.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 1.—Falling from a height of 1,000 feet into Dorchester Bay soon after 6 o'clock to-night, Miss Harriet Quimby of New York, the first woman to gain an aviator's license in America and the first woman to cross the English Channel in an aeroplane which she operated herself, met instant and terrible death. With her was killed her passenger, William A. P. Willard, manager of the aviation meet at Atlantic and father of Charles P. Willard, the aviator.

Five thousand spectators witnessed the accident, which occurred as the machine, a Blériot, monoplane, was volplaning down toward the aviation grounds. Miss Quimby and Willard were thrown from their seats as the machine suddenly turned almost perpendicular in the air, and the two bodies turned over and over as they shot downward. Both victims were found terribly crushed when extricated from the mud of the shallow bay, into which they had sunk deeply.

Officials of the meet, who examined the monoplane after the accident, thought the steering gear was out of order. Among those who witnessed the sudden shift of the machine in air there were some who thought a gust of wind caused the upset.

Miss Quimby and Willard were returning at the time from a flight to Boston Light over the twenty-mile course, made famous by Grahame-White two years ago. They had made the trip in approximately twenty minutes.

The monoplone, painted a pure white, came back at great speed from over the harbor, wabbling in the gusty breeze. It was near sunset and the Blériot, one of the latest models of military monoplanes, first circled the aviation field and soared out over the Savin Hill Club just outside the aviation grounds.

The great white wings swept directly into the west and dipped toward the earth as Miss Quimby headed back into the eight-mile breeze and started volplane. Possibly the angle was too sharp or the sudden strain was too much for part of the mechanism.

Machine Stood on End.

There was an upward flash of the tail and the machine was seen to stand almost on end in air. For an instant it poised there and then began a swift plunge downward.

Sharply outlined against the setting sun Willard's body was thrown clear of the chassis, followed almost immediately by Miss Quimby's body in her dark aviation suit. Hurtling over and over the two bodies shot downward, striking the water 200 feet from shore. They splashed out of sight a second before the monoplane plunged down 300 feet away.

It was low tide and the water was only five feet deep where they fell. Men from the yacht club in motor boats were on the spot quickly, and leaping overboard, lifted the bodies out of the mud into which they had sunk.

When they were brought to shore it was evident that Miss Quinby, at least, had been instantly killed. Several of her bones were broken and there were many terrible bruises. From the pressure of water in Willard's lungs it was thought possible that his death may not have been instantaneous. Over one eye was a gash from which the blood was flowing. He, too, had several fractures and bruises.

The clothing of both fliers was torn, and the bodies were so covered with mud that it was several minutes before the doctors and nurses could grasp the full extent of the injuries.

While the work of rescue was in progress and the delay in bringing the bodies to shore seemed hours to the crowd on the aviation field, young Willard, son of the dead man, was frantic and would have tried to swim out in the bay had he not been restrained.

When the victims were brought ashore in motor boats they were laid out on the ground at Squantum Head, on the edge of the aviation field. The crowd of spectators rushed over, but a troop of State cavalry was ahead of the spectators and held the people back, while Dr. George Sheehan, field surgeon, with his staff and a male and female nurse, made hasty examinations of the bodies. In a few minutes ambulances arrived and the victims were taken to the Quincy Hospital.

The powerful aeroplane, after being freed of its two passengers, glided off gracefully into the wind and struck the water on an even keel, then drove its nose into the mud and turned over on its back. It was recovered undamaged except for a few broken struts and wires.

Miss Scott Saw Tragedy from Air.

At the time of the accident Miss Blanche Stuart Scott was circling over the field at a height of about 500 feet. From her altitude she had watched Miss Quimby's splendid flight, and was near by when the gust upset the monoplane. In the excitement of the moment no one paid any attention to the lone woman aviator, but when Miss Quimby's body was brought ashore all eyes were turned aloft, and Miss Scott was seen making

Continued on Page 7.

C & C Ginger Ale and Burke's ★★★ Irish Whiskey, a safe drink for golfers.—Adv.

DAUGHTER TO LORD GRANARD

Countess, Formerly Miss Mills, Gives Birth to a Second Child.

LONDON, July 1.—A second daughter was born to-night to the Earl and Countess of Granard.

The Countess was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, daughter of Ogden Mills of New York. She was married to Lord Granard in 1909.

KAISER OFF TO MEET CZAR.

Chancellor Accompanies Emperor on Visit to Baltischport.

BERLIN, July 1.—The German Emperor, accompanied by his third son, Prince Adalbert, started to-night, by way of Danzig, for Baltischport, a seaport of Russia, near the entrance of the Gulf of Finland, where they will meet the Russian Emperor:

The two Emperors met last in August, 1909.

The Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, is one of the Emperor's party.

CONGRESS THANKS ROSTRON.

Bill Providing for Gold Medal to Captain Goes to Taft.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The thanks of Congress are conveyed to Capt. Arthur H. Rostron and the officers and crew of the liner Carpathia, for their rescue of 704 survivors of the Titanic, in a Senate bill passed by the House to-day.

The measure now goes to President Taft for signature. The bill provides for a $1,000 gold medal for Capt. Rostron.

HOWARD SLADE INJURED.

With Count Alfred Seidenberg, Left Senseless After Auto Smash.

Special to The New York Times.

MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J., July 1.—Howard Slade, a member of a New York Stock Exchange house, and Count Alfred Seidenberg of Germany, connected with the New York office of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, were in a runabout leaving the home of friends in Ocean Avenue here shortly before midnight, and had turned from the private driveway into Ocean Avenue just as an automobile owned by Bayard Dominick of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Dominick & Dominick came along. A chauffeur was driving the car, in which were several women.

The automobile struck the runabout, smashing it into kindling wood, and liberating the horse, which, unhurt, though terrified, rushed down the avenue. The front of the automobile was scarred, but its occupants sat shaken but unhurt, too terrified for an instant to assist Mr. Slade or the Count, both of whom had been hurled from their vehicle and lay senseless in the road.

Then the women hurried into the Dominick home and servants came out and carried Mr. Slade and Count Seidenberg into the house.

A telephone call was sent to Dr. J. J. Reed of Seabright, and he hurried to the Dominick place. At first it was thought that the Count was dead, but Dr. Reed resuscitated him. The physician said that he had internal injuries and was in a serious condition, so serious that he might die. Mr. Slade will recover, but his right eye was destroyed, and he will be disfigured and partly blinded for life.

He was taken to the Monmouth Memorial Hospital, while Count Seidenberg was taken to the Packer cottage, where he and Mr. Slade have been stopping, in an automobile.

CUBAN REVOLT SEEMS OVER.

No Trouble for Five Days, and Our Battleships Are Recalled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—The so-called intervention in Cuba is at an end. Orders were issued this afternoon at the Navy Department by Acting Secretary Winthrop for the recall of the battleship division now in Cuban waters, and Admiral Osterhaus will at once proceed northward with his flagship, the third and fourth divisions of the Atlantic fleet, to resume the Summer fleet exercises.

The marines now ashore in Cuba will remain there for the present, and the gunboats now in Cuban waters, together with the auxiliaries.

The negro revolution is believed to be practically stamped out with the death of Estenoz. Admiral Usher cables the Navy Department from Guantanamo Bay that no Cuban rebels had been seen for the last five days.

NO CASH FOR ROCKEFELLER.

Oil King's Son Tries for $10 Rebate, but Boat Captain Objects.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 1.—Although it was reported that John D. Rockefeller had chartered the ferry Rockland Saturday night to bring him over from Nyack, it is now known that it was John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who made the trip, and a goodstory is told in connection with the episode.

Mr. Rockefeller hired the ferry for $15, and after he drove aboard in his car two other unfortunate automobile parties, who were also stranded, asked Capt. Lyon to bring them over. He agreed and taxed each $5.

"Hold on, there, Captain," said Mr. Rockefeller, "I paid you $15 for the trip, and that money belongs to me."

"Well, if it does, it's going down in my pocket, and it's going to stay there," replied Capt. Lyon as he folded up the bills and put them into his pocket.

Mr. Rockefeller had nothing further o say, but the parties in the other automobiles told the story with much enjoyment to-day.

TREASURY COINER CONFESSES

Arrest of Government Clerks Discloses a Counterfeiting Conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—An alleged counterfeiting conspiracy, hatched in the United States Treasury, only a few feet from the office of Chief Wilkie, was unearthed by the Secret Service to-day.

J. D. Atkins, a clerk in the office of the Auditor for the Treasury Department, was arrested here on a warrant signed by United States Commissioner Bond of Baltimore, charging him with raising $1 notes to $10. This action followed the arrest in Baltimore yesterday of Perry H. Carman, a fellow-clerk of Atkins, charged with the same offense. The two men are alleged to have worked in concert.

Atkins, waiving formalities, left Washington to-night for Baltimore, where he will be given a hearing to-morrow before Commissioner Bond. Carman, according to Secret Service headquarters here, has made a statement laying bare the scheme.

Atkins, who held a $1,000 clerkship, was formerly Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for the State of Washington. Carman, whose salary was $900, has a wife and three children

Genuine crystal pebble eyeglasses, the cool kind that never mist. SPENCER'S, now 7 Maiden Lane. —Adv.

LEADERS URGE CLARK TO QUIT

He Makes Secret Trip to Baltimore to Hear Their Arguments.

PLEADS FOR MORE TIME

Senator Stone Refuses to Say Whether Speaker's Strength Would Go to Wilson.

CHARGE TREACHERY BY BRYAN

Clark Managers Assert That the Nebraskan Will Now Betray Gov. Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—A stir was caused to-night when it was learned that Speaker Champ Clark had spent the afternoon here in conference with some of his supporters, who had urged him to withdraw and throw his strength to some Progressive, in order to break the deadlock and insure the nomination of a candidate who would be acceptable to Democrats generally.

Senator William J. Stone of Missouri who has been looked upon here as the spokesman of Speaker Clark, was the principal pleader with a view of bringing about the Speaker's withdrawal. The conference was held at the home of Mayor Preston, who is a candidate for the Vice Presidential nomination. The utmost secrecy was observed, and few of the leaders and delegates who at that time were engaged in balloting were aware of the Speaker's presence in the convention city.

"The Speaker came over at my request," said Senator Stone to-night. "I felt that it was urgent that we should discuss the situation frankly, and I could not possibly arrange to leave this city long enough to go to Washington.

"Speaker Clark was told that the intriguing of Mr. Bryan had made his (the Speaker's) nomination impossible and that Mr. Bryan now was engaged in an effort to kill off Woodrow Wilson."

The Speaker was urged to release his delegates and swing their support, if possible, to some other Progressive Democrat who could be nominated. When Senator Stone was asked whether the other Progressive was Gov. Wilson he declined either to affirm or deny that this was the case.

Before returning to Washington this evening Mr. Clark urged his supporters to stick by him until he has had time to consider fully the situation and form a conclusion as to the wisest course to follow.

CLARK MAKES SECRET VISIT.

Leaves Washington Without Notice and Upsets the House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Speaker Clark was "lost" for a few hours to-day. Not one of his friends knew where he was. At least, if any person did he didn't say so.

It was not until this evening that it became known that the Speaker was on a secret visit to Baltimore. While a messenger from the House was seeking Mr. Clark to-day, and while members of the Clark household were busy answering 'phone calls to the effect that Mr. Clark wasn't at home and that no one knew where he was, the Speaker was at the house of his friend Mayor Preston in the Convention City.

The Baltimore Mayor has been mentioned prominently for second place on the ticket in the event of a Clark nomination.

Further word came to-night that Mr. Clark was spending the evening with Mayor Preston at the Mayor's home, near the Convention Hall, and that several members of the Missouri delegation had called on him there.

Mr. Clark's sudden disappearence forced the House to elect Judge Alexander of Missouri as Speaker pro tem of the House, so that the emergency resolution authorizing the use of funds for the support of the Government until July 31 could be signed in time to be laid before President Taft before the Executive left Washington for Philadelphia.

As it was, the desperate efforts made by House leaders to find the Speaker when it dawned upon them that he was out of reach, and the necessity to which they were then put in the rapid election of a Speaker pro tem. delayed matters so that the President's train was held up for five minutes, and the joint resolution authorizing the use of $75,000,000 to keep the Government going this month was signed by the President on his train instead of in the White House.

Mysterious as was the sudden disappearance of the Speaker, it became more strange when no word of his arrival in Baltimore having come, renewed efforts failed to find him here. Representative Fitzgerald, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, visited the Speaker's office and insisted that the Speaker must be found so that the joint resolutions making emergency appropriations could be signed. Attachés in the Speaker's office said they did not know where the Speaker had gone. They did not think he had started for Baltimore, and were of the impression he was at home, obtaining needed rest.

"But he must be found," insisted Representative Fitzgerald. "The joint resolutions are waiting, the President's train is waiting. The Speaker must be found at once."

Attaches of the Speaker's office telephoned to the Clark residence. Edward, the butler, believing the Speaker asleep, gave an ambiguous reply, thinking he was protecting the Missourian from unnecessary disturbance. Meanwhile a messenger was sent to the Speaker's home.

Continued on Page 3.

TRAINS ANNULLED JULY 4.
Several Pennsylvania Railroad trains between New York and Point Pleasant will not be run July 4. See time tables.—Adv.

JUNIOR REPUBLIC FOR CRIMINAL ADULTS
Wm. R. George, founder of the plan, thinks it would work quite as well with grown-ups as with young people. Read what he says in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

GOV. WILSON WARNED TO BEWARE OF BRYAN

Told by ex-Senator Blackwell of Trenton That Commoner Is Secretly Against Him.

ONLY SMILED AT THE NEWS

Samuel Ludlow, Jr., and J. E. Bernstein Will Pay Expenses of Wilson Delegates Who Are Without Funds.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., July 1.—Ex-State Senator Jonathan H. Blackwell of Trenton came here to-night with messages from Gov. Wilson's managers which they had not cared to intrust to the telegraph wires. To the reporters assembled on Gov. Wilson's lawn Senator Blackwell said:

"I left Baltimore at 2 P. M. and arrived here at 7 P. M. I was assured by the Tennessee delegation that within a few ballots they would all be with us. But what I chiefly came here for was to explain to Gov. Wilson the peculiar fight forced upon us by the attitude of Bryan.

"The time has come when the Wilson men must reckon with Bryan. Deep down in his heart Bryan does not like Wilson, because he feels he cannot control him. Wilson already would be nominated if it were not for Bryan.

"Bryan is playing a grandmother game, and working for Bryan. But it will do him no good. He can't run for President himself. He can't openly fight Wilson. He can, of course, return to Clark. He has been knocked into a cocked hat, and Wilson holds the hat. Only the fact that he can find no plausible grounds to fight Wilson keeps him from open revolt. He is for no one else in particular, because he is for himself in particular. The growth of the Wilson column has aroused Bryan's envy, but what can he do? What dare he do? He dare not leave the crowd, and the crowd is for Wilson."

Senator Blackwell spent half an hour to-night with Gov. Wilson in a conference on convention affairs. His unpleasant news failed to disturb Gov. Wilson's serenity. Nothing sort of a political earthquake, apparently, could do that. The Governor was in a cheerful frame of mind all day, and retired for the night smiling and seemingly contented.

$50,000 for Wilson Expenses.

Two callers who arrived at Gov. Wilson's home late to-night in an automobile were Samuel Ludlow, Jr., President of the Union Trust Company of Jersey City, who offered the Governor a special train to Baltimore several days ago, and Joseph E. Bernstein, owner of a Jersey City department store. They said they had come because they had heard that Charles F. Murphy was playing a game of starve out against the Wilson men and expected them to waver after running out of money.

"We shall talk over finances with Gov. Wilson to-night," said Banker Ludlow, "and unless late night returns show that he is nominated we shall leave Long Branch at 8 A. M. to-morrow for Baltimore. We shall take with us $10,000. I do not propose to see the Wilson cause break down for the reason that the Murphy forces have more staying power in the shape of finances. We are prepared to subscribe up to $50,000, if necessary.

"I shall offer to pay the hotel bills of every Wilson delegate who has been kept at Baltimore beyond the limit of his resources, and I shall see that the Wilson headquarters have all the cash they need up to the limit I have named.

"If this fight reaches a conclusion otherwise that in the nomination of Wilson I don't want to see the conclusion come because his men have been starved out. I have every sympathy with the fine fight they have made and the keenest admiration for the manner in which they have stood faithfully and firm."

When Gov. Wilson heard from newspaper reporters what his callers had said to them before going in to see him, the Governor said:

"I know nothing about the plans of these gentlemen, but they are my enthusiastic friends, and whatever this is it is only another illustration of their generosity toward me."

The two men went to Long Branch to spend the night after hearing the result of the forty-first ballot.

If the situation to-morrow will permit it Gov. Wilson will visit the State House at Trenton to be present at several State Board meetings.

Governor Recites a Limerick.

As the critical moment came when the forces of Champ Clark were overhauled and passed in the slow upward movement of the Wilson column at Baltimore to-day, Gov. Woodrow Wilson was busily engaged in reciting limerick verses to Mrs. Wilson and her daughters on the veranda of the Governor's Summer home.

"There was a young lady from Niger," the Governor was reciting as an excited reporter burst upon him with a bulletin from the tented telegraph station on the lawn.

"Oh, you've passed him, you've passed him!" the reporter shouted with a flourish of the yellow bit of telegraphic paper in his hand.

"That's the stuff," was the Governor's only comment, and then, in a slightly more buoyant spirit, he continued with his limerick:

There was a young lady from Niger,
Who smiled as she rode on a tiger.
They came back from the ride with the lady inside,
And the smile on the face of the tiger.

The reporter waited anxiously for further comment. When he saw that none was to be offered he asked if the limerick was suggested by any present thought of Tammany.

"Of that," said the Governor, "you can guess as well as I can," and then he continued to recite more limericks.

Begged Him in Vain to Get Excited.

It was too much for the reporter and his twenty-odd stampeded companions, who came up yelling and applauding the convention's action. "Oh, now, Governor," he persisted, "won't you please let us see you excited just for one minute. We have written about the quiet pastoral scenes down here till we simply can't do it any longer. We've got to see how you behave when you're really stirred up. Now, please get a little excited."

Gov. Wilson smiled very broadly. "You might put it in the paper," he commented, "that Gov. Wilson received the news that Champ Clark had dropped to second place in a riot of silence."

The reporters retired to the telegraph station on the lawn. Another ballot was reported, in which it was shown that the

Continued on Page 4.

TO RELIEVE INSOMNIA take half teaspoonful Horsford's Acid Phosphate in glass of water before retiring—Quiets nerves and induces refreshing sleep.—Adv.

BREAK TO WILSON SEEMS AT HAND AS CONVENTION ADJOURNS TILL TO-DAY; HE LEADS ON THE 42ND BALLOT

Senator Gore Declares 100 More Votes Were Ready for Wilson.

TWICE PASSES 500 MARK

Forces Speaker Clark Into Second Place on the Thirtieth Roll Call.

ILLINOIS READY TO YIELD

Midnight Caucus Votes 41 to 13 in Favor of Quitting Clark.

UNDERWOOD BACKERS FIRM

Decline All Overtures During Evening Struggle to Win Their Votes for Wilson.

DAY SESSION IN DISORDER

Missouri Banner Posted in Front of Bryan Starts a Row—Nebraskan's Speech Shut Off.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S BALLOTS.

THE BALLOT.	Wilson....	Clark.......	Underwood.	Harmon....	Foss........	Marshall...	Scattering..
Twenty-seventh	406½	469	112	29	38	30	2½
Twenty-eighth	437½	468½	112½	29	38	..	2½
Twenty-ninth	436	468½	112	29	38	..	4½
Thirtieth	460	455	121½	19	30	..	2½
Thirty-first	475½	446½	116½	17	30	..	2½
Thirty-second	477½	446½	118½	14	28	..	2½
Thirty-third	477½	447½	103½	29	28	..	2½
Thirty-fourth	479½	447½	101½	29	28	..	2½
Thirty-fifth	494½	433½	101½	29	28	..	1½
Thirty-sixth	496½	434½	98½	29	28	..	1½
Thirty-seventh	496½	432½	100½	29	28	..	1½
Thirty-eighth	498½	425	106	29	28	..	1½
Thirty-ninth	501½	422	106	29	28	..	1½
Fortieth	501½	423	106	28	28	..	1½
Forty-first	499½	424	106	27	28	..	3½
Forty-second	494	430	104	27	28	..	5

Special to The New York Times.

CONVENTION HALL, BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, July 2.—The Democratic National Convention adjourned at 12:43 o'clock this morning until noon to-day, after having cast forty-two ballots without nominating a candidate for the Presidency.

Wilson passed Clark on the thirtieth ballot, when Iowa shifted her votes, and went beyond the 500 mark on the thirty-ninth, only to drop below it by half a vote on the forty-first ballot.

On the forty-second ballot the Governor lost 5½ more votes, which brought his total down to 494. Clark then had 430, Underwood 104, Harmon 27, Foss 28, and Kern, James, Bryan, Gaynor, and James Hamilton Lewis, 1 each.

All told, Wilson had gained 87½ votes since Monday morning, while Speaker Clark had dropped 39 votes.

When the convention adjourned there were rumors that Mississippi, with 20 delegates; Washington, with 14, and Illinois, with 58, were on the verge of throwing their strength to Wilson.

After the adjournment A. Mitchell Palmer, head of the Pennsylvania delegation and Wilson floor leader in the convention, said:

"Wilson will have many more votes to-day. Illinois was caucusing and was about to come over to us when the confusion became so great that it was impossible for the convention to continue. You will notice that it was the Clark forces who asked for the adjournment. We would have been quite willing to go on for the rest of the night, and believe we would have won before daylight."

Senator Gore of Oklahoma confirmed what Mr. Palmer said and added:

"We had about a hundred votes ready to come over to Wilson when the convention adjourned. The Illinois delegation had just caucused and voted 41 to 13 in favor of Wilson. The delegation came into the convention just as it was announced that the motion to adjourn had been carried."

The Night Balloting Starts.

It was 8:18 o'clock when Chairman James called the convention to order.

"I warn you,' 'he cried in his stentorian voice, "that I intend to have order. I want twenty-five policemen in the main aisle. I intend to have sufficient policemen in the galleries, and I intend to watch them. I want them to look to me for their instructions."

Then he ordered the roll called for the thirty-fifth ballot. As Iowa was reached Mr. Bryan came in and was roundly cheered, without the cheer being broken by any hisses or groans.

As the session opened the vote stood: Clark, 447½; Wilson, 479½; Harmon, 29; Underwood, 101½; Foss, 28; Kern, 2.

The thirty-fifth ballot showed a gain of fifteen votes for Wilson and a loss of fourteen for Clark. It was the lowest vote Clark had received, despite the fact that he had the ninety votes of New York, which he did not have in the first few ballots. This ballot stood: Clark, 433½; Wilson, 494¼; Harmon, 29; Underwood, 101½; Foss, 28; Kern, 1.

Nothing significant happened on the thirty-sixth ballot. North Carolina asked to be passed and was immediately followed by Ohio with the same request. Wyoming, which had made a partial switch on the thirty-fifth ballot, went over to Wilson altogether, and cast six votes for him. But the North Carolina change was not as big as was expected, and there was no change in Ohio. Wilson got twenty votes in North Carolina instead of eighteen, Underwood getting four.

Senator O'Gorman of New York took the chair and received a royal cheer. He is the only New Yorker in this convention who is popular with everybody. He announced the vote as follows: Clark, 434½; Wilson, 496¼; Underwood, 98½; Harmon, 29; Foss, 28; Kern, 1. Wilson's net gain was two votes.

The thirty-seventh ballot showed no change except a loss of 2 votes for Clark and a shift back to Underwood of 2 of the votes he had lost. It was: Clark, 432½; Wilson, 496½; Underwood, 100½; Harmon, 29; Foss, 28; Kern, 1.

Connecticut, in the thirty-eighth ballot, shifted 4 votes from Clark to Underwood. Then Florida swung 2 votes to Wilson, and that started a fuss. Gov. Gilchrist jumped up on a chair and declared that when the delegates from that State were elected they were pledged to Underwood.

"Is it for two individuals to say when those instructions have ceased to bind them, or is it for a majority of the delegation to decide?"

Senator O'Gorman ruled that every delegate had a right to vote as he pleased. The Underwood men protested angrily, but O'Gorman persisted in ruling that the Wilson men could vote according to the dictates of their conscience.

"How about a man who hasn't any conscience?" demanded an angry Underwood man.

Clark lost three and a half votes in Tennessee on this ballot, the delegation splitting even between Clark, Underwood, and Wilson. The ballot resulted: Clark, 425; Wilson, 498½; Underwood, 106; Harmon, 29; Foss, 28; Kern, 1.

This created a sensation, for it was the biggest slump in the Clark vote that had come about during the session. He had been dropping steadily, but only at the rate of about two votes a ballot. This time he had lost seven. Underwood was the chief gainer, getting 106, as against 100½ on the previous ballot. Wilson gained only two, and was still a vote and half short of the 500.

On the thirty-ninth ballot Clark gained a vote in Arizona. In Colorado, which hitherto cast its thirteen votes solid for Clark, the first break came on this ballot. One of its votes was cast for Wilson. The Clark men immediately made the point that the Colorado delegation was instructed for Clark until Clark himself released them. The resolution adopted by the State Convention was read and Ollie James, who had returned to the chair, decided that there was no unit rule and that delegates were responsible to their constituents. He directed that the vote of Colorado be counted at 11 for Clark and 1 for Wilson.

Wilson Passes 500 Mark.

The next switch came in Iowa, where two delegates came over to Wilson. This put him over the 500 mark.

The balloting was proceeding in a dull and listless manner. The salt was all out of the convention. There was no disorder, although the hum of conversation rose high above the Clerk's voice, demonstrating how little interest delegates or spectators were taking in the dreary grind. Nothing but the possibility of a break on some ballot kept the audience in the cruelly hot hall.

Wilson gained a vote in Wisconsin. The result of the thirty-ninth ballot was: Clark, 422; Wilson, 501½; Underwood, 106; Harmon, 29; Foss, 28; Kern, 1.

On each ballot Ohio continued to pass, but her voice was always the same, 29 for Harmon, and 19 for Wilson. The reason the delegation always asked to be passed was that the 19 Wilsonians were trying to convince the 29 Harmonites that they could do a big thing for Ohio by leading the stampede to Wilson.

The announcement by Chairman James that Wilson had passed the 500 mark brought out a short but enthusiastic demonstration for the Governor. A good deal of it was for effect on Ohio and Illinois, for every effort was being made to swing Illinois on the fortieth ballot, which was now ordered.

On the fortieth ballot Wilson lost a vote in Iowa. Illinois asked to be passed so that she could have more time to make up her mind on the proposal the Wilson men were making to switch her. It was announced shortly, however, that the Illinois delegation had, by a vote of 47 to 11, decided not to desert Clark at that time. The effort to switch Ohio still failed, but one Ohio man did change from Harmon to Wilson.

The result of the fortieth ballot was: Wilson, 501½; Clark, 423, a loss of 2; Underwood, 106; Harmon, 28, a loss of 1; Foss, 28; Kern, 1.

A motion to adjourn until to-morrow morning was voted down, and the forty-first ballot began at 11:15.

On this ballot the hall began to look like Coney Island. Boys selling beer, sandwiches, ginger ale, peanuts, frankfurters, ice cream and lemonade circulated in the lobbies and all over the convention. Men and women were holding bottles to their lips or munching away industriously.

The forty-first ballot resulted; Clark, 424; Wilson, 499½; Underwood, 106; Harmon, 27; Foss, 28; Kern, 1; Bryan, 1; Gaynor, 1.

Didn't Want to Adjourn.

Again was there a motion to adjourn to 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, and on this question the roll was called. By this time Chairman James had nearly lost that big and powerful voice with which he started out so bravely last week. He was obliged more and more frequently to call on some one to preside for him while he tried to save his voice.

Before the roll was half over its defeat was so evident that the motion to adjourn was withdrawn, and the roll was called on the forty-second ballot. At first the noise in the hall was so great that the votes could not be heard. James Hamilton Lewis took the chair and directed the police to clear the aisles. The Baltimore police may have many good qualities, they may be dutiful to their parents and kind to their children, but they do not shine in the matter of clearing aisles.

However, the people in the aisles finally consented to be quiet enough to hear the vote of an occasional State, and one of the first things heard was the announcement that one of Iowa's votes had been cast for James Hamilton Lewis. This brought a big laugh, and Lewis, with a smile, said: "Let the roll proceed seriously." That got another laugh.

"Oh, you, Jim Ham," called some one in the gallery, and Lewis, wheeling around, pointed his gavel at the man and said: "Will the gentleman please be so kind as to keep quiet or absent himself?" Lewis was enjoying himself immensely, and the crowd was in a jolly humor. There is a man in the Mississippi delegation who has a long, wailing voice, and when that State announced its vote on this roll, the whole convention wailed with him and kept on wailing for a full minute. Then it stopped wailing, and laughed uproarously at its own humor.

When the roll was ended Lewis made a great hit with the words: "The Convention will be at ease during the computation." Every time Lewis emits one of these phrases he delights himself and pleases his audience immensely.

On the forty-second ballot Clark began to climb up and Wilson to drop. The vote was: Wilson, 494; Clark, 430; Underwood, 104; Foss, 28; Harmon, 27; Kern, 1; Lewis, 1; Bryan, ½. When Lewis announced the vote cast for himself, there was a great outburst of cheers and laughter, and Lewis grinned happily.

The Clark men, encouraged by this vote, renewed their fight for adjournment. The motion was made by Wallace of Washington, and instantly Palmer of Pennsylvania, the Wilson floor manager, demanded a roll call on the motion.

While the roll was proceeding several thousand tired spectators and a large number of disgusted delegates arose and adjourned on their own hook. The noise they made as they trooped out sounded like that of a marching army. This time the Clark men were successful by a vote of 781 to 260, and the convention adjourned at 12:43 o'clock till noon.

BLAME BRYAN FOR DEADLOCK.

Said to Have Prevented Wilson's Nomination Early.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—When the thirty-fourth ballot had been taken just before the day session of the Democratic National Convention adjourned, Gov. Woodrow Wilson, after another day of remarkable gains, had forged ahead of his strongest rival in the race for the Presidential nomination, Speaker Champ Clark.

With this remarkable showing of his strength the question was asked of such leaders as Charles F. Murphy of New York and Roger Sullivan of Illinois:

"Why not swing your strength to Gov. Wilson to break the deadlock and bring about his nomination?"

"Tom" Taggart, the Indiana boss, the other member of the big three in the convention, had already led in that direction by turning twenty-eight out of Indiana's thirty votes over to Gov. Wilson.

In every instance the answer to the query came back that Bryan was the sole and insurmountable obstacle in the way of ending the deadlock by the nomination of Woodrow Wilson.

"It is my opinion, gathered from the talks I have had with Mr. Murphy and with other leaders, that if it had not been for Mr. Bryan Gov. Wilson would have been the Presidential nominee of the Democratic Party long before this," said one of the most influential members of the New York delegation to a correspondent for THE NEW YORK TIMES.

But with William J. Bryan asserting himself at every stage of a complex and embarrassing situation, largely of his own making, there was every indication when the night session was called to order that the convention was as firmly held by the deadlock as ever.

At that time some of the leaders hinted mysteriously that some great coup might be attempted before the delegates again dispersed; that some new name would be sprung which might take the convention off its feet and furnish a happy way out of the present dilemma. In connection with this there was some talk of United States Senator-elect Ollie A. James of Kentucky and of United States Senator Charles A. Culberson of Texas, but there was absolutely nothing of an authorita-

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

COMPLETE TABULATION OF THE FIRST THIRTY-EIGHT BALLOTS IN THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

1,088 Votes in the Convention.

States.	Candidates.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.
Alabama	Underwood	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Arizona	Clark	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	2	5	4	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
	James	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Arkansas	Clark	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
California	Clark	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Colorado	Clark	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Connecticut	Baldwin	14	14	14	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Clark	..	..	..	..	4	4	3	3	3	7	7	6	6	9	7	6	6	6	5	3	3	7	5	6	5	3	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	3
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	9	9	11	11	10	7	7	6	7	4	6	7	7	7	8	10	9	6	6	7	7	7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	8
	Foss	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	Wilson	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6
Florida	Underwood	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	10
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Georgia	Underwood	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Idaho	Clark	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½
	Kern	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bryan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	8	8	8	8	7½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½
Illinois	Clark	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
Indiana	Marshall	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	26	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	Kern	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Clark	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Iowa	Clark	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	12	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Kansas	Clark	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Kentucky	Clark	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Louisiana	Wilson	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Clark	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	Foss	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maine	Wilson	9	9	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	12	11	11	11	11
	Clark	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	1	1	1	1
	Underwood	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Maryland	Clark	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	12	12	11½	11	11	10½	10½	10½	10½	10	10	10	10
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2½	3½	4	4½	4½	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	½	½	½	½
Mass.	Clark	36	35	35	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	27	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	..	..	..	2	2	7	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
	Underwood	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Foss	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	34	34	34	34	34	29	29	29	29	29	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Michigan	Wilson	10	11	11	10	11	10	11	11	11	9	12	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	27	26	26	26
	Clark	12	14	14	15	15	15	15	15	14	18	18	18	18	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	3	4	4	4
	Harmon	7	4	4	3	2	4	3	2	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Underwood	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Marshall	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	Wilson	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Mississippi	Underwood	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Missouri	Clark	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Montana	Clark	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Nebraska	Clark	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	2	4	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Harmon	4	4	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	13	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kern	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	Clark	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
New H'shire	Clark	8	7	7	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Wilson	..	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
New Jersey	Wilson	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
	Clark	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Underwood	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sulzer	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	Clark	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
New York	Harmon	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Clark	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Nor. Carolina	Wilson	16½	16¼	16½	16½	17	16	16	17	17	18	18	17	18	18½	18	18	18	18	16	17	18	18	18	18	24	20	17	17½	17½	17½	18	18	18	18	18	20	20	20
	Underwood	7	7¼	5	5	7	8	8	7	7	6	6	7	6	5½	4½	4	4	4	8	7	6	6	6	6	..	4	7	6½	6½	6½	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4
	Harmon	½	½	2½	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Clark	..	..	..	½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1½	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nor. Dakota	Wilson	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Ohio	Wilson	10	11	13	13	12	12	13	12	13	11	13	13	15	15	14	15	15	18	17	17	19	19½	21½	22½	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
	Clark	1	2	..	..	1	1	3	3	4	6	4	4	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	..	28½	26½	25½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Harmon	35	34	33	33	34	33	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	..	..	..	29	29	29	29	29	19	17	14	29	29	29	29	29	29
	Bryan	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kern	..	..	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	James	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Foss	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	12	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	Wilson	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Clark	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Oregon	Wilson	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Clark	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	Wilson	71	72	73	73	73	73	73	73	72	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	72	72	72	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
	Harmon	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Clark	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Bryan	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Island	Clark	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
So. Carolina	Wilson	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
So. Dakota	Wilson	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Tennessee	Wilson	6	6½	6½	6	5	9	6½	6½	6½	7½	7½	7	8½	8½	8	8	8	4½	4	7½	8½	10	10	11½	8½	10	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	Clark	6	8½	5	11½	5	7	10½	8½	8	13	12	7½	11½	12½	14½	13	13	11	5	14	14	10	10	9½	14	12	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	13½	11½	8
	Harmon	6	5½	4	3½	11½	5	3½	5	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Underwood	6	3	8½	3	2½	3	3½	3	4½	3½	4½	9	4	3	1½	3	3	8½	15	2½	1½	3	3	3	1½	2	1½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	4½	8
	Gaynor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	Wilson	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Utah	Wilson	6	6½	6½	6½	6½	8	6½	8	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½
	Clark	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	..	1½	..	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
	Harmon	½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	Baldwin	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	Clark	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Foss	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	Wilson	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9	9	9	9	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Underwood	14½	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	12	12	12	12	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	4½	4½	3½	2½	2	2	2	2
	Clark	..	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	9½	9½	10½	11½	12	12	12	12
Washington	Clark	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
W. Virginia	Clark	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Wisconsin	Wilson	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	20	19	20	19	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	20
	Clark	6	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
	Bryan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kern	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
Wyoming	Clark	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Alaska	Clark	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
	Sulzer	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilson	..	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
	Underwood	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dist. of Col.	Clark	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Hawaii	Wilson	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Clark	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Underwood	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Porto Rico	Wilson	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	5½	5	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½
	Clark	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	½	..	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	½	½	1	1½	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Underwood	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	½	..	½	½	1	½	½	½	½	½
	Harmon	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals	Wilson	324	339¾	345	349½	351	354	352½	351½	352½	350½	354½	354	356	362	362½	362½	362½	361	358	388½	395½	396½	399	402½	405	407½	406½	437½	436	460	475½	477½	477½	479½	494½	496½	496½	498½
	Clark	440½	446½	441	443	443	445	449½	448½	452	556	554	547½	554½	550	552	551	545	535	532	512	508	500½	497½	496	469	463	469	468½	468½	455	446½	446½	447½	447½	433½	434½	432½	425
	Underwood	117½	111¼	114½	112	119½	121	123½	123	122½	117½	118	123	115½	113	110½	112½	112½	125	130	121½	118½	115	114½	115½	108	112½	112	112½	112	121½	116½	118½	103½	101½	101½	98½	100½	106
	Harmon	148	141	140½	136½	141½	135	129½	130	127	31	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	..	..	..	29	29	29	29	29	19	17	14	29	29	29	29	29	29
	Marshall	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Foss	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	5	43	45	43	43	44	38	38	38	30	30	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	Baldwin	22	14	14	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kern	..	..	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	2	2	2	2	3½	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
	Gaynor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	James	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sulzer	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bryan	1	2	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

tive nature to indicate that there was any substantial foundation for the rumors.

Gov. Foss of Massachusetts, with 29 votes, took his place with Gov. Harmon of Ohio as one of the minor candidates before the convention to-day. He is well liked by many of the delegates, and it has been suggested to-night that an attempt may be made to start a serious movement for him as soon as the delegations from such States as New York and Illinois can be swung from Clark without fear that they will go over to Gov. Wilson.

All talk of stampeding this convention or bringing about the nomination of a compromise candidate seems futile in view of the actual situation to-night. Woodrow Wilson furnished the only rallying point and the only hope for an early lifting of the deadlock, according to political observers who, during years and years of active participation, have studied the ways of conventions, particularly Democratic conventions. With the delegates tired of monotonous balloting and many of them "broke" and anxious to return to their homes, there is not the slightest doubt that Woodrow Wilson could be nominaed without much further delay if this could be done without having it appear a victory for William J. Bryan.

The leaders who furnish the mainstay of the opposition to Mr. Bryan in this convention are beginning to realize that if the deadlock is to be broken without too much loss of time, they may have to come to this.

Bryan Must Be Eliminated.

But they realize also that before a settlement can be made in favor of Gov. Wilson with their acquiescence, the prestige of the Nebraskan must be shattered and the Commoner eliminated as a potent factor in the present convention.

That this is not an altogether hopeless proposition was indicated to-day when John B. Stanchfield made his bitter attack on Bryan. When Mr. Stanchfield characterized the Nebraskan as a "selfish, money-hunting, favor-hunting, publicity hunting, and ambitious marplot," he roused the delegates and the convention crowd to a wild demonstration of approval which seemed fully as sincere as any demonstration Mr. Bryan had provoked by his utterances before the convention. One remarkable feature was the almost total absence of any manifestations of dissent from the delegates or the gallery crowds.

If Mr. Bryan could be eliminated as an influential factor in the convention, so that it would be clear at once that Woodrow Wilson did not owe his nomination to the Nebraskan, it may be stated on the best of authority that the breaking of the deadlock might be a question of minutes rather than hours. True, Gov. Wilson when he allied himself with Bryan in the fight on Alton B. Parker for Temporary Chairman, incurred the hostility of many of the conservative leaders and delegates. But they are willing to forget and forgive in view of the strength Mr. Wilson has developed in the convention and the very general recognition of his worth and availability as campaigner and vote getter.

In refusing to give their support to Wilson as long as Bryan is his chief sponsor before the convention they are not actuated solely by a feeling of vindictiveness against the Nebraskan, but are prompted rather by a recognition of the fact that no candidate with the Bryan taint on him can carry New York.

Not only is New York regarded as essential to the success of the National ticket, but Mr. Murphy has reasons of his own for desiring to see a candidate nominated who can carry through the State ticket in New York this Fall.

Nebraskan Losing Strength.

Mr. Bryan has been losing both strength and prestige in the convention during the last forty-eight hours, according to leaders who have given close study to the situation. His arrogance and a lurking suspicion that he is seeking to tangle up the situation in order to get the nomination for himself are in part responsible for this.

It is also realized by the weary delegates that but for Mr. Bryan the convention probably would have nominated on schedule time a candidate acceptable to Democrats generally, and the friends of Woodrow Wilson suspect that the nominee would have been their man. This has given rise to some more resentment against the Commoner.

The leaders have been busy seeking to make an inventory of the utmost strength of Mr. Bryan in this convention. Their estimate to-night is that only about 200 delegates, considerably less than the one-third necessary to tie up proceedings, can be absolutely controlled by the Nebraskan.

On every side is heard to-day criticism of Mr. Bryan for the insults he has hurled at the New York delegates when he called them "wax figures." Wall Street never commented more bitterly on the Colonel when he was the sponsor for free silver. Among some of the leaders in the Clark camp the soreness is more acute than anywhere else, except possibly in the inner room where the bosses meet or about the headquarters of the New York delegation.

Ex-Senator R. F. Pettigrew of South Dakota, one of the inner circle of the Clark managers, assailed Bryan to-night as a hypocrite, and said he had gone at Bryan's own instance to seek the support of both Murphy and Hearst in 1908.

"Mr. Bryan's statement," said Senator Pettigrew, "in that he will support no candidate for President who will have the support of New York is the rankest hypocrisy. It is the excuse of the demagogue who believes that such a statement will be popular among the Western voters, and has been seized upon by Mr. Bryan as an excuse for doing what he has intended to do ever since he was elected as a delegate to this convention by the Democrats of Nebraska:

"Mr. Bryan has repeatedly charged that I have sold out to Wall Street. He and Wilson's manager repeatedly stated that I was Clark's connecting link. Yet he gives the lie to this statement by making a combination with the New York and Virginia delegations to throw the Clark delegates out of the convention.

"Four years ago, previous to the Denver Convention, at Mr. Bryan's request, I went to New York to obtain, if possible, the votes of that State in the Denver Convention for Mr. Bryan. I saw many Tammany leaders, including Mr. Murphy, and Mr. Cohalan, and particularly tried to persuade them not to hold out a third of the convention when Bryan obtained the majority.

"After the Denver convention, I again went to New York at Mr. Byran's request to urge the united and earnest support of the New York Democrats at the polls in November. I was authorized to make no specific promises except that they would receive fair treatment at Mr. Bryan's hands if he became President.

Saw Roger Sullivan, Too.

"He also asked me to see Roger Sullivan of Chicago, and make the same assurance to him, which I did, therefore the hypocricy of his present position is evident to everybody who knows the facts.

"After the Denver convention, Mr. Bryan also asked me to see and talk with Mr. Hearst, and try to get his support and that of his publications. I did see Mr. Hearst, and ascertained from him, at Bryan's request, that he would see and talk with Mr. Bryan.

"Mr. Bryan's chief asset is a divided Democracy. He does not want any man elected President, as he would thus lose his leadership, and with it would go the advertising, at the expense of his party, that makes his lectures and writings so profitable. On the other hand, Bryan is the chief asset of the Republican Party, as he keeps the Democrats divided, and thus the Republicans are maintained in power to exploit the people of this country for the benefit of the privileged classes."

Break in Deadlock Distant.

Judging from the outlook to-night the hopes expressed that the deadlock may soon be broken by the nomination of a

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State.	39th Ballot. Wilson.	39th Ballot. Clark.	39th Ballot. Underwood.	39th Ballot. Harmon.	40th Ballot. Wilson.	40th Ballot. Clark.	40th Ballot. Underwood.	40th Ballot. Harmon.	41st Ballot. Wilson.	41st Ballot. Clark.	41st Ballot. Underwood.	41st Ballot. Harmon.	42d Ballot. Wilson.	42d Ballot. Clark.	42d Ballot. Underwood.	42d Ballot. Harmon.	States.
Alabama	..	..	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	24	..	Alabama
Arizona	2	4	..	..	2	4	..	..	2	4	..	..	2	4	..	..	Arizona
Arkansas	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	Arkansas
California	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	California
Colorado	1	11	..	..	1	11	..	..	1	11	..	..	1	11	..	..	Colorado
Connecticut	3	3	8	..	2	3	8	..	3	3	8	..	3	3	8	..	Connecticut
Delaware	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	Delaware
Florida	2	..	10	..	2	..	10	..	2	..	10	..	2	..	10	..	Florida
Georgia	..	..	28	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	28	..	Georgia
Idaho	5½	2½	..	..	5½	2½	..	..	5½	2½	..	..	5½	1½	..	..	Idaho
Illinois	..	58	..	..	..	58	..	..	..	58	..	..	..	58	..	..	Illinois
Indiana	28	1	..	..	28	1	..	..	28	1	1	..	28	1	..	..	Indiana
Iowa	16	10	..	..	15	11	..	..	14	12	..	..	13	12	..	..	Iowa
Kansas	20	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	Kansas
Kentucky	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	Kentucky
Louisiana	12	7	..	..	12	7	..	..	12	7	..	..	12	7	..	..	Louisiana
Maine	11	1	..	..	11	1	..	..	11	1	..	..	11	1	..	..	Maine
Maryland	5	10	½	..	5	10	½	..	5	10	½	..	5	10	½	..	Maryland
Massachusetts	9	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	Massachusetts
Michigan	26	4	..	..	26	4	..	..	26	4	..	..	20	10	..	..	Michigan
Minnesota	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	Minnesota
Mississippi	..	..	20	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	20	..	Mississippi
Missouri	..	36	..	..	..	36	..	..	..	36	..	..	..	36	..	..	Missouri
Montana	7	1	..	..	7	1	..	..	7	1	..	..	7	1	..	..	Montana
Nebraska	13	3	..	..	13	3	..	..	13	3	..	..	13	3	..	..	Nebraska
Nevada	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	Nevada
New Hampshire	5	3	..	..	5	3	..	..	5	3	..	..	5	3	..	..	New Hampshire
New Jersey	24	4	..	..	24	4	..	..	24	4	..	..	24	4	..	..	New Jersey
New Mexico	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	New Mexico
New York	..	90	..	..	..	90	..	..	..	90	..	..	..	90	..	..	New York
North Carolina	20	..	4	..	20	..	4	..	20	..	4	..	20	..	4	..	North Carolina
North Dakota	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	North Dakota
Ohio	19	..	..	29	20	..	..	28	26	..	..	27	20	..	..	27	Ohio
Oklahoma	10	10	..	..	10	10	..	..	10	10	..	..	10	10	..	..	Oklahoma
Oregon	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	Oregon
Pennsylvania	74	2	..	..	74	2	..	..	74	2	..	..	74	2	..	..	Pennsylvania
Rhode Island	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	Rhode Island
South Carolina	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	South Carolina
South Dakota	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	South Dakota
Tennessee	8	8	8	..	8	8	8	..	8	8	8	..	9	9	6	..	Tennessee
Texas	40	..	..	..	40	..	..	..	40	..	..	..	40	..	..	..	Texas
Utah	6½	1½	..	..	6½	1½	..	..	6½	1½	..	..	6½	1½	..	..	Utah
Vermont	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	Vermont
Virginia	10	12	2	..	10	12	2	..	9	12	1	..	9½	12	2	..	Virginia
Washington	..	14	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	14	..	..	Washington
West Virginia	..	16	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	16	..	..	West Virginia
Wisconsin	21	5	..	..	21	5	..	..	21	5	..	..	21	5	..	..	Wisconsin
Wyoming	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	Wyoming
Alaska	4	2	..	..	4	2	..	..	4	2	..	..	4	2	..	..	Alaska
District of Columbia	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	District of Columbia
Hawaii	3	2	1	..	3	2	1	..	3	2	1	..	3	2	1	..	Hawaii
Porto Rico	4½	1	½	..	4½	1	½	..	4½	1	½	..	4½	1	½	..	Porto Rico
Total	501½	422	106	29	501½	423	106	28	499½	424	106	27	494	430	104	27	Total

39th Ballot: For Foss—Louisiana, 1; Massachusetts, 27. For Kern—Indiana, 1.

40th Ballot: For Kern—Indiana, 1. For Foss—Louisiana, 1; Massachusetts, 27.

41st Ballot: For Foss—Louisiana, 1; Massachusetts, 27. For Kern—Indiana, 1. For Gaynor—Ohio, 1. For Bryan—Virginia, 1.

42d Ballot: For Foss—Louisiana, 1; Massachusetts, 27. For Bryan—Virginia, ½. For Kern—Indiana, 1. For Gaynor—Ohio, 1. For James—Idaho, 1. For Lewis—Iowa, 1.

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Rock Island

BRYAN IS BLAMED FOR THE DEADLOCK

Continued from Page 2.

compromise candidate seem far-fetched. Both the Clark managers and Wilson managers declare that their candidates will stick, and that they will be in a position to keep their following in line all Summer if necessary.

That these assertions are preposterously extravagant goes without saying. But the Wilson managers have every reason to feel encouraged. Not only has Gov. Wilson made steady gains, but there is no indication of any weakening on the part of his supporters in the convention. Before the session began to-day the Clark managers declared that Gov. Wilson would not have much further to go until he had attained his maximum strength, and then they asserted the tide would set back toward their candidate.

The Wilson managers were serenely confident to-night, and were patiently awaiting the conclusion which they regarded as inevitable. They said the progress made by their candidate was largely due to sentiment in the States whose delegates had been voting for Clark. Their views were voiced by Congressman Robert Lee Henry of Texas, who said:

"Wilson's nomination is inevitable. I have been in Congress long enough to know many of the Clark delegates from all over the country. I have talked with them and it is evident that Clark's strength is crumbling away everywhere. It is crumbling from Underwood, too, and this will be seen as soon as his delegates are released from voting for him. Wilson was second choice in all the States carried by Clark, and as Clark's nomination is impossible his delegtes are turning to Wilson and in doing so are representing the sentiment in their districts."

It was a dejected looking lot of Clark managers who returned after the day session to the Speaker's headquarters in the Emerson. They had seen votes pulled away in the continuous balloting that they had regarded as tied up to their candidate to the finish and they feared the effect of the example set by these Clark delegates and the cumulative effect generally of the gradual, but remorseless draft on their ranks by the Wilson men.

There was a round-up in Senator Stone's rooms which included ex-Senators Dubois and Pettigrew, William R. Hearst, Ollie James, Chairman of the convention; Judge Wade of Iowa, whose delegation had switched to Wilson during the day, and several others. They talked things over, but when they started back to the convention hall they did not appear to have found any way of stemming the Wilson tide.

Some of them said that if the man who had polled a majority of the votes on eight ballots was not nominated they would stay here all Summer, but they have talked this way before, and their delegates in twos and threes have shown that they do not intend to stay all Summer, no matter what the leaders say.

"If Clark could only gain ten votes on some ballot," said one Clark man, "we would have Wilson stopped."

But he know of no way in which the gain could be made. From the tone of their conversation, it was plain that the Clark men were apprehensive of breaks in delegations which so far have stood like a rock for the Speaker, to all outward appearances.

One of these is Illinois, and the Clark men heard with pleasure that in a poll of the Illinois delegation to-day the vote was 35 for Clark and 23 for Wilson. This is another side of the story that is told when on each ballot the Chairman of the delegation announces in stentorian tones, "Fifty-eight for Clark!"

The case of Illinois is typical of several other big States where a few more votes for Wilson will turn the scale, and in some instances will result under the unit rule, in throwing the whole State to Wilson. This was the case with Iowa last night, and to-day it went over. The Clark men were wondering this evening which State would go next.

LEADERS URGE CLARK TO QUIT

Continued from Page 1.

Mrs. Clark, who has had practically no rest since the balloting began Friday morning, was sleeping when the messenger called. When the character of the message was recognized Mrs. Clark was awakened. She went to the Speaker's room to arouse him, but found he had gone. Then she hurried to the Capitol to ascertain what had happened.

Inconvenience in the House.

When she assured leaders of the House that the Speaker was not home, and that, as strange as it might seem, she did not know where to find him, there was a hasty study of the precedents, and Parliamentarian Crisp told the leaders that Judge Alexander of Missouri, who was presiding over the House at the request of the Speaker, had no authority to sign joint resolutions unless vested with full power by being elected Speaker pro tempore by the House.

Judge Alexander said to-night he had not seen the Speaker to-day and did not know what had become of him.

"The Speaker telephoned me at 11 o'clock last night," said Judge Alexander, "asking me to preside over the House to-day and requesting me to be sure to be present when the House met.

"When I came to the Capitol to-day I found a note which the Speaker had left with the clerk designating me as Speaker for the day."

The Speaker returned from the Capitol with his son Bennett about 2 o'clock this morning and at once retired. Mrs. Clark learned from the butler that the Speaker and his son rose early this morning, breakfasted together, and left without stating their destination.

ASKS A SWITCH TO WILSON.

Louisiana Legislature Passes Resolution for Baltimore Delegates.

BATON ROUGE, La., July 1.—A resolution was introduced in the Louisiana General Assembly to-day requesting the State delegation to the Baltimore Convention to cast its 20 votes for Woodrow Wilson. The resolution declares Wilson to be the leading Progressive candidate now before the convention.

ATLANTA, July 1.—The Georgia Senate tabled to-day the resolution calling upon the State's delegates to the Democratic Convention to vote for Woodrow Wilson as second choice in the balloting for a Presidential candidate. The House passed a resolution commending William J. Bryan's resolution condemning alleged influence of the "interests" in the councils of the party.

STANCHFIELD BITTER IN ATTACK ON BRYAN

Denounces Him as a Selfish, Money-Grabbing Marplot, and Defends New York Delegates.

JAMES SILENCES NEBRASKAN

Chokes Off His Speech Objecting to a Banner That Flaunted His Past Praise of Clark.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 1.—From the time the convention was called to order, at 11:15 o'clock this morning, to begin for the second week to ballot for a Presidential nominee, until the balloting closed for the day, Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey had everything going his way. He crept up on Champ Clark, passed him, and left him far in the rear, but when a recess was taken at 5:17 o'clock he was still a weary distance from gaining the nomination prize. Not only did the New Jersey Governor make actual gains in votes, but his sympathizers showed that if they could break away from the thrall of the unit rule, which bound each separate delegation, his present lead would be materially increased, if it would not actually make him the choice of the convention.

Two features lifted the afternoon session out of a dreary monotony of roll call after roll call. One was a bitter attack on William Jennings Bryan by John B. Stanchfield of New York, who obtained the unanimous consent of the convention to explain his vote, and the other came when Mr. Bryan tried to address the convention and was shut off by Chairman Ollie James.

The expected break in the New York delegation, as forecast by THE NEW YORK TIMES, came on the first ballot of the day, when one of the delegates demanded a roll call. This furnished Mr. Stanchfield his opportunity to get a whack at Bryan, and he threw the anti-Bryanites into a paroxysm of delight by calling the perpetual candidate "a selfish, money-grabbing, favor-seeking, office-chasing, publicity-hunting marplot of Nebraska.

James Blocks Bryan's Speech.

The Bryan diversion came just before the convention took a recess until 8 o'clock. The Nebraskan arose to make a speech in reply to the production of a banner attributing to him in 1910 words of praise and a certificate of character for Champ Clark. This was paraded in front of the Nebraska delegation, as well as in other parts of the hall, and amid the demonstration that accompanied it Bryan made his way to the platform and demanded recognition on a question of personal privilege. After many interruptions, he said he had asked those who carried the banner to remove it from in front of the Nebraska delegation, and if the Missouri delegation was responsible for this he claimed the right to answer the question implied in the wording of the banner. Chairman James ruled that Mr. Bryan had not stated a question of personal privilege, and the Nebraskan returned to his seat.

It was a weary lot of delegates that filed into their seats to continue their part in one of the longest sessions on record of a Democratic convention, and they applauded the action of Chairman James, when he told the galleries, right from the shoulder, that he wasn't going to stand for any silly interruptions that only served to prolong the agony. Theodore A. Bell of California, who never neglects an opportunity to make a speech from the platform, threw a wet blanket on the proceedings right at the start by announcing that the Southern Railway had extended the tickets of the delegates until July 10. It was the only real laugh the galleries had all day, and the delegates squirmed.

There was no change in the line-up in the twenty-seventh ballot, the first of the day, until New York was reached. William G. McAdoo, according to the plan arranged on Sunday, jumped up and challenged the vote just as Charles F. Murphy finished delivering the whole ninety votes for Clark.

Stanchfield Attacks Bryan.

When Mr. Stanchfield's name was called he asked for unanimous consent to explain his vote, and took the platform. He started right in to tear the mask from Bryan.

"I come here from a State whose electoral vote is indispensably vital to Democratic success," said Mr. Stanchfield, amid cheers. "If memory serves me well, only upon two occasions in the history of our country has a Democratic President been elected without the electoral vote of the State of New York. We represent a population approximating ten million people.

"We cast in the neighborhood of 1,750,000 votes. We represent 45 votes in the Electoral College to come, and I am speaking here now in explanation of my vote as a delegate of the Empire State, representing generally, as it does, one-tenth of the population of the United States. Now a word as to the history of the Democratic Party in the State of New York—"

Yells and jeers of disapproval made Mr. Stanchfield stop short. The delegates were in no mood to listen to a long history of anything. They wanted action. E. O. Wood of Michigan popped up to request Mr. Stanchfield to cut it short, and Chairman James had trouble in quieting numerous expressions of approval.

"I would say that New York has a right to be heard upon the floor of this convention," retorted Mr. Stanchfield angrily. "The integrity, the manhood, the personal and political honor of every delegate of the ninety from New York has been impugned and insulted upon the floor of this convention, and I have a right to be heard in its defense. I desire to say at the outset, in order that I may receive a fair hearing at the hands of this convention, and particularly at the hands of Col. Bryan's followers, that I am one of those who, back in the dark year of 1896, followed the flag of Col. Bryan and spoke in every city, village, and hamlet in the State in favor of his election. [Applause.]

"In the year 1900 I ran upon the Democratic ticket with Mr. Bryan as the candidate of the party for Governor, and he polled with me upon that ticket more votes by upward of a hundred thousand than he polled before or since. Therefore I repeat that among the friends of Col. Bryan at least I am entitled to a hearing upon the floor of this convention.

Defends New York Delegates.

"Let us look for a moment at the make-up of the delegation from New York. We have here the Democratic Governor and Lieutenant Governor of the State. [Applause.] We have upon the delegation the candidate for President of the United States in 1904. We have an ex-Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. We have lawyers of repute, business men and professional men in every walk of life, and it is by common consent the most representative delegation that ever came to a National Convention from the State of New York. [Continued applause.]

"They would need no defense except for what has been said upon the floor of this convention. If this delegation was composed of puppets of wax, as designated by the gentleman from Nebraska, we say to this selfish money-grabbing, favor-seeking, office-chasing, publicity-hunting marplot of Nebraska that they are actuated—"

Cheering and hissing interrupted the speaker, and when they got quiet he continued:

"If the ninety delegates from New York of the character I have described are within the control and the power of one man, they are moved by wires of tremendous human voltage. Let us look for a moment and see whether or not the accusation of the gentleman from Nebraska be true; let us look at the record for a passing minute.

"New York has upon the roll of Congress from the State of New York twenty-six members. We have the Chairman of the Committee of Appropriations, the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, and upon the fifteen great progressive measures that have been pending in the last Congress advocated under the leadership of Clark and Underwood every vote of those twenty-six men has been registered in accordance with the progressive Democrats of to-day. [Applause.]

Sees Defeat for a Bryan Man.

"The gentleman from Nebraska has said that no candidate can go forth from this convention with the hope or expectation of success who has behind him the vote of the 90 men from New York, and I desire in reply to say that the vote of New York is vital to success, and no man can go forth from this convention stigmatized and branded with Bryanism and come within half a million votes of success."

Cheers from the Wilson men drowned the hisses from the Bryan sympathizers, and Chairman James had to pound hard to restore order. Bryan sat in his Nebraska delegation gazing steadily at Stanchfield without a smile.

"Mr. Bryan has said," continued Stanchfield, louder than the din, "that no man having the support of the New York delegation could be elected at the polls if he were under the influence of Ryan and Morgan and Belmont. I practice law—"

The Bryan men broke out again with a storm of hisses, and Chairman James had to plead hard with the delegates to allow the speaker to proceed. Mr. Stanchfield went on:

"He has stated that no man would be elected by reason of their support. I desire to say to him in behalf of the 90 delegates from New York that there is no man in the number who by his professional or business relation or otherwise is under the influence of either of the men he has named, [Hisses and applause,] and when he makes the statement that these men, Morgan, Ryan, and Belmont, are plutocrats of this convention he omits one name of the delegates on the floor of this convention. He has been the most powerful of plutocrats, and he is the gentleman from Nebraska.

"If the New York delegation is to be prevented from voting for the candidate of this convention, then there ought to be passed a resolution depriving of a seat in this convention a man who for pay has been writing in favor, during the Republican Convention, of the election of Mr. Bryan's partner and ally, Theodore Roosevelt, and he ought to be expelled from the floor."

An uproar of approval and disapproval kept the speaker from proceeding for some time. It increased when he added:

"Col. Bryan never intended to support the candidate of this convention until that candidate should be Bryan himself."

When he got quiet again Mr. Stanchfield went on:

"We have for months gone by known that Col. Bryan by his voice and influence was supporting Woodrow Wilson in one place; he was supporting Champ Clark in another; he was combating Harmon here and Underwood there, all of the time desiring and intending, in pursuit of his own selfish ends, to produce—[hisses, applause]—all the while producing and intending to produce a deadlock in this convention, in order that he might be the recipient of the favors of this controversy."

Cheers, hisses, and cries of "No!" "No!" drowned what the speaker was saying, and out of the furor came a voice, "Oh, sit down!"

"My friend," said Mr. Stanchfield, turning to t interrupter, "I will sit down in good time. When the New York delegation came to Baltimore to attend this convention we were voting under the unit rule, and a majority of the New York delegation registered their vote in favor of Gov. Harmon of Ohio. We supported and maintained that nomination so long as it appeared to the majority to be advisable.

"New York next cast her vote for the Speaker of the House of Congress because he was the strongest candidate before this convention, and the delegation to-day is in favor of any and every man who can be the candidate and nominee of this convention. [Hisses, applause, and cries of "No!" "No!"]

"So far as I am personally concerned," said Mr. Stanchfield, reserving his bombshell to the last, for most of the delegates thought he was still for Clark, "I now cast my vote for Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey."

Senator O'Gorman, who was absent when the roll was called, had returned by this time, and got a big round of aplause by announcing that he voted for Wilson. William Temple Emmett of New York and Joseph A. Kellogg of Glens Falls voted for Underwood. All the rest cast their votes for Clark. However, under the unit rule, New York's full ninety votes were declared by the Chairman to have been cast for Clark.

Indiana furnished the first break to the Wilson band wagon when, on the twenty-eighth ballot, she cast twenty-nine of her thirty votes which had been sticking close to Gov. Marshall for the New Jersey man and one for Senator Kern. There was wild aplause from the Wilson men.

Pennsylvania, who had been casting seventy-one of her seventy-six votes regularly for Wilson, added one more to the Wilson column, taking it away from Clark.

The twenty-eighth ballot showed that Wilson had gained thirty-one, and that Clark had lost half of a vote. On the twenty-ninth ballot, three of the twenty-nine Indiana votes which had gone to Wilson switched to Kern, but the Wilson stock went up immediately after when Iowa showed signs of internal strife and demanded a poll. She had been casting twenty-six solid for Clark, but the poll showed 14½ for Clark and 11½ for Wilson, but under the unit rule all had to continue for Clark.

A big uproar developed in the Kansas delegation on the same ballot where the Clark men tried to turn the twenty votes from Wilson to themselves. The poll showed six for Clark and thirteen for Wilson. The resolution adopted at the State Convention binding the delegation to a two-thirds vote was read, and the Clark men argued that the thirteen wasn't two-thirds of the delegation, and that the whole twenty should go to Clark. It so happened that one delegate was missing, and Chairman James ruled amid groans from the Clark men that the two-thirds rule applied to the men voting and not to the delegation as a whole. So the twenty remained in the Wilson column.

The twenty-ninth ballot showed a loss of 1½ for Wilson, compared to the previous ballot, and the Wilson courage took a corresponding drop.

On the thirtieth ballot Vermont stirred things up by switching her 8 Foss votes to Wilson. Wisconsin took 1 from Wilson and gave it to Kern. Arizona and Iowa had both asked to be passed on this ballot, and when the clerk returned to them it was seen that the Wilson argument had triumphed. Arizona gave 1 to Clark, making her delegation stand 2 for Clark and 4 for Wilson, while Iowa got a Wilson majority and changed to 14 for Wilson and 12 for Clark.

From this time on there was no stopping the Wilson movement. The New Jersey man gained on every subsequent ballot.

When the total of the thirtieth ballot was announced as Wilson 460 and Clark 455, showing that Wilson had shoved his rival aside, the biggest demonstration of the day started. But the delegates were tired and the galleries were afraid of Chairman James, and the demonstration didn't last long.

On the thirty-first ballot Arizona started things going Wilsonward by giving one more to Wilson, thus splitting her delegation even between the two leading candidates. Indiana flopped back to Wilson with 2 more votes, giving 1 to Clark. Iowa gave Wilson 15 in all. Maryland gave the New Jersey man half a vote. Montana followed suit with 1. Pennsylvania got a rousing cheer by handing Wilson 2 more, making the delegation 74 for Wilson and 2 for Clark. The Wilson delegates from that State worked hard to land the other two. West Virginia tried hard to go to Wilson, and a poll showed that the delegates stood 11½ for Clark and 4½ for Wilson. Under the unit rule the whole 16 had to stay in the Clark column.

Wyoming set the convention aflame by changing her 6 votes on this ballot from Clark to Wilson. Alaska followed with 3 more for the New Jersey Governor, splitting her delegation even.

Clark Far Behind Wilson.

On this, the thirty-first ballot, Wilson had picked up 15½ more votes, leaving Clark far in the rear. On the thirty-second ballot 2 more Foss men went to the Wilson standard. It was a regular thing now for the Wilson men to make a big demonstration when the result of every ballot was read.

The thirty-third ballot went along without change from the preceding vote in listless fashion until New Mexico was reached. The eight votes had been going steadily for Clark. When the State's name was called, and before any announcement could be made, one of the New Mexico delegates demanded a poll. It showed five for Clark and three for Wilson. Ollie James, Chairman of the convention, read the resolutions of the New Mexico convention, which indorsed Clark and instructed the delegates to make every effort for his nomination on every ballot as long as his name should be before the convention, or until, in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, his nomination could no longer be reasonably hoped for. As this point had not been reached Chairman James ordered the eight votes again recorded for Clark.

On this ballot Ohio changed the votes it had been casting for Underwood back to Harmon, restoring his total to twenty-nine. Virginia changed one from Underwood to Clark.

Clark Men Flaunt Bryan's Praise.

When the ballot was concluded and before the figures were announced, a Clark demonstration was started by two enthusiasts with a banner composed of a strip of cloth, about fifteen feet long, attached to sticks, by means of which it was stretched out to show the lettering. Owing to its length they had great difficulty in holding it so it could be seen and he letters were so small that it could not be read at any distance. It was seen, however, that it bore a quotation, with the name "William J. Bryan, in 1910," at the end:

"I have known Champ Clark for eighteen years," read the quotation. "He is absolutely incorruptible and his life is beyond reproach."

As soon as the crowd was able to make out the purport of the lettering a demonstration started for Clark. The men who had the banner were having a hard time managing it. They tried to turn it in various directions in front of the platform, and the result was that they got tangled up like a tandem team of horses.

Col. Bryan got up and made his way to the platform, and cheering started for him intermingled with the Clark and Wilson cheering. He spoke to Chairman James for a moment, and then went down on the floor again. In a few moments he was back on the platform again, and the cheering was renewed. It had become a Bryan demonstration now, and the men with the banner tried to climb up into the press section with it, but were pushed back. Somebody produced a big painting of Wilson, and cheering for him broke out again.

The Clark men and the Wilson men kept up the noise, and those who were cheering Bryan as he waited patiently for an opportunity to speak helped in the general hullaballoo. Mr. James was trying to quiet the crowd, and the noise gradually subsided after fifteen minutes. Mr. James declared that if there was a repetition of the disorder the sections of the hall where it occurred would be cleared, and he spoke as if he meant it.

"Before taking another ballot—" he began, looking at Mr. Bryan.

"Call the roll," "Roll-call," shouted the Clark men, who didn't want to hear from Bryan.

"The gentleman from Nebraska—" began James again.

He was interrupted with booing and cries of "No." One delegate shouted, "We're paying our expenses here, and he's not," and was rebuked by Mr. James, who said he wouldn't tolerate remarks of that kind. He said Col. Bryan rose to a question of personal privilege, and would state it, whereupon the Chairman would decide whether Mr. Bryan had the right to speak on it.

Quiet was restored, and it looked as though Bryan would get a chance to speak.

"I was seated," he said, and before he could go on Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston interrupted with a point of order. He said he had tried to get a hearing on a question of personal privilege in order to state why the vote of Massachusetts had been changed and had been ruled off. He didn't see why Bryan should be permitted to proceed when he hadn't been. Chairman James said if he had been in the chair and had understood that Mr. Fitzgerald had risen to a question of personal privilege he would have recognized him, and that he would do so after Mr. Bryan had been heard.

Bryan Objects to the Banner.

"I was seated with my delegation," Bryan resumed, "when a banner was brought and placed in front of us. I asked those in charge of it to remove it from that place. When they refused I went to the Missouri delegation and inquired of the Chairman whether it had been taken there by his request. If it was the unauthorized act of those who had it, I will let it pass, but if the Missouri delegation is responsible for it, I claim the right to answer the question they present."

The crowd cheered. Chairman James said he was compelled to rule that Bryan had not stated a question of personal privilege, and the uproar started again while Bryan calmly walked down and back to his seat.

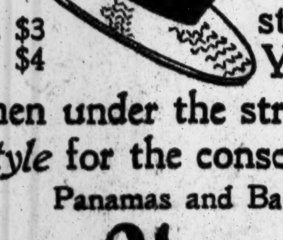
The result of the thirty-third ballot was then announced, showing that Wilson had the same as before, that Clark had gained one, and that Underwood had lost fifteen to Harmon and one to Clark. The thirty-fourth ballot was ordered, and proceeded with without delay.

As soon as the vote had been announced the convention adjourned till evening.

Francis Apologizes to Bryan.

A personal apology was made to Mr. Bryan to-night by ex-Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri, who said he was not in the convention hall when the Clark adherents placed in front of the Nebraskan the banner inscribed with Mr. Bryan's former eulogistic estimate of the Speaker. Mr. Francis said the action of the men handling the banner was an indignity, and expressed the opinion that it would not have happened had he been present.

"STRAWS THAT COOL"



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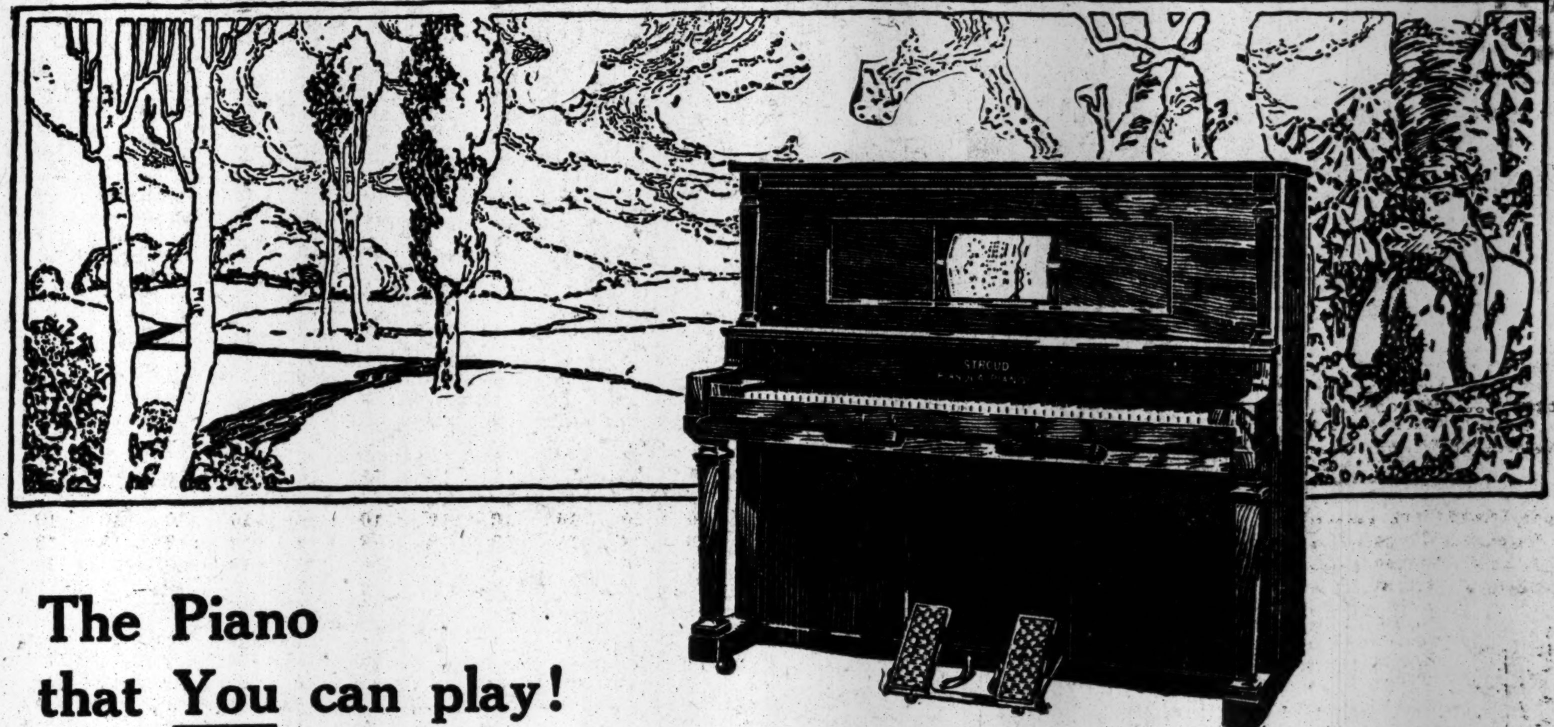

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A prominent business man, when asked what he considered the essentials of an ideal country home, replied: 'A garden you can dig in and a piano that you can *play*.' Music is the very spirit of gladness and joy and recreation in the country home—in *any* home And that is why this gentleman regarded his Pianola Piano as 'essential'—because it could be played by himself, or by any of his guests, and played *artistically*, with feeling and expression. The

Stroud Pianola Piano

is the latest production of the Aeolian Company sole manufacturer of the famous Pianola and group of instruments known as *Pianola* Pianos. The Stroud Pianola Piano is a perfect piano for hand-playing, practice, etc. In addition, it contains within its case a full scale (88-note) Pianola-action which enables anyone to play the most difficult music with artistic feeling and effect. Like the other Pianola Pianos namely—the Steinway Weber, Steck, Wheelock and Stuyvesant—this new Pianola Piano contains the following exclusive features that have made the Pianola supreme among piano playing devices and that are to be found on no player piano of other make irrespective of price.

The Metrostyle—This is the performer's guide to artistic and musicianly playing. In interest and importance no development of the player-piano approaches this feature. By following the undulating red line on the music roll with the Metrostyle pointer on the Pianola, anyone can reproduce every delicate shade of tempo and phrasing employed by the musical authority whose actual playing originally marked this line.

The Themodist—This device emphasizes or accents the theme or melody notes by raising them clearly above the accompaniment. This result is accomplished by means of perforations in the music roll, which cause the theme notes to be struck louder by extra pneumatic pressure.

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The Graduated Accompaniment—This device makes the accompaniment louder or softer. It is comprised of two levers, one controlling the bass and the other the treble register and may be operated together, or separately so as to produce at will loud or soft effects in either register.

The Automatic Sustaining pedal—By this device, which is entirely automatic, anyone can achieve that most difficult of all pianistic arts—"the singing tone."

A cordial invitation is extended to YOU to come to Aeolian Hall and hear and play the Stroud Pianola Piano for yourself. Its purchase may be made on terms that place it within purse reach of every home.

A large and complete stock of new and exchanged pianos in splendid condition at very reasonable rentals

Most extensive assortment of Victor Talking Machines in all styles and woods. All the latest records

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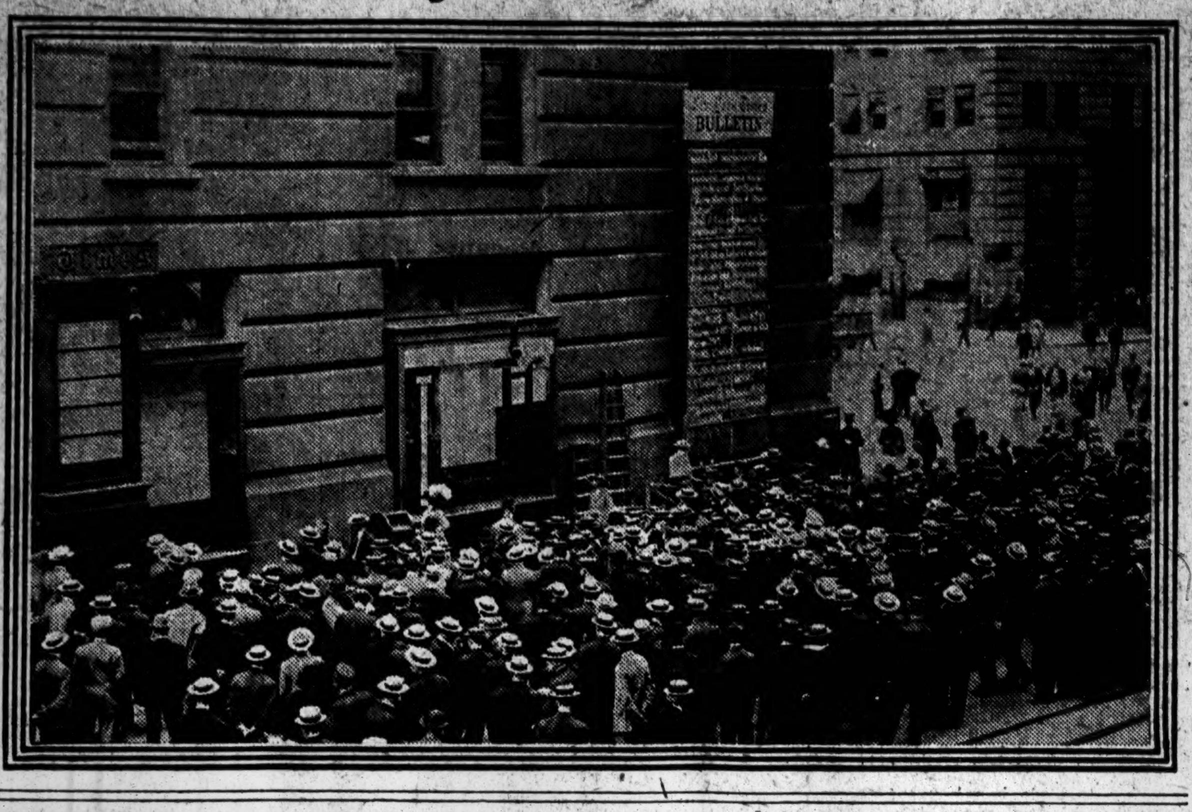
Crowds Watching The Times's Convention Bulletin



CHEER WILSON GAIN AT TIMES BULLETINS

Demonstration for Him When He is Shown to Have Passed 500 Mark.

CLARK MEN PREDICT BOLT

Some Men Carry Pads and Pencils and Spend Long Evening in Political Calculation.

The largest crowd since the opening of the Democratic Convention gathered before THE TIMES bulletin boards last night. Even during the early part of the evening there was a sprinkling of women in the crowd, and they increased after the theatres closed.

The monotony of the balloting brought little opporunity for demonstrations. There were two marked outbursts, however. The first one came when the bulletin flashed that 27 out of the Michigan delegation of 30 had switched to Wilson. There was first a flutter of handclapping as the bulletin was seen by those in the first rows on the sidewalk, and as it was lifted so those in the street between the curb and the car track on the east side of Broadway could see it, the handclapping was drowned in cheers. Some of the Wilson admirers tossed their hats in the air and others waved canes.

A more pronounced demonstration greeted the announcement that Wilson had passed the 500 mark on the thirty-ninth ballot. Then the cheering lasted three minutes. The crowd was less enthusiastic than the Republican crowds. Antagonists of Wilson pointed to this as a sign that the New Jersey Governor had no real hold on the affections of the people. Their comments caused hot retorts from the Wilson admirers.

"Of course they don't cheer. Things are going too slow to arouse enthusiasm. When there's anything to cheer about they cheer all right."

Wilson led by more than four to one over Clark with the crowd. A Democratic politician, who would not be satisfied with the cheering which greeted the Wilson gains as an analysis of the sentiment of the crowd, took the pains to go through the throng and ask the choice of each individual he could reach. This straw vote, which was finished at 11:30, resulted as follows: Wilson, 336; Clark, 78; Underwood, 9; Harmon, 5; Foss, 3.

Some of the Clark supporters in the throng began to talk bolt about 9 o'clock.

"If Wilson is nominated, you'll see a Clark ticket in the field. Hearst will never stand for Wilson. He is paving the way for a bolt already," they declared.

"Hearst will go over to Teddy," exclaimed others.

"Teddy wouldn't tie up with Hearst," vociferated the Wilson men. "Hearst 'queered' himself by that deal with Murphy. Teddy couldn't afford to make a deal with him now. Clark is nothing but a tool of Hearst."

Beyond these arguments, which were the only ones which tended to become bitter, the bulletin watchers were less prone to discussion than the Roosevelt crowds. There were no attempts at oratory in small groups, such as distinguished the Republican gatherings at the bulletin board. There were a number of men in the crowd who kept tabs on the votes from ballot to ballot on small pads. Some of these said:

"Wilson is going the way of Clark. Clark climbed to a majority and then fell off. Wilson is climbing up the same way. When he reaches a majority he will find that there are enough delegates clinging to Clark and other candidates to prevent his getting the necessary two-thirds."

The pad enthusiasts showed signs of glee when Underwood began to climb on the thirty-seventh ballot.

"Underwood's going up now. See, he's passed the hundred mark again. He'll make a showing on the next few ballots. The Hearst-Clark fight against Bryan and Wilson has been too bitter for either of them to let the other combination get it. Underwood has played the game so as to keep from getting into disfavor with either outfit. He'll draw equally from both sides."

A prominent Southern club woman was an interested spectator of the bulletins. She wouldn't let her name be used, but she expressed her political views.

"Clark is a human being, that's why I'd like to see him win. I just hate Bryan for spoiling his chances. Wilson is a cold sort of man. It's hard to admit he's a Southerner. Next to Clark, I'd prefer to see Underwood nominated. But if Underwood can't get it, I think Gaynor would make the best appeal to the country. He has a homely, wholesome touch, close in contact with the people, and I think everybody trusts him. I can't see why Mr. Murphy didn't push him forward. My friends in New York tell me that he would be loyal to his friends, just as Clark is."

CONGRESS PROVIDES $75,000,000 FOR JULY

Government Work to Go On as Usual and Militia Manoeuvres Are to be Held.

TRAIN IS HELD AS TAFT SIGNS

Work on Upper Mississippi Suspended for Lack of Funds—Must Wait for Appropriation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The machinery of the Government was assured support for one month when Congress put through a joint resolution extending until July 31 next the appropriations which have kept the Government in operation for a year.

The Fitzgerald resolution, as adopted by both House and Senate to-day, appropriates for the month of July sums equal to one-twelfth of the appropriations which were made for the necessary operations of the Government during the fiscal year 1912, all sums thus spent to be deducted from the appropriations finally made for the entire fiscal year of 1913.

The Hay resolution which was also rushed through to-day, makes immediate appropriation of $1,350,000 for encampments and manoeuvres for the organized militia. Because the Army Appropriation bill was veoted these manoeuvres could not be held without this special appropriation.

The passage of the emergency resolution will prevent closing down navy yards, laying off letter carriers, and other employes of the Government. After the House passed these joint resolutions which make available about $75,000,000 in cash for the month of July, they were rushed to the Senate where Senator Warren told his colleagues that the Senate Appropriations Committee approved the action taken, and the Senate adopted the resolutions at once.

The Senate sent the resolutions back to the House but Speaker Clark was missing and it became necessary for the House to elect a speaker pro tempore. Meanwhile President Taft was anxious to start for Philadelphia, and his train was held for six minutes to enable him to sign the resolutions.

LACROSSE, Wis., July 1.—All Government work on the entire upper Mississippi River was suspended to-day owing to the failure of Congress to appropriate money for that purpose.

$99,360,000 IN TREASURY.

Government Starts New Fiscal Year with Large Working Balance.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Closing the fiscal year 1912 with a surplus of $36,335,830, the Treasury opened the new financial year to-day with $99,360,000 in its vaults as a working balance. This is the largest amount of available cash the Government has possessed for months.

The receipts for the year amounted to $691,140,000, as compared with $701,372,000 for 1911. The total disbursements reached $654,805,000, against $654,138,000 the previous year, when the surplus was $47,234,000.

The tax on corporations yielded $28,583,000, as compared with $33,517,000 in 1911.

The total amount in the general fund of the Treasury to-day was $166,264,000, against $140,177,000 last year.

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GOV. WILSON WARNED TO BEWARE OF BRYAN

Continued from Page 1.

Clark forces were losing, but not in any large numbers. This time Gov. Wilson strolled over to the reporters to hear the result just as it was clicked off the telegraph wire. He heard the figures, and this was his exclamation:

"My, they're running like cold molasses!"

Gov. Wilson, for the first time since the convention opened, had work enough before him to occupy all of his time throughout the morning, to the exclusion of his usual pleasurable activities. The Governor's work was in connection with the hundreds of telegrams and letters which poured in upon him over Sunday. He dictated to his stenographer most of the morning, and then sent his colored butler, Sam Gordon, to the Post Office with a bundle of letters. Gordon passed a group of reporters on the way.

His Old Butler a Loyal Darkey.

"I done suspect," he said, "that if you all throwed me down and took these here letters all away you would get some pretty fine sayings and such for the papers. My whiskers is gray and my naid is bald, but I'se a pretty good fighter yet, so I don't expect you all is a-goin' to see what's in here."

Then the aged butler passed along to the Post Office. He wore a Wilson button as large as his coat lapel could accommodate, and he was anxious to bet the Governor "would get there foh shore."

Judge Nelson Y. Dungan of Somerset County was the Governor's only visitor before nightfall.

"Your column is climbing at a mighty slow rate," suggested Judge Dungan. "It has picked up only seventy-one votes all day. I'd like to see it forge ahead faster."

"But that's pretty fair," smiled Gov. Wilson. "You know it climbed all last week, and the whole week's work brought us only eighty-three. This isn't bad, considering."

It was clear that Gov. Wilson was very much satisfied with the slow, hammering progress of his supporters.

"Have you talked with your managers to-day?" a reporter asked when the Governor invited those present to visit him at 6 o'clock.

"No, I have not," he answered. "I have not talked with any one in Baltimore and have not had any important telegrams. I guess my supporters are kind of busy down there. The only message I have sent was one to the New Jersey delegation, congratulating them upon the spirit they are showing. I send them a telegram each day."

Umpires a Baseball Game.

The Governor was asked about reports that his managers had offered to let the present convention adjourn as a deadlocked convention, provided the present managers for other candidates would agree upon a Nation-wide Presidential primary to be held between now and September.

Gov. Wilson shook his head and a slight frown overcast his features. "There is not a candidate in the country," he said, "who could stand the expense and the strain of such a plan. I should say that would be a futile thought. I don't think it is being considered."

For a time during the afternoon Gov. Wilson watched, and then umpired, a game of baseball between members of the colony of reporters established at his home.

"I never saw such uniform incompetents," he said, after three home runs had come in succession on three bad errors in the field. "You are worse than the worst reactionaries."

A stout player made a long slide to third and was put out, while ripples of laughter came from Mrs. Wilson and her daughters on the porch.

"That reminds me," smiled the umpiring Governor, "of a little phrase somebody got off about Col. Roosevelt. The phrase ran, in good baseball lingo, that in coming out for the nomination this year, Col. Roosevelt was 'trying to steal third.'"

The phrase disrupted the baseball game and there was an effort to have Gov. Wilson place himself on record as to the third term and the third party movement.

The Governor refused to follow up his base stealing comment and continued to upbraid his team for their poor playing until some one turned to a page in a biography in which it was reported that Woodrow Wilson in college was a fine baseman and fielder, but was too lazy to run bases and shone only in making speeches of congratulation as he presented medals to the stars.

Gov. Wilson laughingly admitted that the book recorded the truth, and added that, for all his criticisms of the others, he would not dare to try his own pitching arm after its many years of disuse.

The cheerful comment that the reporters certainly had gone back to "primitive beginnings and forms of sport" irrevocably broke up the game. The team was disbanded.

Gov. Wilson, with an evening paper in his hand describing Bryan's attacks on Clark, left the baseball field. His final comment was that he had observed that Bryan had never attacked Hearst, but had confined his assaults to Clark's actions and the conduct of his supporters.

It was the universal view of those who watched Gov. Wilson's entire freedom from concern through what must have been the most trying day of his life, that there is no possibility of any crisis arriving within the next four years for which he will not have a limerick as handy as Lincoln kept his stock of anecdotes. The Governor himself insisted that he was too much used to living in his recent state of suspense to mind it any longer.

His secretary, while he has smiled his way through it, has nearly collapsed under the strain.

UNDERWOOD IS CONFIDENT.

Thinks Convention Will Turn to Him if Wilson Fails of Nomination.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Representative Oscar W. Underwood and his friends do not regard his candidacy for the nomination at Baltimore as hopeless. When the convention recessed after the thirty-fourth ballot this afternoon, the advice which the Democratic floor leader of the House received by long-distance telephone from his campaign managers at Baltimore was to the effect that Gov. Wilson had substantially measured his strength and if not nominated to-night would never get it.

Representative Underwood said that his managers had not yet made their fight for him, and had refrained from doing so until after it should appear that a deadlock had blocked the chances of both Clark and Wilson. Should the belief of the Underwood managers that Wilson has about measured his strength be sustained by the balloting to-night, the word will be given for the Underwood forces to wage their contest for the Alabaman.

HOUSE DEFENDS CLARK.

Adopts Resolution, Offered by a Republican, Expressing Its Confidence.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—In answer to attacks upon Speaker Clark in the Baltimore Convention, the House to-day adopted a resolution announcing its entire faith in its presiding officer. The resolution, offered by a Republican, Representative Austin of Tennessee, follows:

> The members of this House, regardless of politics, express their full confidence in the honor, integrity, and patriotism of the presiding officer of this House, the Hon. Champ Clark.

It was passed unanimously. Republicans and Democrats applauding.

WANTS CLARK MEN TO STICK

Former Bryanite Suggests a Fund to Keep Delegates in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Declaring that he will vote for Taft if Wilson is nominated, and at the same time denouncing Bryan's charges against Clark, Nicholas M. Bell, a wealthy tobacco manufacturer and a delegate to eight National Democratic Conventions, to-night offered to subscribe $100 to a fund to pay the expenses of Clark delegates in Baltimore with instructions for them to vote for the Speaker until November if necessary.

"I have this day sent this telegram to Senator Stone," he said: "'God reigns, and the true Democracy of Missouri knuckles to no bosses.'

"Bryan's charges against Clark are most outrageous. Bryan went to the convention to prevent harmony. I believe Bryan and Roosevelt are in a compact to form a third party. The sooner they expel him from the convention the sooner we may hope for Democratic victory. I voted three times for Bryan and helped to raise money to support him, but now I am thoroughly disgusted with him."

OREGON CALLS FOR BRYAN.

Progressives of Both Parties Want Him, the Convention Is Told.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 1.—"Vote for Bryan" is the cry now heard in Oregon, and to this end messages were sent today to members of the Oregon delegation to the Baltimore convention demanding that they vote for the Nebraskan in the hope of breaking the deadlock.

In addition to these messages, the cause of Bryan is being further urged by the circulation of petitions among members of the party here asking that they urge the convention to nominate him and thereby save the party and win a victory in November. Several Republicans to-day joined in the demand. The following message was sent to the convention:

"W. R. King, Oregon Delegation, Baltimore, Md.:

"Democratic sentiment in Oregon unanimously in favor of Bryan's nomination. Sentiment is re-echoed by every Progressive Republican and many of the standpatters. Give us Bryan and victory."

GMC TRUCKS

GASOLINE ELECTRIC

There are instances when two trucks of three or three and one-half tons capacity have been sold to do the work that could be better accomplished by *one* five-ton truck; also instances where a gasoline truck has failed when an electric would win.

The GMC line comprises both gasoline and electric power in capacities to suit *any* business.

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WATTERSON ANALYZES BRYAN

A Man of Infirm Judgment, Captivating, but Disloyal, a Second Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 1.—Under the caption of "Bryan, the Destructionist," Henry Watterson will say in to-morrow's Courier-Journal:

"One need not ascribe to the sinister part played by Mr. Bryan at Baltimore any purposed, or even conscious, disloyalty, but, assuming it the native and honest emanation of his character and intellect, the conclusion cannot be escaped that he is a man of malevolent disposition and of judgments radically infirm.

"This, indeed, is borne out by a judicial review of his career, and especially of his more recent antecedents. That he should grow richer as his party grew poorer may not be laid wholly to the account of selfish greed. He is a captivating public speaker and the Chautauqua circuits were made to his hand. Personal exploitation is the most effectual form of advertising, and advertising is the soul of the lecture business. No Democrat has just occasion, therefore, to complain that Mr. Bryan improved to the fullest his opportunities to secure pecuniary independence for his family and himself, getting on in years and having measurably failed at all else. That which every Democrat has the right to challenge is that he has shaped his exploitation in every instance where he could find or coin a pretext to the disruption and defeat of the party which had so honored and trusted him.

"We need not go back of the immediate case in point for proof. Assuming that Tammany be all Mr. Bryan says it is, and following him in reading Murphy out of the convention, who profits by that act? The Republicans, of course. Tammany is not the only political machine in New York. Mr. Taft has his own machine, and Mr. Roosevelt has his machine. By eliminating our machine on the eve of taking the field to fight the Taft-Roosevelt machine, we cut ourselves off from the support of a State necessary to carry the election, and achieve no reform whatever.

"After, not before the battle, were the time, if any, to discipline Tammany. Meanwhile there are Democrats in New York besides the Tammany Democrats. Mr. Bryan went out of his way particularly to mention Mr. Belmont. How can he justify himself in this? What has Mr. Belmont done, either of the Belmonts —for there are two of them, Perry and August—to forfeit his claim upon the recognition of Democrats, or his right to a seat in the National Democratic Convention? Both are Democrats dyed in the wool. Perry Belmont has been the head of the movement to force the publicity of campaign expenses upon Congress and the country. Their distinguished father was an honored leader of Democracy before Mr. Bryan was born. Neither is a trust magnate. Neither has any connection with any 'interest' Mr. Bryan can cite prejudicial to Democracy or the public welfare. But Mr. August Belmont was active in the Parker nomination and campaign of 1904, which, late and early, Mr. Bryan did what he could to blight. That would seem now to be the milk in Mr. Bryan's cocoanut.

"The Courier Journal is not a searcher of hearts. It would blacken no man's motives. It can, in fancy, realize a person wholly upright, but selfish and perverse, much spoiled by adulation, yet of mediocre talents, confusing his resentment and his conviction in an effort to keep himself at the front of the scene and to retain the appearance of leadership at whatever cost, regardless of consequences.

"Such a person is Theodore Roosevelt. Such a person seems William Jennings Bryan. Already he has made a frost of what appeared a harvest. He may imagine himself a hero; but a hero he is only to the unworthy and the unreflecting. To those who think and are capable of discriminating between right and wrong, wisdom and folly, he must be forever regarded as one given over to vanity and revenges—loving nobody except himself—casting to the winds all that exalts self-sacrifice and makes manhood glorious in the sight of men."

REPUBLICAN PRAISE FOR BRYAN

Detroit Journal Says He Has Taken the Side of the Plain People.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., July 1.—The Detroit Journal, the leading Republican organ of Michigan, for a quarter of a century and throughout the present campaign and uncompromising supporter of Taft, praises William J. Bryan in its editorial columns for his course at Baltimore.

The Journal is owned by E. D. Stair, who is owner of theatres and an automobile manufacturer.

"No one can deny that Bryan has taken the viewpoint and the side of the plain people," the editorial says. "He has taken the ground of a clear-sighted man. He has exalted principles above victory and even above immediate party victory.

"It is impossible for the present conditions to continue, with the trust interests meddling in all parties. They were ready to control the Republican Convention at Chicago. They are working to control the Democratic nominee at Baltimore. They are interested in the plans for a third party."

ASKS SENATE INQUIRY INTO CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Works of California Calls for Investigation of Moneys Used by Both Republican Candidates.

SEEKS CONTRIBUTORS' NAMES

Senator Says Contest Was "Undignified, Malicious, and Disgraceful"—Criticises Government Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—In a bitter address to the Senate to-day another of the insurgent supporters of Col. Roosevelt denounced both the President and the Colonel and declared against the new party. The fight between the President and the ex-President, declared Senator Works of Cliforni, was "undignified, malicious and disgraceful." But while he declared he was not ready to support the "alleged nominee" of his party, he said he was still a good Republican. To follow the new party, he said, would be to turn over to reactionaries a party already in great measure purged of abuses.

Mr. Works spoke to a resolution he introduced this afternoon calling for an investigation of all moneys received by all Presidential candidates in both of the two great parties, a list of all Government servants who had devoted their time to their own candidacy or to the candidacy of others, the amount of time they so spent and the Government pay they received in that time, the amount of money paid to writers, newspapers, and periodicals in furtherance of any candidacy; the source of every pre-convention contribution, and the object for which it was disbursed.

Mr. Works's resolution was seemingly aimed at Col. Roosevelt and his third party movement, as it referred specifically to primary elections. It recited the alleged expenditure of enormous sums of money for the nomination.

The attack from the California Senator was the more surprising to politicians here because he comes from the State of which Hiram Johnson is Governor. Mr. Johnson was one of the seven Governors who called on Col. Roosevelt to run for a third term.

"We have just passed through a campaign," said the California Senator today," in both of the great parties, for the nomination of candidates for President of the United States. No American citizen can look back upon it without the blush of shame. Candidates for that great office have gone on the stump and canvassed for their own election. That was shame enough. But one of them was President of the United States, and another an ex-President pitted against each other.

"Their campaign was undignified, malicious, and disgraceful. If half the things they said of each other were true neither of them was fit to be nominated. The whole country was shocked at this unexampled spectacle. The people were humiliated and indignant. It was openly charged, on the stump, and on the floor of the Senate, that enormous sums of money were being used to carry the election. The people have a right to know whether this charge is true or not. They have a right to know whether the direct primaries can be controlled by the use of money, as we all know the caucus and convention can be controlled and corrupted.

"We all know that public officials, paid by the Government, from the President down, have kiven their time, that the people are paying for, in carrying on the campaigns of the various candidates. The people have a right to know how much of the time paid for by them has been used in conducting, managing and manipulating politics in the interest of candidates.

"It does not follow, from what I have said, that I shall support the alleged nominee of the Republican Convention. I believe he secured his nomination by unjust and illegal means. I do not believe that he is the nominee of the party in any just or proper sense. I hope he does not realize, in accepting such a nomination, what thousands and thousands of his party believe to be the fact—that it was procured for him by compromising with fraud and corruption, and the violation of an express statute of a State.

"If any good Republican, representing the real sentiments of the party, were to become an independent candidate, running on a Progressive platform that he could conscientiously stand upon, the voters of the party would sustain him. But, in my judgment, the man who attempts to form a new party, as conditions now are, will not be serving the interests of the people."

Mr. Work's resolution was referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

TO AID NEEDY NICARAGUA.

American Bankers May Buy Government Railway Pending Loan.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The American bankers interested in the loan to Nicaragua will probably relieve the financial straits of that country by buying the Government railway.

The payment of the first installment, it is said, will relieve the finacial pressure which Nicaragua is now undergoing, because the United States Senate has not ratified the proposed loan convention.

Barrett for St. Michael's, Brooklyn.

Bishop McDonnel, the head of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Brooklyn and Long Island, has appointed Mgr. John I. Barrett as rector of the Church of St. Michael, Fourth Avenue and Forty-second Street, Brooklyn. He succeeds the Rev. William T. McGuirl, who has been assigned to St. Joseph's Church, in Pacific Street. Father Barrett has for many years been secretary to Bishop McDonnell.

Alterations And Repairs

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BURNS FINED IN DARROW CASE

Altercation with Attorney Results in Fine Also for Rogers.

LOS ANGELES, July 1.—William J. Burns, the detective who brought about the arrest of the McNamaras, took the stand late to-day in the trial of Clarence S. Darrow for jury bribery. Five minutes after his direct examination was begun by District Attorney Fredericks, Mr. Burns asked the protection of the court, and a short time later was fined $25 for contempt. A similar fine was imposed upon Chief Counsel Rogers of the defense.

Judge Hutton announced when imposing the fines that he would not allow personal difficulties between Rogers and Burns to interfere with the orderly conduct of the trial.

The outbreak was precipitated when Darrow, in the course of an objection referred to burns as a "wonderful man." He immediately withdrew the remark, saying it was untrue, and Rogers audibly asked him not to withdraw it. Burns, turning to the court, presented the action of Rogers.

Burns continued his statement by declaring that Rogers had denounced him in open court as a suborner of perjury.

"Yes, and I repeat it again," shouted Rogers.

The detective appealed for the protection of the court. He mentioned incidentally that Rogers had accused him of carrying a sword cane.

"Here is the little cane," he said. "That is untrue."

Burns's direct examination was brief, being confined chiefly to corroboration of evidence of Detective Guy Biddinger, who preceded him on the stand. His cross-examination will begin to-morrow.

MAY STOP CAR ADVERTISING.

Chicago Council Passes Ordinance Prohibiting It in Any Form.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 1.—The Chicago City Council, on recommendation of the Judiciary Committee, passed an ordinance late to-night prohibiting street railway lines, both surface and elevated, from displaying advertising of any kind in the cars. The ordinance is drastic, preventing even the advertisements of amusement parks. The Council took the ground that the car companies' franchises allowed them to operate transportation lines only, and did not allow them to enter the advertising field.

The ordinance was passed by a practically unanimous vote, and now goes to the Mayor for his signature. It was fought bitterly by the several companies. If the ordinance becomes a law it will cut heavily into the revenue of the several companies. The proposed law also prohibits the display of advertising matter in stations and on station platforms.

Tide Frees Stranded Battleship.

BRISTOL, R. I. July 1.—The United States Battleship Louisiana, which went aground a short distance from Hog Island Light to-day was floated at high tide tonight. It is thought that she sustained no damage. The place where the Louisiana grounded is 1,000 yards north of Hogg Island Light and about two miles from Bristol. The ship sailed from Baltimore on Saturday and was bound for Bristol tto participate in the Independence Day celebration.

FOLLOW THE FLAG!

This story will move quickly—as quickly as the building of the Woolworth has. The recital must keep in step with the event.

September 15th last we set the first steel column of the Woolworth Building, three stories below grade—an acorn from which should grow the mightiest oak that ever reared its head in the New World or the Old.

November 15th last the first steel columns were erected above grade, from there on to climb fifty-five dizzy stories above the street line, and to finish by July 15th, the schedule date for steel completion.

Yesterday, July 1st, fourteen days ahead of time, the Stars and Stripes were hoisted from the Woolworth flagpole, 750 feet above Broadway—the highest point to which man ever has builded.

When the flag was hoisted, innumerable river craft blew their sirens in salute, and to Mr. Woolworth, the father of the greatest building enterprise of his time, the echo of it all was flashed in a cable to Europe, telling him that the steel skeleton of his building is substantially finished, and that the last red rivet is about to be driven home.

Mr. Cass Gilbert, the Architect, watched from his office window in Madison Square the simple ceremony of hoisting the National flag on a building which is a tribute, not only to his individual genius, but to the honored profession of which he is so conspicuous a part.

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New Method of Lunching.
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Make your wish for good tobacco come true—here it is—
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WOODRUFF TELLS WHY HE QUIT TAFT

Steam Rolling of Politicians One Thing, but Steam Rolling of the Will of the Party Another.

PRIMARIES CHOSE ROOSEVELT

"Theft," He Says, "Precipitated the Ruin of the Republican Party and Made a New Party Necessary."

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, ex-leader of the Kings County Republican organization, whose eleventh-hour flop to Col. Roosevelt during the Chicago convention has brought the wrath of the organization Republicans down upon him, made public a statement yesterday of his reasons for deserting Taft and his party.

The Chicago National Committee proceedings, he says, constituted a plain "theft," and it was this "theft," and not the bolt of Col. Roosevelt, that "precipitated the ruin of the Republican Party and occasioned the necessity of the formation of a new party."

The statement says:

"Col. Roosevelt overwhelmingly defeated President Taft in all the twenty Republican States in which were held preferential primaries or their equivalent, except New Hampshire, with her eight delegates, and Massachusetts, which was a stand-off. The theft perpetrated by the National Committee to overturn this result drove the delegates from these States out of the convention, precipitated the ruin of the Republican Party, and occasioned the necessity for the formation of a new party. These Roosevelt delegates knew, as the National Committeemen admitted, that this theft was perpetrated not to nominate Taft, whom they knew could not be elected, but to beat Roosevelt, whom they knew would be elected. A dozen of these National Committeemen, who had been defeated in the primaries, and who were not even delegates to the convention, were simply trying to save what little there was left of their own political fortunes which Col. Roosevelt had so badly shattered. This was perfectly clear several days before the main body of the delegates arrived in Chicago. When they came I tried to have them understand it as I had seen it during the days I had been there. They asked if steam rollers had not been in use at previous National conventions. I admitted that there might have been, but if so they must have been operated by one lot of politicians against other politicians who were on their jobs and perfectly able to take care of themselves, but never before for the purpose of overriding the will of the rank and file of the party, as clearly and overwhelmingly expressed at legally conducted Presidential primaries.

"The great moral obliquity of the National Committee and of the convention itself was not alone in using the steam roller, reprehensible as that was, but, as I repeatedly warned my fellow delegates from New York, in using it for such a purpose as would inevitably destroy the Republican Party. I had learned enough in Chicago before the convention of the sentiment of Maine, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio, North Carolina, Illinois, West Virginia, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, South Dakota, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, and of Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Oklahoma, which I visited last Winter, to say nothing of the sentiment of our own State, to know that the honest Republicans of these States and the delegates who were not bound by instructions of machine domination would never abide by the action of a convention thus and for such purposes controlled."

Mr. Woodruff declares he feared a plot against Roosevelt as soon as he learned the astonishing returns from the primaries of the States, and that he determined then and there that he would not allow the plot to be carried out if he could help it. The vote in the primary States, Mr. Woodruff intimates, was the first step toward his conversion. He continues:

"Why could not my frequent warnings have been heeded by my fellow-delegates, especially those from Brooklyn? In this hour of the officeholders' plight, when there is hardly a chance of Taft carrying a single State of the Union, they will remember the note of warning I sounded at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republican organization of Kings County on the afternoon of the 14th day of May, when every member of the committee, with the exception of Congressman Calder, who was in Washington, was present; and, further, the warnings I gave expression to at the caucus of the whole New York delegation, held in Chicago on Saturday night, three days before the opening of the convention.

"It may be asked how I can subscribe to a platform such as that upon which Col. Roosevelt will stand, especially in view of the fact that I was a delegate to the Rochester convention and there a member of the Committee on Resolutions. It may be asked how I can belong to a party which is to draw its membership from the Democratic as well as the Republican Party. It may be asked how I can fail to recognize the obligation I am under to the Republican Party for the honors it has bestowed upon me in the past. The answer to all these questions is simply this: I hoped that by warning my Taft friends and then by protesting at Chicago against the infamy of the proceedings, I might assist in the effort which all honest and sincere Republicans were making to save the party from utter and irretrievable destruction. Those efforts were thwarted by fraud and were futile, and having followed Col. Roosevelt's leadership to that point, it was but to follow him to the end. In this apparent division of the Republican Party I still stand with a vast majority of my fellow-Republicans throughout the country who only lost their political emblem at Chicago."

Has Faith in the New Party.

In conclusion, Mr. Woodruff puts faith in the success of the new party. The division in both the Republican and Democratic ranks on the issues of conservatism and progressiveness, he thinks, will give the new party a chance of getting co-operation from wings of both parties. There will be no sectionalism in the new party, he says, no tariff complications or other entanglements growing out of past declarations.

When Election Commissioner Jacob Livingston, the newly elected Chairman of the Kings County Republican Executive Committee, read the statement he said Mr. Woodruff had some of his "facts" wrong.

"As I recall that meeting of May 14, to which Woodruff refers," said the Commissioner, "Woodruff said that he was being accused of being for Roosevelt because he had not abused him, as others had who were opposing the ex-President.

"Woodruff stated that the Kings County Republican organization must be consistent and be for Taft as long as he he was a candidate, and as long as his name was before the convention, and that he himself was for Taft and would be as long as Taft was a candidate."

Mr. Woodruff is at his camp in the Adirondacks and will return to the city next Monday. He took a clerical force with him, it was said, and is working on plans for Roosevelt campaigns in this and other States.

ROOSEVELT GETS GOOD TIDINGS.

Robert McCormick Comes to Tell Him Illinois Machine Is with Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 1.—"They are making a mess of it in Baltimore," said Col. Roosevelt to-night when he got the late reports of what was going on at the Democratic National Convention. "The Progressive fight that we are making is gaining in strength every day. We have been absolutely deluged with letters and telegrams from Republicans and Democrats who want to join us. While a few certain politicians have sloughed off, in every State the movement is developing more quickly than any one had thought possible. It is perfectly astounding."

There were developments to-day which left the Colonel in a happy frame of mind. Robert R. McCormick, leader of the Illinois delegation, who deserted the third party when Roosevelt held his rump convention at Chicago, came on to let the Colonel know that he was ready to get into line again. He told him that the outlook in Illinois now was that Roosevelt would have the support of the Republican organization there. After this interview the Colonel said:

"McCormick is with us heart and soul. Until after the Baltimore Convention is over it is hard to tell defintely what is going to be done in the way of a National organization. At present no time is being lost by the committee that was appointed, with Gov. Johnson of California at its head. What shall we call it—the Provisional Committee?"

McCormick, the Colonel said, would go back to Chicago, and with the aid of Medill McCormick and others, begin the work of organization in Illinois.

"The whole purpose," said the Colonel, "is to keep with us the strength of the Republican machine where we can."

It seemed probable to him that the Progressives could retain the support of the organization in California, South Dakota, Kansas, Nebraska, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, and perhaps in other States as well.

"There are a good many," said Mr. McCormick, "who like myself did not want to leave the Republican Party Now, however, they have come to recognize that Taft is hopeless. Gov. Deneen of Illinois realizes that on a ticket headed by Taft he will be beaten. In fact we told Deneen that if he did not line up with the Roosevelt forces we would beat him."

Col. Roosevelt added that in Illinois and everywhere it was going to be a fight against men like Lorimer, just as it was in the primaries.

"I shall listen to what the Progressives say, and I earnestly hope that some way may be found so that the Roosevelt forces will not be divided I want all who believe in the commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal,' and don't believe in the kind of domination that was exercised by certain politicians in Chicago, and is now being exercised by men of the same type in Baltimore, to join us whether Democrats or Republicans."

The attention of Col. Roosevelt was called to stories from Washington published in the newspapers to-day, saying that the Progressive movement was going to pieces

"I guess I told you what I think about that when I said that we were being deluged with letters and telegrams," Col. Roosevelt replied.

As an illustration he showed a letter from G T Taylor, State Treasurer of Tennessee, saying that many of the best men in both the Republican and Democratic parties were ready to join with him.

The situation in New York State is being carefuly gone over by Col. Roosevelt and his leaders, and there was some talk that William L. Ward might after all help the Progressive movement along, as he fears the loss of Westchester County if he stays with Taft.

FLINN STICKS TO ROOSEVELT.

Announces He Will Lead Progressive Party in Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 1.—At a meeting of the Eleventh Ward Republican Club to-night William Flinn served notice that he had in no manner lost his enthusiasm for the candidacy of Theodore Roosevelt, and that, despite the determination of Mayor Magee, State Chairman Henry G. Wasson and County Chairman David B. Johns to be regular and stand by the decision of the Chicago convention, he would throw all his strength and resources into the fight for Roosevelt in Pennsylvania.

The statement from Mr. Flinn is practically a declaration of war upon the other party leaders in Pennsylvania who have announced they would support the candidacy of President Taft. Mr. Flinn said he would be at the head of the Progressive Party fight in this State, and that he would win because the people want Roosevelt. Mr. Flinn pointed out that in Allegheny County Taft polled little more than 20,000 votes, while the Roosevelt vote was 70,000. He declared the party leaders who decided to stand by the Chicago convention choice were defying the people, and that nothing but disaster could come out of a battle fought behind a losing candidate.

Mr. Flinn's declaration came as a shock. His appearance at the ward club meeting was unheralded and when he arose to talk the crowd in the auditorium of the Margaretta School building moved to the front of the hall. Mr. Flinn was speaking to his neighbors, for he lives in the Eleventh Ward. He declared the Chicago Convention was the most disgraceful farce ever witnessed in American politics.

"There never will be such a convention again," said Mr. Flinn. "And there never will be another National Committee meeting such as we had prior to the Chicago Convention. I wish to declare right here that I shall personally go into a battle against permitting any such shameful proceedings as we saw in the meeting of the National Committee, where a lot of down-and-out, discredited political bosses defied the will of the people and seated delegates that had no right to sit in the convention."

Mr. Flinn controls several of the most important county offices and will be able to draw some of the strength away from Mayor Magee's machine. But the Mayor controls the County and City Committee, and probably will have a better organization.

Third Party in 32d District.

Some 100 Republicans of the Thirty-second Assembly District, North Side, met in Kennedy's Hall, in Williamsbridge Road, near East Chester Road, the Bronx, last night, and organized the Progressive Republican Party in that district, to support the Presidential candidacy of Col. Roosevelt. William A. Mallett, a contractor, was elected executive member. The President is Frederick Kaiser and the Secretary Thomas Patterson.

BARNES MAY SPEAK.

Republican Club to Ratify Ticket To-night—Chairman Waits on Baltimore

The New York Republican Club will meet to-night at 8:30 to ratify the regular Republican platform and ticket of the Chicago Convention. William Barnes, Jr., who has been in the city since last Friday conferring with Republican leaders, will remain over until Wednesday, and is expected to take part in the speechmaking in support of President Taft and in denunciation of Col. Roosevelt.

While Mr. Barnes was unusually uncommunicative yesterday, he declared:

"I have nothing to say, nor will anything be said on behalf of the organization until we find out what happens at Baltimore."

At the Republican State Headquarters it was said that no special meeting would be called to ratify the Republican convention's action. Chairman Koenig said that there was no precedent for calling special meetings, and that the ratification would not be in order until the reconvening of the committee in the Fall.

FOR AID TO SAVE A HOME.

Charity Organization Society Appeals for Contributions.

Two girls—the eldest of a widow's seven children—are working in a factory and giving their pay envelopes unopened to their mother each week. Five growing boys and girls make heavy demands on their mother's purse for food, clothing—and especially shoes—and what their step-sisters earn will barely meet these and their own needs, to say nothing of the rent. The mother has heart disease, and must not exert herself beyond attending to her household duties.

To help the young wage earners to keep the home going, the Charity Organization Society appeals for $104. This will pay the rent and buy milk for six months. Contributions may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

The society acknowledges the following contributions, received in response to a previous appeal in THE TIMES: "J. S.," $5; "C. T. G.," $1; Cash, $1; "E. H. T.," $5; "F. R.," $1; Miss Linette A. Parker, $5, and "A Passerby," $1.

DOUBTS STORY OF TRANSFER.

Italian Ambassador Expects to Return to Washington Next Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Marquis Cusani Confalonieri, Italian Ambassador, said to-night that he knew of no great movement in the Italian Diplomatic Service that would cause his transfer from Washington, as reported in a wireless dispatch from Rome to THE TIMES. Nor he said had he heard any rumor about such a story.

The Ambassador with his family will sail for Europe July 6 on the Olympic for his annual leave of absence and expects to return in the Autumn.

Few Ambassadors from Italy have been as popular here as the Marquis.

BEGIN OHIO CONTEST FOR GOVERNOR TODAY

Taft Forces Refuse to Support Garford, Who Is Backed by Roosevelt Delegates.

TO BACK L. K. LANGDON

Walter Brown Asserts That He Has Won Over Enough Taft Delegates to Nominate Garford.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 1.—Unless a compromise of some kind is effected, the adjourned session of the Republican State Convention, which convenes to-morrow morning, promises to be as bitter a contest between the Taft and Roosevelt forces over the nomination of a candidate for Governor as the one a month ago over the selection of delegates at large to the Chicago Convention.

Another fight seemed assured from the moment that Arthur L. Garford announced his candidacy for Governor. After consulting Walter F. Brown to-day, he declared he was in the race. Mr. Brown believes he has won over enough Taft delegates to nominate Mr. Garford. He will have to overcome a majority of 28 which the Taft people had on the vote for delegates at large at the first session of the convention.

When Senator Burton, representing the Taft forces, learned that Mr. Garford refused to recognize the validity of the acts of the Chicago convention, including the nomination of Taft, the Senator positively declined to support him. Mr. Garford said he had not receded from the stand he took when Chairman of the Ohio delegation at Chicago

As Chairman Brown had come directly from a conference with Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, it was practically certain that Garford's announcement of his candidacy was made with Roosevelt's knowledge, and probably on his advice.

Senator Burton said to-day that if Congressman Paul Howland was willing to run he believed he would be a strong candidate. The Cuyahoga County delegation was solid for Howland, he said, but he would not consent to run.

Maurice Matschke, who controls the Cuyahoga County delegation, said:

"I don't believe Howland is a candidate. If Arthur L. Garford would stand for Taft and Sherman as the National ticket he would be the best man to nominate."

To-night the Taft leaders concentrated their strength on Lawrence K. Langdon for Governor. Mr. Langdon issued a statement upon which he said he based his candidacy. He took a strong stand for Progressive policies.

Representatives of the Hamilton County delegation called on Senator Burton to-night in behalf of their candidate, B. F. Kroger of Cincinnati. They were told by the Senator that Hamilton County could not reasonably expect to supply candidates for President and Governor, too.

HOLAHAN LEAVES POLICE.

Ex-Borough Inspector of Brooklyn Retired for Physical Disability.

Police Commissioner Waldo announced yesterday afternoon the retirement of Police Captain George R. Holahan, who has been in command of the Adams Street precinct, Brooklyn, to take effect at 8 o'clock this morning. The cause of the retirement is given as physical disability.

Captain Holahan had been in the Police Department for thirty-three years. He was succeeded as Borough Inspector of Brooklyn by Inspector Dillon, who later was made a deputy commissioner. Previous to his appointment as Borough Inspector, Holahan had been an inspector in charge of the Ninth Inspection District, Brooklyn. When he was reduced to the rank of Captain he was sent to the Vanderveer Park station in Flatbush. At the time of his reduction, Holahan had but a few months to serve as an Inspector, when he would have been entitled to receive half pay of an Inspector as a pension.

FIGHTS CORPORATION TAX.

United States Express Company Not Incorporated, It Is Contended.

Reginald H. Morgan, Jr., as the holder under an assignment of claims of the United States Express Company, instituted a suit in the Federal District Court yesterday against Charles W. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second District, to recover $13,967.57 collected under the Federal Corporation Tax law in 1910 and 1911.

He declared that the assessment levied against the United States Express Company was illegal, because it was an unincorporated association, or partnership, formed in this city April 22, 1854, and because its members never had enjoyed any privileges of doing business in a corporate capacity or any of the advantages which arise from corporate or quasi-corporate organization. Its entire business had always been carried on without franchise, and only such rights as were allowed to individuals or to partnerships by the Constitution of the United States.

KILLS FRIEND WITH FIST.

Blow on Jaw Causes Instant Death—Assailant Grief-Stricken.

While engaged in unloading freight at Pier 27, North River, yesterday afternoon, John Costello, a truck driver, and George F. Martin, his helper, differed as to which was doing the most work. Martin struck Costello a blow on the jaw with his clenched fist, causing instant death. Mounted Patrolman Adam Stupel of Traffic Squad A placed Martin under arrest and he was locked up in the Leonard Street Station on a charge of homicide. Daniel Power, 28 years old, of 138 Warren Street, Brooklyn, was held as a material witness.

Costello was 33 years old, married, and lived at 241 Park Avenue Brooklyn. His assailant is 30 years old, and gave his address as 1,544 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. They had been close friends. When it became evident that the hasty blow had killed his companion, Martin became hysterical and clasped the body in his arms. He was frantic with grief when taken to the police station.

$300,000 Detroit Plant Burned.

DETROIT, July 1.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Detroit Seamless Tube Company this afternoon, causing a loss of nearly $300,000. It is said that the plant was insured for $200,000.

CHIRIS
(Pronounced Sheris)

Chiris Olive Oil is delicious, as well as being pure and wholesome. It can be enjoyed by those who cannot drink ordinary olive oil. Its beneficial effects are soon demonstrated by increased health.

Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our pamphlet, "The Medicinal Value of Olive Oil."
ANTOINE CHIRIS COMPANY,
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Dept. "E," 18 Platt St.
New York.

OLIVE OIL

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Brannoch

SIMPLY to say, "Stein-Bloch," is to say simply, "Best-Tailored." When the circle is squared—when water runs uphill— when 70 seconds compose a minute—*then* you may be able to buy better clothes than *Stein-Bloch.*

Half-Yearly Sale of
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes.

Our whole stock of *Stein-Bloch Fancy Three-Piece Suits* goes on sale Tuesday morning, July 2nd—*two days before "the Fourth"*—at the deep-reaching reductions below. Read every offering.

$20 Suits *now*.................... $14.75
$25 Suits *now*.................... $18.75
$30 Suits *now*.................... $24.75
$35 Suits *now*.................... $28.75

Mark you, these are *Stein-Bloch* Clothes and this is our regular *Half-Yearly* Sale. Neither the clothes nor the sale have any kinship with the nameless, fameless garments cried 'round town at preposterous prices. Owning a Stein-Bloch, you've *got something.*

Sale starts this morning. Every garment has its original price ticket sewn on it. Extra salesmen—no waiting—hourly deliveries of parcels by a battery of special messengers.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Brannoch

OURS being a Specialty Shop *within* a Specialty Shop, we feel that we specially specialize in *Shirts.* We carry only *good* Shirts—nothing that sells at regular prices *below* $1.50. We count among our shirt customers many members of the "smartest" New York clubs, because we serve only the *best-dressed men.*

Half-Yearly Sale of
John David Shirts.

$1.65 and $1.50 Shirts *now*.......... 95 Cents
$2.25 and $2 Shirts *now*.......... $1.20
$2.50 and $3 Shirts *now*.......... $1.65
$3.50 Shirts *now*.......... $2.35
Pure Silk $5, $6 and $7.50 Shirts *now*.......... $3.95
De Luxe Silk $9 and $10 Shirts *now*.......... $6.45

Plain or *Pleated* Bosoms—*Starched* or *Soft Double Cuffs* in Madras, Mercerized, Silk and Linens, Flannels, Crepes, Chambrays and Silks. All colors—all patterns—all sizes—all sleeve-lengths—all our *White Negligee Shirts* included—all garments made expressly for *this summer* and for *this shop*—all our regular stock.

Sale starts this morning. Shirts are exposed on tables for convenient fingering, with broad aisles and no elbowing. Every garment guaranteed. Money back without any "back talk."

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

SAW MORGAN'S WORK IN EGYPTIAN RUINS

Curator Lythgoe Visited the Excavations at Thebes and Oasis of Khargeh.

VALUABLE FINDS, HE SAYS

More Frescoes from a Very Ancient Palace to be Sent Here for the Metropolitan.

Albert M. Lythgoe, Curator of the Egyptian Section of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who went to Egypt at the invitation of J. P. Morgan to see what progress had been made in the exploration of the palace of the Egyptian King Amenhotep III. at Thebes, the temple of Darius, and the pagan-Christian cemetery in the oasis of Khargeh in Lower Egypt, returned on Saturday on the White Star liner Baltic. He was accompanied by Mrs. Lythgoe. They ascended the Nile from Cairo to Baliana, near the temple of Abydos, with Bishop Lawrence and Mrs. Lawrence, on Mr. Morgan's new steel motor dahabeah El Khargeh, as guests of the financier, who was the leader of the expedition. From Baliana a light railway runs across the desert to Khargeh, and here they stayed in a new house erected by Mr. Morgan close to the newly excavated temple of the Persian King.

After a stay of several days at Khargeh the party returned to Baliana and embarked on the dahabeah to go up the Nile to Thebes. In an interview with a TIMES reporter, Mr. Lythgoe said that the progress made by the exploration party at Thebes was very satisfactory and most interesting from a historical point of view.

"The engineers have not only uncovered the palace of the King Amenhotep III. and his regal apartments and those of the harem," he said, "but they have dug out the sand and débris which have laid for centuries within the palace walls, bringing to light the identical rows of houses in which the officials attached to the palace lived at that time. The houses are all alike, and each row contains the same number, with the name and arms of the King on each brick.

"A number of frescoes were discovered in the houses and in the apartments of the palace which depicted flying ducks and pigeons rising from the lotus and papyrus marshes, similar to those discovered last year, some of which were sent to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and others will be forwarded from Cairo next month."

When asked what had been done at Khargeh, Mr. Lythgoe said that the temple which had been excavated was in a fine state of preservation. It was commenced by Darius I. and finished by the Ptolemic Kings at a later period.

"Commencing as a pagan temple," said Mr. Lythgoe, "the building saw many changes, and a Christian church was finally built inside it in the great peristyle in the reign of the Emperor Constantine about 325 A. D. It was situated about four miles north of the oasis of Khargeh and 120 miles due west of the City of Thebes.

"Outside the temple, valuable specimens of pottery and implements of the ancient Egyptians were discovered in the excavation of the old cemetery near the temple, which began as a pagan graveyard in the time of Darius, and was used at the other end as a Christian cemetery from the time of Constantine up to the seventh and eighth centuries, while the Christians were living at Khargeh and the surrounding country."

Mr. Lythgoe added that some frescoes had also been found in the temple with pieces of pottery and coins dating from the time of the Persian invasion. He said that the Nile dam at Assouan had been increased six metres in height, and the new portion would be opened shortly when the River Nile was at the flood.

Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts returned with Mrs. Lawrence two months ago. Mr. Morgan took great interest personally in the excavation work at Thebes and Khargeh, watching the Egyptians working under the direction of the engineers, and appeared thoroughly at home in a cool white drill suit, buttoned up to the neck, and a white pith Indian topee, to ward off the heat of the Egyptian sun.

Held for Killing Her Son by Poison.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A Coroner's jury recommended to-day that Mrs. Louise Lindloff be held to the Grand Jury without bail for the alleged murder of her son, Arthur Lindloff, 15 years old, by poison. She is suspected of causing the death of four other members of her family. The viscera of the Lindloff boy was examined, and was declared to contain arsenic sufficient to cause death. Chemical examination is being made of the internal organs of others of the Lindloff family who have died recently.

OROZCO'S MINES KILL MADERISTS ON TRAIN

Mexican Rebels Report Bad Reverse for Federal Troops at Bachimba Pass.

FLANKING MOVE REPULSED

Federal Army of 5,000 Within Rifle Range of Rebels' Base for Decisive Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, July 1.—Bachimba Pass is the battleground of the Mexican revolution, and the next twenty-four hours should decide Orozco's fate.

The Federal army of 5,000 has advanced from Ortiz as a base and is now within rifle range of the rebel entrenchments at Bachimba Pass. The heavy field artillery has been brought up. The skirmishing started late this afternoon and is expected to continue all night.

The rebels drew the first blood, according to their dispatches received in Chihuahua and Juarez. Preceded by a pilot train, the Federal advance guard troop train was sent north from Ortiz toward Bachimba station. The pilot train negotiated the distance to the mouth of Bachimba Pass in safety, and the troop train followed. When the train was directly over the rebel mines they were blown up, and all the occupants were reported to be killed or mutilated.

At the time the troop train was blown up. Gen. Tellez's rear guard attempted to enter a side pass to the west of Bachimba and flank the enemy. The result was a repulse by Col. Felix Terrazas, with heavy loss.

Each side had 400 men in action. To prevent the Federal column from Sonora flanking and bottling up the rebels in Chihuahua, Orozco has sent Gens. Salazar and Campa to Juarez with 500 men to hold Casas Grandes, Juarez, and the northwestern section of the State of Chihuahua against the invasion of the Federal column under Gen. Sanjines from Agua Prieta. The troops arrived in Juarez early on Monday morning, and part of them were sent to Casas Grandes at once.

Gen. Sanjines is now advancing toward Casas Grandes at the first stop of the march to Juarez to capture the border port. With the rebels were three hundred Federal and political prisoners from Chihuahua penitentiary. These men will worked in the lumber camps of Madera until the fighting starts, when they will be forced to fight for the rebel side.

Capt. F. A. Logan of the Texas National Guard battery is here to select locations for his batteries should Gov. Colquitt order out the National Guard to protect El Paso in case of a battle in Juarez. The Governor has declared that he will order such a defense if the President does not protect Texas citizens. Locations have also been selected for a field artillery station on Mundy Heights, the most exclusive residential section of El Paso.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1. — Internal troubles have again broken out in the camp of the Mexican revolutionaries. Señor Juan Pedro Didapp, formerly Consul General at Norfolk, and now the representative here of the Mexican rebels, issued a statement to-day denouncing Pasqual Orozco, the rebel General, as a "traitor to the revolution" and deposing him and his chiefs from their commands. The pronunciamento declares that Orozco will be court-martialed for treason and that, while all obligations made by him to date will be recognized, those he may enter into hereafter will be repudiated.

Military power in the field is vested for the time being in Gen. José Inez Salazar, Emilio Campa, Antonio Rojas, Luis Fernandez, José de Jesus Campos, José Argumedo, and Gen. Murillo, who are warned to act in harmony with each other until another Commander in Chief is selected.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

ARE NOW HOLDING THEIR

Mid-Year Clearing Sale
of All Summer Stocks
At Radical Price Reductions

In accordance with our usual policy, not to carry over any styles from one season to another—we have marked our entire stocks of Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel for *immediate clearance*—

Tailored Suits of Cloth and Silk at $19.50, $24.50 & $34.50—*Formerly $55 to $95*
Paris Model Suits at $48—*Formerly to $250*
Linen Suits at $17.50 to $37.50—*Formerly $35 to $75*
Motor and Tourist Coats at $25—*Formerly $45 to $75*
Dresses and Gowns for all occasions at $12.50, $14.50, $17.50 & $35—*Formerly $22 to $125.*
Blouses at $3.50 & $5—*Formerly $7.50 to $25*
French Pique Outing Skirts at $6.50—*Formerly $12.50*
Trimmed Millinery at $5—*Formerly $15 to $35*

No sale goods sent on approval, C. O. D. or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Blue and Gray Suits
Special for the Fourth,
$10, $15 and $20

Rows upon rows of them—almost every shade and many cool, thin fabrics—the two most popular colors this summer. Blue serges that fear neither sun nor rain; cool, gray serges, and mixtures of many kinds. Every suit a revelation in value-giving at $10, $15 and $20.

For Men and Young Men Ready-to-Wear.
10 Suits on sale at all our stores except 49th Street.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

TAYLOR SALE SHOWS RISE IN ART VALUES

Sixteenth Century Venetian Andirons, Sold for $10,000 in 1893, Now Realize $46,000.

TOTAL FOR DAY, $325,000

No Bidding for One Item, Experts Regarding It as a Fake—Big Dealers of the World Present.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1. The most important art sale of the season—indeed, of many seasons—was begun at Christie's to-day, when the dispersal of the wonderful collection that belonged to the late John Edward Taylor, proprietor of The Manchester Guardian, was commenced. Mr. Taylor's London home was at 20 Kensington Palace Gardens, and the house was richer than many a museum in works of art of mediaeval and Renaissance times, in French eighteenth century furniture, and in miscellaneous antiquities.

There was a great audience, including most of the leading dealers of the world, at the sale to-day, but the majority watched in silence the excited bidding, being unable to compete with half a dozen firms which paid enormous prices for desirable lots. The prediction that the sale would illustrate the immense appreciation in the values of art objects since Mr. Taylor got together the greater part of his collection, was thoroughly borne out. Indeed, in some cases even higher sums were obtained that were forecast in the most liberal estimates.

Duveens the Principal Buyers.

The Duveens were the principal buyers, giving nearly $115,000 for seven objects, mostly bronzes, though the record price of the day, and, indeed, the record price for a bronze at an auction sale, was paid by M. Seligmann of Paris, who gave $46,000 for a splendid pair of Venetian andirons of the sixteenth century. These andirons are surmounted by the statuettes of Apollo and Mercury, the figures standing upon octagonal plinths supported by tall pedestals formed as caryatid female figures, with a satyr's mask in the centre, above which is a shield of arms of bronze gilt. At the Spitzer sale in 1893 these andirons brought only $10,000. Dr. Bode in his "Italian Bronze Statuettes of the Renaissance," ascribes them to Alessandro Vittoria.

The buyers to-day warmed up slowly, the early lots going for comparatively small sums. A particular bargain was the "Spinario," a copy by some worker of the Paduan school of Riccio in the early sixteenth century of the celebrated figure in the Capitol Museum at Rome. The figure is on an exquisite pedestal, triangular in shape, chiselled with masks and scroll work on each face. This brought only $8,000, though it is illustrated in Dr. Bode's work, and came from the well known Goldschmidt collection. It was bought by Seligmann.

Sansovino Candlesticks Cheap.

The same dealer obtained for $6,500 a fine pair of candlesticks by Sansovino, the famous Venetian craftsman and architect of the sixteenth century. It was Sansovino who designed and executed the beautiful loggetta at the base of St. Mark's Tower, the restoration of which has just been completed. This circumstance has recently led to a considerable increase of interest in the works of this friend of Benvenuto Cellini, and the price obtained for the candlesticks is regarded as surprisingly small.

The Duveens gave $9,250 for a bronze figure of "David," by Bartolommeo Bellano, a Paduan artist of the second half of the fifteenth century. The boy David is represented standing on the severed head of Goliath and holding a sword in his right hand. The work, though only ten inches high, is finely poised, and the style is monumental. The little piece is regarded as scarcely inferior to the "David" of Verrocchio.

The same firm obtained, for $15,500, an elaborate inkstand by Riccio. It is in the form of a celestial sphere supported by a crouching figure of Atlas, and was formerly in the Spitzer collection. The Duveens got this prize after a contest with M. Durlacher.

The best example known of Benvenuto Cellini's "Virtue Overcoming Vice" was soon afterward sold, and also brought $15,500. Another copy was sold for $14,500 at the dispersal of the Beauclerk collection last year. The group is almost a replica of that which surmounts the famous Borghese Cellini inkstand.

$18,500 for a Riccio Bronze.

"Andromeda," by Riccio, a magnificently modelled bronze figure, nine inches high, on a hexagonal elaborately decorated plinth, brought $18,500. At one corner of the plinth is a conch shell to form an inkstand.

A Limoges enamel pyx of the thirteenth centur, copper-gilt and champlevé, was sold for $15,500. It is formed as a dove, with engraved plumage. The feet of the bird rest upon a circular disk, engraved with leafage on a ground of turquoise enamel. This is fixed in the centre of a circular bowl, with a cylindrical rim, to the outer edge of which are applied eight castellated turrets. The piece was formerly in the Castellani collection. Mr. Taylor bought it in 1884.

One of the most delicately carved ivories in existence, a diptych in an intarsia frame, Milanese work of about the year 1400, brought $17,500. It created a sensation when it was placed on exhibition at South Kensington in 1862. Mr. Taylor purchased it at the George Field sale in 1893. The wings are each divided into six compartments, pierced à jour, and minutely carved with scenes from the life of Christ. Behind the figures is a blue background gilt with stars and scroll foliage. The frame is inlaid inside and out in white and colored ivories and various woods.

An Altar Goes Begging.

There were several surprises in the sale, one of them coming when Lot No. 73 was offered. It is a "large type" item in the catalogue and has a full-page illustration, but there was not a single bid, the experts present regarding the object as a "fake." It was described as a portable altar of wood and enamel of early fourteenth century French work. When this lot failed to find a purchaser it was offered together with the next lot, a Venetian enameled ewer, and the two were bought by Seligmann for $1,600.

On the other hand, a copper gilt and enamel oblong plaque by Friedericus, a Cologne craftsman of the twelfth century, to which the cataloguer did not attach much importance, was knocked down to Lippmann for the unexpectedly large sum of $6,500.

A bronze mortar, German of the sixteenth century, a unique piece, elaborately and quaintly decorated, was sold to Smith for $2,800. A bronze candlestick of the school of Donatello went to Knoedler & Co. for $7,500.

May Be by Lionardo.

A bronze was put down in the catalogue as an equestrian group from a design by Lionardo da Vinci for the proposed Francesco Strozzi monument. This is a rather absurd mistake, as the model was for the monument of Francesco Sforza. The piece was sold to Harding for $16,500. This is regarded as cheap, since the bronze is possibly a genuine work by Lionardo, tallying absolutely with the little drawings in Lionardo's sketch book at Windsor Castle. The figure of Sforza is represented in Roman armor in the act of striking a prostrate warrior. The group is 7¾ inches high.

A triangular bronze inkstand of the school of Sansovino was sold to Smith for $2,500. A triangular lamp, Paduan, of about 1500, went to Goldschmidt for $3,500. "Mercury and Prometheus" and "Apollo and Marsyas," a pair of groups of seventeenth century Florentine work, were purchased by Durlacher for $9,000.

A larger copy of the "Spinario" than the other specimen in the collection, but without the elaborate pedestal, went for $7,500 to M. Sambon of Paris.

"Ceres Searching for Proserpine," a French bronze statuette of the period of Louis XIII., was sold for $7,750 to Charles Davis. At the Spitzer sale it brought only $1,700.

"Mars" and "Bellona," a pair of bronze statuettes of late sixteenth century Venetian workmanship, went to Frank Partridge for $5,000.

Another case of appreciation in value was provided by a pair of pricket-candlesticks of copper and champlevé enamel, thirteenth century French. They were sold for $440 at the Spitzer sale. To-day they brought $2,500, Seligmann being the purchaser.

A plaque, probably the cover of a missal, Limoges enamel of the thirteenth century, with figures of Christ on the Cross, the Virgin, and St. John, was sold to Goldschmidt for $4,750.

The volute of a crozier, a French ivory of the fourteenth century, beautifully and elaborately carved, went to Seligmann for $5,500. A ciborium of silver-gilt and translucent enamel, Italian fourteenth century, was knocked down to Harding for $6,750.

The total for the first day's sale was about $325,000.

F. T. MARTIN AS PLAYWRIGHT.

Will Adapt Paris Play, "Ames Sauvages," for American Stage.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, July 1.—Frederick Townsend Martin signed a contract this morning with Severin Mars, the author of "Ames Sauvages," now running at the Théâtre Rejane, for the American rights of the play, which Mr. Martin will translate and adapt, making it a thoroughly American play on the lines of "The Easiest Way."

Mr. Martin is about to go to London to join his brother Bradley Martin, but will soon return to Paris and set to work immediately afterward.

"Ames Sauvages" is the story of a cruel, neurotic, fascinating woman married to an elderly man. After robbing a girl of the affections of her fiancé and ruining her life, she enslaves the husband of another woman, who in the last act stabs her to the heart.

NOT TO SUCCEED BRYCE.

Report Is "Rubbish" and "Nonsense," Declares Augustine Birrell.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1.—Augustine Birrell, Secretary for Ireland, to-day described the published report that he was to succeed Ambassador Bryce at Washington as "utter rubbish" and "nonsense."

BAR CATTLE FROM IRELAND.

British Authorities Trace Outbreak of Disease to Dublin.

LONDON, July 1.—The present outbreak of foot and mouth disease has been definitely traced to Ireland and all importations of cattle from that island to England, Scotland and Wales have now been prohibited.

The disease originated in Dublin. A dozen localities in England are known to be infected already.

It is many years since the British Isles have suffered from such a widespread visitation of the scourge.

Several cattle shows which were to be opened this week have been prohibited by the Board of Agriculture. The Liverpool, Newcastle, and other big cattle markets have been closed.

GERMAN AIRMAN DEAD.

Koenig's Injuries Fatal—Third Fatality in Circuit Contest.

ALTONA, Prussia, July 1.—Benno Koenig, a well-known German aviator, died to-day as the result of injuries he suffered yesterday when he made a violent landing in a clump of bushes. He was participating in the northwest aviation circuit of 425 miles, which was resumed here yesterday after having been postponed on June 2 owing to the deaths of Albert Buchstaetter, one of the best-known German aviators, and his passenger, Lieut. Stille of the Germany Army, soon after the start.

Three other professional aviators taking part in the contest were also injured by falls yesterday. They are, however, all expected to recover.

Leyland Liner Antillian Refloated.

TURKS ISLAND, Bahamas, July 1.—The Leyland Line steamer Antillian, which ran on a reef at the northwest extremity of Grand Turk yesterday on her voyage from Liverpool to Jamaica, was floated to-day and is proceeding to Hawk's Nest for temporary repairs.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BRESLAU, July 1.—Seven members of a picnic party were killed and two others were mortally injured last evening when an express train struck the wagon in which they were driving over a grade crossing. One of the injured died to-day.

LONDON, July 1.—Major George O. Squier was to-day presented to King George at Buckingham Palace on taking up his appointment as American Military Attache in succession to Major Slocum, who to-day paid his farewell visit to his Majesty.

QUEEN MARY FROWNS ON VESTA TILLEY

Shows Plainly That She Does Not Approve of Actresses Wearing Male Costume.

VAUDEVILLE DELIGHTS KING

He Laughs Loudly Throughout the "Command" Performance at the Palace Theatre, London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, July 2.—King George's subjects had the pleasure of seeing their Sovereign indulging in unrestrained laughter at the royal vaudeville "command" performance at the Palace Theatre last night, when a succession of leading vaudeville artists gave their best talent for the amusement of a most distinguished audience.

The King began laughing the very moment the curtain rose, when two knockabout acrobats tickled him into convulsive merriment. His hearty laughter was infectious, and the whole audience joined in.

The Queen was no less amused than the King, but The Daily Chronicle points out one curiously unmistakable little fact in regard to the Queen and the other royal ladies present. It says:

"They obviously did not like the appearance of Vesta Tilley in her familiar male costume. Queen Mary and the Grand Duchess George of Russia consulted their programmes almost severely throughout the song and studiedly looked away from the stage. One felt that there was no possible feeling against this undoubtedly genuine and finished artist, but that it was just an expression on Queen Mary's part that she does not approve of actresses appearing in masculine clothes."

Among those who helped to amuse the royalties were Harry Lauder, Fanny Fields, Clarice Mayne, Charles T. Aldrich, and Cecilia Loftus.

TAXICAB KILLS C. J. MILNE.

Head of Philadelphia Family Run Down by Vehicle in London.

LONDON, July 1.—Caleb J. Milne of Philadelphia and Germantown, Penn., was run down last evening by a taxicab and mortally injured.

He was taken to the Chairing Cross Hospital, where he died this evening. His skull was fractured.

The accident occurred practically on the same spot in Coxspur Street, a busy thoroughfare near Trafalgar Square, where the Rev. Elmer Orlando Weld of Brooklyn was recently killed by a motorbus while on his honeymoon. The same policeman on point duty picked up both victims.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—Caleb J. Milne, who was the head of the well-known Philadelphia family of that name, went abroad, intending to spend the Summer in Europe, two weeks ago. He was to be joined by his son and grandson later. He was a manufacturer and a Director in many large financial institutions of Philadelphia. His Summer residence was in Schoolhouse Lane, Germantown, and his town house was 2,030 Walnut Street.

Mr. Milne was born on Jan. 4, 1839, and was educated in Philadelphia. He married Miss Margaretta Shea of this city in 1858. He was a member of the Union League, Rittenhouse, and art clubs, and many other social organizations. He was the father of Caleb J. Milne, Jr., and the grandfather of Caleb J. Milne, 3d, who recently married Miss Fredericka D. Smith.

Servian Premier Dies Suddenly.

BELGRADE, July 1.—Dr. Milovanovics, the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, died suddenly this morning.

PRINCE'S BOOK BEST SELLER.

First Edition of 10,000 Exhausted Three Days After Publication.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, July 1.—"From My Hunting Diary," by the German Crown Prince, has made a publishing record.

The first edition of 10,000 copies has been sold out within three days of the day of publication. The price of the book is $1.75. A second edition is now on the press, and will appear early next week.

It is rumored that the proceeds of the book, which promise to be very large, will be devoted to some huntsmen's charity, but the Crown Prince's publishers told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day that no decision had yet been reached on the subject.

FASHION OUT AT DUCAL SALE.

Anglo-Americans Are Conspicuous at Stafford House.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1.—Americans were greatly in evidence to-day at the Duchess of Sutherland's sale of Scottish industries at Safford House.

Besides being an annual charitable affair, this has come to be one of the most fashionable afternoon functions of the season. Rain prevented the affair from being conducted on the lines of a garden party as usual, and the extensive picture galleries were used instead. Down either side were long tables loaded with Scottish fabrics, while the ballroom was devoted to articles of metal work, made by the Duchess of Sutherland's cripple guild.

Selling at one of the stands was the Duchess of Roxburghe, who wore a unique toilette. To just below the hips the dress formed a juste à corps of Egyptian gold net, embroidered in alternate large lozenges of white beads and gold thread, whence hung in clinging folds a closely pleated black chiffon tunic, which opened in front over a tight white satin jupe. The dress was quite short, and in true Egyptian fashion was finished round the waist by a gold belt with a gold rope, the end and tassel hanging over the opening of the front.

With the Duchess in close attendance, as usual, was her sister-in-law, Lady Alastair Innes-Ker, in white chiffon draperies, edged and caught up with black.

The Duchess of Sutherland looked lovely in a white satin Directoire dress with a high black waist band, embroidered in vari-colored silks. Near her were her young daughter-in-law, Lady Stafford, also in white, and Lady Rosemary Leveson Gower.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, dressed in steel gray, with oxydized silver embroideries, was with her daughter, Mrs. John Ward, who wore a coat-skirt costume of blue and old gold-shot taffeta.

Lady Naylor-Leyland was quaintly garbed in vieux rose pompadour silk au lace, with a mob cap. She brought with her a young Aberdeen terrier, the only dog at the reception.

Lady Newborough was likewise a noticeable figure, wearing a vivid cobalt satin, closely draped and only partially veiled by an abbreviated manteau de cour of blue chiffon, bordered with a deep flounce of black lace.

Mrs. Joseph Stickney wore a black and white lace dress with touches of pale blue, while Mrs. Tailor Smith and Mrs. Ernest Cunard were also in black and white.

Mrs. Cecil Bingham, wearing a cream lace dress embroidered with white beads, was talking to Mrs. Ronalds.

Mrs. Richard McCreery's dress was of thick cream lace, relieved by bright cherry colored feathers in the hat.

Anthony J. Drexel came with the Duchess of Rutland.

English Cricket Scores.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1.—In a cricket match here to-day the Australians won the first innings with 299 all out, to Yorkshire's 30 for 1 wicket. The South Africans won the first innings with 263 all out, to Middlesex's 3 for no wickets.

"This Certainly Tastes Good to Me!"
If You Appreciate a Fine Brew, Just Try
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers.
Beadleston & Woerz,
New York.
Order from any dealer.
The Snappiest, Most Delicious, Most Wholesome of Beers!

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

THE BIG STORE — GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co. — BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE.
18TH & 19TH STS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. NEW YORK
IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

A Splendid Start for Our
Summer Sales

Early and large attendances in all departments of BOTH of our magnificently stocked buildings prove the success of this great Summer event of ours. Items of this kind are bound to interest people who insist on reliability and who also have an eye to economy.

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.
373 ODD SUITS FOR MEN AND YOUTHS—Values to $15, at....$7.95
WOMEN'S BLOUSES—Values throughout this sale are ⅓ higher than the selling prices quoted; in many instances ½ higher; today....49c, $1 and $1.50
MISSES' and JUNIORS' DRESSES—Many smart styles, at.......$1.95
WOMEN'S "EXTRA-SIZE" SUMMER DRESSES—Up to 51 bust-measure; handsome styles, popular materials; specially priced, today, at....$3.50 to $9.75
WOMEN'S "EXTRA-SIZE" SUMMER SUITS—Of natural linen and mohair; at....$8.50 and $12.75
WOMEN'S $3 to $4 LOW SHOES—at....$1.49
THAT SALE OF PARASOLS—
Values to $3, at....$1.45 | Values to $5.50, at....$1.95
GREAT SALE OF FLAGS FOR THE FOURTH.

The Greenhut Building
10 Acres Devoted to Furniture and Housefurnishings
AN EXCEPTIONALLY IMPORTANT SALE OF WHITE ENAMELED AND BRASS BEDSTEADS.
Many "samples" are in today's sale. One of the many specials is a TWO-INCH CONTINUOUS POST BEDSTEAD—Finished with "Damard" lacquer, which is guaranteed against tarnishing for five years. Complete with a ten-year guaranteed spring and a good felt mattress covered with fancy ticking; today, for.... $24.50
Ordinarily the price of this outfit would be $30.50.
(GREENHUT Building, Third Floor.)
Also Associate sales of FOLDING COTS, DIVANS, SPRINGS, HYGIENIC MATTRESSES, BAMBOO PORCH SCREENS, etc.
Double S.&H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Special for Motorists
Chauffeur's Suits
Special at $24.50
With 2 Pairs of Trousers or Breeches

An unusually good and timely offering—a chauffeur's suit of splendid whipcord in gray or tan—cool, smart, well tailored and durable—meets every requirement of Summer motoring.

It may be had with two pairs of trousers or breeches, or with one pair of each—special at $24.50, or with one pair of trousers, special at $16.50.

Regulation Cap to match at $2
A splendid Overcoat to match at $25
Dusters in a splendid assortment—$1.50 to $30

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

8,000 Enthusiastic Men Will Offset Two Years' Work in Ten Days

—*uniting* in an *Advertising Power equal* to *6 months' advertising* in the *newspapers* of New York.

—*offsetting* the *wrong impression* which our many months of *newspaper advertising* of our *less expensive* clothes has given to the *higher class* of trade.

It would take *six months* to do this *in the papers*—and at an *enormous cost.*

But if we can offer *such inducements* in *introducing* our *finest clothes* that we may gain *this same publicity* in *a few days* we will *save* much time and *thousands of dollars.*

If we can *reach quickly* the *better dresser* who *does not know* Smith Gray & Co. *finest* clothes—who, *because* of our continued advertising to the *larger field* of *inexpensively clothed* men, would be *inclined to doubt* at first ads of our *higher priced* garments—but who will be *mighty glad* when he *does* get acquainted with *their worth*—we can *afford* to sell our *better* clothes, *to introduce them,* at a *fraction* of their *ordinary* price and *charge the loss* on *each sale* to *advertising.*

For the clothes *themselves* are an IMMEDIATE *convincing argument*—an *advertising argument* which is the *one big reason* for this

DEMONSTRATION
in which ALL the *higher class* Smith Gray & Co. suits and light overcoats in our four stores which are priced at
30.00, 32.50, 35.00, 37.50, 40.00 and 45.00
ARE MARKED DOWN TO 22.50
for ten days only—the resulting loss on garments to be charged to advertising.

The wonderful *interest*—the *enormous business* done in the first four days—*has proven* to us that we are to gain the 8,000 *permanent customers* which will make this *advertising plan a success.*

Nothing has been *reserved* or *removed*—and *nothing* in our stores is *now marked over 22.50. Today* is the *Fifth Demonstration Day. Five days more.*

Every garment *left unsold* will be *marked up* to its *original price* on July 10th.

Extra salesmen—*prompt* service.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Smith Gray & Co.
Under Same Control and Ownership Since 1845
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY),
A SALE OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AT THE FOLLOWING VERY SPECIAL PRICES:

MEN'S SILK NEGLIGEE SHIRTS . EACH, $2.35
USUAL PRICE $4.00
MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, PLAITED OR PLAIN, WITH STIFF CUFFS.
USUAL PRICES $1.50 & 1.75 EACH AT $1.00
MEN'S SILK FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS AND TIES, IN PLAIN COLORS.
USUAL PRICE $3.00 PER HALF DOZEN AT $1.80
MEN'S WORSTED BATHING SUITS PER SUIT, 2.50

B. Altman & Co.

WILL PLACE ON SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), IN THE
LEATHER GOODS DEPARTMENT

WOMEN'S SHOPPING BAGS, IN ASSORTED LEATHERS,
ACTUAL VALUE $3.50 AT $2.00
WOMEN'S DRESSING CASES (CELLULOID FITTED), FOR TRAVELING OR MOTOR USE . . AT $9.75
ACTUAL VALUE $14.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

BALTIMOREANS

Who want accurate, up-to-the-minute news of the great convention depend upon The Baltimore Sun. Thousands of these same substantial people have had The Sun bring them the news of the day for years. The paper is part of their daily lives.

Are you about to advertise in Baltimore? The Sun offers you the largest audience in the South.

Its circulation is 120,000 net paid. Its columns are clean. Sun readers are regular readers. They believe in the paper. If your proposition is right they will buy it.

Get full information before making up your fall list.

W. S. BIRD,
1 Madison Av., New York
GUY S. OSBORN,
Tribune Bldg., Chicago

ESTABLISHED 18
MARK
CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers

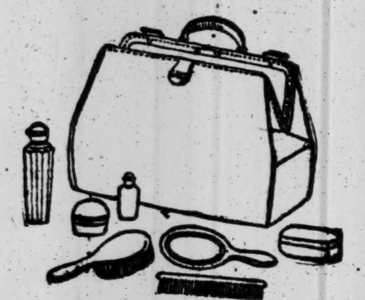
89 Regent Street

Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

CROSS Guarantees the Truth of this Advertisement to The Times, who in Turn Guarantees it to its Readers.

The most expensive articles are not always the best — sometimes the richest girls make the poorest wives.

Cross Fitted Leamington Bags For Ladies



Of Durable English Black Grained Oxhide, Moirette Lined, Fitted with Immaculately White Ivory Grained Celluloid Toilet Articles, Hair Brush, Clothes Brush, Comb, Mirror, Soap Box, Salve Box, Tooth Brush Box, Tooth-Powder Bottle, Nail File, Button-hook, Lotion and Perfume Bottles —Toilet Articles are Protected by Box-ends of Bag—One Central Lock and 2 Slide Locks, all Gold Plated—Remarkably Light in Weight — Complete—

14 Inches—**$33.50**

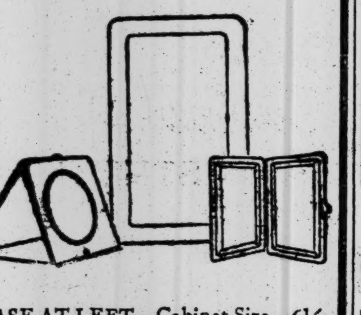
FOR MEN—Same Style Bag as Above—in Tan Grained Oxhide—Fitted with Men's Toilet Set in Ebony and Nickel—Complete—

16 Inches—**$35.00**

Innumerable other Travelling Bags From...... **$9.00** —as well as a Large Variety of Requisites, Such as Collar Boxes, Tie Cases, &c.

The growth of our business has never tempted us to reduce our qualities. A glass diamond can be given away only once.

Cross English Photo Frames



CASE AT LEFT—Cabinet Size—6½ Inches Long x 5 Wide When Case Is Closed—In Red, Blue, Purple or Green Morocco—Velvet or Moire Lined.........	$5.00
Same Style in Smaller Sizes From.............	$2.00
CENTER FRAME — 9½ Inches Long x 6 Wide—This Is an Easel Frame and Is Obtainable in Red, Blue, Purple or Green Morocco—Moire Lined.	$5.25
Same Style in Smaller Sizes From..........	$3.75
FOLDING CASE AT RIGHT—Card Size—4¾ Inches High x 3¼ Wide When Closed—Blue, Red, Purple or Green Morocco—Moire Lined—Compartments for 2 Photos—Gilt Fastener.....	$4.50
Same Style in Smaller Sizes From............	$2.75
TRINKET BOX—Triangular Shape —Assorted Morocco. Boxes with Pincushion on Top to Match................	$1.00

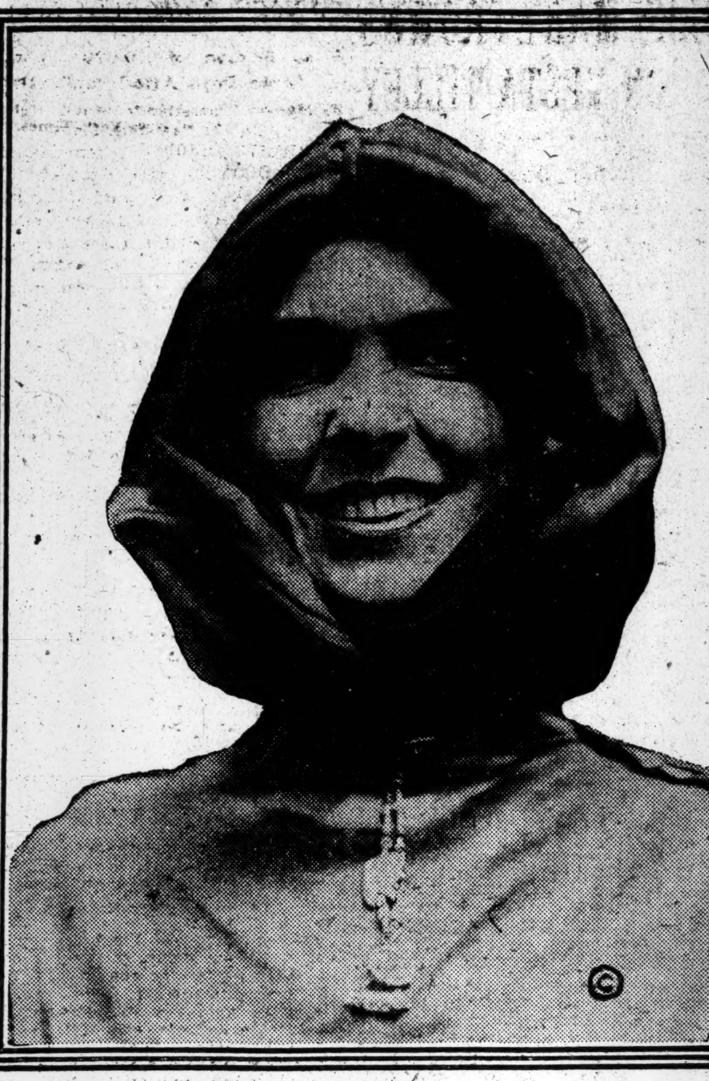
Catalogue Sent Upon Request
Prompt Attention to Mail Orders
Repairs a Specialty

FIRST FLOOR—LEATHER GOODS, LUGGAGE, GLOVES.
SECOND FLOOR—STATIONERY, TRUNKS, MOTORITIES, GLASS AND METAL NOVELTIES, SADDLERY.

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
Up- Town { 210 Fifth Avenue Near 26th Street
Downtown—253 Broadway Opposite City Hall
Boston—145 Tremont Street
Agencies Throughout the World

MISS QUIMBY DIES IN AIRSHIP FALL

Continued from Page 1.



Miss Harriet Quimby

Who Was Killed with Her Passenger, W. A. P. Willard, by a Fall Into Dorchester Bay, Near Boston, Last Evening.

sweeping circles over the field, still about 500 feet in the air.

Twice she started to descend, but each time she was seen to falter. In another moment, summoning all her courage, she turned the nose of her machine downward and landed safely, collapsing in her seat before any one could reach her.

Miss Scott had started to come down before Miss Quimby neared the field. She had just turned the last pylon and was turning into the stretch, preparing to alight, when the crowd swarmed on the field and compelled her to ascend again and to make another circle of the course.

"I was so sorry," she said to-night "that I had to make that extra lap of the course. When I saw the crowd running, something told me that Miss Quimby and Mr. Willard had been killed, and as a duty of respect I should have come down at once as I had planned to do, when the accident happened. But the crowd running on the field made this impossible."

A. Lee Stevens of New York, manager for Miss Quimby, and Miss Quimby's friend, Mrs. Helen Vanderbilt, who were witnesses of the accident, were prostrated. So also was Willard's son, the aviator. It was only the toss of a coin that enabled the father to take the trip to-day and not the son.

Before going up on their flight, Miss Quimby and Mr. Willard were talking and laughing with their friends. Willard was making jokes about his weight, and Miss Quimby talked confidently about her plans to make an aultitude record in the future that would stand as a woman's high mark.

Discussing the matter of coming down in the water if the engine should fail on the flight over the harbor, Miss Quimby said to a friend just before she left the ground:

"A water landing is all right in a Blériot unless you come down head first. In that case, the heavy motor at the extreme forward end of the machine would drag the monoplane deep into the water and sink it. But if he come down 'pancake,' the broad wings would float us for two hours or more."

Then, with a bright smile, she made this significant remark:

"But I am a cat and I don't like cold water."

These were among the last words Miss Quimby said before leaving the starting line on her last flight.

Lincoln Beachy's theory of the accident is that Miss Quimby either fainted or lost her grip.

"They were going 80 or 100 miles an hour," Mr. Beachy said. "Miss Quimby was coming down from some 5,000 feet with full power on. She was a light, delicate woman, and it could easily have happened that the terrific rush of air was too much for her, and that she became weakened and unable to control her levers."

Should Have Been Strapped In.

Glenn L. Martin, who has also been flying at the meet, said:

"If they had been strapped in the accident would not have happened. When going at a terrific speed the machine, on striking a 'hole in the air,' will drop suddenly, and lift one from his seat. I wear straps in my aeroplane, and even then I am thrown violently up against them by such drops."

An examination of the aneroid barometer after the fall showed that at times the daring pilot had reached a height of 5,000 feet.

Miss Quimby had planned to carry a bag of mail from the aviation field to New York City on July 7 and Postmaster General Hitchcock had given his sanction. It was her intention to make the journey without stopping.

Mr. Willard, who was killed, had been a follower of aviation several years, but was not an aviator. On numerous occasions he had taken flights with his son and was an expert in the mechanics of the sport.

All the aviators competing in the meet held a meeting to-night and offered to give their services for a benefit day.

Despite the double tragedy, the meet officials decided to continue it to the end of the week.

MISS QUIMBY'S GREAT FEATS.

Crossing of the English Channel the Feature of Her Brief Career.

Miss Harriet Quimby fell to her death exactly eleven months after she had gained her air pilot's license. On Aug. 1 last she demonstrated her mastery of flying so thoroughly that she overcame the reluctance of the Aero Club to recognize a woman as an aviator, and thus achieved the honor of being the first of her sex to receive the license in this country and the second in the world.

Apart from her fame as mistress of the air, Miss Quimby was well known as a writer for Leslie's Weekly. She lived at the Hotel Victoria, in this city, with her aged mother, who survives her. She was one of the students at the Moissant flying school, at Nassau Boulevard, and a keen rivalry existed between her and Miss Matilda Moissant as to which should force the Aero Club into opening the ranks of air pilots to women.

She made her first attempt at winning the license on July 31 last year, and was completely successful, so far as the difficult feat of cutting figures of eight was concerned, but she failed in the landing test, coming down forty feet outside the required 100-foot circle. Nothing daunted, she tried again the next day, and was so fortunate on this occasion as to establish a new record for accuracy, landing within eight feet of her starting place. She easily satisfied the altitude test and remarked as she finally came to earth:

"Well, I guess I get that license."

"I guess you do," returned the official judges.

Six weeks later Miss Quimby made her first public exhibition of flying at the Richmond County Agricultural Fair. Clad in her plum-colored aviator's outfit, with its hood, its knickers, and puttees, she astonished the crowd by the ease with which she went three times round the course. But experts were a little afraid of the dive she made as she descended and the way in which her monoplane came hopping across the grass. She had made too sudden a descent, and flying machines treated in that way sometimes turn somersaults, as did the Blériot in which she met her death yesterday.

Two nights after that Miss Quimby was up again. It was a moonlight evening, and 20,000 persons had gathered to see her feats in the air. It was an ideal evening for flying, and Miss Quimby made the most of it. In a flight of only seven minutes she crossed the Narrows and came back again. Then, after a series of beautiful circles, she sank gracefully to the ground on Dongan Hills again, while the crowd made a rush to greet her.

Crossing the Channel.

But far bigger game was awaiting Miss Quimby abroad. Even in these days of advanced flying, crossing the English Channel with its fogs, remains one of the difficult feats of aviation. But Miss Quimby accomplished it, thereby becoming the first woman to prove herself the peer of the most skilful airmen.

She left the Dover hangar in a Bleriot monoplane at 5:30 o'clock in the morning on April 16. A crowd had gathered to watch and cheer her as she set off, but she ascended so high that almost in a moment she was out of their sight. In half a minute she had left the sea 1,500 feet beneath her, and was going at such a pace that the tug with photographers had no chance to keep pace with her. Steadily she rose and then she ran into one of the chief perils of aviators. The mist, which is never entirely absent from the channel, thickened into fog, and in a flash Miss Quimby could see nothing but cold grey clouds beneath her.

She had been instructed in the use of the compass especially for this journey, as the fate of Grace, who fell in the North Sea through losing his bearings, has never been forgotten. She realized, however, that she must get down where she could see the earth and she depressed her steering planes and dropped 1,000 feet. As she did so the sun came out and she obtained a glimpse of the coast of France. She was unfamiliar with the ground, and so she dropped again to a height of about 500 feet.

She flew inland for a short distance and looked around for a landing place, finally coming to earth on the beach. She had been sighted while in the air and in a few minutes an enthusiastic crowd of Frenchmen surrounded her.

From their kindly attentions she was rescued by Miss Whitely, daughter of J. Robinson Whitely, who gave a luncheon in her honor. Mr. Whitely gave her the plot of ground on which she descended and it was said that the citizens of Hardelot, the neighboring village, would erect there for her a bungalow in the shape of an aeroplane.

Miss Quimby returned to America May 12, bringing with her a two-passenger Blériot, of eighty horse power. On her first trials she nearly came to disaster. Unaccustomed to a machine of such power, she shot up so perpendicularly that it was feared she would overbalance and fall backward. It is thought that this was the machine which she was using yesterday at Boston.

Miss Quimby is the fourth woman to lose her life in an aeroplane accident. The first woman killed was Mme. Deniz Moore, who fell, while flying in France in July, 1911. Susan Bernard, another French woman, was killed last March while making tests for an aviator's license. Miss Julia Clark, a Chicago girl, was the third victim. She was killed when she flew into a tree at Sprinfield, Ill., on June 17.

The deaths of Miss Quimby and Willard bring the total of aviation fatalities for the present year up to forty-three as compared with seventy-three in the whole year of 1911. The total number of persons killed in aeroplane accidents, since the death of Lieut. Selfridge in 1908, is 154.

HURLED FROM HYDROPLANE.

Wave Almost Overturns It and Passengers Are Tossed Into Water.

In trying out his new hydroplane speed boat on the Hudson, off Yonkers last night, Richard J. Driscoll and his fellow passenger, Louis McPhee, were thrown into the water, and the boat raced on, crashing into the Main Street dock. The boat was making between thirty and thirty-five miles an hour, when a wave nearly overturned it.

Driscoll and McPhee had life preservers on and were thus able to keep afloat until boats from the shore reached them. Driscoll has been working on his boat for about a year, and was giving it a trial spin. It has an eighty horsepower engine.

Driver Dies as Mare Wins Race.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., July 1.—T. H. Ferguson, near the end of a trotting race here, fell dead yesterday from his sulkey, but his mare finished first in the race and trotted to her stable. The races were called off.

265 B'WAY
42 STREET
125 STREET
841 B'WAY

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL
E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President.

Lucky Men!

July Suit Sale

4000 Suits In This Sale

Just *before* the *Fourth.* Blue Serges, Grey Serges, Fancy Worsteds, Velours and Cassimeres. *Twenty-five* different *Models* including *Norfolks,* Conservatives and *English. Hundreds* of different *patterns* and *fabrics.* If you are *leaving* before or on the Fourth, *your suit* will be *delivered* on *time* for *your* "Get-Away!"

Suits Made to Sell Up to $16.50, Now	$10.00
Suits Made to Sell Up to $20.00, Now	$12.50
Suits Made to Sell Up to $30.00, Now	$16.50
Suits Made to Sell Up to $37.50, Now	$19.50
Suits Made to Sell Up to $40.00, Now	$21.50
Suits Made to Sell Up to $42.50, Now	$24.50

265 Broadway Near Chambers St.	841 Broadway Cor. 13th St.	119 West 42d St. Near Broadway	125th St. Near 3d Ave.

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings.

GIMBELS

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.—Saturdays at 12:30

Omnibus Line to GIMBELS

The new 'Buses now running between the Pennsylvania Station and Fifth Avenue and 90th Street pass directly in front of Gimbels and the 32d Street entrance of the Hudson Tubes, and afford a new, frequent, and very convenient means of reaching the Store from the section of New York lying on both sides of Fifth Avenue above 32d Street.

"To Keep the New Store NEW"
We Hold This Month-Long

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

To Clean Up All Stocks for the New Season

This brings the year's most decisive reductions. There are wonderful offerings in Women's and Young Women's Dresses, Suits and Coats, as well as hundreds of other offerings in outer and under Apparel, and in all kinds of Furnishings for the Home.

Look for the "Clearance Sale" cards, when you come to the Store. Every one marks an extraordinary offering.

In Honor of the Fourth!

Men's $5, $6 and $7
White Flannel & Serge Trousers
At $3.75 Pair

WHITE, mind you—just what fashionably dressed men will want to wear on tennis court, golf course or yacht, at the country club, or the week-end party over the Fourth.

Flannel, in plain white, or white with black stripes.

Serge, in plain white with self-stripes; or white with black, blue or tan stripes.

Splendidly fitting Trousers, of fine fabric, well-tailored. The whole surplus of a leading manufacturer. Offered today at usual wholesale cost, or near it.

To make a good offering better, we have included our own whole stock of Serge and Flannel Outing Trousers, making eighteen distinct styles in all, at $3.75 a pair, for this Fourth of July celebration.

Main and Fourth Floors

Men's $35 to $45 Suits at $25

One of the most important items in the July Clearance of Men's Clothing, and one in which well-dressed men are taking great interest. Superbly tailored Suits, of finest fabrics, including plain black and blue, as well as fancy effects and mixtures.

Fourth Floor

$17.50 to $21 Trunks at $12

July Clearance of fourteen styles, of fully riveted Steamer and Dress Trunks. All have three-ply veneer box, covered with heavy duck, or rot-proof canvas, bound with vulcanized fibre, or russet leather; heavy hardware. Excelsior type, or French pattern locks. All are cloth-lined, with conveniently arranged trays.

Each Trunk bears the usual Gimbel repair guarantee.

All sizes, 32 to 40-inch, at $12 each. Marked as you wish, without extra charge.

Fifth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
THIRTY-THIRD ST NEW YORK BROADWAY

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Are Ready to Help You Get Ready for the "Fourth"

Wearing Apparel, Patriotic Favors, Groceries and Delicatessen, Emergency Drug Cases, Sporting Goods, Pure Candies, Latest Books, Suit Cases and Trunks. Flags and Bunting, Picnic Cakes, Toilet Articles,

All at Our Regular "Lowest-in-the-City" Prices.

Continuing the Sale of

SOFT
SUMMER
SHIRTS
$1.09

6,600 of the Usual $1.50, $2.00 & $2.50 Grades

That extraordinary values in soft shirts should be offered at such a time smacks of the unusual, but it is in reality simply in keeping with Macy's policy of meeting the most pressing wants of the season with the most reasonable prices. Every shirt is of this season's materials and designs. The fabrics include:

Pongee Weaves, with Printed Stripes; Corded Madras, with Printed Stripes; Jacquard Woven Figured Madras, Woven Madras, Crepe Madras.

All are cut coat model, with the soft or French negligee cuffs and laundered neck bands in sizes 14 to 18. Sleeve lengths, 33, 34 and 35 inches.

N. B.—For the man who prefers laundered cuffs we have taken 750 of our regular $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 stock shirts and marked them special at $1.09.

Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

THE BEST MEN'S SUITS IN STOCK REDUCED TO $19.75

Were $24.75, $29.75, $32.50 and $38.50

This sale represents the limit of the purchasing power of $19.75 in the men's suit market.

It offers the largest and best values to be obtained anywhere in this city, for the reason that the prices from which these suits are reduced were already the "Lowest-in-the-City."

The materials comprise Foreign and American Tweeds, Silk-Mixed Worsteds, Cheviots, Flannels, Homespuns.

The size range is wide. Chest measurement 34 to 48 inches. A generous assortment of special sizes for stout men.

Fifth Floor, Broadway.

MEN'S PANAMAS REDUCED

Hats that were up to $24.49 now	$12.74
Hats that were up to $16.49 now	$7.49
Hats that were up to $10.49 now	$5.49

Inspection will prove these Panamas to be 100 per cent. perfect. The extremely low prices are quoted simply to effect a reduction of the quantity of fine hats we have on hand.

Feather-light, cool, with good head room, in all the most wanted shapes, including the Telescopic, Planter and the Racquet. Well blocked and trimmed.

MEN'S STRAW HATS, $1.49

That Other Stores Sell at $2.00 and $2.50

Milan and Mackinaw Braids, American Split Braids and English Sennits, the latter with self-ventilated, cushioned sweatbands, are included in the assortment.

5th Fl., 34th St.

Big Savings to Be Made on These

MEN'S UNDERGARMENTS at 94c

Though we sold them at the beginning of the season at $1.69, three hundred dozen that were advantageously purchased go on sale at 94c today.

Silk-and-cotton mixed, with silk stripes, in white and blue, pongee or gray. Shirts and Drawers finished in the best style, and fastening with first-grade pearl buttons. Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

PIPES That Will DRAW CROWDS

They Are an English Manufacturer's Samples of Genuine Briar with Real Amber or Hard Rubber Bits and Sterling Silver Bands

The Prices Are Less Than Those Which Prevail Elsewhere for Imitation Briar of American Make.

Packed in dainty plush lined leather cases, in a variety of the most tantalizing shapes and the most desirable weights, with straight and curved stems, they make a display calculated to produce a small sensation among pipe devotees.

The single pipes are priced at $2.24. The sets are priced $3.96.

In either the Briar or the Calabash Pipes
GALLAHER'S MIXTURE
will be found the right tobacco. It is made in London from matured leaves of the choicest growth.

Fifth Floor, 35th St.

Three Ounce Tin, 54c. Pound Tin, $2.74.

FAKE WIRE-TAPPERS RAIDED JUST IN TIME

Police Break In as a Hand Reaches Out to Clutch Their Victim's $500.

WIRES ONLY TO THE CEILING

Room in West Fifty-second Street Furnished Like a Poolroom—Five Men Arrested.

Six detectives burst into an apartment furnished like a poolroom in a three-story brownstone house at 252 West Fifty-second Street yesterday afternoon just at the moment a hand reached through the wicket to receive $500 from a victim of a band of fake wiretappers.

The detectives arrested five men charged with having part in the swindle. The man about to be victimized said he was J. H. Jackson of 2,060 Parkdale Avenue, Philadelphia, a coal operator. He told the police that one of the gang, who went by the name of "Billy," introduced himself in Philadelphia a week ago. He made himself so entertaining that Jackson took him as traveling companion on trips, first to Detroit and then to this city. They arrived here Sunday, according to Jackson, and stopped at the Hotel Astor. Jackson's name, however, does not appear on the register of that hotel.

Jackson said he went out for a walk with "Billy" yesterday afternoon. On Broadway, near Fifty-fourth Street, his companion called his attention to a man standing on the curb licking his thumb and counting a fat wad of bills.

"That fellow must be crazy," said "Billy," showing a roll like that on Broadway. By George, he's a lodge brother of mine; he's wearing a Mason's pin. I'll have to warn him."

When "Billy" started to explain the dangers of showing so much money in public, the man paid no attention, and continued counting. He did not look up till he had folded the bills in his wallet and replaced it in his pocket. Then he said mysteriously that money which came so easily made a man careless.

The conversation rapidly led up to a point at which the stranger with the money said that, in view of the fraternal tie between him and "Billy," he would show them how such big money was to be made. Jackson listened without suspicion to the ancient tale of how advance racing news was stolen from the wire and used to win large sums from the simple-minded poolroom boys.

Jackson and "Billy" accompanied the stranger to 252 West Fifty-second Street, where he demonstrated the system by giving them a tip which won $10 apiece for them. Jackson's enthusiasm rose, and he peeled off $500 when "Billy" suggested splitting a thousand between them on the next sure-thing. The fingers of the poolroom clerk had just closed on the money when the detectives, who had trailed the man who had shown so much money on Broadway, dashed into the room.

Acting Capt. Gloster was in charge of the squad, which included Detectives Lennon, Ownes, Fitzpatrick, McMahon, and Devanney. Their five prisoners described themselves as Joseph Lethridge, 35 years old, traveling salesman of Detroit; Henry Dixon, 42 years old, clerk, 285 West 125th Street; Dave Neil, salesman, 40 years old, 275 West 106th Street; William Collins, 53 years old, auctioneer, of Chicago, and Edward Thompson, 39 years old, a salesman, 102 West Ninetieth Street.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—J. H. Jackson does not appear in the City Directory and no one of that name is known as a coal operator. There is no Parkdale Avenue.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

MAURETANIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Adams, Miss Edith Adams, H. E. Arnbold, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Baker, Mrs. H. T. Barry, Dr. F. J. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Bentley, S. R. Bertron, Judge and Mrs. Nathan Bijur, Mrs. E. P. Black, William H. Black, Mrs. H. S. Bowen, Mrs. F. Bowker, H. K. Bradley, Dr. and Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Miss S. S. Butler, Prof. D. L. Cairns, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis E. Carol, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cornell, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. Carstairs, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Choate, S. F. Cuthbertson, Archdeacon Davidson of Bermuda, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Day, Oliver Dentin, Sir Arthur Downes, Mr. and Mrs. Richard N. Dyer, Charles H. Farnam, Gordon Fellows, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. A. C. Ford, T. N. Foster, D. Foxwell, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Galatti, Louis L. Funski, J. J. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Glover, Mrs. G. A. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gary, Allen Gray, S. D. Green, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Greer, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Miss Gladys Guggenheim, Miss Nellie G. Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim, the Misses Gertrude and Barbara Guggenheim, Charles Harvey, E. H. Hetley, Mrs. J. C. Hoagland, E. E. C. Hosack, Mr. and Mrs. P. Joannard, H. A. Kirby, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lake, C. H. Lee, Miss Margaret J. Lester, Ernest Ludwig, Austro-Hungarian Consul at Cleveland; Col. J. B. MacLeon, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Prof. P. Martucci, George W. Miller, Frank A. Munsey, I. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Paton, Mrs. Richard A. Peabody, Miss Constance Peabody, H. T. E. Perry, T. A. Ralston, Mr. and Mrs. H. Raymond, Count and Countess Rothes, E. J. Sanford, Paul Thompson, Mrs. T. W. Tobson, W. S. Valentine, Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Weeks, J. R. Wheeler, F. Bronson Williams, James H. Wilson, Henry A. Wise, J. L. Wilson, Jr., E. L. Winthrop, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Wyman, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hyde.

ROTTERDAM (Rotterdam.)—George Ade, Capt. W. H. Andrews, Miss Emily W. Aspinwall, A. L. Bell, Mrs. H. Birch, H. W. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. H. Crawford Black, Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Bliss, Dr. W. B. Brunsmach, Mr. and Mrs. E. Brunswick, Mrs. Calderon Carlisle, Col. H. G. Catrow, Lieut. C. B. Chisholm, Mrs. G. C. Clark, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. C. Cleveland, Mrs. G. A. Cochran, Mrs. H. Corning, James Cotting, Mrs. Cotting, Lieut. Col. A. B. Critchfield, F. S. Crofts, Mrs. J. W. Dalzell, Mrs. M. E. Darlington, Miss Dorothy Dickinson, Dr. G. K. Dickinson, George E. Dimock, Jr., Kenneth Durant, Mrs. Isabel Eames, Capt. E. W. Eddy, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. M. Ellis, Mrs. R. B. Ellison, Capt. Guy Emerson, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry Ferguson, Mrs. Delia F. Field, Mrs. W. H. Field, Sidney Finger, Mrs. Mortimer H. Flagg, Capt. and Mrs. John H. Gibbons, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Goodale, Prof. J. H. Gore, Miss J. Grace, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hapgood, Mrs. M. J. Hess, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Howe, Prof. W. Woolsey Johnson, Judge Edgar A. Lawer, Walter Lloyd, Mrs. Chester Loomis, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry Lubeck, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Maddock, Dr. and Mrs. G. P. Marquis, Capt. Ernest Miller, Mrs. R. B. Minturn, Richard Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. S. Grafton Mortimer, W. H. McCurdy, Henry Nelson, K. B. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Osborne, Miss Olive Pardee, Mrs. J. C. Powers, Miss Dorothy Radley, Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Rensselaer, Capt. W. H. Richard, Mr. and Mrs. Theo W. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Grange Said, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sage, Mrs. M. Silvister, Dr. F. F. Simpson, Mrs. A. M. Tagart, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thorne, Jr., Miss C. M. Vincent, Mrs. Bertram Webb, Gerard de Witt, J. H. Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wilson.

KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE (Bremen)—C. T. Bailey, E. C. Bass, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Brock, P. J. Brown, Robert Burke, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Chase, S. F. Collin, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Craig, C. E. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, A. W. Day, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Dubois, J. J. Fanning, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Foster, William Graham, H. D. Green, G. E. Gunn, Dr. Francis Hustace, Mrs. Sarah D. Kimball, Mrs. P. W. Livermore, Col. and Mrs. Hamilton Merritt, Mrs. M. Stokes Palmer, Mrs. W. Post, Eustace Reynolds, J. W. Simpson, R. K. Snow, Mrs. L. B. Taylor, Frank Wallace, Dr. Alfred Weber, G. F. Williams, H. Winter, W. M. Wood, Jr., Miss Maud Wrenn, Isidor Wormser, Jr.

MOTOR Everything for BOATS

YACHT CAPS

Blue Cloth Caps, with Gold Bullion Cross Anchors, Enamel Club Emblem, finest quality..............$4.25
White Bleached Duck, as above...$3.25
Hopkins' Life Preserver Cushions $1.00

Duck Waterproof Camping Tents.

7x7 ft.........$8.00 | 7x9 ft...........$9.00
8-oz. Wall Tent, 12x14...........$11.97

Hopkins

119 Chambers St.

ROUGHS ATTACK SUFFRAGISTS

Mrs. Charter and Mrs. Iaccaci Will Complain to Commissioner Waldo.

Police Commissioner Waldo has made an appointment to receive this morning at 10:30 o'clock Mrs. J. Lemmington Charter and Mrs. Thayer Iiaccaci, who were badly treated by a gang of roughs at a meeting which they held under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party at Forty-first Street and Tenth Avenue last Saturday evening. Mrs. Charter, an Englishwoman who has done much suffrage work in England, speaking at factories, where she had a reputation for holding the interest of working men, says the she has never received in England the rough treatment that she did Saturday evening.

The one policeman who was on hand at the opening of the meeting disappeared, and it was not until Mrs. Iaccaci had telephoned five times, she said yesterday, that two policemen were sent from a nearby station. The women say that these men did everything possible for them, but they will ask the Commissioner why they did not have better protection, and they wish to go back to the same place to hold another meeting.

"The people, aside from the gang of roughs," said Mrs. Iaccaci, "were very sympathetic, and when Mrs. Charter did get a hearing she spoke for ten minutes and was well received. After introducing James T. Morgan, who was the first speaker, I had stepped aside to give out literature, and was away from the trouble. Garbage and bags of water were thrown, as well as big rocks. As soon as the disturbance was over the people asked eagerly for literature and took it home with them. We gave away all that we had."

AWARDS WIDOW $8,000.

Jury Gives Verdict Under the Employers' Liability Law.

Mary Conway, wife of Peter Conway, who died as a result of injuries received while working on a twenty-story building at Broadway and Fifty-eighth Street, received an award of $8,000 damges, the amount sued for, from a Supreme Court jury yesterday.

When the case was tried before Justice Page and a jury the physicians for Norcross Brothers, the contractors employing Conway, testified that one of the causes of his death was a "wet brain" resulting from the use of alcohol.

This is the first case in which a building in the course of construction has been held to be part of the ways, works, machinery, and plant of a company, as defined by the employers' liability law.

APPOINTMENT FOR P.J.CARLIN

He Becomes Superintendent of Buildings in Brooklyn.

Borough President Steers announced yesterday the appointment of Patrick J. Carlin as Superintendent of Buildings in Brooklyn. Mr. Carlin succeeds John Thatcher, who was killed recently by a fall while inspecting a building in course of erection in East New York.

The new Superintendent is the head of the P. J. Carlin Construction Company, 16 East Twenty-third Street, Manhattan. Mr. Carlin is a Democrat. He lives at 270 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. His appointment was announced on the sixty-second anniversary of his birth.

PLAYGROUNDS OPEN FOR THE SUMMER

Attendance Expected to be Ahead of Last Year, When It Was 3,332,516.

EXERCISES UNDER DIRECTOR

Baseball the Leading Game and Basketball Popular—Playgrounds for Mothers and Babies, Too.

The school children of New York who cannot get out of the city in the Summer were afforded great joy yesterday by the opening of the vacation playgrounds. Last Summer the 111 indoor playgrounds located in public school buildings of the five boroughs had a total attendance of 3,332,516 children, and an average attendance of 69,008. Dr. Edward Stitt predicts that this season's figures will be far in excess. These pleasure resorts have the hearty support of President Winthrop, Dr. Maxwell, and the Committee on Special Schools of the Board of Education, made up of Dr. Louis Haupt, Chairman; Joseph Barondess, Miss Martha L. Draper, Thomas M. Delaney, Morris Loeb, John Martin, and John Whalen.

The usual programme for one of these playgrounds begins with assembly exercises, which last for half an hour, in which the children march, sing, salute the flag and listen to a short address by the Principal. After that there is an hour of organized games, including gymnastics. A half hour of free play follows, and then an hour of gymnastic or military drilling, followed by a turn at occupation tasks, such as making baskets or scrap books. There are more gymnastics and more songs before the session is over.

Of course, baseball leads the other games in popularity. A tournament is played every Summer for the championship of the playgrounds, which always arouses keen interest. The games are played with a soft ball, and, as a rule, the Principal of the home nine acts as umpire. Semi-final and final games are played on the diamonds of neutral playgrounds. For these games the city is divided into three districts: Richmond and lower Manhattan, Brooklyn and upper Manhattan, Bronx and Queens.

Vacation Playground 40, Manhattan, won the championship of the First District last Summer; Vacation Playground 47, Brooklyn, won the championship of District 2, and Vacation Playground 10, Bronx, the championship of District 3. Sometimes exhibition games are played. There was such a game last Summer at the American League Park.

Another game which is very popular is basketball. Rope quoits and handball are also liked, and some of the playgrounds have a shuffleboard. Relay races and other athletic sports vary the proceedings. Many of the playgrounds are arranged for girls exclusively, and they run potato races, do gymnastic exercises and have as good a time as the boys.

There are shower baths in twelve of the twenty-four playgrounds in Manhattan. The boys who go to the playground in the High School of Commerce are allowed the use of the pool there. The Crotona Park Athletic Field in the Bronx has shower baths, and so have sixteen playgrounds in Brooklyn. Dr. Stitt hopes that every playground will have its shower bath eventually, which can be used not only for the children, but also by the parents of the neighborhood.

The figures for last season show that the morning playgrounds for mothers and babies, which numbered fifty-four, had an average attendance of 14,950, and a total of 696,109. Even more mothers and babies attended the firty-five afternoon playgrounds, as the total attendance was 723,752, and the average 15,309. The nine open-air playgrounds had a total attendance of 222,054. There were also seven kindergarten centres and twelve evening roof playgrounds. The kindergartners numbered 1,277 daily, with an aggregate attendance of 58,324. The roof playgrounds were also very popular, and attracted 19,631 nightly visitors, with a total of 922,705.

The average attendance of these 248 playgrounds amounted to 125,528, and the total attendance last Summer came to the enormous total of 5,955,160 persons.

Mrs. C. Harrison Aids Titanic Fund.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Mrs. Carter H. Harrison, wife of Mayor Harrison, will conduct the campaign among Illinois women for aid in erecting the Titanic memorial in Washington. Mrs. John Hays Hammond, who was in Chicago with her husband during the Republican National Convention, interested Mrs. Harrison in the project during her stay here.

BURGLARS IN EAST 83D ST.

Several Houses Between Madison and Park Avenues Entered.

Burglars have entered several residences on the south side of East Eighty-third Street, between Madison and Park Avenues, within the past week. With three exceptions all of the residences in the block have been closed for the Summer.

The home of William Schlemmer, a merchant, at 54, was entered a few nights ago, and the place ransacked from basement to roof. According to R. E. Simons, the negro caretaker, this burglary took place Friday night, and was discovered by him when he came to the house Saturday morning. It is believed that entrance was effected through a coal hole from the sidewalk to the cellar. The value of the loot secured by the thieves will not be known until Mr. Schlemmer or some member of his family returns to town, but the caretaker is of the opinion that only jewelry and valuables of small bulk were taken.

At 58 lives William Goldman, a jeweler, who, with his family, has been out of town for several weeks. His home was broken into before daybreak yesterday and ransacked. As in the case of the Schlemmer burglary, the loss cannot be determined until the family return from the Adirondacks.

The neighbors declare that when the burglary at the Goldman home was discovered a skylight on the roof was open and that the one on the roof of ex-Police Inspector McLaughlin's home next door was unlocked, which has led to a general belief that the burglars paid a visit to the latter house after looting the Goldman residence. The police denied this yesterday, and were positive that none of the other residences in the block had been entered."

THE EXTRA PURE GIN Gilbey's LONDON DRY GIN

EXTRA PURE
GILBEY'S LONDON DRY GIN

The cool, delightful
SILVER FIZ
Is always perfect when
you insist upon having
Gilbey's London Dry
THE EXTRA PURE GIN
Distilled in London, England, and shipped in bottles only.
For Sale by
Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
Charles & Co., Wine Growers Association,
and all high-class cafes and wine merchants.

TALES *of the* TURKISH TROPHIES

TALE 3 - THE KINK'S JESTER

"NOW for a right hearty laugh," chortled the Kink, as the Royal Jester came tripping across the Bokharah.

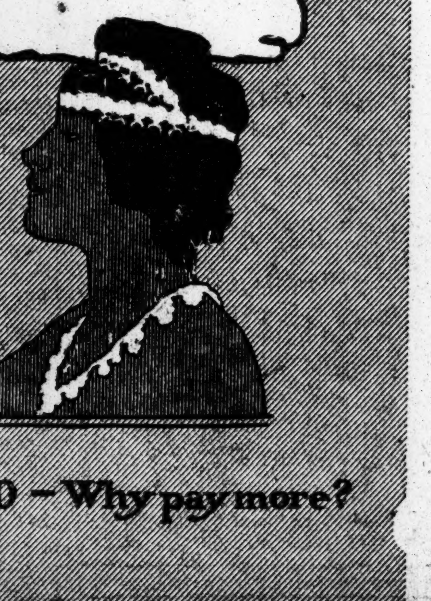
"I have discovered a new answer to a famous riddle," gleefully said the Court Jester. "'Why does a chicken cross the street?' is the riddle, and the answer is: 'To get a box of Turkish Trophies.'"

"And to think," said the Kink, sadly, "that he gets his eats for putting over that kind of comedy."

"However, he reminded me of a good smoke, and for that he lives one more day."

TURKISH TROPHIES CIGARETTES

S. ANARGYROS MAKER A CORPORATION



HAMILTON KING GIRLS
on LEATHER and SATIN
(10 x 12 in.) (7 X 9 in.)
GIFT-SLIP in each PACKAGE

10 cents *for* 10 - Why pay more?

An Editorial
from the Detroit Times
June 12, 1912

If The Price of Coffee
Would Double Again
All The Better!

The price of coffee has doubled in three or four years.

And this, despite production has doubled in that time.

The reason for the present high price of coffee was sought and it has been found that the market supply has been artificially restricted.

The Brazilian government is in the operation and participates in the profits to the extent of an export duty of three cents a pound.

And American bankers are financing the scheme.

Diabolical plot?

Outrageous conspiracy?

Perhaps!

But we did not take our pen in hand to condemn anybody concerned except COFFEE DRINKERS—to condemn them and, also, to congratulate them, both upon the present increased price and the probability that it will go higher.

It isn't exactly inspiring to see American capital finding its way to a foreign country to be used there to the end of exploiting American family pocketbooks.

However, this is not the saddest fact involved, to our way of thinking.

It is most regrettable that the consumption of coffee in this country has increased to a point to warrant manipulation of the supply.

We don't like to look upon coffee as becoming a NECESSITY to the American people, and view with alarm the activities of capital suggesting that it IS becoming a necessity.

Coffee isn't good for you.

Too much of it is positively harmful.

If the present price, doubled in four years, would double again, it would be the best thing that ever happened to the excessive coffee drinker.

He wouldn't drink as much of it.

Better yet, maybe he wouldn't drink it at all.

Just possibly you have us put down as being a bit nervy in this—coming in and sitting down beside you before the coffee pot and telling you to keep hands off.

Nevertheless, we mean well.

We are talking for your good.

You like coffee, probably, and perhaps you think it is none of our business if you drink it or if you drink all you want of it.

Babies want those pink pills that look like candy and cry if we don't let them have them.

The same pink pills, left around by careless mothers, have killed many babies.

And many grown people know as little as babies about the care of their bodies.

There are intemperate coffee drinkers the same as there are intemperate drinkers of alcoholic beverages.

One cup of coffee isn't going to prove fatal, nor two cups of coffee.

Two cups may upset your entire system, make you uneasy, restless and peevish and unfit you for best results for a day, but it will wear off after awhile the same as a whisky drunk wears off.

But bring to us a person who drinks two and three cups of coffee regularly for breakfast, or a person who drinks coffee three times a day, and we will show you a person with a bad-acting heart, a sluggish liver, a disordered stomach and a shattered nervous system.

If you don't believe us, ask your doctor.

He will tell you that coffee contains caffeine, which he gives in the smallest kind of doses for a heart stimulant.

He will tell you further that too much caffeine or too much coffee will give you a palpitating heart.

Then if you are satisfied to run the risk of having that kind of a heart, keep right on drinking all the coffee you want, and excuse us for interfering. (Detroit Times, June 12, 1912)

Nowadays
many former coffee drinkers
are using

Instant Postum

This new food drink
Contains No Caffeine—
Costs Less Than Coffee—
Requires No Boiling—and
Tastes Better Than Most Coffee

Stir a spoonful of **Instant Postum** in a cup of hot water, add cream and sugar to taste, and you at once have a delicious drink that's **wholesome, pure and good** for old and young.

INSTANT POSTUM
POSTUM CEREAL
Postum Cereal Co., Limited
Battle Creek, Mich., U. S. A.

A 100-cup tin of instant Postum (no boiling) costs 50 cts. at grocers, 1-2 ct. per cup. Smaller tins at 30 cts.

Standard Postum, large pkg. (the kind which must be boiled 15 min.) 25 cts.

Both produce the same result; one by boiling and the other **instantly.**

Coffee averages about double that cost.

Housewives appreciate **Instant Postum** because it saves time, work and fuss in the preparation of a meal; and for its intrinsic merit.

Ask your grocer about it. If he doesn't carry a supply, send us your address with a 2-cent stamp and your grocer's name and we will send you a free sample of this newest food drink.

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN.

A grand scoop!

18,615 wash scarfs.

Some with attractive panel stripes.

Others with dainty crossbar patterns.

All fast colors, guaranteed.

Our regular 50c. kinds.

25c. to-day.

Every Panama and Bangkok hat in our three stores marked down!

Bangkoks that were $5, $6 and $10.

Now $3, $5 and $6.

Panamas that were $5, $8, $10 and $15.

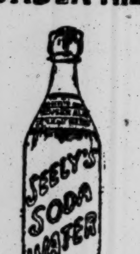
Now $3.50, $5 and $8.

Everything in Summer clothes to keep you cool.

For men—for boys.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

VOTE UNDER THE BOTTLE



☒

- LEMON SODA
- GINGER ALE
- SARSAPARILLA
- ROOT BEER
- CREAM SODA

N.B. THE SEELY'S SODA WATER TICKET IS ENDORSED BY CONFECTIONERS, GROCERS, DELICATESSENS AND FRUIT STORES

TRUSO

HOSIERY For Men

Of course, if you prefer hosiery woven to the strength (and almost the appearance) of sail-cloth, you won't care about TRUSO.

But if your tastes are a trifle fastidious, and you want the correct and best, ask for TRUSO Half-Hose.

Fifty Cents the Pair.

At Regal Shoe Stores Everywhere.

New Jersey Central

FOURTH OF JULY OUTINGS

LAKE HOPATCONG
Also Every Sunday and Holiday $1
Leave W. 23d St. 8.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.

MAUCH CHUNK $1.50
Lv. W. 23d St. 8.20 a.m.
Lv. Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.

WALL STREET BUSINESS.

Bond, stock, wheat, cotton, coffee, and metal developments reported accurately in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Financial situation at home and abroad. Best quotation lists for reference and range of prices for many years. Politics and business discussed by authoritative writers. Complete guide to Wall Street activities. Every Monday. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

SAYS INSANE ALIENS FREELY ENTER HERE

Dr. Mabon Tells State Commission That Not 25 Per Cent. Can Be Detected Now.

CALLS SYSTEM INADEQUATE

And Would Extend Time for Deportation to Five Years—Figures on Number and Cost.

A public hearing on the condition of the alien insane in the hospitals of New York was held yesterday morning and afternoon at the Manhattan State Hospital on Wards Island by Dr. Spencer L. Dawes, head of the Governor's Commission on the Alien Insane, assisted by Lewis L. Parker, counsel for the commission, and Charles A. Doolittle, Jr., assistant counsel. Facts were brought out in the testimony showing that the number of alien insane in the State hospitals greatly exceeds the number shown by such classifications as have been made, and further, that the means and methods of detecting the mentally deficient, on and after their arrival in this country, are wholly inadequate.

One of the first points brought out in the testimony of Dr. August Hoch, Director of the Psychiatric Institute on Wards Island, and Professor in Cornell University, and Dr. William Mabon, Director and Medical Examiner of the Manhattan State Hospital, was to show conclusively that it is impossible even for expert alienists at the immigration stations to detect any but the most pronounced types of the mentally deficient, following the customary method of picking these types out as the line of immigrants files past the Inspectors at the immigration station.

"Would you say, Dr. Mabon," questioned Dr. Dawes, "that it is possible for an expert alienist to detect from a line of immigrants, passing his inspection on an average of three every minute, to pick out as many as 25 per cent. of those affected with the different forms of insanity?"

"No," quickly replied Dr. Mabon. "I should think they would be as likely, in this manner, to pick out as many sane as insane. We have in the Manhattan State Hospital right now many patients who would be able to pass the alienists at the immigration station if we should send them down for inspection."

Insane 40 Per Cent. Aliens.

Dr. Mabon was the first witness called at the morning session. He stated before the commission that there are 4,702 patients at present in the Manhattan State Hospital. Of this number 2,657, or about 57 per cent., are foreign born. The foreign born are divided into 839 males and 1,818 females. Of the entire number of foreign born patients there are only 506 who are definitely known to have been naturalized, while there are 1,905 whose naturalization has not been established, leaving 1,399, or 40 per cent., of the entire number of patients who may be reasonably classified as aliens. Dr. Mabon stated that there are only eighteen cases for which warrants for deportation have been issued, though he said that there are sixty or seventy possible deportation cases.

The Manhattan State Hospital, according to Dr. Mabon, receives half the patients from Manhattan and the Bronx and all from Richmond. Bringing forward the report of the institution from 1885 to 1907, he showed that the inmates of the hospital for that period were 80.54 per cent. from foreign born parents.

At this point the investigation was halted by Dr. Dawes. "Yes," he said, "the most startling thing I have found in my investigations ov r the State is the fact that more than 50 per cent. of the native born patients in the hospitals for the insane are of foreign born parents."

Cost to the State.

At the afternoon session Dr. Mabon, whose testimony was suspended in order that Dr. Hoch might be interrogated during the morning, stated that the 1,905 alien patients in the Manhattan State Hospital were, with the exception of about fifty who reimburse the State with their services toward the maintenance of the institution, plainly speaking, public charges. The average cost of maintenance per capita for 1911 was $184, while a slight increase had been shown in this for the past six months. The total cost of maintenance amounted to $341,320 for 1911, and averaging the life of the insane patient at ten years, the 1905 alien insane would in the long run cost the State $3,413,200.

During his investigation Dr. Hoch confined his answers to his knowledge of psychiatry, declining to offer offhand any suggestions for regulations affecting the admission of the alien insane. He agreed, however, to give a written opinion later on the manner of examination and the proper length of time for deportation.

Dr. Mabon did not hesitate in saying that the present method of examination is entirely inadequate, and he suggested that, since a prolonged investigation at the immigration station is impracticable, there should be an investigation conducted either at the native town or at the port from which the emigrant sails, observation aboard ship, followed up in this country more effectively for a year. The length of time for deportation, he believes, should be about five years.

MORE WESTCHESTER TRAINS.

Another Branch of New Road Opens with 113 Trains.

The New York, Westchester & Boston Railway took its second important step in the provision of a new system for commuters yesterday morning when the line from Mount Vernon to Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, was thrown open at 5 o'clock. Beginning at that hour and throughout yesterday a train service of 113 trains was run over the line down to the Bronx terminal at 180th Street and Morris Park Avenue. From the Mount Vernon station on down into the Bronx the trains alternated with the more than 100 trains that run between this city and New Rochelle on that other branch of the service, which went into operation on May 21. Altogether this means new train service of some 225 trains.

The third step in this development will come some time in August, according to information furnished yesterday. This will be the extension of the Bronx Terminal to the Harlem River and a connection there with the Second and Third Avenue elevated roads, and when this is completed the New York, Westchester & Boston will have connected Wall Street with New Rochelle and White Plains.

When the Westchester line ran its first train in the latter part of May for the benefit of some invited railroad men and a group of newspaper men, it was demonstrated that the plan had been for a "road beautiful," and that the company was embarked upon a "public be charmed" policy, emphasized in every line of every pretty station, in the harmony of the consistent color scheme, in the proposed spirit of co-operation with the citizens' committees along the line and in the plans for a rose-fringed roadbed leading out of the city.

It is the conviction of President L. S. Miller that a great body of people will soon be located in business centres along the Sound, living in Northern Westchester County and coming to Manhattan only for social reasons, their business being done entirely north of the Harlem River, in the Bronx and Westchester. The road was built in the belief that there is room and opportunity for another Manhattan behind the Sound's water front. The stock of the new road is owned by the New York, New Haven & Hartford, but it has its own organization and is operated under a separate management.

AUTOS KILLED 26 IN JUNE.

Of These 13 Were Children—275 Seriously Hurt in the Streets.

The National Highways Protective Society issued a report yesterday showing that fifty persons were killed and 275 seriously injured by vehicles in the streets of this city in June.

Automobiles killed twenty-six and injured 153; trolleys killed ten and injured ninety-nine, and wagons caused the death of fourteen and injury to twenty-three. Of those killed twenty were children under sixteen years of age, automobiles killing thirteen, wagons six, and trolleys one.

There were 171 automobile accidents last month, in thirty of which the owners were operating their cars at the time. Seven operators ran away after accidents.

In June last year automobiles caused the death of twelve persons, trolleys killed seven, and wagons fourteen. Of this number thirteen were children under sixteen years of age, automobiles killing five, wagons, seven, and trolleys one.

Twelve persons were killed in railroad grade crossing accidents in this State last month. Twelve were seriously injured. Seven automobiles were wrecked and ten wagons demolished.

"NELLIE BLY" GETS A STAY.

Again Refuses to Obey Court and Order Was Signed for Her Commitment.

Mrs. Elizabeth C. Seaman, (Nellie Bly,) who has been in a legal fencing duel with the administrators of the bankrupt Ironclad Company and the courts in Brooklyn for many months, and has thus far escaped being sent to jail for contempt of court as a result of her attitude at the hearings, will not be bothered during the Summer months over this litigation. She was recently fined $3,000 for contempt of court, and also faced a term of twenty days in jail imposed by Judge Mayer sitting in the United States District Court in Brooklyn.

She had until yesterday to produce books and records and other information desired by the court in the Ironclad proceedings. She did not fulfill the court's order and Judge Mayer signed an order of commitment. Her lawyers immediately filed an appeal and a stay was granted until the case is argued and decided by the United States District Court of Appeals in September.

Stony Brook Assembly Concerts.

The Directors of the Stony Brook Assembly, Stony Brook, L. I., announce a series of ten concerts to be given in the auditorium during the months of July, August, and September, beginning on the evening of July 4 and continuing on Friday evening thereafter until Labor Day. The concerts are under the direction of Robert Gaylord, and many of the artists who appeared there last Summer will again be heard.

NO ARREST MADE FOR INJURY TO MRS. HART

Great-Aunt of Alfred Seligman Thrown from Her Carriage by Skidding Automobile.

CONDITION VERY SERIOUS

Accident Occurred on Saturday, but Details Not Given Out by Police—She Was Known for Charities.

As the result of an automobile accident which occurred last Saturday morning, the details of which were not made public by the police, Mrs. Julius Hart, seventy-one years old, of 1 West Eighty-fifth Street, founder and Vice-President of the Crippled Children's School of New York, and well known for her charitable work, is in a critical condition in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway. Mrs. Hart is the great-aunt of Alfred Seligman who was killed in an automobile accident a week ago, and is an aunt of Mrs. De Witt Seligman. She is also related to the Guggenheim and Bernheimer families.

Mrs. Hart was taking an airing in her carriage through Wavecrest Avenue. Her coachman, Bernard McCabe, was driving northward and the carriage was proceeding very slowly, when a big touring car, numbered 6672 N. Y. owned by William Weichert of Neptune Avenue, Far Rockaway, and operated by Frank Hochstadter, of 15 Underhill Avenue, Brooklyn, chauffeur for Mr. Weichert, attempted to pass on the left side of the carriage from behind. The automobile was travelling at considerable speed and skidded slightly as it was passing Mrs. Hart's carriage with the result that it struck the carriage, overturning it, and Mrs. Hart was hurled heavily to the side of the road.

Her coachman, McCabe, who had escaped with a few bruises, picked up his unconscious mistress and hailed a passing automobile in which the injured woman was hurried to St. Joseph's Hospital. On the way to the hospital she recovered consciousness and on her arrival was attended by Dr. W. L. Mulcahy, of Far Rockaway, and her family physician, Dr. H. F. L. Ziegel of 8 West Eighty-sixth Street, Manhattan, who was immediately summoned. The physicians discovered that Mrs. Hart was suffering from shock, bruises and contusions. She was expectorating blood on her arrival at the hospital and the doctors fear she may have received internal injuries. Sunday Drs. Mulcahy and Ziegel decided to call Dr. Joseph Wiener, a surgeon, in consultation. No further symptoms of internal injuries were discovered, but the physicians fear that owing to the patient's advanced age, the shock sustained may prove serious.

Mrs. Hart's friends and relatives in Far Rockaway are indignant over what they term the inactivity of the police. They assert that several patrolmen as well as a mounted policeman came upon the scene immediately after the accident but made no arrest. The chauffeur, Hochstadter, was permitted to depart without even the formality of the service of a summons upon him, it is alleged. When McCabe, the coachman, returned from the hospital, he says he found a mounted policeman guarding the wreckage of the carriage and learned that the automobile had been allowed to proceed.

Yesterday a representative of Sigmund Nechsler, of 82 Broadway, Mrs. Hart's attorney, called at St. Joseph's Hospital to obtain a statement from the injured woman. The physicians in attendance, however, would not permit a lengthy interview with the patient, who is still in a semi-hysterical condition.

THE NEW GRAND JURIES.

Judge Mulqueen Swears Them In and Instructs Them in the Law.

Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday swore in the regular and additional Grand Juries for the July term of the court. Judge Mulqueen simply charged the jurors as to the law governing the Grand Juries.

The regular Grand Jury is: Foreman, William N. Appleton, the publisher; Theodore E. Albrecht, Gilbert T. Case, Louis F. Bernholz, Charles A. Stein, Thomas J. Cummins, Philip Reilly, Oscar R. Cauchois, George H. Schumann, Edward C. M. Kemp, Francis W. Halsey, Robert F. Bloodgood, August J. Kitz, Thomas J. Goodwin, Edward J. Plunkett, George G. Pennell, Leon M. Adler, Otto S. Jung, Edward F. Whitney, John T. Kelly, Samuel Stewart, and F. B. Allin.

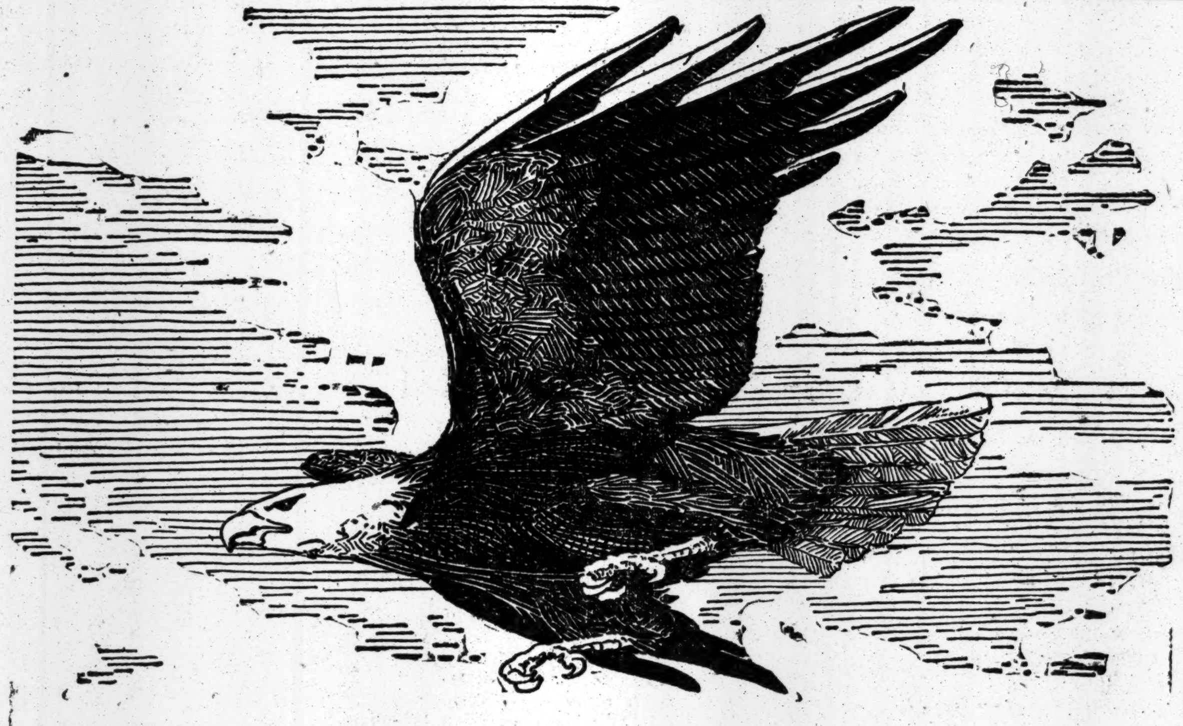
The additional Grand Jury is: Foreman, Thomas J. Brady, the builder; Joseph S. Whiteside, Joseph Cohan, Sol Wronker, Joseph H. Tooker, Henry Malkan, John J. Tierney, Max Baumann, Maurice Fitzgerald, Arthur E. Wood, Charles Hartmen, Rufus D. Graves, J. V. Onativa, George Cowen, Thomas Cahill, William Daib, John E. Kevill, Leonard J. Muhlfelder, Chauncey H. Hathaway, Arthur Bloch, Nicholas F. Walsh, and William H. Douglass.

GETS 22,000-VOLT SHOCK.

Young Man Puts His Hand on Wire While Seeking Bird's Nest.

Catchingsight of a bird's nest perched on the crossbar of a high tension railroad pole of the Long Island Railroad at Grove and Duryea Streets, Long Island City, late yesterday afternoon, John Mulvaney, 20 years old, of 23 Eagle Street, Brooklyn, ascended the pole and, while attempting to disentangle the nest with one hand, seized the powerfully charged feed cable with the other. At the second his finger tips touched the cable he received a shock of 22,000 volts.

His body became enveloped in a blue flame and was sent hurtling through the air to the ground as if discharged from a cannon. He was picked up unconscious, burned from head to foot, and was hurried to St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, where it is said he cannot recover.



Budweiser

The World's Favorite Bottled Beer

What made it so? — QUALITY and PURITY.

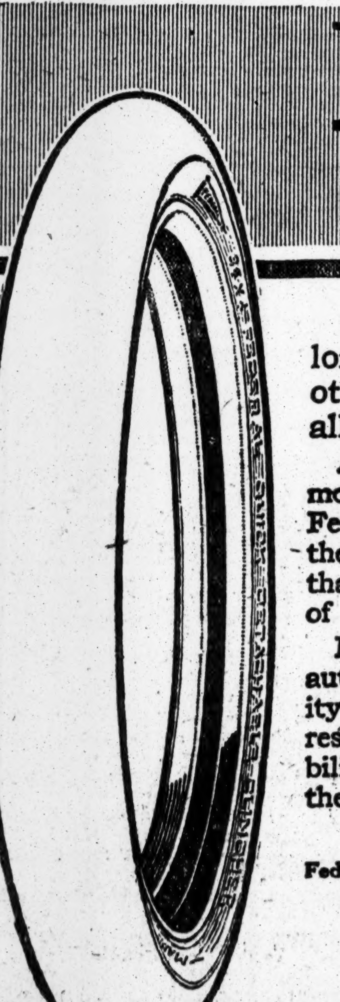
173,184,600 Bottles sold in 1911.

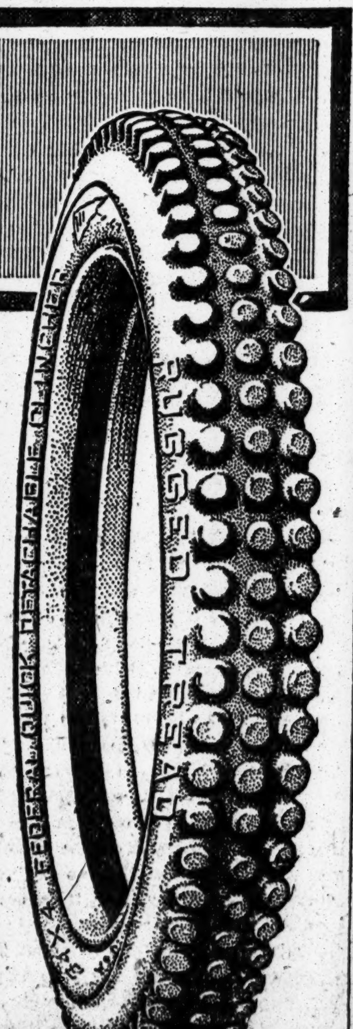
Bottled only at the Home Plant in St. Louis

Anheuser-Busch Brewery
St. Louis, Mo.

Anheuser-Busch Agency
F. Alfred Pieper, Mgr.
New York City

FEDERAL "Extra Service" TIRES





A type of tire that lasts longer in service than any other kind should appeal to all careful tire buyers.

Any tire user can get more for his money in actual tire service out of Federal Tires than any other kind—they are made to give *extra* service—that's why they are known as the tires of "Extra Service." *Investigate.*

Federal Tires are made as well as automobile tires can be made—quality is the first consideration and is responsible for their unusual durability and the satisfactory service they render.

In all types, for all standard rims

Federal Rubber Manufacturing Co. Milwaukee
NEW YORK BRANCH, 1737 Broadway

DISTRIBUTORS
Acorn Tire & Supply Co., Newark, N. J.
Aitcheson & Royce, Bridgeport, Conn.

LOZIER $5000

The only motor car in America which for eight years has commanded a price of $5000—and still commands it.

Lozier innovations for 1913—Left-Hand Drive, Center Control, Double Magneto, Automatic-Level Oiling System—will eventually be features of all high-class American cars.

In the 1913 Lozier only can you get all these improvements now.

Left-Hand Drive is just one of the improvements in the Lozier, but an important one. Right-Hand Drive will soon be obsolete—very few cars will have it next year. Invest your money in a modern car.

Demonstration at your convenience.

Touring Cars Five Models $5000 LOZIER BRANCH 56th and Broadway *Limousines Landaulets $6500*

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1912.

THE WILSON COLUMN.

It is trying, it is wearisome, but the progress of the balloting at Baltimore is full of encouragement for the Democracy. Through the forty-two ballots that have been taken up to the hour of adjournment, the figures of the Wilson column are a splendid evidence of the firm conviction, the courage and the sure faith of the great body of delegates, now nearly half the convention, who are deaf to all the enticements of the bosses, who have resolved that a nomination shall be made that will give promise of victory.

In this resolve they are met and resisted by men also of great determination, but men less firm than themselves, for the other columns have wavered, some of them have broken, while the successive roll-calls have brought to Gov. Wilson almost unbroken accessions of strength. It is the whole fortune of the campaign, the very Presidency itself, that is at stake. The Wilson men at Baltimore have the future of the Democratic Party in their keeping. They must and will stand unfalteringly together to the end. The end will be the nomination of Woodrow Wilson.

SPEEDY SUBWAY BETTERMENT.

Possibly the best thing about the dual subway plan is its arrangements for operation after construction. Under public construction the theory has been that there could be no doubt about operation, but that construction was the great necessity. The consequence has been that after completion some links of rapid transit have gone unused as long as the construction period proposed for the dual subway. There is to be no such wrangle regarding the operation of the dual subway as that which has delayed the operation of the Manhattan Bridge. Surface cars can be run over that almost any day public opinion compels it, and that will extend its benefits over all the surface lines of Brooklyn, to that extent starting the one-fare boon. The Centre Street subway is in such an advanced stage of completion that its benefits can be realized within months, perhaps even weeks if some temporary form of terminal can be extemporized. That would extend the benefit of that subway through all the Brooklyn elevated system, and would relieve the congestion on the Brooklyn Bridge. The Fourth Avenue line will be completed before it will be possible to remove the sewer which now occupies a portion of it, and it is none too soon to start a movement for the devotion of that subway to the purposes for which it was built.

The extensions of the Manhattan elevated system will be the earliest advantage to this borough, but they will prove no small measure of relief. Our modest sister borough is demanding subways, but Manhattan and the Bronx are satisfied to take elevated routes where they are suitable and subway construction is not justified. Of the 486 miles in the dual subway system 283 are to be elevated, and this majority of mileage will not await the slow process of tunneling under either streets or rivers. Moreover, of this 283 miles 121 are in existence, bringing the period of construction down to that extent. It is just the other way with the subway links. Of them only 56 miles exist, and 147 are to be constructed. Since tunnels are matters of years, it is well that the work was begun before the law was settled. It was bold, but the event has justified it.

Since the subway construction is to be practically all in Manhattan so far as it is not under the rivers, it follows that Brooklyn will benefit sooner than Manhattan. Brooklyn's elevated system can be linked up at once, but Manhattan must wait for the construction of its elevated additions as well as the digging of subways. Brooklyn's gain is not Manhattan's loss. The earnings are pooled, and the sooner any link earns its keep the better for the pool, and the nearer the time when the city's rapid transit advances shall be exempted from the debt limit through becoming self-sustaining. Forward is the word, and the best thing to hasten the movement is the focusing of attention upon the obstacles as they arise.

THE GIRL IN THE GALLERY.

It was natural that as the uncomfortable hours rolled on and the delegates grew hotter and wearier the intrusion of young women as cheer leaders should become irritating at Baltimore. In Chicago one woman started a memorable demonstration for Roosevelt, and a few others exhibited themselves to reasonable advantage. But in Baltimore the interference of women became tedious. The delegates were annoyed by the delay and the monotonous routine of ballot after ballot with no result. Diversion was occasionally afforded by a hot dispute, or a scuffle, which caused natural excitement, and were obviously not prearranged, but the theatrical intrusion of girls to incite cheering became unbearable.

Nevertheless, the intruding young woman, particularly if she is good-looking and has an inspiriting personality, may produce very good results in a political convention. She may appear at a "psychological moment" and divert the minds of the delegates just when they most need relief. Feeling is likely to run high, and a critical situation may be saved by the apparition of a cool, smiling young woman waving a flag. 'Baltimore's 1912 convention has been exceptional in many respects. Girls will not be frowned upon at future conventions, if they appear at the right time. It is worthy of note, however, that family influences have been unavailing at this year's conventions. Col. Roosevelt's family were at Chicago, but they could not help him to victory. Speaker Clark's home folks have had much the same experience at Baltimore. The only delegates who were impressed by these evidences of devotion were the stanch supporters of the husband and father. Probably the exhibition of the family will hereafter by omitted in conventions.

IMPURE SILK, LINEN, COTTON.

The laundrymen of the country, who have opportunities to learn whether fabrics are adulterated, are asking for an extension of the Federal Pure Food law to apply to silk, linen, and cotton goods. Secretary John H. Heath of the New York State Laundrymen's Association directs our attention to the German Code,

> requiring manufacturers to place upon all fabrics a label which shall plainly state the presence of any fibres or substance, either vegetable or mineral, entering into the manufacture of such fabric, other than indicated by the name of the material.

If a "linen" towel contains cotton; if a piece of "silk" is weighted with 71.14 per cent. mineral matter; if an "all-wool" piece is only three-quarters wool, the false labelers of these goods should be fined heavily or put in jail. By all means adapt the German law to American uses.

HARMONY AND PROSPERITY.

It has for some time been evident that politics and prosperity were not on speaking terms. The best hope for the removal of this dead weight upon the activity of the common people in their affairs is in the fact that the politicians are thirsting for each other's blood. When they take to knifing and scalping each other there is an excellent chance for other people to combine against the prosperity haters. Mr. Daniel Guggenheim selects this opportunity to make an appeal for harmony and prosperity which shall produce permanently for all industry the same happy conditions that they have begun to produce in the copper trade. The reason why the good work cannot go on is evident. The moment diverse interests get together for the good of all they violate, or fear that they violate, laws against the restraint of trade, even though they stimulate trade. The railways are hampered even worse, being ground between the official reductions of their income and the trades union reduction of what their income will buy in the way of service.

No nation in the world has an undeveloped asset of such demonstrated capacity for development as the United States possesses in Alaska. But its coal must remain unmined because of conservation of resources, and uncarried because of unwillingness that private capital shall make a profit. Private capital is willing to venture, but the prejudice is so great that nothing can be done except under the disadvantage of Government ownership and construction of railways. What the case calls for is not prohibition of profits, or compulsory reduction of profits, but the creation of still other profits. Nothing is easier than to make a suggestion for such an enlargement of agricultural yields as shall produce plenty without diminishing the profits of the farmers. If they wish to retain their profits they can do so by improving their processes, remedying their neglect which has contributed so much to raising the cost of living.

Harmony and prosperity are words which will do more to allay "unrest" than the initiative, the referendum, and the recall. The time is coming when the people will be put to their choice between the capitalists and the politicians, and the further the politicians are allowed to run on their present course of eating each other up the better it will be for the capitalists in the end.

DEADLOCKS IN CONVENTIONS.

The nearest approach to a precedent for the protracted balloting in Baltimore in American political history is found in the record of the Democratic convention, also held at Baltimore, in 1860. That convention assembled in April, and Stephen A. Douglas was its favorite candidate from the beginning, but at the end of 57 ballots he still failed to secure the number of votes necessary to a choice, 202, and the convention adjourned to June, when two more ballots were taken and Douglas was nominated. There have been few deadlocks, however, in American political conventions. The two-thirds rule, which has since been adhered to in conventions of the Democratic Party, was first adopted at Baltimore in 1832. There was no opposition that year, however, to the renomination of Andrew Jackson.

When deadlocks have occurred, either a "dark horse" or a candidate who received few votes in the early balloting has generally been the winner. In the Whig convention at Harrisburg, Penn., December, 1839, the balloting lasted three days, and W. H. Harrison received the nomination, his competitors being Henry Clay, who had the largest number of votes at first, and Winfield Scott.

In the Democratic convention at Baltimore in 1844 Polk was nominated on the ninth ballot, having received his first votes, 44 in number, on the eighth. In most of the conventions of both parties the candidate who led on the first ballot has received the nomination. In 1852 Franklin Pierce was nominated by the Democrats at Baltimore on the 49th ballot, having entered the contest as late as the 40th. The other candidates were Lewis Cass, James Buchanan, Stephen A. Douglas, and William L. Marcy. In 1868 the Democratic convention was held in this city, and Horatio Seymour was nominated on the 22d ballot, his name having been mentioned in no previous call of the States.

Hayes, in the Republican convention of 1876, and Bryan, in the Democratic convention of 1896, have been counted among the "dark horses," but Hayes received votes in all seven ballots, while Bryan's nomination was effected on the fifth. Garfield, however, was surely a "dark horse" in the convention of the Republicans at Chicago in 1880. The three strong candidates were Grant, Blaine, and John Sherman, while George F. Edmunds and E. B. Washburne were both in the running. Garfield had 10 votes in the second ballot, 1 in the 20th, 50 in the 35th, and was nominated in the 36th.

THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

The President has signed the bill requiring that all work done by contract for the Government shall be done by eight-hour labor. Mechanics and contractors alike are penalized for giving or taking work for a longer day. Overtime is forbidden, although extra pay at higher rates is a boon to the wage-earner. The bill goes beyond primary contractors, and penalizes them for infractions of the law by subsidiary contractors, however far removed, if the materials are produced by work done in a longer day. The bill is labor's own bill, and yet it may turn out that, like other such laws, it does not work as expected. It may turn out to be constitutional, although a similar law in this State was declared unconstitutional, and it was necessary to amend the Constitution to give the State the power this law assumes.

The practical difficulty is likely to rival the legal. Every manufacturer doing Government work must abandon it, or must maintain separate organizations for public and private contracts. It is not possible to work separate sets of men on separate conditions of work in the same shop. Contractors on Government work who can dispense with it will do so. Those who retain the work are likely to be the less responsible, to the disadvantage of the Government. Such firms are not those doing best or cheapest work. The men may be as much displeased as the employers. Their expectation is for eight hours' work and ten hours' pay. Eight hours' work and eight hours' pay are not attractive under the present narrow margins of wages above the cost of living. For some there is no such margin, and any reduction of pay would be as much a calamity for them as it is for the employers to forego the product of work done in the two hours lopped off at the expense of the taxpayers.

It is said that as much may be done in the shorter as in the longer day. It may be, but they are sanguine who expect it. Will the unions allow the imposition of pacesetters or the speeding up of machinery, which presumably is now operated at the best practicable speed? Is it wrong to say that the object of such legislation is to "make work," that is to say, to reduce product so that more hands shall be necessary to turn out similar quantities? The interest of the public is rather in the output than in the length of the working day, and it is not too soon to ask ultimate consumers to consider how they will be affected if, as is designed, this bill shall be the entering wedge for a universal eight-hour day. If under present conditions of production there is complaint of the high cost of living, how will it be when the costs of production are increased say 20 per cent.? As a general thing it may be said that labor will lose by an eight-hour day. Nobody can get anything for nothing just because he is a unionist. Labor must pay its part of the increased cost of production. Because the eight-hour day is established by law the economics are not altered.

It will be a happy surprise if it shall prove that the law is either constitutional or practicable. If this attitude of reserve toward the law whose purpose is claimed to be benevolent is wrong, it is because labor is to blame for seeking to do by law what it cannot do otherwise. There are many shops where a man can choose the length of his day, but there are no shops known where men take an eight-hour day at their own cost. It is essentially immoral for a man to take his leisure at the cost of another by command of law. It is a prostitution of the process of Government. Public-spirited citizens regard Government as something for them to support. Privilege seekers regard Government as something which gives what cannot be had honestly otherwise. These days are not favorable to privilege either for labor or capital.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

New Rochelle Had a Near-Tornado.

While the storm of Saturday afternoon that brought to disastrous termination the races of the New Rochelle Yacht Club did not attain the violence that often marks the Western tornado, yet the difference between the two was not very great, and everybody who was exposed to it is firmly convinced that it was a good deal more than the familiar thunder squall.

That is what it looked like as it approached, and like one of the gentler specimens of its class, for the appearance of the clouds was less than ordinarily threatening, and even when the disturbance was at its height the electrical manifestations were hardly enough to make apprehensive the most nervous. The wind, however, for a few moments was of really phenomenal force, for this part of the world, at least, and in several respects reminded one of the best written and most accurate description of a storm ever produced—Joseph Conrad's "Typhoon." So great, for instance, was the pressure of the wind that breathing became difficult and a sense of suffocation was felt by not a few. Perhaps the rain, which for a few minutes was literally "torrential," may have had something to do with this feeling.

Ashore the storm seemed to have a particular animosity for trees and little or none for buildings. There was, indeed, nothing like the clean-swept path left by the full-grown tornado, but dozens of trees went down, selected on some incomprehensible principle, for in many cases apparent weaklings remained standing close to overturned giants. Among the arboreal victims was an oak some fifty feet tall, the trunk of which was broken short off just below where it branched. This oak, while in full vigor, was not perfect, as there had been a slight splitting between the two main divisions of the trunk, but the fall of the tree was nevertheless a remarkable illustration of the weight of air in motion.

Philanthropy of the New School.

No worker for public causes ever shunned public attention with more determination or success than did the late Carola Woerishoffer, and though she could have had no little fame as the very rich girl who was devoting herself and much of her fortune to effective work with, as well as for, "the poor," this phase of her activities remained until after her death almost unknown beyond the circle of associates pursuing the same ends. Now, however, those whom, while she was alive, she kept silent as to what she was and was doing. feel free to pay to her memory their tributes of deserved appreciation, and the number of these is rapidly increasing.

The latest, and among the most notable, is an article in The American Magazine by Ida M. Tarbell. Its title is "A Noble Life," and it presents Miss Woerishoffer as exemplifying that "revolt of the young rich" which the author thinks is going on all over the country and considers a highly important "social symptom of our day." "All over the land," she writes, "it is going on—a questioning "of the fortunes left in their hands, a "resentment of the chance for a life-"fight of their own taken away, a rising "passion of pain and indignation at "meaningless inequalities and suffer-"ings."

Not everybody would agree as to the prevalence of these feelings among the "young rich," but something of it undoubtedly exists, and in the mind of Miss Woerishoffer it was controlling from early youth until her death at 26. She had, Miss Tarbell says, no taste for, or belief in, philanthropy of the kind that uses the word "charity" in the old sense of alms-giving. Alms she gave, and largely, on occasion, but the duty she saw was the abolition and prevention of poverty, not its relief—a large ambition, surely, whatever may be said as to its practicability in a world where the "inequalities" are a matter of stern fact are not all "meaningless."

Eminent among Miss Woerishoffer's peculiarities, as related by Miss Tarbell, was dislike for the emotional appeal to which reformers and philanthropists in the past have so often resorted, to the enormous detriment of their preventive efficiency. Miss Woerishoffer was an eager searcher after definite information as to social conditions. One of her devices for obtaining it was to work for four months in public laundries, and her death was the result of the overturning of her automobile, driven by herself, while investigating up-State labor camps.

Good Work for the Boy Scouts.

Better employment for the energy of Boy Scouts could hardly be found than the latest which has been suggested to them—that of fighting the enemies of trees. The proposal is that, in ranging through the country, or through the cities, for that matter, the boys should be on the watch for trees that are attacked by insect or other pests, doing what they can in the way of rescue and defense, and, when the trouble is beyond their powers of remedy, reporting what they have discovered to the proper authorities.

In a good many places, unfortunately, "proper authorities," that is, authorities who would be interested in such reports and who could or would take efficient action on them, might not be easy to find. Even then, however, advantage would follow sooner or later, for the boy who has arrived at an intelligent concern for trees is a forestry man in the making, and is likely to be himself, when he grows up, of influence and energy in the much needed work of guarding the sorry remnants of our timber growth and of replacing that which has disappeared.

The more a boy learns about trees the better friend of them he will be, and most boys have so much of natural inclination toward the acquisition of such knowledge that with little more than a turning in the right direction they will almost teach themselves as much of forestry as they need—for a beginning.

"Playing Injuns" is fun, and in nowise to be despised or condemned, but the rescuing of imperiled trees would also be fun—particularly if it gave pain to some negligent owner—and in the end it would be more profitable.

LAW FOR AUTO CROSSINGS.

Suggestion for a Rule of the Road to Stop Collisions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The lamentable death of Alfred Seligman in an automobile collision last week could easily have been averted if we applied some thought to the problem of our street traffic. With automobiles running at full speed up and down our avenues and east and west on our side streets, we have practically the same condition as exists when two railroad tracks cross at grade. It is true we have begun to realize the absurdity and the death-dealing potentiality of the railroad grade crossing, but why not stop to consider the auto grade crossings which exist at every corner of our city streets?

I do not know what the ordinances provide as to the question under discussion, but it appears to me that an ordinance can be framed and easily enforced requiring that vehicles going north and south shall have the right of way and shall proceed, except at fire and street car crossing, at their lawful speed; vehicles going east and west, at angles to our avenues, shall slow up on approaching an avenue. In this manner not only would there be no grade crossing of autos at full speed, but there would be no liability of recurrence of that lamentable accident by which the architect Carrere lost his life when his taxicab ran at full speed into a street car on Madison Avenue, also at full speed. Any one who rides on the Madison Avenue surface cars must wonder at the small number of accidents of this kind. Cannot something be done to establish this rule of the road? A. L. W.

New York, June 30, 1912.

GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS.

A Reader Wonders if Federal Employes Are to Lose Again.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The present keen interest in the possible failure of Uncle Sam to pay salaries of all Federal employes for a day or two following July 1, prompts me to call attention to an interesting fact. During the Hayes Administration many thousand employes in navy yards worked overtime; this on the faith of an official order—the famous Circular 8—signed by the then Secretary of the Navy. All of these employes have waited over thirty years for their overtime pay. Some have six months full pay due. Not a man has ever had a penny.

The wonderful potency of public opinion today could have no stronger illustration than this. Such negligence on the part of the Congress of to-day is impossible, thanks to the keenness with which newspaper readers follow public affairs. No doubt the present campaign will find all candidates unctuously ululating their love for the laboring man. If any of your readers care to test the profundity of this pre-election affection, let him read the first ten lines of page 358, Congressional Record, Dec. 16, 1910, being some comments by Senator Gallinger on the way the Government repudiates its obligations.

GEORGE HIRAM MANN.

New York, June 29, 1912.

NEED OF SWIMMING POOLS.

Supt. Hale Says They Will Surely Follow the Aqueduct.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article in your issue of this date gives the true answer to the problem of public baths. We must have more swimming pools; and the completion of the aqueduct from the Catskills is confidently looked to for the abundant supply of water necessary. It will come just as the construction of the magnificent baths of Rome followed at once upon the completion of the great aqueducts. We have now in all this city only three swimming pools, just as many as are in Albany, with a population of 100,000, and one of these is larger than our largest.

So of seashore baths. The bath at Coney Island is only the opening wedge. We must have them in every borough except Manhattan.

We are surely on the eve of a great awakening on the question of public baths, which is a world-wide question as indicated by the fact that the first World's Conference on Public Baths is to be held at The Hague, Aug. 27 to 30, which will be attended by delegates from this and other American, as well as European, cities. WILLIAM H. HALE,

Superintendent of Public Baths.

Brooklyn, June 29, 1912.

BEST CONVENTION NEWS.

Borough President Miller Gives That Distinction to The Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in The Times of June 26 headed "A Controversy with a Purpose" is a very good-humored way of bringing the matter to a close. While you may have walked into the deadfall made up of "village vs. borough" material, you have accepted the situation with such good nature that on the theory of noblesse oblige it seems that I should desist and let you have the last word.

I wish to compliment The Times on its enterprise in regard to the news of the convention at Baltimore and the accuracy with which the news is reported. I have just returned from that city and had opportunity to know the exact facts, and I can say to you that your paper was most comprehensive and most accurate in its accounts.

CYRUS C. MILLER,

President of the Borough of the Bronx.

New York, June 28, 1912.

The Swedish Schoolhouse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the issue of The Times of June 30 you speak of the Swedish schoolhouse as a "shanty," which is hardly fair when we consider that it constituted a valuable Swedish educational exhibit at the World's Fair held in Philadelphia in 1876. The Swedish people in New York value it on this account, and it certainly deserves a place somewhere in the public domain. It is, however, out of place in Central Park or any other park, and especially in the charming spot it now occupies on the edge of the Ramble, where it positively disfigures and is a misfit in a beautiful piece of natural scenery. X. Y. Z.

New York, July 1, 1912.

TO THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

I hear a mighty people asking now
Who next shall be their captain and their chief.
Amidst them towers a Man, as Teneriffe
Towers from the ocean, and that man art thou—
Thou of the shaggy and the craggy brow.
The day of fate comes on; the time grows brief;
Round the great ship is many a lurking reef;
And would'st thou drive once more that giant prow?
Perhaps thou shalt and must! But if the choice
Fall on a lesser voyager, thou shalt still
Be what thou art, thy nation's living voice,
Wherewith she speaks in thunder. Nay, thou art more;
Thou art her fiery pulse, her conquering will;
Thou art America, dauntless Theodore.

—WILLIAM WATSON, in The News and Leader of London.

STANCHFIELD RAN OVER A TRAIL THAT WAS COLD

Reply to Bryan's Attack Would Have Been More Forceful if Made Earlier.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—All day long the National Democratic Convention was engaged in the difficult tack of naming a candidate for President. One vote after another was taken until the total number of ballots ran well up into the thirties, only to find that the highest man on the list was still something more than 200 votes short of the necessary two-thirds.

Wilson disclosed increasing strength, and Clark fell behind steadily, and almost in proportion as Wilson forged to the front. What it meant exactly no one who was not on the inside—if there was any inside, in fact—could tell. If it were true, as had been stated, that the majority of the convention did not want Clark, could not the same statement have been set up for Clark as against Wilson in the earlier balloting when, for a number of consecutive ballots, Clark had a clear majority of the convention?

⁂

On the thirty-first ballot to-day Clark had 6½ more votes than he had on the first ballot, and Wilson 151½ more votes than he had on his first ballot. This would show that while Clark was 6½ votes stronger than when the battle opened—counting, of course, the 90 votes of New York, which were against him at the beginning—Wilson was 151½ votes better off, and yet a rather uncomfortable distance from the home plate.

It will be seen that the majority is not controlling this convention, but that the delegates are still holding to the good old two-thirds rule, which is as old as the party and has kept it on other occasions from making mistakes. What will be done to-night it is impossible to conjecture. This afternoon Indiana went to Wilson on the twenty-eighth ballot, Kansas sloughed off from Clark, Iowa gave Wilson a majority of its votes, Vermont followed suit with its solid eight delegates for Wilson, and there were sundry other changes in the original "line-up"; but when the convention adjourned until evening the condition had not been effectively changed.

⁂

It was quite noticeable to-day that the sympathy of the house was with the Governor of New Jersey, as it has been all along. Whenever there was a change for Wilson's benefit the galleries and the part of the floor reserved for visitors made their approval known by unseemly cheering, the idea of the people responsible for these many breaches of good manners evidently being that the convention was a mob to be taken off its feet by the clamor of the crowd and not a deliberative body engaged in the very serious work of choosing the candidate of a great political party for the highest office in the world.

Chairman James repeatedly called for order, and threatened to clear the galleries; but the disorder continued, much to the disgust of the quiet people present who took an intelligent interest in the proceedings. The Sergeant-at-Arms and his assistants on the floor and the police are utterly unequal to the proper discharge of their duties. The experiences of this convention should make it all the more evident to the party managers that the conventions of the party should hereafter be strictly confined to the membership of the body and the working members of the press.

⁂

The most exciting incident of the day was when the New York delegation was being polled. John B. Stanchfield took the platform to explain his vote. There were many protests against allowing him to speak and much disorder until he got fairly under way, and then he commanded the attention of the convention as in strictly parliamentary language, but in language so plain and biting that it must have got through the skin of the Commoner, as it certainly got into the heads of the people, he asserted that "the favor-hunting, money-grubbing, publicity-seeking marplot from Nebraska" was true only to himself and his selfish interests. In reply to Mr. Bryan's warning that "no man can go before the country and hope to win with the brand of New York on him," Mr. Stanchfield retorted: "I say that no candidate can go from this convention stigmatized with Bryanism and come within half a million votes of election."

Stanchfield spoke of the high character of the men composing the New York delegation; declared that none of them was under the influence of Morgan, Ryan, and Belmont; charged that, omitting Ryan and Belmont, Bryan himself was the most rich and powerful of the men on the floor of the convention; asserted that Bryan had never intended to vote for the nominee of the convention unless that nominee should be himself, and wound up his "explanation" with the surprising statement that his personal vote was for Wilson.

⁂

Stanchfield's speech seemed to steady the convention a bit; but it came rather late. It should have been made immediately after Bryan had finished his infamous attack on the New York delegation. He was running a cold trail, and he said what ought to have been said, what Martin Littleton could have said and would have said with crushing force the moment the puffer and crusher sat down. As it was, however, the Stanchfield speech was one of the most striking incidents of the meeting.

Bryan tried to "rise to a question of personal privilege" a little later in the day, but with the exclamation of one of the very tired delegates, "We are paying our expenses here, and you are not paying yours," and the ruling of the Chairman that he was not in order, the silver-tongued held himself back for an opportunity to make himself a further nuisance before the convention closes, if, indeed, the happy hour will ever come when adjournment will be reached without delay.

⁂

New York has ninety delegates here. When they were polled to-day eight of their number voted for Wilson, among them Senator O'Gorman. On a fair, square vote, probably, Wilson would have fifteen or twenty of the New York delegation, but not so long as voting for Wilson could be regarded as sympathizing with Bryan. New York has twenty-six members of Congress, every one of whom has voted for the progressive measures instituted by Clark and Underwood. New York will cast a million and a half votes at the next election, and, in Stanchfield's opinion, they will not vote for any candidate who wears Bryan's collar or owes his political life to this disturber in the Democratic camp.

The voting to-day shows that Wilson is strong in this convention in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Ohio, and Pennsylvania. These States are all normally Republican States, and it is from the Republican States that the Democratic candidate must draw in order to beat Mr. Bryan's 6,000,000 votes, of which he is continually boasting, if he is to be elected. Kansas has never voted the Democratic ticket in a Presidential election. It voted the Populist ticket in 1892, and the Democratic-Populist ticket in 1896; but never by any chance has it voted the straight Democratic ticket. Indiana voted for Tilden in 1876 and for Cleveland in 1884 and 1892, but in all other Presidential elections since 1876 it has voted with the Republicans. Illinois has voted the Democratic ticket once in thirty-six years, and that was in 1892, when it voted for Cleveland. Pennsylvania and Iowa and Ohio have been set down always in the Republican column, and it is not believed by sober-thinking men, whatever the extent of their degradation in the late Republican primaries, that they are ready to abandon their ancient practice to support any man wearing the tag of Mr. Bryan.

It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that the true friends of Gov. Wilson should fervently pray that he might be spared the misfortune of Bryan's indorsement.

⁂

During the last two days many of the visitors and a number of the delegates have returned to their happy homes with depleted pocketbooks, and the cash of everybody here is running low. How much longer the thing will last no one can tell. The announcement was made in the convention to-day that the Southern Railway and its connecting lines in the South would regard the tickets held by the delegates good for first-class passage until July 10. After that date, unless a further extension of time should be granted, the delegates will find the walking good.

Nothing has been said about the Vice Presidency, and Mr. Bryan will not tell what is in the platform. It does not matter, however, about that. If the nominee does not suit Mr. Bryan there will be no use of any platform. J. C. H.

WRONGS AND "THE LAW."

Rule Is to Get Things Settled, with or Without Justice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While I am in sympathy with your protest against the insertion of advertising circulars in newspapers, I must enter a dissent against your remark that "the law promises remedies for all wrongs."

The social institution known as "the law" has never promised a remedy for all wrongs, (though some of its expounders have so claimed,) nor is that its function. The purpose of the law is to keep peace by getting things settled somehow, and it settles them justly only so far as justice conforms to the prevalent effective public opinion. The maxim that the law does not concern itself with little things is an indication of its viewpoint, and "little things" means not only those small in themselves but includes also those that affect only little (that is, uninfluential) people. The doctrine of stare decisis is another evidence that the chief purpose of the law is to get things settled.

Shortsighted upholders of existing institutions (now and in past times) have encouraged the erroneous popular belief that the law exists solely to secure justice in all human relations. No doubt they think this belief adds to the security of the social structure. On the contrary, it is a potent cause of unrest. That belief is responsible for the persistent demands for statutes to cure every existing evil, for the childish faith in the reform of political machinery as a social cure-all, and for much of the outcry against the judiciary.

In many instances, of course, law and justice (or at least the prevalent social idea of justice) coincide. When the law preserves the peace with the minimum of injustice it has done its best. A. C. PLEYDELL.

New York, June 28, 1912.

MR. BELASCO'S TIME.

Thinks the Universities Should Run the Bureaus for Play Reading.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is difficult to conceive a position more disagreeable than the one in which Mr. Belasco is placed when he is criticised for consigning unsolicited manuscripts to their proper place.

In order to ascertain whether or not a prominent man is right or wrong in committing himself to a certain policy with respect to those who clamor for his valuable opinion, is it not necessary for us to find out the extent of his duties to the public? How far must a literary star shed its illuminating rays? Must the light extend in an unlimited direction? Is it possible for him to exert himself in every way and assist every one that comes to him without drawing the line somewhere?

If the name of Belasco is synonymous with theatre, as one of your worthy correspondents has expressed himself, and if the majority of literary aspirants are looking up to him for a final opinion on their much-labored literary production, we can easily form an idea of what occurs in Mr. Belasco's office. If manuscripts are examined and passed upon free of charge it will undoubtedly be necessary for Mr. Belasco to have unlimited means to satisfy all those who are looking for his verdict.

On the other hand, what should the unfortunate aspirant do in a matter of this kind? The only resort would be to make a preliminary investment on literary critics. Probably the best men in this line can be found in the universities. And, indeed, it would be advisable for these institutions of higher learning to establish a special bureau for that purpose. This would effectively divert the stream of manuscripts that are pouring into such congested offices as those of Mr. Belasco.

S. L. STERNFIELD.

New York, June 29, 1912.

THE DISINFECTANT SPRAY

More Efficient Than Fumes of Formalin or Sulphur.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The death of a man through entering a recently fumigated room, as reported recently, calls attention to the desirability of abandoning this method of disinfection in favor of the more modern liquid spray.

Fumigation, at best, is an unreliable method of disinfecting rooms, for not only is it known to be inefficient against the tubercle bacillus, but it is generally accepted that even those germs which would be destroyed by free exposure to the fumes of formalin or sulphur, the agents most commonly employed, will escape destruction if, as is generally the case, they are protected by an envelope of dirt or other organic matter.

On the other hand, a really efficient liquid disinfectant, applied in the form of a fine spray, may be relied upon to destroy any known germ of disease with very few minutes' contact, and in view of the fact that the most reliable modern disinfectants are nonpoisonous and may therefore be employed without danger to human life, it is strange that the less efficient and more dangerous process of fumigation should ever be employed in preference to them. M. D.

New York, June 28, 1912.

DID HE MEAN BRYAN?

Question on the Meaning of a Well-Known Poem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recent events have brought into discussion the following beautiful lyric from that classic "Alice in Wonderland":

"You are old, Father William," the young man said,
"And your hair has become very white;
And yet you incessantly stand on your head—
Do you think, at your age, it is right?"

"In my youth," Father William replied to his son,
"I feared it might injure the brain;
But now that I'm perfectly sure I have none,
Why, I do it again and again."

To decide a bet, will you please tell us whether or not the author referred to the Peerless One? ANXIOUS.

New York, June 29, 1912.

An Indian Name.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to the request for an Indian name for a camp, I send the name Mongoquinong. It is in the language of the Pottawattomie tribe. The name was given to a height of land in the rolling country of Indiana, and means "Big Hill." Evergreen trees abounded, living springs were in the neighborhood, and the Pigeon River ran its quiet way between the banks of the mill race. SUBSCRIBER.

New Canaan, Conn., June 28, 1912.

CITY'S THEATRES RUN WITHOUT ORCHESTRA

Lockout of the Musicians the Managers' Answer to the Union's Demands.

PIANOS MUCH IN EVIDENCE

And an Automatic Player Also Helps Entertain Audience—Only Two Theatres Surrender.

Two theatres in New York had regular orchestras last night. The others got along with pianos, automatic musical machines, and other devices. This was the method of the theatre managers in meeting the recent demands of the musicians' union, which has said that there must be a considerable increase in the salaries paid musicians in theatre orchestras and has demanded several concessions. The old three-year arrangement between the theatre managers and the union went out of effect Sunday.

The demands to be made by the union were sent to the theatre managers about six months ago, and a conference was asked for. According to the President of the union, the managers did not confer with the union representatives, but decided at a recent meeting of the Association of Theatre Managers not to accede to the demands. Individual managers after this meeting said they would try to get along without orchestras.

The result was that last night only the Columbia Theatre, where "The Merry-Go-Rounders" is playing, and the Globe Theatre, where the attraction is "The Rose Maid," had anything resembling a full orchestra. At the Globe it was said that five extra musicians had been dropped from the orchestra, leaving only fourteen, the regular number carried by the theatre when the attraction did not have an intricate score. At the Columbia three of the orchestra were missing, leaving ten, not including the conductor. At this house the entire orchestra has been engaged since the opening of the theatre. Even the three who were dropped were not discharged. They simply were not re-engaged under the new schedule, which became operative yesterday.

At the Moulin Rouge there were only three musicians in the orchestra pit—two pianists and a drummer. The play there is "A Winsome Widow," which contains many songs and dance numbers, but which has a simple score. The audience did not seem to miss the horns and violins and other instruments, and the singers seemed to find no difficulty in following the three instruments that remained. At the Gaiety Theatre, where there is a dramatic attraction, "Officer 666," and only between acts music is used, an automatic machine was installed and attracted considerable attention. It gives the tones of the piano and violin and is worked by means of a perforated roll. After the overture and after the first act music the audience applauded.

The vaudeville theatres went back to first principles and got along with pianos only. At Keith's Union Square one act required what are known as "drum effects," and these were supplied by a stage hand off the stage. Hammerstein's Roof Garden did very well with a grand piano, placed on one side of the stage. The pit, where the musicians used to sit, was filled with palms, making what William Hammerstein chose to call "a green orchestra." When the piano was required by a performer it was moved to the centre of the stage, and then put back on the side when another act came on. Mr. Hammerstein was very much pleased with the result. He said he had discovered that he had been paying out $25,000 a year needlessly, and that it took the demands of the union to show him that he could get along without an orchestra. He said that he would not employ an orchestra again for vaudeville.

In all cases where the orchestras were dispensed with and plans used, only union musicians were employed. At the Moulin Rouge it was attempted to engage a prominent composer of popular songs to play the piano, but as he was not a member of the union the management was warned that the union stage hands would offer objections. And the musicians at work last night were paid the new union scale. However, about fifty union theatre musicians, roughly speaking, were without employment last night. Two theatres—the Playhouse, with "Bought and Paid For," and the Comedy, with "Bunty Pulls the Strings"—have not employed orchestras for some time, and hence have not been affected.

President Kerngood of the Musicians' Union denied last night that there had been any conference of the union in regard to the theatre question yesterday. A regular meeting of the union was held in the morning, he said, but nothing was done about the matter of the theatres.

MRS. J. J. EMERY MARRIES.

Widow Weds Hon. Alfred Anson in St. Bartholomew's Chapel.

The marriage of Mrs. Lela Emery, widow of John J. Emery, and the Hon. Alfred Anson, brother of the Earl of Lichfield, took place very quietly at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. The Rev. Sydney N. Ussher, the assistant rector, officiated.

No announcement had been made of the date of the wedding, and it was said that it was to take place some time this month in Bar Harbor, where Mrs. Emery owns The Turrets, one of the finest estates at that resort. Mr. Anson arrived here on Friday from London, and he said then that the date for the wedding would be set by Mrs. Emery.

Mrs. Emery wore a simple traveling gown, and her father, Gen. Charles T. Alexander, gave her in marriage. Lord Dalhousie, who came over on the same steamer with Mr. Anson, acted as his best man. There were no ushers, and those present, besides the bridal party, included Henry de Forest Weekes, Frederic Delano Weekes, and the bride's sister, Mrs. Arthur Delano Weekes, and Mr. Jackson of Philadelphia.

Mr. Anson and his bride are going to Bar Harbor to spend part of the Summer. The couple's engagement was announced last May, and shortly afterward Mrs. Emery returned to this side. Mr. Emery, who came here from Cincinnati, died four years ago, and his wife inherited many millions. She has a young daughter, Miss Alexandra Emery, and two sons, Thomas and John Emery. She owns a splendid house at 5 East Sixty-eighth Street, and The Turrets at Bar Harbor. Her father, Gen. Alexander, while in Washington, makes his home at 1640 Connecticut Avenue with another daughter, Miss Nita Alexander.

Mr. Anson is a member of one of the most noted families of the British aristocracy. Through his mother, who was before her marriage Lady Harriet Hamilton, a daughter of the late Duke of Abercorn, he is a nephew of the Marchioness of Blandford, mother of the Duke of Marlborough. The late Duchess of Buccleuch was one of his aunts, and he is also related to the family of the Duke of Bedford. He is the youngest son of the late Earl of Lichfield, and a brother of the present holder of the title.

Lord Dalhousie, who attended Mr. Anson, is on his way to Canada to visit his brother, the Hon. Arthur Ramsay, who is an aid de camp on the staff of the Duke of Connaught. Both Mr. Anson and Lord Dalhousie have been staying at the Ritz-Carlton since their arrival in this city.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Anna Wheaton, Lew Quinn, and Albert S. Howson have been engaged for the new Winter Garden entertainment, "The Passing Show of 1912." Miss Wheaton was recently with James T. Powers in "Two Little Brides." Mr. Quinn has been associated with other Winter Garden entertainments, and Mr. Howson was recently a leading comedian with Sothern and Marlowe.

Molly McIntyre will play the title role in "Bunty Pulls the Strings" at Collier's Comedy Theatre for several weeks, beginning next Monday, while Mollie Pearson, who has had the part since the play opened here last Fall, goes on a vacation. Miss McIntyre played Bunty in the Western company on tour.

"No Extradition," a play left unfinished at the death of O. Henry, and completed by Hugh Ford, general stage manager for Liebler & Co., and Joseph Medill Patterson, author of "The Fourth Estate," was produced yesterday in San Francisco under the personal direction of Mr. Ford. Richard Bennett appeared in the leading

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, who are at Waldheim, are to sail July 12 for Europe. They will spend several weeks at Carlsbad, and are booked to sail on their return trip on Oct. 3 on the Kaiserine Augusta Victoria.

Mrs. Eugene Philbin and Miss Eugenie A. Philbin, who are sailing Saturday on the Olympic, are going direct to Paris. They will also visit Dinard and Biarritz and will spend most of the time in France. They are booked to return Oct. 1.

Miss Antoinette Heckcher plans sailing on July 11 with friends, and wil make a tour of the cathedral towns. She will return late in August with Mr. and Mrs. Drelincourt Martin when they come back on their honeymoon trip to Europe.

Mrs. Frederick H. Betts, who sailed ten days since on the Lapland, will return from Europe early in October.

Mrs. William Salomon of New York will give a musicale this afternoon at 32 Grosvenor Square, the London house she has leased from Mrs. James Henry Smith for the season, Mme. Nordica, Signor Martinelli, and Mischa Elman to be the artists.

Mr. and Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran and their family are leaving the Belmont to-day and sailing for Europe.

The Viscount and Viscountess de Sibour of Washington have arrived at the Vanderbilt to spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip J. Britt are occupying the Post villa at Tuxedo until the late Autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hersey Andrews have closed their city home, 507 West End Avenue, and gone to Roxmor Woodland, Ulster County, where they have a bungalow for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ives Washburn are at the New Monmouth, Spring Lake Beach, N. J., to spend July and part of August.

Mrs. Gorham Bacon and Miss Elizabeth Bacon of 47 West Fifty-fourth Street are at the Gotham for several days.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll, her mother, Mrs. Young, and her daughter, Miss Josephine Nicoll, are booked to sail for Europe on July 11.

Mrs. Spencer Hornaday and her son, Elbert Gary Hornaday of 1 West Eighty-fifth Street are sailing the middle of the month for Europe.

Gen. E. P. Meany and Mrs. Meany of Morristown, N. J., are at the Plaza. They will spend the Summer at Watch Hills, N. J.

MARRIED IN ENGLISH CUSTOM

Miss Helen M. McLaughlin and D. M. Martin Sign Church Register.

The wedding of Miss Helen Malcolm McLaughlin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank McLaughlin of this city, to Drelincourt Mathews Martin, a son of William M. Martin of 44 West Fortieth Street, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Christ Church, Pelham Manor. The ceremony, which was marked with simplicity, was witnessed by the immediate families and a few intimate friends, and was performed by the Rev. Dr. Albert F. Tenney, rector of the church.

The little church, which is built after the English style of the thirteenth century, was decorated with palms and field daisies.

The bride wore a gown of white chiffon trimmed with silver and pearls, with a court train of chiffon. Her veil, which was tulle, was worn over her face, and was fastened by a circlet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white orchids and orange blossoms.

Miss Antoinette Heckscher was the bride's only attendant. She wore a short gown of white mull with a sash of pink chiffon and a pink picture hat topped with rosebuds. She carried a bouquet of pink carnations.

Francis Storer acted as best man.

After the ceremony, following an old English custom, which is seldom done in this country, the bridal party entered the vestry and signed the church register.

The reception was held at Brook House, the country home of the bride's parents, at Pelham, which was decorated with palms and field flowers. The bridal collation was served under small marquees on the lawn, and the bride's cake was cut and served to the guests, which is also costomary at English weddings.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin are sailing to-day on the Mauretania for England, where they will pass the greater part of the Summer, with a trip later to the Continent. They plan to return here in September.

The guests, numbering about forty, included the Malcolms of Newport and Philadelphia, the bride's relatives, Gen. and Mrs. Bowman of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, Mr. and Mrs. G. Maurice Heckscher, Mr. and Mrs. Howard H. Mossman, and Miss Florence C. Martin.

OLD SEXTON'S YOUNG BRIDE.

H. H. Jackson of Church of Ascension Marries Miss Mazie E. Decker.

The wedding of Miss Mazie E. Decker of 36 West Eleventh Street to Herbert Henry Jackson took place at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Ascension, the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant officiating. For the last twenty-five years the bridegroom has been sexton of the church. He met Miss Decker when she was a member of the choir. Mr. Jackson is 60 years of age, and has a married son and daughter, while his bride is not quite 22.

Miss Decker wore a trailing gown of white satin draped with chiffon and trimmed with lace, and a lace cap held with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white sweet peas. She was attended by Miss Lillian Dunn as maid of honor, who wore pink satin topped with a hat to match, and carried pink sweet peas.

Mr. Jackson and his bride, after receiving the congratulations of their relatives and friends, left for the Adirondacks on their honeymoon.

Miss Schiff Weds Robert Oppenheim.

Miss Viola Leonie Schiff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Schiff of 46 West Eighty-third Street, and Robert Oppenheim of Belle Harbor, N. Y., were married at 6:30 o'clock last evening at Delmonico's, the Rev. Dr. Elliott officiating. A dinner was served after the ceremony. Later Mr. and Mrs. Oppenheim left on their bridal trip, which will include the Yellowstone Park and points in Colorado.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THEATRES.

The Academy of Music stock company at the Fox Theatre presented Hall Caine's drama "The Christian" as its week's offering yesterday.

At the West End Theatre the Corse Payton stock company appeared in a revival of "Saint Elmo" yesterday.

Harry Houdini was the principal feature at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre yesterday, offering his "jail-breaking" feats. Others on the programme were McCay and Cantwell, Joe Jackson, Arthur Deagon, the Berrins, the eight "Texas Tommy" dancers, the Victoria Four, Brice and Gonne, Bert Melrose, the Three Ernestos, Adair and Dahn, Adonis and his dog, and Creatore's Band.

At Keith's Union Square Theatre the bill was headed by a one-act farcical melodrama, "Detective Keen," and included in the rest of the programme were Mlle. La Belle, Clark and Hamilton, Master Gabriel, Madge Mastland, Muriel and Francis, Jarrow, and Lew Hoffman.

Thomas A. Wise and company in a new sketch headed the bill at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, and among the others who appeared were Carl Schuetze and Hettie Deumm, De Witt Mott and Mary Maxfield, Burnham and Greenwood, Welch, Mealy and Montrose, Lane and O'Donnell, and Ben Beyer and company.

"The Antique Girl," Jesse Lasky's musical production, was the principal feature at the New Brighton Theatre, Brighton Beach, and the rest of the programme included Fannie Brice, S. Miller Kent and company, the Six Brown Brothers, George B. Reno and company, the Jungmann troupe, Millie Allen, Robert and Lawrence Ward, and the De Macos.

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at 32nd Street
K K

PRINCESS THEATRE FOR ANNIE RUSSELL

Her Old English Comedy Company to Occupy New Playhouse in West 39th St.

ONE OF SMALLEST IN CITY

Literary and Society People Among Subscribers—Matinees for Schoolchildren to be a Feature.

Annie Russell is to have a theatre all of her own next season for the presentation of old English classics. By an arrangement made yesterday, she is to occupy the new Princess Theatre, now being built in West Thirty-ninth Street, opposite Maxine Elliott's Theatre, for a season of at least nine weeks, beginning on Nov. 11.

The organization will be known as the Annie Russell Old English Comedy Company, and it will be under the patronage of a long list of people prominent in the literary and social world. The theatre when finished, will be one of the smallest in the city, with a seating capacity of 299 on the ground floor and a tier of twelve boxes. The plays to be presented will include "She Stoops to Conquer," "Much Ado About Nothing," and "The Rivals."

The plan originated two months ago with a number of prominent women who were attending a luncheon. The dearth of plays this season that children could attend was a subject of discussion, and finally the request was made of Miss Russell, who was present at the luncheon, to head a movement for the organization of a company to present plays whose standards were already established. Each of those interested agreed then to subscribe for a full course of tickets. The matter was then put before the heads of several prominent private schools, and they were asked to decide upon the plays to be presented.

Miss Russell will have the full management of the plays, and in the stage management she will have the assistance of Oswald Yorke, who was associated with F. R. Benson's Shakespearean and Old English comedy companies in England. One of the prominent members of the company will be Beatrice Hereford, who has been known heretofore as a monologist. She will play such roles as Mrs. Malaprop and Mrs. Hardcastle. A special feature of the theatre will be Friday and Saturday matinées for schoolboys and girls.

Among the organizers of the company are Mrs. Edwin Bashfield, Miss Chapin, Mrs. Henry Pomeroy Davison, Mrs. Christian Herter, Mrs. Elwood Hendrick, Mrs. Edward C. Henderson, Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, Mrs. Richard M. Hoe, Mrs. Pierre Jay, Mrs. Edward Dunham, Miss Carlotta Russell Lowell, Miss A. G. McLean, Mrs. Samuel H. Ordway, Mrs James B. Reynolds, Mrs. Charles Sprague Smith.

Included in the list of subscribers are Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Edward Bok, Horace Mann, Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mrs. Harry Harkness Flagler, Mrs. V. Everit Macy, Amos Pinchot, Mrs. J. D. Rockefeller, Mrs. W. J. Scheffelin, Mrs. H. P. Whitney, Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Arthur D. Brabdeis, and Miss Belle Freedman.

NEAT SENTIMENTAL SKETCH.

Abigail Marshall's "Dad and Mother" Well Acted by Tom Wise.

"Dad and Mother," a comedy in one act. By Abigail Marshall, Fifth Avenue.
Jem Carter of Pleasantville, Ind. Thos. A. Wise
Marta Carter, his wife. Miss Marion Halcombe
Jennie Sears, their daughter, Miss Nellie Callahan

If Jem Carter hadn't bought a camera all might have been well, perhaps. But for tidy Mrs. Jem that was the lost straw. And when Jem persisted in turning the bathroom into a dark-room, closing all the windows with black shades, and making of the tub a fixing and developing tank the good wife's patience was exhausted.

Which, perhaps, was just as well, for Jem hadn't been having a particularly easy time of it, anyway. Mrs. Jem, you see, was so particular that, in Jem's words, she begrudged him his food, thinking of the fact that he was soiling the knives and forks while eating it. If she ever died, he said, it would be standing up to avoid mussing the bed.

All of which, and more to the same effect, is brought out in the opening passages of Abigail Marshall's pleasantly sentimental sketch, "Dad and Mother," which the amiable and corpulent Tom Wise acted for the first time at the Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday afternoon.

What happens later is the visit of the daughter of this pair, who have been separated, and her ultimate success in reconciling them. She pretends not to know that they have had differences. And, finally, when she goes to her room for the night, she says she wants to do so with the old, childish memory of Dad and Mother in each other's arms and the sound of a kiss in her ears. And as they have been softening meanwhile, the action has the desired effect.

It is a neat little sketch, well written, with a real heart-touch in it, and it is, in the main, well acted, Mr. Wise's homelike naturalness being quite appealing. Miss Marion Halcombe is a sweet-faced, gentle wife.

The sketch would be improved by a little cutting in the scene prior to the daughter's entrance and a little quicker playing throughout. This will be easily possible after a few performances.

On the Fifth Avenue bill yesterday another appreciated feature was Carl Scheutze, a harp soloist, who has appeared with the Philharmonic orchestra, and whose contribution is of a kind superior to much that is heard in the vaudevilles.

Mme. Pangiris Dies in Switzerland.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 1.—A cablegram from David Stewart of Baltimore announces the death at Lausanne, Switzerland, of his sister-in-law, Mme. Pangiris, formerly Miss Elizabeth Gerry of Portland, Me. Mme. Pangiris died of paralysis on June 28. She will be buried in Rome, where she had a beautiful home and where her late husband, Pangiris Bey, was counselor of the Turkish Embassy. She was a daughter of the late Eldridge Gerry of Portland and belonged to the prominent New England family of that name. Her only sister is Mrs. David Stewart, who is seriously ill at Lausanne. Mme. Pangiris had lived in Europe for many years and seldom came to America.

Mother Mary Berchmans.

Miss Julia Gorman, who took the vows of a nun under the name of Mary Berchmans at the age of 17 in the Ursuline Convent of St. Theresa, Henry Street, Manhattana, died after an operation on last Saturday, at the age of 42. After her novitiate at St. Theresa's she went to the Catholic convent at New Rochelle. She spent five years there. Twelve years ago she went to the Sunshine Academy of the Ursuline Convent of Middletown, N. Y., where she became mistress of the novices as Mother Mary Berchmans. Miss Gorman leaves a mother, Mrs. Catherine Gorman, 308 Halsey Street, Brooklyn; a sister, Mother Joseph, who is an Ursuline nun; another sister, Catherine, and a brother, Thomas. She was known in the convent as an artist, sculptor, writer, and musician.

Cecil Brunswick Smith.

TORONTO, July 1.—Cecil Brunswick Smith, one of the best-known railway and hydro-electrical engineers in the world, is dead at his home here of cancer. He was 48 years old. Nearly every hydro-electric plant in American was either designed or built by Mr. Smith. He was a graduate of McGill University, and a former President of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers. He was the author of several textbooks on engineering.

"DETECTIVE KEEN" APPEARS.

Daniel Frohman Presents a Melodramatic Farce in Vaudeville.

Two features new to New York were shown at Keith's Union Square Theatre yesterday. One was Daniel Frohman's first venture into vaudeville, a one-act melodramatic farce called "Detective Keen," and written by Percival Knight. Mr. Frohman's relation to the sketch is that of producer. The principal roles were played by Palmer Collins, Ruby Hoffman, Arthur Hoops, William Slides, and Sterling H. Cheseldine. The piece was given here some months ago at a benefit for the Actors' Fund. The story is about a stolen jewel and that clever scheming of the thieves, who fool the victim into believing one of their number is a private detective. The play held the audience well yesterday afternoon and the acting was very good.

The other new feature was the first appearance of "Ma Belle," a dancer, who appeared in a skit called "The Garden of Eden," during which she essayed several types of dancing. The stage setting was inadequate, and there had not been enough rehearsals, but some phases of the dances seemed to please the audience exceedingly.

WANTS A JOB, THOUGH 100.

Joseph Robinson Tells a Pittsburgh Judge He Is Tired of Idleness.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 1.—Joseph Robinson, 100 years old, walked into the Center Avenue Police Station to-day and asked Judge Alpern to find him a job.

"I'm tired being idle, Judge," said the centenarian. "Right now I haven't got a place to sleep. I slept outdoors last night, and I'm getting along to that time of life when it is not the best thing in the world to sleep out."

Judge Alpern suggested that Robinson had worked long enough and ought to take a rest. Robinson, who years ago was one of the best glass cutters in the south side mills, said:

"In spite of my years I believe I can 'come back' and cut glass as well as any man in the business."

Judge Alpern turned Robinson over to the authorities at Marshalsea, the county home.

Oppose Mrs. Carter's Discharge.

When the application of Caroline L. D. Payne, known on the stage as Mrs. Leslie Carter, the actress, for a discharge from bankruptcy came up before Judge Hand in the Federal Court yesterday it was stated that specifications of objections had been filed by two creditors, and Judge Hand sent the case back to Seaman Miller, referee in bankruptcy, of 2 Rector Street, to have a hearing on them. The specifications were filed by Leon Laski, attorney for Howard P. Kinsey, of this city, with a claim of $988, and for the Great Western Printing Company of St. Louis, with a claim of $987. The specifications alleged that she concealed $5,000 from her trustee in bankruptcy, did not keep accurate books of account, and had received a discharge once before within six years.

MUSIC ON THE PIERS TO-NIGHT.

Municipal bands will give the following programmes on the various recreation piers this evening, according to announcement from the Department of Docks and Ferries:

WEST 129TH STREET.

Arthur Bergh, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
1. Overture, "Ruy Blas" ....Mendelssohn
2. "Americanesque" ....Gilbert
3. Ballet Music from "La Source" ...Delibes
4. a. Punchinello ....Herbert
   b. Yesterthoughts ....Herbert
5. Overture, "Comique" ....Keler Bela
6. a. Serenade d'Amour ....Bergh
   b. Capricia ....Bergh
7. Waltz, "Artists' Life" ....Strauss
8. Selection, "Girl of My Dreams" ..Hoschna
9. Comedy Overture on Negro Themes.Gilbert
10. March, Militaire ....Schubert
"America."

EAST 112TH STREET.

Edwin Franko Goldman, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
1. March, "Arms of America ....Pryor
2. Overture, "Maritana" ....Wallace
3. Dance of the Sylphs ....Berlioz
4. Excerpts from "Robin Hood" ...De Koven
5. Song, "The Rosary" ....Nevin
6. Fantasie on Songs of Stephen Foster.. Laurendeau
7. Excerpts from "Rigoletto" ....Verdi
8. Swing Song ....Barnes
9. Waltz, "Silhouettes" ....Roberts
10. Pan-Americana ....Herbert
"America."

WEST FIFTIETH STREET.

Gustave d'Aquin, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Daughter of America" ....Lampe
Overture—"William Tell" ....Rossini
Waltz—"Gold and Silver" ....Fall
A grand selection of the latest popular melodies.
Characteristic—"Down on the Suwanee River" ....Myddleton
Selection—"The Enchantress" ....Herbert
(a) "Gondoliers" ....Nevin
(b) "Venetian Love Song" ....Nevin
Grand selection of Old Plantation Songs..Ross
Oh! That Navajo—Paraphrase of an Indian War Dance ....Lampe
March—"The Electric Wave" ....Sutton
"America."

EAST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.

John George Frank, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Fall in Line" ....Rosey
Overture—"Jubel" ....Bach
Waltz—"The Aero Travelers" ....Weiss
(a) "Indian Song" ....Cadman
(b) "Love Song" from Orchestral Suite. Farwell
Gems from Stephen Foster.
March—"Bridal" ....F. Van der Stucken
"Serenade" ....F. Taft
Selection—"Girl of the Golden West" ..Puccini
"The Rosary" ....Nevin
"Battle of Manila" ....Frank
"America."

THIRD STREET.

Joseph F. Meduna, Conductor.
"Star Spangled Banner."
March—"Semper Fidelis" ....Sousa
Overture—"Zampa" ....Herold
American—"Dances" ....Kretschmer
Selection—"Yankee Consul" ....Robyn
Medley—Popular Airs ....Tilzer
Overture—"Plantation Echoes" ....Coates
Selection—"The Wedding Trip" ....De Koven
American Fantasia ....Foster
Characteristic—"Yarney's Ideal" ....Duffy
March—"American Guard" ....Brooke
"America."

BARROW STREET.

Jay Nova, Bandmaster.
"Star Spangled Banner."
March—"Victorious Eagle" ....Rosle
Overture—"Morning, Noon and Night" ..Suppe
Waltz—"Artists' Life" ....Strauss
Medley on Popular Airs
Selection—"Robin Hood" ....De Koven
Popular
a.—"Moonlight Bay" ....Wenrich
b.—"A Girlie Was Just Made to Love," Von Tilzer
Fantasie—Gems from Stephen Foster.
Selection—"Little Boy Blue" ....Bereny
Popular—"Laughing Love" ....Christine
Polonaise—Militaire ....Chopin
"America."

MARKET STREET.

Charles A. Prince, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
1. Overture—"America" ....Tobani
2. Excerpts from "Robin Hood" ...De Koven
3. a. Characteristic "Two Little Tots" Henneberg
   b. "Red Rose Flag" ....Wenrich
4. Waltz—Militaire ....Waldteufel
5. Patrol—Yankee ....Meacham
6. Medley of up-to-date songs.
7. Gavolle—"Bells of St. Malo" ....Rimmer
8. Entr-acte—"Pan-Americana" ....Herbert
9. Songs and Dances of Dixieland....Lampe
10. March—"The Stars and Stripes Forever" ....Sousa
"America."

NORTH SECOND STREET, BROOKLYN.

W. S. Mygrant, Conductor.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
1. March—"The Adjutant's Call" ....Weldon
2. Overture—"Tancred" ....Rossini
3. Selection from the "Rose Maid" Granichstaedten
4. Waltz—"Strauss' Autograph" ....Warren
5. Song from "Macushla," "Good-by My Emerald Land" ....Olcott
6. Three Spanish Dances ....Moszkowski
7. Fantasia on "Dixie" ....Langey
8. Selection from "Robin Hood" ...De Koven
9. Intermezzo—"Falling Leaves" ...Ringleben
10. Medley—Songs of the Day ....Lampe
"America."

MUSIC IN THE PARK TO-NIGHT.

THE MALL, CENTRAL PARK, AT 8 P. M.
F. Kaltenborn's Orchestra.
PART I.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
March, "To Our Conductor" ....Robert Reitz
Dedicated to Franz Kaltenborn.
Overture, "Il Guarany" ....Gomez
Selection, "Manon" ....Massenet
Notturno for violin and horn ....Wolfermann
Franz Kaltenborn and Richard Lindenhahn.
Scène de la Czardas, "Hejre Kati" Hubay-Klugescheid
PART II.
Overture, "Raymond" ....Thomas
(a) "Aubade Printaniere" ....Lacombe
(b) "Badinage" ....Herbert
Waltz, "Herbst Rosen" ....Josef Strauss
Selection, "The Gondoliers" ....Sullivan
Polonaise Militaire, Op. 40, No. 1. Chopin-Bartlett
"America."

Swift & Company's Sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 29, averaged 11.53 cents per pound. —Adv.

YZNAGA FORTUNE PASSING TO HEIRS

Dowager Duchess of Manchester's Estate, Valued at $2,493,131, Before Surrogate Here.

HER SON INHERITS $656,843

He's the Present Duke of Manchester, Who Married Miss Zimmerman—Much American Securities.

Surrogate Cohalan will pass to-morrow on the accounting of the estate of the Dowager Duchess of Manchester, who was Consuelo Yznaga, of New York, and who died Nov. 19, 1909. The accounting was placed on the Surrogate's calendar yesterday by Henry B. Hollins, John L. Cadwalader, and Frederick Ogden Beach, executors of the estate.

According to their computations, William Angus Drogo, the present Duke of Manchester, is entitled to $656,843 of his mother's estate. The next largest share is that of a life tenant, Alexander F. Drogo, the Viscount Mandeville, whose interest is computed at $139,725. The Viscount is a grandson of the Dowager Duchess.

Mabel, the Countess Zichy, is entitled to $22,243. She was a cousin of the late Duchess. Lord Edmund E. F. Montagu, a grandson, is entitled to $65,394, and Lady Mary Alice Montagu, a granddaughter, is entitled to $67,159, while Miss Emelie Yznaga, sister, is entitled to $24,970.

The estate of the late Dowager Duchess, the executors compute, amounts to $2,493,131, to which they add collections of income since her death, totaling $284,497. She still held at her death realty in Havana, where the foundation of the fortune of her father, Antonio Yznaga del Valle, was laid. This property at 4 San Pedro Street and 71 Aguiar Street was worth $33,000.

The Dowager Duchess held $724,150 as the beneficiary of a trust fund created by her father and of which the largest holding was a block of Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad bonds, appraised at $195,918. She was also the beneficiary of a life trust created by her mother, Mrs. Ellen Yznaga, who died Jan. 24, 1908. This trust was made up of securities, which the executors appraised at $444,388.

This trust included $150,000 of United States Steel bonds, $226,000 of preferred steel stock, $240,000 of Southern Pacific common stock and $83,000 in the bonds of the Superior Coal Company. Over both trust funds she had the power of disposition by testament.

The Dowager Duchess was also an equal beneficiary of a trust fund under the will of her brother Ferdinand Yznaga, with her sisters, Lady Natica Lister-Kaye and Miss Emelie Yznaga. She had $581,265 in an account with H. B. Hollins & Co. of this city and a personal fortune in railroad bonds and stocks and coal securities amounting to $524,532.

Consuelo Yznaga was wedded to Viscount Mandeville, later the eighth Duke in Manchester, in Grace Church, New York City, May, 1876. Her marriage was one of those which made Anglo-American alliances popular among the English nobility. She became a confidante of Queen Victoria and was on terms of intimacy with King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

Her son and principal legatee, the present Duke was married in 1910 to Miss Helena Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, daughter of Eugene Zimmerman, President of the Ann Arbor Railroad.

J. HENRY ALEXANDRE DIES.

Vice President of Steeple Chase Association Expires at Summer Home.

J. Henry Alexandre, 35 East Sixty-seventh Street, died at his Summer home, Shore Acres, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., yesterday after an illness of more than a year. He was 65 years old. Mr. Alexandre was the youngest son of the late Francis Alexandre, who, with his sons, Frank, John E., and Joseph J., for many years owned the Alexandre Line of steamships running from this port to Cuba and Mexico, afterward sold to the Ward Line.

Mr. Alexandre was always identified with racing. He was Vice President of the National Hunt and Steeple Chase Association, a member of The Jockey Club, Union, Riding, Metropolitan, New York Yacht, Aero, Coney Island Jockey Club, Richmond Country Club, and various racing associations.

He is survived by a wife and five children. Two years ago Mr. Alexandre married Pauline Onativia Townsend. His first wife was Gertrude Jerome, and their children are Mrs. Samuel Adams Clark and J. Henry Alexandre, Jr. In 1888 Mr. Alexandre married Miss Elizabeth Lawrence, daughter of Col. Frederick N. Lawrence of Bayside, L. I., and their children are Virginia Lawrence, Mary Elizabeth, and Frederick Francis Alexandre.

The funeral will take place from Shore Acres, S. I., to-morrow morning.

Julius Krakauer.

Julius Krakauer, piano manufacturer, died on Sunday at Far Rockaway, L. I., aged 67, of a complication of diseases. He established, as a young man the firm of Krakauer Brothers, which became one of the largest piano firms in the East. One factory was in Fourteenth Street, a second in Cypress Avenue, the Bronx, and a third in Brooklyn. Mr. Krakauer's city home was at 143 West 131st Street. He leaves a widow and daughter.

Obituary Notes.

FREDERICK ADEE, retired head of the plumbing firm of Frederick Adee & Co., John and Cliff Streets, Manhattan, died at his residence, 473 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Sunday, of Bright's disease, at the age of 82. He is survived by a widow, a son and two daughters.

Mrs. MARY JANE ESTERBROOK, 84 years old, wife of James J. Esterbrook, a retired builder and survivor of the Mexican war, died on Sunday at the home of her son, William F. Esterbrook, 533 West 158th Street, from heart disease. Mrs. Esterbrook was born in Brooklyn and came to New York to live soon after her marriage, sixty-five years ago.

JOHN J. PEARSALL, 60 years old, died suddenly of apoplexy on Sunday at his home, 114 Fenimore Street, Flatbush. He was a stock broker, with offices at 52 Broadway, Manhattan. He is survived by a widow.

THOMAS C. NELLIS, 45 years old, 323 Edgecombe Avenue, died on Sunday of Bright's disease. For nearly thirty years Mr. Nellis had been employed by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and recently he was an executive manager of the company of a large section of the city. He is survived by his wife.

CLARISSA MAY LYMAN WHITING, widow of John B. Whiting, daughter of the late Frederic H. Lyman of East Orange, N. J., died at her home in this city on Sunday.

HUGH OLVANEY, a retired policeman of 58 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn, died of apoplexy in the Eastern District Hospital shortly after midnight Sunday. Mr. Olvaney was born in the Seventh Ward, Manhattan, 60 years ago, and soon after his majority became attached to the police force. In later years he had done duty at the Clymer Street and Bridge Stations.

JOHN MARSHALL CULLIS, manager and treasurer of the American Truss Company, died at his home, 22 Arthur Street, Yonkers, N. Y., yesterday. Mr. Cullis was 62 years old. He is survived by his widow and son.

Ex-Assemblyman GEORGE W. HOUSELL died at his home in Trenton, N. J., yesterday, aged 51 years. He had served two terms in the Legislature and had also been on the County Freeholders Board.

Mrs. CLARA ANNA SPAULDING of New York, widow of George Spaulding, died on last Saturday at Greene's Inn, Narragansett Pier, R. I. Mrs. Spaulding was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roser, and was born in Savannah, Ga., seventy years ago.

WILLIAM LORD, an artist and amateur photographer, is dead at his home, 150 North Centre Street, Orange, N. J., of a complication of diseases. He was 61 years old. Mr. Lord was a native of Kells, Ireland. He helped to found the Orange Camera Club. Mr. Lord was twice Master of Corinthian Lodge, F. and A. M., of Orange. He was also a member of the Knights of Pythias and I. O. O. F. Two sons and two daughters survive him.

Mrs. SARAH HORNER, wife of the Rev. George S. Mott Doremus, pastor of the Rockaway Presbyterian Church, died suddenly at her home in New Brunswick, N. J., Sunday morning. She was the daughter of the late Rev. Joseph Horner of New Brunswick. Besides her husband Mrs. Doremus leaves four young daughters.

JAMES N. BOOKSTAVER died yesterday at his home in Rutherford, N. J., where he had lived for the last forty-five years. Mr. Bookstaver was in his 73d year, and for a number of years was in the printing and publishing business. At one time he published the old Bergen County Herald. Mr. Bookstaver is survived by several children.

JOHN CLARK, a retired business man, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 8 Leggett Avenue, Brooklyn Manor, Queens. Mr. Clark was 80 years old and had lived in Brooklyn Manor for several years.

LLOYD O. WOODRUFF, a retired merchant and capitalist of Cape Vincent, N. Y., died yesterday at his residence there. He was a native of Watertown, N. Y., and was 70 years of age. Mr. Woodruff was a nephew of ex-Gov. Flower of this State. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

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We have a large assortment of Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, &c., at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

WOTIZ.—June 28, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Mark H. Wotiz a son.

Married.

ANSON—EMERY.—On Monday, July 1, 1912, at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, New York, by the Rev. Sidney N. Ussher, assistant Rector, Lela, daughter of Gen. Charles T. Alexander of Washington, D. C., to the Hon. Alfred Anson of London, England.

HANDELSMAN—BIRNBAUM.—Mr. Max Handelsman and Miss Teenie Birnbaum were married Sunday, June 30, Temple Ansche-Emeth, by the Rev. Dr. Zinsler.

McVICKAR—KANE.—On Saturday, June 29, in St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo Park, by the Rev. Robert Wood, Anzonella, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Kane to Henry Lansing McVickar.

MARTIN—McLAUGHLIN.—On Monday, July 1, at Christ Church, Pelham Manor, N. Y., by the Rev. Arthur F. Tenney, Helen Malcolm McLaughlin to Drelincourt Mathews Martin.

BAMMAN—CAMP.—June 29, Virginia A. Camp to Franklyn G. Bamman.

MACHADO—DUFFY.—June 29, Irene P. Duffy to Pedro R. Machado.

MONASH—ROBITSCHER.—June 27, Hanna Robitscher to Charles H. Monash.

Brooklyn.

EARLY—HICKEY.—June 30, May Hickey to William H. Early.

GIRARD—HALPIN.—June 30, Mazie L. Halpin to Anthony R. Girard.

SHANLEY—SENIOR.—June 30, Florence A. Senior to Bernard Shanley.

SHIELDS—COUGHLIN.—June 30, Nettie C. Coughlin to Edward J. Shields.

Long Island.

BARMEYER—LANGE.—June 28, Bayside, Florence Lange to George H. Barmeyer.

FLEURGTON—FUCHS.—June 29, Winfield, Mabel Fuchs to Charles Fleurgton.

SCHERMERHORN—ALCOCK.—June 30, Bay Shore, Laura Alcock to Harold L. Schermerhorn.

SCHWEITZER—TRAUGOTT.—June 26, Elmhurst, Mildred Traugott to William Schweitzer.

Westchester County.

HECK—WEUISCH.—June 27, Margaret Weuisch to Harry Heck.

Died.

ALEXANDRE.—On July 1, at Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, J. Henry Alexandre, in his 65th year. Services will be held at noon on Wednesday, July 3, at his residence, Shore Acres, Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, on the arrival of the 11 o'clock boat from South Ferry, (Staten Island Ferry.) Special car will meet boat at St. George for Fort Wadsworth.

BLAUVELT.—At East Orange, N. J., Sunday, June 30, 1912, in his 82d year, John Blauvelt, beloved husband of Nana Jane Blauvelt, formerly of Closter, N. J. Funeral services at Brookside Cemetery Chapel, Englewood, N. J., at 2:30 P. M., Tuesday, July 2.

BROWN.—At Elizabeth, N. J., June 29, 1912, entered into rest after a lingering illness, Erna, widow of the late Felix Brown, and beloved mother of Mrs. Herman Aich, Mrs. Fernando de Miranda, Mrs. F. W. Buning, Mrs. Conrad Best, Mrs. Charles Knupfer, Felix Brown, and Charles Brown. Funeral services Tuesday, July 2, 3:30 P. M., at her late residence, 482 Jefferson Av., Elizabeth, N. J. Interment at convenience of family.

BRYAN.—At his late residence, 32 First St., Hackensack, N. J., William Howard Bryan, aged 57, after a lingering illness. Funeral at his late residence, Tuesday, July 2, at 4 P. M. Trains leave N. J. & N. Y. R. R. from Chambers St., at 3 o'clock, for Essex St., Hackesack. Interment Wednesday morning at Plainfield, N. J.

CARLSON.—Henry P. Carlson, at San Diego, Cal., June 18. Burial at Woodlawn Cemetery, Tuesday, July 2, 11:30 A. M. Carriages at Woodlawn Station.

CARTWRIGHT.—On June 29, in Brooklyn, Emily Russell, eldest daughter of the late David G. Cartwright. Funeral private.

COUSINS.—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Sunday, June 30, 1912, James Cousins, in his 84th year. Funeral services will be held at 15 Greene Av., near Fulton St., Brooklyn, July 2, at 2 P. M.

GLABYS.—Stacia Glabys, aged 6. Remains lying THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Frank Campbell Building.)

GROSJEAN.—Saturday, June 29, 1912, Marieanne Grosjean, widow of Edward Grosjean. Funeral service at her late home, 365 West 46th St., Tuesday afternoon, July 2, at 1 o'clock.

PEARSALL.—Suddenly, Sunday, June 30, John J. Pearsall. Funeral services at 114 Fenimore St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 2, 8 P. M.

RICHARDS.—Suddenly, at Tarrytown, N. Y., on Sunday, June 30, 1912, William Guy Richards, son of the late Augustus C. and Mary Lewis Richards, in the 61st year of his age. Funeral services at Christ Church on Wednesday, the 3d inst., on arrival of the 1:50 train from New York.

SCHLEY.—Suddenly, on July 1, 1912, at his residence, at Far Hills, New Jersey, William T., beloved husband of Mary Reeve Schley, in the 72d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Far Hills, New Jersey, on Wednesday, July 3, at 5:30 P. M. Interment at Canandaigua, New York.

SMITH.—Winchester K., husband of Lydia Wiley, at Summit, N. J., Sunday, June 30. Funeral services at residence of his parents, 29 Oak Ridge Av., Summit, N. J., Tuesday, July 2, at 8 P. M. Carriages will meet 6:15 and 6:45 trains from Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad.

SMITH.—Suddenly on Sunday, June 30, 1912, Clara A. Smith, daughter of the late Nicholas C. Smith. Funeral Wednesday, 2 P. M., at her late residence, Cold Spring, N. Y.

SPAULDING.—At Narragansett Pier, June 29, Clara Spaulding, widow of Gen. Ira Spaulding and daughter of Henry Roser of Savannah, Ga.

STOCKTON.—At St. Luke's Hospital, July 1, 1912, Bayard Stockton, Jr., son of Bayard and Charlotte J. Shields Stockton, in his 29th year. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, Princeton, N. J., on Wednesday, July 3, at 2 P. M.

Died.

VAN CORTLANDT.—At the residence of his sister, Mrs. John W. Munro, Bartow-on-the-Sound, Augustus Van Cortlandt, formerly of Yonkers, in the 86th year of his age. The Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Pelham, on Tuesday morning, July 2, at 11 o'clock. Carriages at Pelham and Pelham Manor Station on arrival of the 10:05 train from Grand Central Depot, and 10 A. M. from Willis Av.

WHITING.—Clarissa May Lyman, widow of the late John B. Whiting and daughter of the late Frederic and Caroline H. Lyman of East Orange, N. J., June 30, in New York City. Funeral private.

WHITMORE.—William M., at Demarest, N. J., Saturday, June 29, in his 88th year. Funeral services at the Demarest Baptist Church, on Tuesday, July 2, on arrival of train leaving Chambers St. at 1:10 P. M.

WOODRUFF.—At Cape Vincent, N. Y., on July 1, 1912, Lloyd O. Woodruff, aged 70 years. Funeral service at Cape Vincent July 3, 1:30 P. M. Interment Watertown, 3:15 P. M.

WOOLSEY.—At Fulton, Cal., June 29, 1912, Martha Ann Weekes, widow of Ezra Woodhull Woolsey, and daughter of Jotham Weekes.

BARRY.—Catherine, 245 East 80th St., June 30. Funeral notice later.
BORNHEIM.—Emilie D., 49 West 125th St., June 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
CRONIN.—Denis, 1,408 2d Av., June 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
DELANEY.—Mary, 370 Columbus Av., June 30, aged 25. Funeral to-morrow.
ESTERBROOK.—Mary J., 533 West 158th St., June 30, aged 84. Funeral service to-day.
FAY.—William, 1,687 3d Av., June 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
GOLDSTEIN.—David, 123 East 18th St., June 29.
HECKROTH.—Louis C., 255 West Houston St., June 29, aged 49. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
KRAUSE.—Karl, 259 West 116th St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
McINTYRE.—Edward J., 137 Alexander Av., Bronx, June 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MILLS.—Charlotte, 234 East 55th St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MOEHRING.—Karl, 790 East 161st St., June 30, aged 95. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.
NELLIS.—Thomas C., 323 Edgecombe Av., June 30. Funeral service to-day.
STEWART.—James, 311 East 27th St., June 29. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
SWEENEY.—George, 425 10th Av., June 29, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
TEBER.—Max, 304 East 91st St., June 29, aged 42.
WILLIAMS.—George R., 414 East 50th St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ADEE.—Fred, 473 Westminster Road, June 30, aged 82. Funeral service to-day.
ALLEN.—John S., 874 72d St., June 29, aged 74. Funeral service to-day.
BOSCH.—Friederich, 198 Manhattan Av., June 30, aged 79. Funeral private.
CUNNINGHAM.—Mary, 232 9th St., June 29. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
DEIKEN.—Mary, 123 King St., June 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
FEESE.—Amelia, 241 Midwood St., June 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
FITZGERALD.—John T., 381 Degraw St., June 29. Funeral to-day.
GARAVENTA.—Mathilda, 213 Gelston Av., June 30, aged 32.
GILCHRIST.—Mary, 235 Nostrand Av., June 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
JOHNSON.—Eloise, 569 58th St., June 29.
JOHNSON.—Octavia, 967 St. John's Place, June 29. Funeral service to-day.
KELLY.—Mary C., 458 East 34th St., June 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
LASHER.—Julia A., 241 Bedford Av., June 29. Funeral to-day.
McDERMOTT.—Elizabeth, 74 2d St., June 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
MATHEWS.—Genevieve, 312 Clarkson Av., June 30, aged 36. Funeral to-morrow.
NEUMANN.—Gottlieb, 925 Onderdonk St.
O'NEILL.—Bridget, 309 Water St., June 29, aged 62.
PAPE.—Elizabeth, 540 54th St., June 30, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
PETERSON.—Fredericka W., Greenpoint Home for the Aged, June 29.
ROCHE.—Elizabeth, 556 9th St., June 29. Funeral to-day.
SELOVER.—Lydia, 1,616 Beverley Road, July 1. Funeral notice later.
SONTAG.—Herrmann C., 1,913 Myrtle Av., June 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
STEFFENS.—Frederick, St. Mary's Hospital, June 30, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
WALTER.—Sebastian, 407 Himrod St., June 30, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WINCHESTER.—Agnes E., Volunteer Hospital, June 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BUHMAN.—Max H., 511 Bergen St., Newark, June 29, aged 49.
CAMPBELL.—Violet E., 85½ Barbara St., Newark, June 30, aged 4 months.
CLIFFORD.—Thomas C., 754 Parker St., Newark, July 1, aged 61.
CONWAY.—Catherine, 402 Monmouth St., Jersey City, June 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
COPELAND.—Teresa, 255 Elm St., Newark, June 29. Funeral to-day.
DINGLER.—Margaret E., 135 York St., Jersey City, June 29. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.
DONOVAN.—Bridget, 249 Grove St., Jersey City, June 30.
GOELLER.—Annie, 22 North 6th St., Newark, June 29, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
GROVER.—S. Wesley, 74½ Burnet St., Newark, June 30, aged 45.
HOWARD.—John N., 120 Pennsylvania Av., Newark, June 30, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow.
HOWE.—Ruth P., 162 Union St., Jersey City, June 30, aged 83.
KAISER.—Caroline A., 12 Troy St., Jersey City, June 29, aged 75. Funeral to-day.
KENWEL.—Carrie M., 178 Plane St., Newark, June 30, aged 44.
McGRATH.—James B., 22 Cabinet St., Newark, June 29. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.
PARKAR.—Mathilda M., 38 Kossuth St., Newark, June 30, aged 17 months. Funeral to-day.
RITTER.—Ferdinand R., 50 South St., Newark, July 1, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow.
ROWLAND.—Amanda, 36 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City, June 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
SANDERS.—John D., 705 Park Av., Hoboken, June 29, aged 56. Funeral to-day.
SCHAEFER.—Margaret, 248 Randolph Av., Jersey City, June 30, aged 83. Funeral to-morrow.

Long Island.

DOUGHERTY.—Helen, Corona, June 28, aged 2.
KOPICKA.—Alexander, 308 Jackson Av., Long Island City, June 28, aged 3 months.
KRAKAUER.—Julius, Far Rockaway, June 30, aged 70.
LOYD.—Ruth P., Flushing, June 29.
POLSLEY.—Gwendolyn, Ridgewood, June 28.
ROBERTS.—George A., East Marion, July 1, aged 70.
SEIDELL.—Ethel, Woodhaven, June 30. Funeral to-morrow.
TOMALINA.—Annie, Maspeth, June 28, aged 11 months.

In Memoriam.

CORNWELL.—In loving, sorrowful memory of Clara Taylor, beloved wife of Howard Cornwell, who departed this life on Sunday, July 2, 1911, in her 39th year.

CORNWELL.—July 2, 1911.—In memory of Clara Taylor, beloved wife of Howard Cornwell, devoted mother of Taylor and Katharine Cornwell.

STANDAN.—Minna Standan, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, July 4, 3 P. M.

BUCKLEY.—Bridget, in memory of, died July 2, 1911.

UNDERTAKERS.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.

CEMETERIES.
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GIANTS PICK UP ANOTHER VICTORY

Lowly Boston Club Drive Tesreau Out of Box, but Ames Stops Them.

THE SCORE.

New York ..2 0 4 0 0 0 2 1 .—9
Boston ....1 0 0 0 0 1 4 0 0—6

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Snodgrass, lf.	4	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	2	3	0	0	2	5	1
Merkle, 1b.	4	2	2	0	0	11	0	0
Murray, rf.	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
Becker, cf.	4	1	1	1	2	5	0	0
Herzog, 3b.	3	2	2	1	0	1	4	1
Wilson, c.	4	1	1	0	1	6	1	0
Fletcher, ss.	3	0	1	1	0	1	4	0
Tesreau, p.	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	1
Ames, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	34	9	11	6	5	27	17	4

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Devlin, 3b., ss.	4	1	0	1	0	2	0	0
Campbell, cf.	5	3	1	0	1	3	0	0
Sweeney, 2b.	5	1	2	0	0	5	0	0
Kirke, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Titus, rf.	3	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
Houser, 1b.	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	1
O'Rourke, ss.	2	0	0	1	0	2	1	1
McDonald, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Rariden, c.	4	0	1	0	0	5	3	0
Tyler, p.	4	1	1	0	2	0	3	0
Total	36	6	8	3	4	*23	7	2

*Tesreau out, hit by batted ball.

First base on errors—New York, 2; Boston, 3. Two-base hits—Sweeney, Titus, Fletcher. Three-base hit—Becker. Home runs—Wilson, Merkle. Stolen base—Snodgrass. Left on bases—New York, 9; Boston, 6. Double play—Wilson and Herzog. Base on balls—Off Tesreau, 3; off Tyler, 6. Struck out—By Tesreau, 2; by Ames, 2; by Tyler, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Tyler, (Merkle, Herzog.) Hits—Off Tesreau, 6 in six and one-third innings; off Ames, 2 in two and two-third innings. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnston. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes.

The Giants won their thirteenth consecutive victory yesterday, sidetracking the Bostons again by a score of 9 to 6 at the Polo Grounds. In the third inning Arthur Wilson seemed to be in some doubt about the Giants winning, so he used high-handed methods, smashing a home run into the left-field bleachers with the bases full. For that he not only got storms of applause, which have no commercial value, but he will also put himself in line for a suit of clothes, a box of cigars, a hat or two, shoes, and numerous other things. That mighty blow put a crimp in Mr. Tyler, who was pitching for the Bostonese, and his knees snook every time he thought of it.

Fred Merkle heard all this shouting for Wilson, so he thought he would steal a little of the thunder. Consequently, in the eighth inning Merkle gave the ball the most vicious larrup that has been seen at the Polo Grounds in years, and sent it soaring over the fence back of the left-field bleachers, the pill dropping in an exhausted heap in the elevated railroad yard. The oldest resident could not remember when the ball was ever hit over that fence in recent years. In dear old bygone days, when some of the players used to hit the ball over into a neighboring State, perhaps it was done. But they didn't have moving-picture cameras in those days to record such feats.

Big Jeff Tesreau made the Braves behave themselves for six innings, but in the seventh the Wardmen solved the eccentricities of his saliva peg and batted him out of the box, Leon Ames coming to the rescue. Boston got four runs and threw a big scare into the Giants before the fusillade was over.

The Giants are now within four victories of the run of seventeen straight victories made by the Washington Club this season, and with another game with Boston to-day and a few coming with Brooklyn, it looks to a man up a tree as if the Washingtons' proud performance might be duplicated. Just watch.

The Braves put spacious dents in Tesreau's pitching in the first round. Devlin walked, and was forced by Campbell. Sweeney smashed a double to right, and Campbell scored when Murray made a wild return of the ball, Sweney going to third. Fletcher stopped Kirke's hot grasser and threw Sweeney out at the plate. Titus doubled, but Snodgrass made a fine return of the bulb and threw Kirke out at the plate.

The Giants immediately got that back and annexed one more. Snodgrass fanned and Doyle singled to right. Tyler threw out Merkle at first. Murray singled, scoring Doyle, and took second on the throw-in. Becker got a pass, and Herzog cracked to right, scoring Murray. Boston's chances faded in the third. Doyle got an infield hit and Merkle was winged by a pitched ball. Murray rocketed to Kirke and Becker struck out. Herzog was also winged, and the bases were crowded. Wilson then broke up the quiet meeting with a home-run blow into the left-field bleachers, sending in the three runners ahead of him.

In the sixth, Campbell went to second when Tesreau tossed the ball over Merkle's roof. Sweeney was tossed out by Fletcher and Campbell went to third. When Herzog fumbled Kirke's grounder Campbell scored.

The Braves fell upon Tesreau hard in the seventh. With one out, Tyler singled and Doyle fumbled Devlin's grounder. Tyler scored on Campbell's single. Sweeney singled to right, scoring Devlin and Campbell. Tesreau was invited to the clubhouse by Manager McGraw and Ames began to pitch. Kirke greeted him with a single to right, scoring Sweeney. In the same chapter, Becker tripled to right and scored on Herzog's single. Wilson popped to Rariden and Fletcher doubled to left, sending Herzog home.

In the eighth, Merkle smashed the ball over the left-field bleachers and fence for the longest home run that has been poled since the invention of thirteen-inch guns.

Cincinnati Wins Easily.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 1.—Cincinnati won an easy victory over St. Louis to-day, 12 to 6. Both teams hit hard, five pitchers in all being used. Although slightly outhit, the locals bunched long drives while the Cincinnati pitchers kept the hits fairly well scattered. Score:

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	2	2	0	2	0
Marsans, cf.	5	2	1	5	0
Hobl'zel, 1b.	5	1	1	4	0
Mitchell, rf.	4	1	1	5	0
M'D'ld, ss.	4	1	1	2	0
Phelan, 3b.	4	1	2	3	3
Egan, 2b.	4	1	2	3	3
Clark, c.	3	2	1	4	1
Benton, p.	2	0	0	0	3
H'phries, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Bates, lf.	1	0	1	1	0
Total	34	12	10	27	11

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b.	4	0	1	3	3
Magee, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
Mowrey, 3b.	5	1	0	1	2
K'tchy, 1b.	5	2	4	7	0
Evans, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Hauser, ss.	5	1	2	2	0
Oakes, cf.	4	0	2	0	0
Bliss, c.	5	0	1	4	1
Geyer, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Dale, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Willis, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Bresnahan	0	0	0	0	0
†Ellis	1	0	1	0	0
Total	39	6	13	24	8

*Batted for Geyer in the fourth inning.
†Batted for Dale in the eighth inning.
Errors—Mowrey, Oakes, Geyer, MacDonald.

Cincinnati .....4 0 3 0 0 4 1 0 .—12
St. Louis ....1 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 1—6

Left on bases—St. Louis, 11; Cincinnati, 7. Three-base hit—Konetchy. Hits—Off Geyer, 5 in 3 innings; off Dale, 5 in 4 innings; off Willis, 0 in 1 inning; off Benton, 9 in 5 innings; off Humphries, 4 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hits—Magee, Mitchell. Stolen bases—Mowrey, Konetchy, Bescher, Clark, Phelan. Double play—Benton, Clark and Hoblitzel. Struck out—By Geyer, 1; by Dale, 2; by Benton, 1; by Willis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Geyer, 3; off Dale, 3; off Benton, 3; off Willis, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Benton, Bliss; by Dale, Humphries. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	6	13	2
Montreal	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	7	0

Batteries—Beebe and Mitchell; Smith and Murphy.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	3
Montreal	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	3	.	7	10	1

Batteries—Munsell and Roth, Mitchell; Viebahn and Murray.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	7	2
Toronto	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	.	7	12	2

Batteries—Thomas and Jacklitsch; Gasper and Graham.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	2
Toronto	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	.	3	7	1

Batteries—Wilhelm and Blair; Drucke and Bemis.

At Newark.

											R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	4—7	10	2
Newark	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0—3	6	3

Batteries—Frill and Rondeau; Lee and Higgins.

Other clubs not scheduled.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 9; Boston, 6.
Philadelphia, 10; Brooklyn, 7.
Brooklyn, 14; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 1; Pittsburgh, 0.
Cincinnati, 12; St. Louis, 6.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 4; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 2.
Detroit, 8; Cleveland, 2.
Chicago at St. Louis—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City 7; Newark, 3.
(Eleven innings.)
Toronto, 7; Rochester, 5.
Toronto, 3; Rochester, 0.
Buffalo, 6; Montreal, 3.
Montreal, 7; Buffalo, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	51	11	.823
Pittsburgh	37	26	.587
Chicago	35	26	.574
Cincinnati	36	32	.529
Philadelphia	25	34	.424
Brooklyn	25	37	.403
St. Louis	27	43	.386
Boston	19	46	.292

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	46	21	.687
Philadelphia	39	25	.609
Chicago	38	28	.576
Washington	39	31	.557
Cleveland	33	33	.500
Detroit	33	36	.478
New York	18	44	.290
St. Louis	18	46	.281

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Rochester	38	28	.576
Baltimore	37	29	.561
Jersey City	37	33	.529
Toronto	33	33	.500
Newark	33	34	.493
Providence	31	35	.470
Buffalo	27	35	.435
Montreal	28	39	.418

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Washington.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Chicago at St. Louis

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Newark.
Buffalo at Montreal.
Rochester at Toronto.
Providence at Baltimore.

BROOKLYN BREAKS EVEN.

Phillies Win First, 10 to 7, and Superbas Take Second, 14 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—In two hard-hitting games here to-day Philadelphia and Brooklyn broke even, Philadelphia won the first contest by 10 to 7 and Brooklyn the second by 14 to 1. In ten trips to the plate Daubert made seven hits and scored two passes. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.	3	2	2	7	0
Lobert, 3b.	5	2	3	2	1
Magee, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Cravath, rf.	2	0	1	0	0
Lud'us, 1b.	4	1	1	12	1
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	0	2	5
Doolan, ss.	4	1	1	1	6
Dooin, c.	4	1	2	1	2
Seaton, p.	4	2	3	0	1
Total	34	10	14	27	16

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, cf.	4	1	2	2	0
N'then, rf.	5	0	1	2	0
Smith, 3b.	4	2	2	0	1
Daub't, 1b.	4	1	4	7	0
Wheat, lf.	5	0	0	4	1
Hum'l, 2b.	3	1	0	4	3
Tooley, ss.	5	1	2	2	3
Miller, c.	4	1	2	3	2
Knetzer, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Stack, p.	3	0	0	0	0
*Daly	1	0	0	0	0
†Erwin	1	0	1	0	0
Total	39	7	14	24	10

*Batted for Knetzer in the second inning.
†Batted for Stack in the ninth inning.
Errors—Magee.

Philadelphia ....4 3 0 0 0 0 0 3 .—10
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 4—7

Two-base hits—Daubert, Seaton, Dooin, Erwin. Home runs—Lobert, Luderus, Smith. Stolen bases—Lobert, Cravath, Daubert. Double play—Hummel and Daubert. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 10; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Stack, 4; off Seaton, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Stack, (Paskert.) Struck out—By Stack, 1. Passed balls—Dooin, 2. Pitchers record—Off Knetzer, 4 hits and 7 times at bat in 1 inning; off Stack, 10 hits and 27 times at bat in 7 innings. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, cf.	5	2	3	2	0
North'n, rf.	5	2	0	2	0
Smith, 3b.	3	2	2	0	2
Daub't, 1b.	4	2	3	12	0
Wheat, lf.	4	2	1	3	0
Hum'l, 2b.	6	2	3	2	7
Tooley, ss.	4	1	2	2	3
Erwin, c.	6	1	1	3	2
Ragon, p.	5	0	0	1	1
Total	42	14	15	27	15

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf.	3	0	2	2	0
Lobert, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1
Boyle, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
C'vath, rf.	4	0	0	4	0
L'der's, 1b.	3	1	1	10	0
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	0	0	2
Doolan, ss.	4	0	0	4	1
Killifer, c.	3	0	0	3	0
Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Wallace, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	4	27	6

*Batted for Moore in the eighth inning.
Errors—Tooley (2,) Lobert, Knabe, Doolan, Killifer.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 5 0 0 0 4 5—14
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Home run—Luderus. Sacrifice hits—Wheat, Lobert. Stolen bases—Hummel, Paskert, Northen. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 12; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Ragon, 2; off Moore, 8; off Wallace, 2. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Ragon, 3; by Moore, 3. Wild pitch—Wallace. Pitchers' record—Off Moore, 10 hits and 35 times at bat in 8 innings; off Wallace, 5 hits and 7 times at bat in 1 inning. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Emslie.

Cubs Win Pitchers' Battle.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 1.—Chicago defeated Pittsburgh to-day, 1 to 0, in twelve innings. The lone tally was a home-run drive by Schulte. O'Toole and Lavender pitched a brilliant game. Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf.	5	0	0	8	1
Schulte, rf.	5	1	1	0	0
Tinker, ss.	5	0	0	6	2
Zim'm'n, 3b.	5	0	1	0	2
Leach, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Saier, 1b.	4	0	0	9	1
Evers, 2b.	4	0	2	4	5
Archer, c.	4	0	1	6	4
Lav'der, p.	4	0	0	0	3
Total	38	1	5	36	13

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3
Carey, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Donlin, rf.	5	0	1	1	0
Wagner, ss.	5	0	1	3	1
Miller, 1b.	5	0	0	15	1
Wilson, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
M'C'ty, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1
Gibson, c.	3	0	1	8	2
O'Toole, p.	3	0	1	1	3
Total	37	0	6	36	15

Error—Evers.

Pittsburgh... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Chicago....... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hit—Archer. Home run—Schulte. Sacrifice hits—Byrne, Evers. Stolen base—Zimmerman. Double plays—Gibson and Byrne; Archer and Tinker. First base on balls—Off O'Toole, 3; off Lavender, 3. Struck out—By O'Toole, 6; by Lavender, 4. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 5; Chicago, 5. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Player Belcher Reinstated.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 1.—The National Baseball Commission met here to-day, and after a short session went to the ball park as the guests of Chairman August Herrmann. The commission reinstated Player Belcher of the St. Louis Club, who had gone into business and had failed to report, but who requested reinstatement. It decided that Pitcher McIntire still belonged to Chicago, the Milwaukee Club having refused him, claiming he was not in condition. Chicago asked for the purchase price, which was not allowed. The commission did not take up the new National agreement, which it was expected to ratify and sign to-day. This will be considered at a later meeting.

Umpire Overruled by Barrow.

President Barrow of the International League announced yesterday that he had sustained the protest of the Toronto club with regard to an umpire's decision in Baltimore's favor when the ball was batted into the grandstand during a game there on June 27. He ordered the game to be played over, and Aug. 16 has been set as the day for a double-header.

Baltimore Releases Dygert.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—Pitcher "Jimmy" Dygert was unconditionally released to-day by the Baltimore International League Club. He was secured from the Philadelphia Athletics two seasons ago.

Pitcher Strikes Out 22 Men.

SCRANTON, Penn., July 1.—In a thirteen-inning game with Wilkesbarre to-day Pierce, the Scranton pitcher, struck out twenty-two men, winning his game, 1 to 0. He had fifteen strikeouts in nine innings.

BOSTON GETS THREE HITS, BUT WINS, 4-1

McConnell's Fine Pitching for Yankees Is Offset by Stump's Error.

THE SCORE.

Boston .....0 0 0 1 0 3 0 0 .—4
New York.. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hooper, rf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Yerkes, 2b.	4	1	0	2	2	0
Speaker, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Lewis, lf.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Gardner, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1	1
Stahl, 1b.	3	0	0	11	2	0
Wagner, ss.	3	0	0	4	5	0
Cady, c.	2	0	0	3	1	0
Hall, p.	3	0	0	1	5	0
Total	28	4	3	27	16	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Maloney, cf.	2	0	1	2	0	0
Martin, ss.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Daniels, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Sterrett, 1b.	4	0	1	9	1	0
Zinn, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Chase, 2b.	4	0	2	1	1	0
Stump, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0	2
Sweeney, c.	4	0	0	7	0	0
McConnell, p.	3	0	1	1	3	0
Total	31	1	6	24	8	2

Two-base hits—Zinn, Speaker, Chase, and Lewis. Sacrifice hits—Martin and Maloney. Stolen base—Martin. Left on bases—Boston, 2; New York, 8. First base on balls—Off Hall, 3; off McConnell, 1. First base on errors—New York, 1. Hit by pitcher—Cady. Struck out—By Hall, 1; by McConnell, 7. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and O'Loughlin.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 1.—The Yankees outbatted the Red Sox to-day, and yet were unable to win. McConnell, who pitched, had the locals guessing all the time. They are credited with only three hits. One of these was a scratch, and another Manager Wolverton would have had called foul. McConnel's support, too, was in the main good enough to win, but Stump's error in the sixth inning was bad enough to offset any amount of good fielding. Seven men fanned, and only one was passed, while Hall, Boston's pitcher, passed three and struck out only one.

Both nines made their first scores in the fourth inning. For New York, after Sterrett had struck out, Zinn doubled, and scored on Chase's single. Stump forced Chase, and Sweeney flied out to Hooper.

When Hooper came to the bat, he hit safely to left and took second on Stump's wild throw. Yerkes popped to McConnell, and then Speaker doubled. Lewis fanned, and Gardner perished at first, Martin assisting.

The visitors connected with the ball safely in each of the remaining innings, save the ninth, but only Chase, in the sixth, got as far as third base. Hall was pitching his best ball.

With the score tied, Hooper began Boston's sixth inning by flying to Zinn in right field. Then came Stump's error on Yerkes's hit, which was as good for Boston as a two-base hit. McConnell thought it wisdom to pass Speaker, inasmuch as Lewis had struck out twice, but the move proved disastrous, as Lewis cracked the ball against the left field fence about two inches inside the foul line. Both Yerkes and Speaker trotted home, while Lewis planted himself on third base, whence he scored on Gardner's sacrifice a minute later.

It was one, two, three for Boston thereafter. Wagner and Hooper did some fine playing for Boston. McConnell's pitching was, however, the feature of the matinee. About 3,000 persons were in attendance.

Mullin Wins for Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., July 1.—Mullin held Cleveland to five hits to-day, three of these being made by Lajoie, who had a perfect day at bat. Detroit hit Gregg hard and won easily by a score of 8 to 2. The Tigers made seven of their runs after two were out. Score:

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b.	5	2	1	0	2
Bush, ss.	4	1	1	2	5
Cobb, cf.	4	2	2	3	0
C'wford, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Del'nty, lf.	3	0	2	2	1
Mori'ty, 1b.	3	1	1	16	0
Louden, 2b.	4	0	0	1	3
Stanage, c.	4	1	1	2	1
Mullin, p.	3	0	1	0	4
Total	33	8	11	27	15

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf.	3	1	0	1	0
Olson, ss.	3	0	0	1	8
Jackson, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	3	1	3	1	2
Griggs, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0
Bir'h'm, cf.	4	0	0	3	1
Turner, 3b.	3	0	1	0	2
O'Neil, c.	3	0	0	6	2
Gregg, p.	2	0	0	1	3
George, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Easterly	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	5	24	13

*Batted for Gregg in eighth inning.
Errors—Jackson, Lajoie, Turner.

Detroit ....0 0 2 0 3 3 0 0 .—8
Cleveland ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2

Hits—Off Gregg, 10 in seven innings; off George, 1 in one inning. Two-base hits—Bush, Cobb, Crawford, Griggs. Three-base hit—Turner. Stolen bases—Vitt, Cobb, Crawford, Moriarty, Lajoie. Sacrifice hits—Delehanty, Olson. Struck out—By Mullin, 1; by Gregg, 4; by George, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mullin, 1; off Gregg, 2. Double play—Delehanty and Stanage. First base on errors—Detroit. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 4. Passed ball—O'Neil. Hit by pitched ball—By Mullin, Lajoie; by Gregg, Moriarty. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Sheridan.

Athletics Bunch Hits and Win.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Philadelphia bunched hits on Groom in the sixth and seventh innings to-day and easily won from Washington, 6 to 2. Brown was a puzzle and McInnis's first base play featured the game. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, rf.	5	1	1	1	0
Oldring, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	0	2	6
Baker, 3b.	4	1	2	1	3
McInnis, 1b.	4	1	1	14	3
Strunk, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Der'ck, ss.	4	0	1	3	4
Lapp, c.	4	0	2	2	1
Brown, p.	4	0	0	1	3
Total	37	6	9	27	20

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sch'fer, 2b.	3	1	1	3	2
Foster, 3b.	3	0	1	2	3
Milan, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0
Walker, rf.	4	0	0	4	0
Shanks, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
McBride, ss.	4	0	0	0	5
Henry, c.	3	0	0	4	1
Groom, p.	2	1	0	0	1
Pelty, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Williams	1	0	0	0	0
†Cashion	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	4	27	12

*Batted for Groom in seventh inning.
†Batted for Pelty in ninth inning.
Errors—Derrick, Milan, 2; Groom.

Philadelphia ....1 0 0 0 0 3 2 0 0—6
Washington ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Gandil. Three-base hits—Oldring, Foster, Baker. Home run—Strunk. Hits—Off Groom, 9 in 7 innings; off Pelty, 0 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Oldring. Double play—Derrick, McInnis, and Baker. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 5. First base on balls—Off Brown, 5; off Groom, 3; off Pelty, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2; Washington, 1. Hit by pitcher—Baker by Pelty. Struck out—By Brown, 2; by Groom, 3. Passed ball—Henry, 1. Wild pitch—Groom. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Westervelt.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Columbus—Columbus, 4; Indianapolis, 2.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Kansas City, 1.
At St. Paul—Milwaukee, 5; St. Paul, 2.
Toledo at Louisville; rain.

New England League.

At Fall River—Worcester, 4; Fall River, 3.
At Lynn—Lynn, 4; Haverhill, 0.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 11; Lawrence, 1.
At Brockton—Lowell, 15; Brockton, 7.

Connecticut League.

At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 5; Waterbury, 2.

New York State League.

At Albany—Troy, 5; Albany, 2.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 1; Utica, 0.
At Elmira—Binghamton, 9; Elmira, 2.
At Scranton—Scranton, 1; Wilkesbarre, 0, (13 innings.)

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 3; Johnstown, 2.
At Atlantic City—Atlantic City, 5; Trenton, 4.
At Allentown—Allentown, 4; Wilmington, 3.
At York—York, 3; Reading, 1.

Southern League.

At Memphis—New Orleans, 7; Memphis, 5.
At Chattanooga—Birmingham, 6; Chattanooga, 4.
Other games postponed; rain.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke—Roanoke, 1; Richmond, 0.
At Petersburg—Petersburg, 3; Norfolk, 2.
At Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 1; Newport News, 0.

SPORTING EVENTS.
BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. Giants vs. Boston. Adm. 50c.

SQUADRON A BEATEN.

Port Chester Polo Team Again Victorious on Van Cortlandt Park Field.

The polo team of Squadron A, with a handicap of two goals, suffered its second defeat within a week yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park, at the hands of the Port Chester mallet wielders after an eight period contest by the final score of 5 1-2 goals to 3 1-2 goals. On last Friday the visitors humiliated the military players in a one-side contest by the score of 13 goals minus 1 1-2 goals, and the play yesterday was characterized by the best work witnessed at the local field this season.

Both sides played a very exciting game and in the fifth period the score was 3 1-2 goals all. With the handicap of two goals on their opponents the local team managed to score only two tallies, but lost one half a point by a foul committed by A. Newell in the third period. The play from start to finish was fast and furious at all times with both sides putting up a good brand of attack and defense. The winners totaled six goals, which showed a marked improvement in the playing of the Squadron players to that of last Friday.

Smidt and Boulton were the successful scorers for the Squadron team, while Dows, Downey, Crawford and Milbank all figured in the scoring for the visitors. The line-up:

PORT CHESTER.	SQUADRON A.
No. 1—E. Y. Clausen.	No. 1—A. C. Smidt.
No. 2—E. Milbank.	No. 2—A. Ely.
No. 3—E. L. Crawford.	No. 3—W. Boulton.
Back—D. Dows and E. Downey.	Back—J. B. Spencer and A. Newell.

Goals: First period—Milbank, 3:00; Dows, 5:07; Dows, 7:00. Second period—No goals. Third period—Downey, 6:07; Smidt, 8:30; foul against A. Newell. Fourth period—No goals. Fifth period—Boulton, 2:00; foul against Crawford. Sixth period—No goals. Seventh period—No goals. Eighth period—Crawford, 3:00; Milbank, 6:00. Time of periods—Seven minutes each. Referee—C. H. Holt.

WHEATLY CUP POLO.

Cooperstown Defeats Great Neck at Westbury, 9¼ to 6¾.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., July 1.—Cooperstown beat Great Neck to-day in the finals for the Wheatly cups, to be played for during this week, with a score of 9¼ to 6¾. Though the game was played mainly with low handicap men, the sport was interesting, and Cooperstown was hard pressed to make a win. The line-up:

COOPERSTOWN.	Hdc.	GREAT NECK.	Hdc.
Ed. Morgan	2	W. R. Grace	2
J. C. Rathborne	2	J. P. Grace	3
C. P. Beadleston	3	T. Le Boutellier	2
J. B. Thomas	3	H. C. Phipps	2
Total	10	Total	9

Referee—H. H. Holmes.

On the old field the Reds and Whites, with self-appointed team members, settled a little account later in the afternoon. What it was they didn't tell, but the result worth knowing is that the Reds came out victorious with a score of 11 earned goals to 30. The line-up: Reds—Watson Webb, Hamilton Hadden, Lawrence Waterbury, and George Milburn. Whites—J. H. Prince, J. H. Prince, Jr., E. L. Hopping, and J. B. Thomas.

News of the Tennis Courts.

Amherst and Princeton had it out in the second round of the Bronxville Athletic Association lawn tennis tournament yesterday before Charles L. Johnson, Jr., the winner of the New England intercollegiate championship, disposed of A. Tobey, the Princeton player, at 5—7, 6—2, 7—5. There was another match in the same round, which held the gallery on edge before Livingston Beekman, a youngster possessed of remarkable skill, disposed of Ralph L. Baggs of the West Side Club at 7—5, 4—6, 7—5.

These two matches stood out prominently above the rest of the field, which was rapidly narrowed to a third of its original proportions of sixty-four competitors. The Amherst star also used his service well, managing to make it most effective at the close of the third set, after the games had touched at deuce, and he had to force position in order to score at 7—5. The youthful Beekman, who received some valuable coaching from Thomas C. Bundy, the Californian, when he was at Newport last season, turned his lessons to good account against Baggs. Both of the players in this match worked fast and furiously, Beekman's condition helping him materially at the end.

Matches that were fought to the last ditch and then turned, with the savor of a reversal and the elimination of Charles M. Bull, Jr., the star of the Crescent Athletic Club; Wendell Kuhn of Princeton the share holder of the intercollegiate doubles title; Spencer Miller, Jr., the crack of the Amherst forces, and A. M. Hyde of the Harvard team; made the opening of the twenty-sixth annual holding of the Middle States lawn tennis championship tournament, at Mountain Station, N. J., yesterday as lively a series of competitions as the fixture has ever known.

Bull yielded up his place to Neal C. Stevens, the New York State player, who scored at 6—3, 3—6, 13—11. Kuhn, the Princeton player found the steadiness of James S. Cushman more exasperating than he had bargained for and he went out at 6—3, 6—2. Then another of the exponents of the accurate hard hitting game, G. A. L. Dionne of the West Side Club, snuffed the aspirations of Amherst and of Harvard. Spencer Miller first falling before him at 6—2, 6—1, and then A. M. Hyde, at 6—3, 6—1. Another collegian who played a losing, but interesting game was R. Loder of Middleburg College, who met defeat at the hands of Watson M. Washburn, the young Harvard player at 6—2, 6—2.

One of the matches of the day which attracted the most interest was the appearance of Holcombe Ward, the former National champion and internationalist. Ward played fully up to his old standard. He covered court well and at top smashing and volleying he was deadly disposing of Irving Giffin at 6—1, 6—3. Wallace F. Johnson, the former Pennsylvania State champion, divided the stellar honors with Ward.

Ban on Women Bettors.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 1.—The State Racing Commission to-day granted Fall racing dates as follows: Kentucky Racing Association, Lexington, Aug. 31 to Sept. 14, inclusive, thirteen days; Douglass Park, Louisville, Sept. 16 to Oct. 5, inclusive, eighteen days; New Louisville Jockey Club, Louisville, Oct. 7 to 16, inclusive, nine days; Latonia Agricultural Association, Latonia, Oct. 19 to Nov. 9, inclusive, nineteen days.

A new rule was offered to the effect that no association licensed by the Racing Commission shall permit pari-mutuel machines on any part of its grounds except in the betting ring and that no betting commissioners shall be employed to carry to or make any bets in the pari-mutuel machines, and that no tickets shall be sold except in the betting shed. The avowed purpose of this rule is said to be to prevent women from placing bets on the races through betting commissioners, which has heretofore been a common practice at all of the tracks. If the rule is adopted women will have to go to the betting sheds in person if they desire to wager money on horses.

Motor Cycle Racing at Brighton.

While practicing yesterday afternoon for his match race with Harry Klebes, the Philadelphia speed marvel, at the Stadium-Motordrome at Brighton Beach on Wednesday night, Arthur Chapple, the local motor pilot, reeled off a mile in 40 seconds flat, one-fifth of a second above the world's record of 0:39 4-5 held by Eddie Hasha on the Los Angeles Stadium. The feature of Wednesday's card promises some close racing, as Chapple will be out to maintain his unbroken string of victories since coming East, and Klebes will make an effort to return the defeat administered by Johnny Albright, the Denver phenom, on Sunday night. On Thursday afternoon, July 4, the New York State amateur championship will be decided. The cream of the "simon-pure" class will be brought together, with the likelihood of a local man taking the honor. In the feature event at the night carnival of the racers Arthur Chapple will hook up with Speedy Vandevetter of Philadelphia. The Quaker City lad will be the second man that has come to defeat the New York boy, and a great race is looked for.

Cyclist Makes World's Record.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 1.—Alfred Goullet, of Australia, riding against time, broke the world's record for one-mile, unpaced, at the Salt Palace bicycle track last night. Goullet's time was 1:32, which is 1-5 of a second faster than the old record.

Coulon vs. Wagner at Rink.

Johnny Coulon, the bantamweight champion, will make his first appearance in New York after an absence of two years, when he clashes with Joe Wagner at the St. Nicholas A. C. to-night. Coulon showed that he had lost none of his speed in his bout with Young Solzberg at the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn several weeks ago. He has been training at New Dorp for the past two weeks, and is confident that he will outpoint Wagner. The little east sider has been on Coulon's trail for more than a year, clamoring for a match. Two other ten-round bouts will be put on, bringing together Battling Hurley of Passaic vs Bobby Wilson of Utica and Eddie Kelley of Harlem vs. Kid Alberts.

Yale and Harvard Clubs to Play.

The annual baseball game between the Yale and Harvard Clubs of New York will be played this afternoon at the Country Club of Westchester at 5 o'clock. The privileges of the Country Club have been extended to all the members of the Harvard and Yale Clubs for the day, and it is expected that a large crowd of rooters from both clubs will be on hand to see the game and to dine together afterward at the Country Club. Such old Yale baseball stars as Philbin, Van Vleck, Rogers, Littlefield, Mallory, Johnson, Mackay, and Barnwell will play on the Yale Club nine, and old Harvard stars, Currier, Bart Hayes, Clark, Wrenn, C. R. and R. J. Leonard, and Kendall will represent Harvard.

SWIMMING.
SWIMMING GUARANTEED, 12 lessons, $5. PROF. TOPEL, Battery Bath, 8 to 8 daily. $5

GIBBONS KNOCKS OUT SID BURNS

St. Paul Welterweight Finishes English Champion in Fifth Round at Garden.

Young Shugrue of Jersey City and Johnny Dundee of New York fought ten hard rounds to a draw, Mike Gibbons of St. Paul stopped Sid Burns of England in five rounds, and Freddie Hicks of Detroit outpointed Jim Smith of Westchester in ten rounds at Madison Square Garden last night. The card, which was the best of the many all-star programmes recently arranged for local clubs, drew one of the largest crowds which ever attended a boxing show at the historic amphitheatre. At 9 o'clock the management announced that the entire seating capacity had been sold out. Hundreds lined both sides of the Garden outside the special enclosure for reserved seats and at the ends of the building. Close to 10,000 people witnessed the show.

The Dundee-Shugrue bout, originally scheduled to go on before the Burns-Gibbons encounter, was put on last, as Gibbons wished to catch a train for Chicago. The bout, as expected, proved to be the most evenly contested of the evening, and in a majority of the rounds the boys fought so evenly that it was difficult to draw any line on their work. Both were strong at every stage of the contest, and in no round did one show to any decided advantage over his opponent. There was nothing approaching a knockdown, and the only blood which was spilled during the bout came from a cut on Shugrue's head, the result of a head-on collision with Dundee.

The Jerseyite did his most effective work with his stomach punches, many of them crashing against the little Italian's stomach with an impact that echoed all over the big Garden. Dundee, on the other hand, did his most effective work with punches to Shugrue's head. His favorite blows were a straight left, which landed lightly as a rule, with a hard right to the head following. In the clinches Dundee realized that he had little chance to mix with his opponent so he devoted all his efforts to defensive work. Shugrue was a bit more aggressive than his opponent, but Dundee's fast footwork kept him from being damaged to any extent. From start to finish there was no let-up on the part of either boxer, and both were going strong at the final bell. Shugrue won the honors in the ninth round, but Dundee came back strong in the tenth and did more effective work than in any one of the preceding rounds. A return bout will most likely be arranged.

The Gibbons-Burns bout showed that the Englishman is wonderfully game, but out of his class in a boat with the St. Paul boy. Burns was not disturbed any at the reputation that Gibbons enjoys, and began to force matters in the opening round. For the first half of the round the Englishman was entitled to the honors, but near the finish Gibbons let out a little and evened matters. From this stage to the end it was all Gibbons. Mike clearly outpointed the Englishman in the second round without doing any great damage. In the third round Gibbons landed a right as Burns slipped, and the Englishman went down, but was up at the count of two. In the fourth round Burns was floored for the count of eight, but gamely got up and remained on his feet until the bell rang.

The fifth round was all Gibbons again. He floored Burns late in the round, but, instead of taking the count of nine, Burns got up as Referee John Tone counted four. A few seconds before the bell rang Gibbons landed a terrific right on Burns's jaw and he went down and out. The bell rang before he was counted out, but he was unable to answer the bell for the sixth round. Burns could not leave his corner for two minutes afterward.

The Hicks-Smith affair, the first of the tenrounders, resulted in a decisive victory for the Detroit boy. He did all the leading and clearly outpointed his opponent, who outweighed him by ten pounds. In the ninth round Smith got over a few hard punches, which gave him an even break for the round, but in all the other rounds Hicks had the advantage.

O'LEARY AND GOLDMAN DRAW

Featherweights in Fast Bout at Fordon A. C.—Both Boys Slug.

Young O'Leary, who was among the first ranks of the local featherweights less than two years ago, had all he could do last night in the main event of ten rounds at the Fordon A. C., to hold Young Goldman to a draw.

The bout was one of the best staged at the East Side club in some months, and resulted in a fast contest from start to finish. O'Leary had all the possible advantage over his opponent aside from ruggedness. He outweighed Goldman by four pounds, tipping the beam at 124 pounds, with height and reach thrown in. At close quarters Goldman had him on the jump and whipped over stinging rights and lefts to the stomach, but at long range O'Leary completely mastered the situation and jabbed and crossed his right to the face without any return.

From the start Goldman set out to mix matters and never let up in his attack until the end. In the fourth round O'Leary took a trip to the mat when Goldman caught him a crashing right swing on the point of the jaw. He was up like a flash and fought back gamely for the remainder of the round. In the first four rounds O'Leary appeared to be all in and puffed for wind at a fast rate during each session. After crossing the half-way mark of the contest he appeared to get stronger and stood up well under the heavy attack of his opponent. He drew blood from Goldman's nose in the ninth round, the session being all in favor of O'Leary. The tenth was a nip-and-tuck affair, with both trying as best he could to win, but the final bell found both slugging away, with honors about even.

BOXING CLUB TURNED DOWN.

Eureka A. C. Refused License—Want Boxing in Olympic Games.

The New York State Athletic Commission, at a special meeting yesterday afternoon, denied the applications of the Eureka Athletic Club which had applied for a license to conduct boxing shows at the Amsterdam Hall, 340 West Forty-fourth Street. At the commission's headquarters no reason for the refusal had been given out. It is generally understood however, that the commissioners consider that some of the officers of the former National Sporting Club are identified with the Eureka A. C.

The question of a licence came up about three weeks ago and it was announced at that time that the commissioners would make a thorough investigation into the matter before making a decision. The fact that the National Sporting Club officials surrendered their lease and withdrew from the legal contest with the commission at the same time that the new club presented its lease and asked for a licence led the commissioners to believe that the interests of the two clubs were much in common.

The commissioners signed the letter to Baron Pierre de Coubertin, President of the International Olympic Committee, protesting that boxing is not included in the programme of sports and asking that the sport be included in all future Olympic contests. Charles J. Harvey, Secretary of the commission, will sail this afternoon on the Mauretania and personally deliver the request to Baron de Coubertin.

The regular Wednesday meetings of the commission will be dispensed with during the Summer months. When business warrants it a special meeting will be held.

Royale A. C. Bouts To-night.

The regular weekly show of the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn will be put on to-night at the Clermont Avenue Rink. The feature bout will bring together Frankie Maher of South Brooklyn and Young Mike Goodman of New York. In another ten-round bout Joe Thiel of Philadelphia will clash with Battling Jack Smith. Walter Monaghan of Pittsburg will appear against the best middleweight the club can obtain in another ten-round bout.

OLDTOWN CANOES
$25 TO $50
Paddles $1.00.
2-pc. Bathing Suit, $1.00 up.
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ANNUAL N. Y. Y. C. CRUISE.

Squadron Will Rendezvous at Glen Cove on Aug. 7—Races at Newport.

Commodore C. Ledyard Blair has issued general orders for the annual cruise of the New York Yacht Club, which is to be held from Aug. 7 to 16, the rendezvous being at Glen Cove on Wednesday, Aug. 7, at 5 P. M. The racing features of the cruise will begin at Newport on Aug. 14 with the races for the Astor Cups, and on the following day, Aug. 15, the race for the King's Cup will take place.

The Captains of the squadron will meet on the flagship Diana on Aug. 7 at 9 P. M., and at 9:30 P. M. a reception will be held on the Diana for the Captains and their guests. The first squadron run will be held on Aug. 8 from Glen Cove to Smithtown Bay. On Friday, Aug. 9, the run will be to New London. The squadron run from New London to Newport will take place on Saturday, Aug. 10.

Sunday, Aug. 11, will be spent at Newport, when the squadron will dress ship at morning colors and will illuminate at 9 P. M. The squadron run on Monday, Aug. 12, will be from Newport to Vineyard Haven, and the return runwill be held on the following day. On Wednesday and Thursday, Aug. 14 and 15, the races for the Astor and Kings Cups will be held, and the squadron will disband on Friday, Aug. 16.

During the cruise the races for the Officers' Cups will be held, and the races for the Owl and Gamecock Colors are scheduled for Smithtown Bay on Aug. 8 at 6 P. M.

TWO YACHTS LOST.

Robin Hood and Chinook Cannot Be Located in Long Island Sound.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, July 1.—George C. Molloy, whose racing sloop, the Robin Hood, and Hazen Morse, whose sloop, the Chinook, sank in Saturday's squall in Long Island Sound, said to-day that they would not attempt to raise the boats, because they cannot locate them. The yachts are valued at about $10,000 each, and took down with them valuable silver trophies won in races.

Mr. Molloy and his crew, Harry Scoble and Leveritt Cross, both members of the younger social set of New Rochelle, lost their gold watches, jewelry, and about $100 in money which was in their clothes in the cabin. They had intended to attend a dance at the New Rochelle Yacht Club Saturday night. Mr. Molloy said to-day that when the squall struck them it was so dark that they could not see land and they did not know where they were. Both boats are on the bottom in about sixty feet of water.

Nearly every yacht in Echo Bay, New Rochelle, sustained some damage in the storm, and to-day their owners were busy getting ready for the Stratford Shoal race of the New Rochelle Yacht Club next Saturday.

AMERICANS WIN AGAIN.

Capture Clay Bird Shooting Competition at Olympic Games.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 1.—The United States added another to their list of victories at the Olympic games to-day by winning the clay bird shooting competition. The American team took the first prize and gold medal with a score of 532 out of a possible 600. Great Britain won the second prize and silver medal with a score of 511 while Germany was third with 510.

The best individual scores of the members of the victorious American team were: J. R. Graham, Chicago Athletic Association, 94; Charles W. Billings, Captain, 93; R. L. Spotts, Larchmont, Y. C., 90; J. H. Hendrickson, Bergen Beach, G. C., 89; Frank Hall, New York A. C., 86; A. F. Sleason, Boston A. C., 80.

In the shoot off of the tie for second place in the individual army shooting competition Lieutenant Osburn, U. S. N., secured second place with a score of 98. It is notable that this score actually beats the total made by the winner Procop.

Skogen, the Norwegian rifleman, was placed third with a score of 91 and the Greek representative was placed fourth. Sergeant Fulton of the British Army in consequence of the better scores made in the shoot off retires to fifth position with his score of 87.

A. P. Lane, representing the United States, to-day won the individual competition for revolver or pistol at a distance of fifty metres making a score of 499 in his sixty shots. The highest possible was 600.

At the 600 metre range in the individual army rifle shooting, Lieutenant Carl T. Osburn, U. S. N., Sergeant A. E. Jackson, Iowa, and Colas, representing France, tied with a score of 94 for first place. They will shoot off the tie tomorrow. Capt. A. L. Briggs, U. S. A., was fourth with 93. P. J. Dolfen, of the United States, was second in the individual competition for pistols at fifty metre with a score of 474. Stewart of England, and Laval of Sweden, tied with 470 for third place but as Stewart's shots were better placed he was awarded the third prize.

Columbia Oval's High Run.

Excellent scoring was witnessed in the cricket match at West New Brighton, S. I., yesterday between the Columbia Oval eleven, which ran up a total of 217 runs for the loss of five wickets, against the team representing the New York Veterans, the latter losing five wickets in compiling 99 runs. F. Mahabir, with a splendid innings of 80 not out for Columbia Oval, was top score. O. Turville and H. Rimotar, with 58 and 53, respectively, ran him very close for the batting honors. L. Camacho added 20 to the Columbia Oval total. For the Veterans, Sidney Deane played in his usual good form for 25, Robinson and Radford scoring 24 and 23 respectively. Owing to the strong batting, the bowling figures were not particularly good, the best record being made by J. D. Cave, with two wickets for 21 runs. Comacho, Bell, and Mahabir of Columbia Oval each obtained a wicket at a cost of 13, 14, and 18 runs.

RALPH ROSE PUTS SHOT BEYOND RECORD

Drawings of Runners for Heats in Olympic Races Bring Americans Together.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, July 1.—The American athletes are recovering their land legs after their fortnight at sea and express the liveliest satisfaction at having arrived at the scene of operations.

They are now seriously training for the work ahead of them involved in the effort to win the Olympic games. Mike Murphy, the coach, is keeping them busy at practice in the field.

They are watched by a crowd of cosmopolitan spectators from the other teams, curious to gain some insight into the prowess of their American rivals.

The sprinters to-day ran a couple of heats, five men turning out at each. Two fine races were run, with the watch showing inside of eleven seconds on each occasion. The finishes were close in each case.

The head of the Swedish athletic team believes he has developed a very serviceable body of athletes, but he says the Americans are so masterful all around that it is possible his team won't be able to raise the winning flag. Nevertheless he asserts that Sweden has the best all-around team next to America.

STOCKHOLM, July 1.—Athletes in training are proverbially high strung, like opera singers. The American Olympians are no exception. The big ship lies in midstream, the athletes pacing deck looking longingly toward the lights of the interesting city just beyond their reach. Their colleagues of other nationalities quartered ashore are permitted to stroll around the town until bedtime.

The Americans are in rebellous temper against their stricter training. They think they should be permitted equal liberty with the others. The entire team, however, went ashore morning and afternoon to-day for hard practice. Ralph Rose, the San Francisco weight man, put the shot two inches beyond the record. All showed well.

As a result of the drawings of the first heats to-night, several Americans will be pitted against each other. The most notable of these are Clement P. Wilson, Coe College, and Howard P. Drew, Springfield, Mass., High School, in the 100 meters; Ralph C. Craig, Detroit A. C., and P. C. Gerhardt, Olympic A. C., San Francisco, in the same event; Carl C. Cooke, Cleveland A. C., and Craig, in the 200 meters; Edward F. Lindberg, Chicago A. A., and James M. Rosenberger, Irish-American A. C., in the 400 meters; Melvin W. Sheppard, Irish-American A. C., Harry S. Gissing, Irish-American A. C., and James E. Meredith, Mercersburg Academy, in the 800 meters; David S. Caldwell, Massachusetts Agriculture College, and Walter McClure, Olympic A. C., San Francisco, in the same event; Herbert N. Putnam, Cornell University, and N. J. Patterson, Chicago A. A., in the 1,500 meters.

A large number of Americans were among those who welcomed the first delegation of the British athletes, who arrived to-night. The Englishmen numbered forty-nine, and included the principal stars. The remainder of the English and Canadians will reach here to-morrow morning. Anglo-American relations promise better than in the London Olympic games.

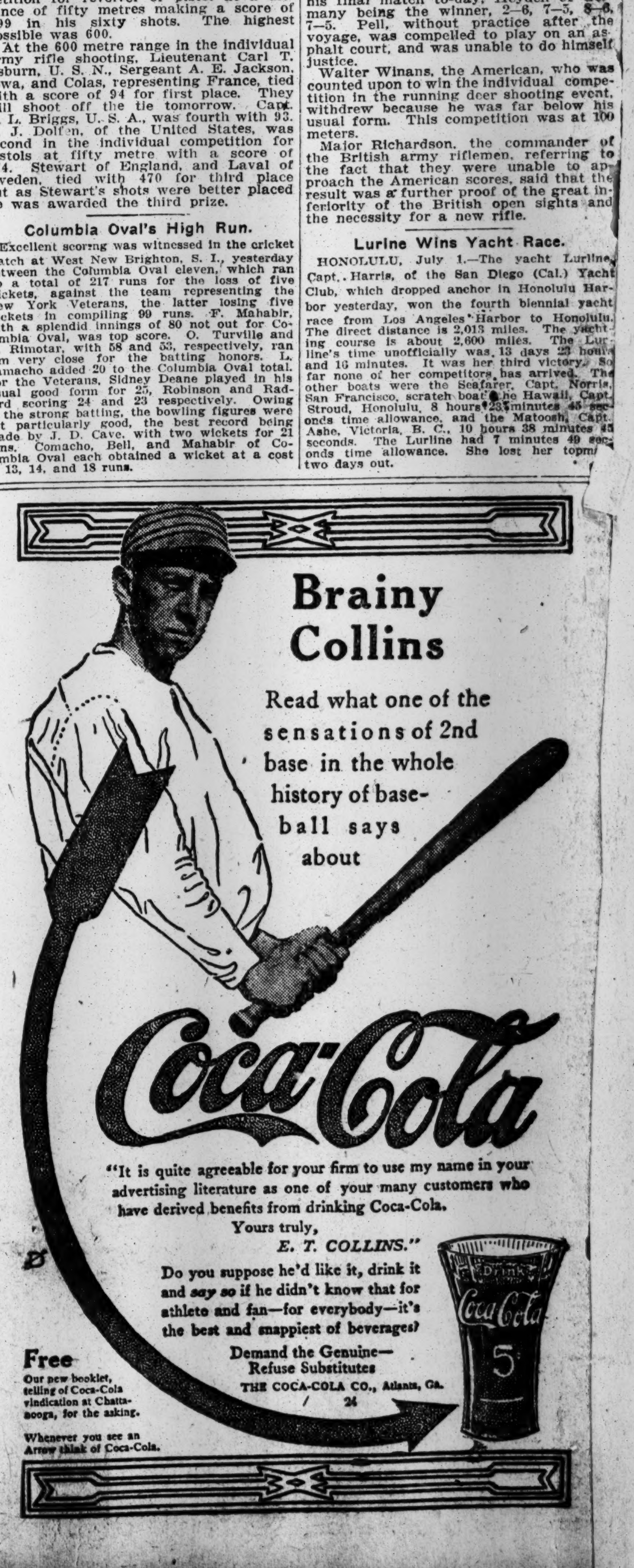
The only American tennis player in the tennis competition, Theodore Roosevelt Pell, whose entry, through a telegraphic error, had led Stockholm to believe that the ex-President's son was coming, lost his final match to-day, Heyden of Germany being the winner, 2—6, 7—5, 8—6, 7—5. Pell, without practice after the voyage, was compelled to play on an asphalt court, and was unable to do himself justice.

Walter Winans, the American, who was counted upon to win the individual competition in the running deer shooting event, withdrew because he was far below his usual form. This competition was at 100 meters.

Major Richardson, the commander of the British army riflemen, referring to the fact that they were unable to approach the American scores, said that the result was a further proof of the great inferiority of the British open sights and the necessity for a new rifle.

Lurine Wins Yacht Race.

HONOLULU, July 1.—The yacht Lurline, Capt. Harris, of the San Diego (Cal.) Yacht Club, which dropped anchor in Honolulu Harbor yesterday, won the fourth biennial yacht race from Los Angeles Harbor to Honolulu. The direct distance is 2,013 miles. The yachting course is about 2,600 miles. The Lurline's time unofficially was 13 days 23 hours and 16 minutes. It was her third victory. So far none of her competitors has arrived. The other boats were the Seafarer, Capt. Norris, San Francisco, scratch boat; the Hawaii, Capt. Stroud, Honolulu, 8 hours 23 minutes 45 seconds time allowance, and the Matoosh, Capt. Ashe, Victoria, B. C., 10 hours 38 minutes 45 seconds. The Lurline had 7 minutes 49 seconds time allowance. She lost her topmast two days out.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FEW LONGSHOREMEN ANSWER STRIKE CALL

Little Success Attends Attempt of Ship Workers' Union to Tie Up Coast Lines.

LONGSHORE LEADERS OPPOSE

Police Prevent Strikers Holding Open-Air Meeting — New Men in Old Employes' Places.

The attempt of the National Transport Workers' Federation of America to bring about a general tie up of coastwise shipping by calling the longshoremen at this port out on strike yesterday did not meet with success, and last night the officers of the union admitted that the number of men who went out was a disappoint to them. Longshoremen on the piers of the Savannah, Clyde, and Mallory Lines quit, but within three hours after this happened the officials of the lines said that they had obtained all the freight handlers they wanted.

Before the official announcement was made tugs had arrived bearing emergency men, and H. H. Raymond, Vice President of the Clyde and Mallory Lines, and the head of the Coastwise Steamship Association, which is resisting the demands of the men, took inquirers on a tour of inspection of the vessels and piers to show them that work was going on as though there had been no strike declared.

The strike of the longshoremen was called by the federation to assist the firemen, seamen, and others now out on strike. It was hoped by the federation that the determination of the longshoremen who attended the meeting at strike headquarters, 229 West Street, on Sunday, to strike would bring about a widespread strike among the 75,000 or more longshoremen employed at this port. The federation leaders did not reckon with the leaders of the various longshoremen's unions, and these are opposed to the longshoremen striking. There were representatives of the unions on hand yesterday morning, and when the men were approached by messengers from the Transport Workers' Federation calling on them to strike, they were warned that no strike had been officially called, and were told to continue at their work. This had a very discouraging effect upon all missionary work.

It is said at strike headquarters that at least 2,000 longshoremen are now out on strike. The steamship men, on the other hand, fix the number of strikers at 300, and say this estimate is generous. The latter estimate is probably near the mark.

Ships' Sailing Not Delayed.

Two of the vessels of the lines upon which a strike had been called sailed yesterday, and it is said they got away without much delay. The Old Dominion liner Princess Anne sailed for Norfolk at 3 P. M. on time, and the Clyde liner San Diego got away in the afternoon.

"The crew of the San Diego refused to strike," said Mr. Raymond. "So far as we are concerned, this strike is broken. We can get all the men we want for the engine department, seamen, and men to work along shore.

At strike headquarters there is still confidence that the strike will succeed. It was estimated that fully 32,000 men had been called out here and at other ports. When this estimate was given it was figured that 12,000 longshoremen were out. Recruits to the ranks of the seaman and fireman strikers were obtained, it was said, from the incoming Bermudian, the Colorado of the Mallory Line, the Southern Pacific liner Proteus, and the Clyde liner Mohawk. The number of these strikers, it was said, was not known.

George C. Bodine, head of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, received a telegram from Mobile, Ala., announcing that on the arrival there of the Mallory liner Comal all her firemen had struck. This, said Mr. Bodine, was only one of the many telegrams received announcing the spread and the progress of the strike.

The Marine Cooks and Stewards' Association, affiliated with the Transport Workers' Association, has issued a circular announcing their refusal to join the strike and giving their grievance against the federation. This action did not meet with universal approval of the members and they want to strike. They declare that those of the lines which have signed the federation demands have granted an increase in pay, in which they would have shared had they struck. These dissatisfied men blame their leaders for the loss of pay. Ballots are being sent to members of the union asking them whether they want to strike in defiance of their leaders.

There was such a stormy argument at union headquarters, 4 South Street, that the police had to be called to preserve order. One man became so strenuous in his indignation over the failure to call a strike, that he got hit in the face. Then when a detective attempted to lead him out of the union rooms some one pushed the offender through a glass door.

Police Out to Handle Cooks.

At that time there were probably 200 stewards and cooks in the place and about the doors, all anxious to strike, and they became so boisterous that the police reserves of the Old Slip Station were sent for to keep the crowd within bounds. These happenings brought hope to the strikers at the federation headquarters in West Street.

During the afternoon delegations of seamen, firemen, and longshoremen attempted to hold open air meetings in West Street, between Spring and Clarkson Streets. They had no permits to gather in the street, and the police spent about three hours breaking up the groups as soon as they formed. The men went away quietly and to-day, it was said, they would apply to the Mayor for the necessary permits.

Both sides declared last night that victory was in sight. The steamship men say that the strikers are greatly exaggerating the number of men of all classes of work who have gone out on strike. Mr. Raymond, speaking for all the lines involved, said that the strike was not spreading, and that the only inconvenience to the lines to date had been the time, trouble and money it had cost in getting men to take the places of the strikers. The lines, he said, had plenty of men to take the places of those who struck. It was said that if all the men on the seven lines now combined to deal with the strike situation went out, there would only be 1,136 men on strike. The Arapahoe, one of the largest vessels, it was said, only carries twenty-one men in the engine room.

"It is a fact, and not wild guessing," said Mr. Raymond, "that not 400 men of every vocation went out on the ships, and I very much doubt if the total number on all the lines affected was higher than 200. It is a commonplace for crews to leave a vessel when she reaches port, and we expect it. Therefore the strike was to us a matter that we have dealt with regularly, and we have dealt with it promptly and satisfactorily to the companies and the public.

"The steamship companies are in business primarily to make money, but they are a public utility, and we are serving the public now just as well as we have always.

"We can't afford to deal with the unions, for their demands are inconsistent with the operation of the steamship business. They want to operate the business for us, and we can't let them do that. It would ruin discipline and ruin the business. Some of the men who shipped from here left their ships at southern ports, and how they will get home I do not know. Unfortunately, our laws make every American port a home port, therefore they cannot be punished for deserting a ship. But we had no trouble in filling their places, and we can fill the place of every other man who goes out with competent men, thoroughly trained in the work."

It became known yesterday afternoon, from advices sent here from Washington, that the United States Navy Department would supply enlisted men to operate the Government-owned Panama Railroad & Steamship Company, which has six ships plying between this port and Colon with supplies of food for the canal workers and materials for the Panama Canal itself. That the intention of the Panama Line was to break the strike, so far as that line was concerned, was evident from the attitude of the officials yesterday. One of the heads of the line said that several batches of naval men are now awaiting orders to take the places of the strikers if required.

The Cristobal of the Panama line is listed to sail for Colon at 3 P. M. to-day, and the Panama of the same line is scheduled to sail for the same port tomorrow. For both of these ships crews have already been recruited from the navy, and are only waiting to be called upon. If the unions call out the crews at present employed on the ships, officials of the line say they will have nothing more to do with the unions.

NAVAL MEN FOR PANAMA SHIPS.

The Government Will Not Permit the Crippling of the Canal Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The strike of the coal passers, firemen, water tenders, and other employes on ships of the Panama Railroad Company, as part of the general strike of shipping employes, will not be allowed to interfere with the progress of work on the Panama Canal. Acting Secretary Winthrop met the situation to-day by deciding to fill all places where employes of the steamships had struck with men from the regular naval service. This the navy can do without crippling the service and with decisive effect.

The treatment of its men by the Panama Railroad Company has been such that hitherto it has not suffered from any previous strikes of the sort, and its employes admit now that they have no real grievance.

The operation of the ships is essential for the continuance of the work on the canal. The vessels carry food for the workers as well as all needed material.

"It is impossible," said Mr. Winthrop to-day, "for the Government to permit any interruption of this service. Men will be taken, if necessary, from the navy to operate these ships, and arrangements to that effect have already been made."

TO ARREST MEN AS MUTINEERS.

Federal Authorities at New Orleans Get Warrants Against Strikers.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Warrants, charging revolt and mutiny were issued to-day by Federal authorities against the forty-five members of the engine-room crew of the Southern Pacific ship Antilles, who left their work Saturday in connection with the strike of the National Transport Workers after the vessel had left her dock.

The firemen's places were filled and the vessel sailed for New York yesterday after a day's delay.

Officials of the union say the strike is on to the finish.

COMAL TIED UP AT MOBILE.

Enginemen and Seamen Desert the Liner on Arriving There.

MOBILE, Ala., July 1.—On the arrival of the Mallory liner Comal from New York and Pensacola late last night, the firemen, coal passers, and oilers quit the steamer and reported to their local Secretary for the coastwise ship strike. Later they were joined by several seamen.

The Mallory agent said he thought the places of the strikers would be filled in time for the Comal to sail to-morrow.

Strike All Over at Boston.

BOSTON, July 1.—Indications to-day were that the strike of the marine firemen for higher wages had virtually been settled. Most of the steamship companies here have signed the new wage scale presented by the union. The sailings of some of the coastwise steamers were delayed yesterday and Saturday, but all craft departed on time this forenoon.

RAILROADERS' DEMANDS UP.

Firemen to Give Answer To-day to Suggestion for Arbitration.

The committee representing the firemen on fifty-one Eastern railroads, which some time ago submitted demands for higher wages and new working conditions to the representatives of these railroads, had its first conference yesterday at the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, with a committee representing the roads.

The railroads were represented by the committee of general managers who considered the demands of the locomotive engineers, which are to be arbitrated.

J. C. Stuart, Vice President and General Manager of the Erie Railroad, who is Chairman of the committee of managers, suggested that action on the demands of the firemen, which were made under the auspices of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, be deferred until the arbitration of the engineers' demands was concluded.

"I wish to say," he said, "that the Eastern railroads have no more money than they had when the engineers made their demands, which are being arbitrated. Yet you made demands on the railroads which, if conceded, would add at least $20,000,000 a year to their present expenses. Of the two avenues open in carrying on negotiations, one is the holding of a long series of conferences ending by a strike vote being taken, with the prospect of more conferences and the possibility of the matters in dispute being referred to arbitration. The other is the quicker and surer way, and that would be to refer the whole matter at once to arbitration."

The committee representing the firemen could not decide at once, and promised to take the matter up and report its decision at another conference called for the purpose this morning. W. S. Carter, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen, acting as spokesman for this committee. The latter held a conference in the Broadway Central Hotel in the afternoon over the suggestions of Mr. Stuart. Grand Chief Carter said last night that no decision had been reached on the matter, and nothing was to be said until the committee met the representatives of the railroads to-day.

ASKS BALDWIN TO FIND BOY.

Woman Addresses Governor as "Mayor" of Connecticut.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., July 1.—Appealing to Gov. Baldwin as the "Mayor" of Connecticut to find a boy who has left his home, Mrs. Grant Fleming of Harrisburg, Penn., wrote thus:

"The boy is my sister's son and when she died my brother had him sent here to me. As he is in the signal corps at Wyoming, and never has seen the boy and will be very disappointed if he is not found. No need for this boy to be out in the world, as he has two uncles and two aunts whom are willing to look after him until big. Now please try and find our boy, as I am prostrated and tell him to write me as I am perfectly sick over him going away.

"We tried to show him all the pleasure we could. Let him go to all the big shows that came. I do not know why he should not be contented here, he helped me around the house but he did not need to, he always wanted to. Now if he is found tell him to let me hear from him right away and be sure and come and see his uncle Stanley the middle of August. If he will not come back, make him write to me as I am worried sick. His name is Dallas Mays.

PROF. BOHLEN DIVORCED.

Wife Wins Suit Against Member of Pennsylvania Faculty.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—Mrs. Margaret W. Bohlen obtained a divorce today from Francis H. Bohlen, Professor of Law at the University of Pennsylvania, on the ground of desertion. They had been separated for a number of years.

Mr. Bohlen is a member of the Philadelphia Cricket, Philadelphia Huntingdon Valley Rabbit, Racquet, and St. Anthony Clubs, and is also a member of the Sons of the Revolution. He played for the Gentlemen of Philadelphia against Lord Hawke's cricketers in the series from 1891 to 1896, and was one of the mainstays in the batting of several of the most important matches. In 1889 he won the local golf championship.

FIND 36 BODIES IN REGINA RUINS

Searchers Rescue 75 Girls from Storm-Wrecked Telephone Building.

DEATH TOLL PUT AT FIFTY

Y. W. C. A. Members Escape by a Miracle—City Park a Mass of Debris—$25,000 for Victims.

Special to The New York Times.

REGINA, Saskatchewan, July 1.—This city, stunned by the calamity brought by yesterday's cyclone, is a city of the dead to-day. Flags float at half mast, and all Dominion Day celebrations have been canceled.

The streets are a litter of broken timber, masonry, and iron, and many of them are blocked from traffic. At every corner are Constables, the city being under martial law. The storm came so suddenly that few are able to describe what really happened. A few minutes before 5 o'clock Regina was enjoying one of the brightest of Sunday afternoons. Pleasure seekers were on the lakes. Citizens who possessed automobiles rode about the city as a relief from the sweltering heat. Suddenly from the southwest an enormous dark cloud appeared, increasing in size, and the storm broke. In a moment all was chaos.

Searchers have so far recovered thirty-six bodies in the ruins caused by the tornado. Hundreds of workers have been busy in the débris all day.

The death list will probably not exceed fifty. The military has been recalled from its annual encampment, and is in charge of the city.

THE DEAD.

AYER, Mrs. A. H.
BRIAN, J. J., manager of the Thorp and Anderson Company.
BLENAHOM, Mr. and Mrs. FRANK.
CRAVEN, GEORGE.
COFFEE, JAMES P.
CRABB, WILLIAM.
DONALDSON, ARTHUR.
FREMPTON, F.
FERGUSON, JOHN.
GUTHRIE, Mrs.
GREY, O.
HARRIS, T. W.
HINDSON, Mrs. FRED.
HINDSON, JAMES.
HOUSE, Rev. LEWIS.
HODSMAN, LAURENCE, ten years old.
LOGIC, Mrs., and child.
LYON, CHARLES.
McCAY, Mrs. J. L., and two children.
McDOUGAL, Mrs., and three daughters.
McDONALD, Mrs. W. T.
McKILLOPP, A. B.
McMURDO, WILLIAM.
RESTADD, M. F.
SCOTT, G.
SHAW, Mrs. WILLIAM.
WILSON, W. J., and three unidentified Chinamen.

INJURED.

BATES, LOIS.
BLONKHORN, F.
BRUCE, Mrs. A.
DUNN, JAMES.
DUNN, Mrs. JAMES.
GARSTON, FRANK.
GRAHAM, JESSIE.
GRAHAM, Mrs.
GORDON, Mrs. F. P.
HOLMES, Mrs. SUSAN.
HUDSON, J. R.
KEISTER, CARL.
LOUICKS, JAMES.
McKEGNY, Mr.
NYKINS, ELLEN.
PEASORTSON, ALEXANDER.
SAUNDERS, VERA.

The storm lasted only a short time—in fact, it was over so quickly that the people hardly had time to realize what had taken place, and some of the escapes from death were miraculous.

Buildings only a block from the path of the storm were injured only slightly. The first intimation those outside of the storm zone had of the disaster was when three girls who had escaped from the wrecked telephone exchange belonging to the Government telephone lines appeared at a newspaper office and told their experiences. The young women had slid from the second floor of the telephone building to the basement, carried down by a fifteen-ton switchboard.

The escape of the seventy-five girls working in the exchange was probably the most miraculous of any. The building was demolished. It was at first believed that a large number had been killed. Supt. J. R. Sutherland had wired the general office at Winnipeg that probably twenty girls had been killed and forty injured. This, however, proved to be untrue.

The exchange is a pile of brick and mortar and a tangle of wires. This was one of the first buildings which the rescuers attacked. Moans and cries coming from the débris made them work with all haste. One by one the girls were reached, and it was found that only one was injured. Miss Russell was injured internally, and it is feared she will die.

Roof Blown Above Their Heads.

On Lorn Street, one of the principal residence thoroughfares scarcely a building is left standing.

W. G. Allen, editor of The Daily Province, with Mrs. Allen, occupied one of the demolished houses on Lorn Street.

"We lost practically everything," said Mr. Allen, "but were lucky to come out alive. It is a harrowing experience to see the roof actually blown from over your head. I thought it was surely our time to go, but we came out with only a few bruises and cuts from flying glass. We were sitting on the veranda shortly before the storm broke, and great black-looking clouds were rolling rapidly toward each other in the southeast. Then before we had time to close our windows the air was filled with flying debris, and the storm broke in all its fury."

There were sixty girls in the Y. W. C. A., which faced on Central Park. One side of the building was torn out, the roof was whirled away and the windows were blown in and most of the furniture wrecked. How the girls escaped is a miracle. Miss Morton, secretary, said she saw the storm coming and ran upstairs with several girls to put down the windows.

"I had just got the windows shut," she said, "when the storm hit us. The windows came through with a crash, and I thought the building was going. It shook like a leaf. I ran into a closet and drove several of the girls before me. It was all over in a minute. I thought surely the girls were all killed. Most of them, however, ran out to the park and hid under the bushes. How they were not killed by the flying débris I cannot understand. Only three were injured, and these not seriously."

Probably no citizen of Regina is so hard hit by this calamity as ex-Mayor A. W. Laird. His home, his big forwarding company warehouse, and his wholesale warehouse are totally or partially destroyed.

"I estimate my total loss at about $125,000," said Mr. Laird. "To-morrow we commence the erection of temporary quarters. It is a total loss, as the insurance policies did not cover this cause."

Saved, Pinned Under Furniture.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Smith were away from their home when the cyclone struck. Their two sons, Hartley and Gilbert, aged 8 and 16, respectively, were pinned under the furniture when the house collapsed, and that alone saved them.

Central Park, in the heart of the city, is a mass of ruins. Every tree is levelled. Great pieces of timber have been driven into the ground two or three feet.

The electric light plant supplying the city was put out of commission when the storm struck, adding confusion and retarding the work.

Many freaks of the wind are shown. The roof of a factory building was carried three blocks and crashed through a handsome new residence. Four livery stables were demolished and every horse in each of them killed.

The railway yards is a flat expanse of car remains in the yard. Some of them were picked up by the wind and carried for several blocks. One was hurled through the freight yards. The whole north side of the city is practically wiped out. No one knows how many are dead on that side.

A canoe was carried from Wascana Lake to Victoria Park, a distance of nearly a mile, and dropped there. Sailing vessels were picked out of the water and strewn over the southern portion of the city. The cupola of the Baptist Church was dropped in the middle of the street three blocks away.

There were many pathetic incidents in the night search for dead and wounded, when the workers discovered some member of their own family among the débris. Husbands were searching for wives and mothers for children. Men would stop in their work of rescue from time to time to inquire from a passing acquaintance for news of friends or relatives. Many families were separated at the time of the storm. The day had been extremely hot and many had sought comfort in the parks. A large number of people were out on the waters of Wascana Lake when the storm broke, and five are known to have drowned, failing to reach the shore in time. Every home left standing has been thrown open to the homeless.

Mayor McAra, the civic authorities, and a number of prominent citizens have formed a relief organization. Two temporary hospitals have been opened, one in Immigration Hall and one in a city block, each being supplied with doctors and nurses who have volunteered their services.

Premier Scott has notified Mayor McAra that the Provincial Government would place $25,000 at the disposal of the city authorities, and that more would be forthcoming if necessary.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, July 1.—Acting Premier George H. Perley received a brief message to-day from Commissioner Perry of the Northwest Mounted Police, at Regina, confirming press reports as to the gravity of the cyclone disaster. Mr. Perley has wired to the Mounted Police to render every assistance. He is also taking steps to have the Department of Military and Defense go to the relief of the sufferers with tents and other camp equipment.

WANTS GARDENER FOR PARKS

City Club Learns Many Trees and Shrubs Are Lost from Lack of Care.

Charles Strong, President of the City Club, has written to the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen, saying that the club is in favor of the appointment of a landscape gardener for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, which are under the jurisdiction of Commissioner Stover. It believes, says Mr. Strong, that the supervision of trees and shrubbery should be under the direction of a competent arboriculturist, who would save much valuable property that is now being destroyed. Mr. Strong says he is informed that not less than $10,000 worth of rhododendrons were lost last Winter, largely through wrong methods of fertilization.

At present the Park Department has a landscape architect, who is mainly occupied with schemes affecting the general lay-out of the parks, and a Superintendent, who is responsible for the management of the park force. Neither of these officials, it is contended, had to be expert in the actual care of trees and shrubs.

WILLIAM P. MURPHY MISSING.

Fears of Foul Play —A General Alarm Out for Him.

The police sent out a general alarm last night for William P. Murphy, a well-to-do dealer in hay and feed, whose business is at 788 Morris Avenue and his home at 1,020 Walton Avenue, the Bronx. Mr. Murphy has been missing since last Thursday, and his relatives fear he is the victim of foul play.

They do not believe that he met with an accident, because they have found no trace of the horse and buggy in which Mr. Murphy drove from his office Thursday to collect several bills in Harlem.

He told his brother Edward where he was going, and at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon telephoned that he was on his way home, and asked his brother to wait. The brother waited till 7 o'clock, and when Mr. Murphy did not return started a search for him. No trace of him or his rig has been found since.

PIPING PRICES UP.

Pittsburgh Mills Increase Those of Sizes Above Six-Inch $2 a Ton.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., July 1.—Announcement is made by the Association of Pipe Manufacturers that, beginning to-day, the price of all sizes of pipe above six-inch will be advanced $2 a ton. The increase is in line with the rising prices in other lines, plates, merchant bars and iron bars going up $2 a ton within the last sixty days. The advance in raw material, the association says, justifies the higher price of large size pipes. The change will be felt most in the oil and gas fields, where the larger sizes are used extensively.

The mills are three months behind in deliveries and are refusing to take short-time contracts with a delivery guarantee clause. The rush of orders and the scarcity of labor have created an abnormal condition.

It was said to-day that an advance of $1 a ton on wire goods will be announced next week. The demand for fencing and nails is heavy and the mills are unable to keep up with the orders.

MASSEY TO SUCCEED NIXON.

Former Chief Justice of Nevada Accepts Senatorial Appointment.

RENO, Nev., July 1.—In a letter to Gov. Tasker Oddie of Nevada to-day, George Wingfield declined the appointment of U. S. Senator to succeed the late George S. Nixon.

The Governor immediately offered the appointment to W. A. Massey, former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Nevada, who announced to-night that he would accept.

QUARANTINE RAT KILLING.

Vessel from Port Infected by Plague Thoroughly Disinfected.

Under a new rule, which went into operation yesterday at Quarantine affecting all steamships arriving from ports infected by bubonic plague, the New York and Porto Rico liner Coama from San Juan was detained and thoroughly disinfected. The rats on board were exterminated by order of Health Officer O'Connell, to prevent them from carrying germs ashore.

The Coama was allowed to go up to the anchorage off Liberty Island, where her passengers and perishable freight were taken off in a tender.

Liner Launched for Royal Mail Co.

The agents of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company received a cable from Southampton yesterday announcing the launching of the new liner Drina of 11,500 tons at Belfast, which is one of a new type of ship being constructed for the South American trade on the opening of the Panama Canal.

Troup to Control Reading Newspaper

READING, Penn., July 1.—Alexander Troup, manager of the New Haven Union, has been elected President of the Reading Printing Company, publishers of The Reading Telegram (evening,) and Reading Times, (morning.) Walter F. Dumser, recently with The New Haven Union, has been made editor and general manager.

McClure Co. Increases Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 1.—The McClure Publication Company, which publishes McClure's Magazine, filed with the Secretary of State to-day, a notice of increase of capital stock from $50,000 to $2,900,000. The stock is divided into $900,000 preferred and $2,000,000 common. The certificate is signed by Frederic L. Collins, Chairman, and Cameron MacKenzie, Secretary.

PORT'S COMMERCE BOOMING.

Merchandise Imports Up $103,583,256 for 1912—Exports Increase, Too.

William Loeb, Jr., Collector of the Port, gave out a statement yesterday of the commerce of the Port of New York for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912, as compared with 1911. An increase of $103,583,256 in merchandise imports is shown, while there was an increase of $45,761,828 in domestic and foreign exports. The withdrawals from warehouses show a falling off of $7,147,000, and the receipts from regular customs duties declined $4,611,803. The gold and silver imports amounted to $31,374,762, a decrease of $5,197,414, as compared with the previous year. Exports of the precious metals increased $30,802,602. Miscellaneous duties collected were $2,390,426 less than in the previous twelve months. The total for the years are as follows:

	1911.	1912.
Imports of merchandise	$882,295,655	$985,878,911
Exports of domestic merchandise	756,173,493	804,137,534
Exports of foreign merchandise	16,078,475	13,876,332
Merchandise withdrawn from warehouses	97,090,434	89,943,434
Customs duties collected	204,846,262	200,234,459
Miscellaneous duties collected	6,566,249	4,175,823
Gold and silver imports	36,572,176	31,374,762
Domestic gold and silver exports	49,215,264	77,296,582
Foreign gold and silver exports	4,578,775	6,580,150

INDIANS IN FOURTH PARADE.

Four Chiefs and Distinguished Squaws to March—A Field Hospital.

Announcements from Mayor Gaynor's Fourth of July Committee say that every effort is being made to make this year's demonstration, particularly the morning parade, the greatest and most interesting that New York has ever seen. Indications of a much cooler day than last year further insure the success of the committee's plans.

City Hall Park will be the setting for many of the new features. There will be set up in the park a complete field hospital at the suggestion of the National Volunteer Emergency Service, and it is intended to provide instant medical attention wherever needed on the line of march from Faunce's Tavern to the City Hall. There will be a corps of medical officers and nurses in attendance and a military ambulance will accompany the parade. The hospital will have the personal supervision of Gen. F. Elbert Davis, M. D., Adjutant General of the National Volunteer Emergency Service.

In the third division of the parade there will be real Indians in line, and Indians of importance, too. There will be four chiefs, Big Kettle of the Senecas, Little Thunder, White Bear, and Red Eagle of the Mohawks. Dainty Miss White Fawn, a princess of the Algonquin tribe, Prairie Flower, Falling Star, and Miniolla, distinguished squaws of ex-Mohawk chiefs, carrying on their backs little Mohawk papooses, will also show their patriotism by marching in the parade.

The Irish have been given the first place in the march of the nations, and aside from all the Hibernian societies in the city there will be groups of Irish athletes, dressed in hurling and football costumes. Denis Buckley, of the Kerrymen's Association, has sent a request to every Irish hurler and football player in the city to meet him at City Hall in full uniform at 9:30 A. M.

Following the parade the Irish delegations will go to Celtic Park where athletic games and separate patriotic exercises have been arranged. The celebration will be concluded at night with a great fireworks display.

NEWPORT SUFFRAGISTS MEET

Mrs. Belmont Addresses Gathering at Mrs. Julia Ward Howe's Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1.—On the lawn of the Summer residence of the late Mrs. Julia Ward Howe in Portsmouth, now occupied by her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John Elliott, the first Suffragist meeting of the season was held this afternoon by the Newport County Woman's Suffrage League, with Miss Cora Mitchell of Bristol Ferry in the chair.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont spoke of the suffrage work the women of Hempstead, L. I., were doing in the schools, while the Rev. William Safford contrasted prominent women in Newport, who pay large taxes and could not vote on the expenditures of money here, with the laborers on their estates who could do so.

Mrs. John Elliott reviewed the recent suffragette parade in New York, finding herself the only delegate from Rhode Island. She described how she carried her mother's painting in the parade from Washington Square to Carnegie Hall, and how men raised their hats as they looked upon Mrs. Julia Ward Howe's picture.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Julia	.10
Alphan Con.	.03	Justice	.07
Andes	.05	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.57	Mexican	2.75
Best & Belcher	.11	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.01	Ophir	1.05
Caledonia	.88	Overman	.68
Challenge Con.	.12	Potosi	.02
Chollar	.02	Savage	.13
Confidence	.39	Sag Belcher	.15
Con. Cal. & Va.	.50	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	.54
Crown Point	.45	Utah Con.	.01
Gould & Curry	.02	Yellow Jacket	.35
Hale & Norcross	.15		

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.15
Belmont	9.30	Diamondfield Daisy	.07
Jim Butler	.61	Diamondf'd B. B.	.07
McNamara	.22	Florence	.94
Midway	.50	Goldfield Con. M.	4.00
Montana	2.55	Goldfield Merger	.36
North Star	.17	Great Bend	.04
Rescue Eula	.16	Jumbo Extension	.37
Tonopah Exten.	2.00	Lone Star	.04
West End	1.70	Red Hills	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kendall	.01
Adams	.01	Silver Pick	.12
Atlanta	.23	Vernal	.14
Blue Bell	.01	Nevada Hills	2.00
Booth	.08	Manhattan Con.	.16
C. O. D.	.10		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6¼	6½	Jackpot	4¾	6¼
Elkton	64½	64⅞	McKinney	70	73
El Paso	98⅜	98⅝	Old Gold	3½	4
Findlay	5	7	Portland	92	95
Gold Dollar	17⅝	18¼	Vindicator	82	88
Isabella	12	13	Jen. Samp.	4½	5½

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Local showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate east and southeast winds.

Florida—Local showers Tuesday and Wednesday, except generally fair in southern portion; moderate southerly winds, except easterly over extreme southern portion.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Local showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate southerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Local showers in eastern, generally fair in western portion Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday, except occasional showers in the Panhandle.

Utah—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Oklahoma—Occasional local showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Occasional local showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Ohio—Unsettled Tuesday, showers in southern portion. Wednesday, showers; moderate southeast winds.

Indiana—Showers Tuesday or Tuesday night and probably Wednesday; moderate southeast winds.

Illinois—Unsettled with occasional showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; warmer Tuesday in northeast portion; moderate southeast and south winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday unsettled, probably showers in southern portion; moderate southeast winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Tuesday in northern, showers in afternoon or night in southern portion. Wednesday unsettled, probably showers; moderate southeast winds.

Minnesota—Local showers Tuesday or Tuesday night and probably Wednesday; cooler Tuesday in northwest portions; moderate southeast and south winds, becoming variable.

Iowa and Missouri—Local showers Tuesday or Tuesday night and probably Wednesday.

North Dakota—Local thunder storms Tuesday; cooler in eastern and southern portion. Wednesday probably fair.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Thundershowers and cooler Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair.

Kansas—Local showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

DIDN'T OBEY HAVEMEYER.

Sugar Broker Testifies That He Did Not Change Agents When Asked To.

Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice heard more testimony in the Federal Building yesterday in the Government suit in equity for the dissolution of the sugar trust. The only witness was Joseph Geoghegan, President of the Geoghegan Brokerage Company of Salt Lake City, Western Representative of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company, the Amalgamated Sugar Company, the Lewiston Sugar Company and the Western Sugar Refining Company.

In reply to many questions, Mr. Geoghegan told about employing Earle & Bend, brokers of St. Paul, and the Russelll Brokerage Company of Kansas City. Before that he had employed the Meinrath Brokerage Company of Kansas City and R. W. Park of St. Paul. He said that he had received instructions to change brokers from Thomas R. Cutler, the Vice President and General Manager of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company. A year ago, the witness said, he had stopped selling through W. A. Havemeyer of Chicago.

Mr. Geohegan said that in June 1907 he received a letter from H. O. Havemeyer saying that the American Sugar Refining Company had changed its system of marketing its sugar and asking the beet sugar companies to do the same.

"A part of the plan," explained the witness, "was to give our business to the Meinrath Brokerage Company in all the cities where it has houses. I went to Denver, to the office of Chester Morey, and found a representative of Meinrath there and also Mr. Russell, our Kansas City broker. I told Mr. Morey that I could'nt see why we should change our system just because Mr. Havemeyer changed his. I told Mr. Russell that he kept our business and told Meinrath that he did'nt get it."

Richard Young, attorney for the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company, wanted to know whether any attention was paid to Mr. Havemeyer's request that the brokers be changed.

"No," replied the witness.

Mr. Geoghegan was crossed-examined by Judge Henry Rolapp counsel for the Amalgamated Sugar Company, and Attorney H. G. Campbell, representing the Western Sugar Refining Company. Then the hearing went over until next Monday when it will be decided whether it will be resumed at once in San Francisco or whether, there shall be a month's recess, before the California session begins.

PASSING OF UNITED WIRELESS

All Its Assets to be Taken Over for Marconi Company To-day.

Transfer of the assets of the defunct United Wireless Telegraph to the liquidating company which is to turn them over to the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America will be made to-day. The Wireless Liquidating Company, which was formed to save something for United Wireless stockholders out of the wreck of that company, will receive about $700,000 in par value of the stock of the Marconi company in payment for the assets of the United Wireless and its patent rights. These 140,000 shares have a market value at yesterday's quotations of about $1,190,000. They are to be distributed among the holders of the 300,000 shares representing the capital of the liquidating company. About 15,000 shareholders of the old United Wireless Company came into the liquidating company by surrendering in return for one share two shares of their old stock and contributing $1 cash.

Stockholders of the old United Wireless who did not participate in the formation of the liquidating company will receive from the trustees a small amount per share in the division of the cash.

NAME NEW BELL MANAGERS.

Five Middle States to be in Control of Separate Heads.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A new arrangement of conducting the systems of the Bell Telephone in the Central Division, comprising Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, and Wisconsin, was inaugurated to-day.

Hereafter each State will be in charge of a separate general manager, and Vice President Burt will oversee their work. B. F. Hill, formerly general manager for the five States, will be general manager for Illinois. L. N. Whitney will have charge in Indiana, E. A. Reed in Ohio, E. A. von Schlegell in Michigan, and H. O. Seymour in Wisconsin.

'Phone Plant to Bell Co. for $995,000.

OMAHA, Neb., July 1.—The Independent Telephone Company's automatic plant in Omaha was sold at a receiver's sale today for $995,000 to the Nebraska (Bell) Telephone Company. The plant was bonded for $2,400,000 to Los Angeles and Portland capitalists.

To Reorganize Ohio Copper.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., July 1.—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Ohio Copper Company held here to-day it was voted to adopt the plan for reorganization recently outlined in a circular letter issued. The vote was practically unanimous.

SCHOOLS.

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Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship. Civil Service and Academic Departments.
Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
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The Tome School for Boys
An Endowed Preparatory School
Illustrated Book on Request
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NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

INGLESIDE—A School for Girls.
Founded by Mrs. Wm. D. Black.
New Milford, Litchfield Co., Conn.
School year opens Tuesday, October 1st, 1912.
MRS. WILLIAM BLACK PELL, Patroness.

NEW JERSEY—Hightstown.

Peddie Institute Hightstown, N. J. An endowed school. Strong teachers, 250 boys. Prepares for all colleges. Business course. Music. 60 acre campus, athletic field, gymnasium with pool. Rates $400 to $500. Lower School for boys, 11 to 14. R. W. Swetland, A.M., Prin., Box T.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mercersburg.

Mercersburg Academy One of the foremost preparatory schools in America, developing in boys those qualities that make men of character and action. Prepares for all colleges, technical schools and business. Send for catalogue.
Wm. Mann Irvine, LL. D., Headmaster, Mercersburg, Pa.

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CAMP OVERLOOK SEBAGO LAKE, MAINE.
12th season. A safe camp for wholesome boys. Moderate rates. Write for particulars. Mr. George Wilson, Overlook Academy, Nyack-on-Hudson, N. Y.

A CAMP OR SUMMER SCHOOL.
A few boys of good family desired to complete filling two camps. Address School Agency, Room 542, 41 Park Ave., N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, July 3d, 1912,
at 12.30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
1 share Clinton Hall Association.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
200 shs. American Teleg. & Cable Co., Guar.
9 shs. Hudson Trust Co.
90 shs. Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Co.
$5,000 United States Reduction & Refining Co. 1st 6s, 1931.
39 shs. Broadway Trust Co.
21 shs. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. R.
4 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
25 shs. Colorado Fuel & Iron Co.
107 shs. Vandalia R. R. Co.
26 shs. Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R.
30 shs. Harriman Natl. Bank.

GROCERIES, &c., 3 drums, 310 gals. California pure Olive Oil, 577 bags Roman Beans, 115 cases canned goods, Salmon, Fruits, Honey, &c.; 2 bags Pearl Shells, 1 bbl. Pitch, 3 bags Coffee, 29 cases, 50 bottles each, Rhems Mineral Water, at auction, TUESDAY, July 2, at 12 o'clock, at 29 Burling Slip, by BURDETT & DENNIS.

Junior Republic Plan for Criminals
Wm. R. George, founder of the boys' plan, suggests a similar idea for the reformation of adults who have committed crime. Read about it in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Teachers Seek a Voice in School Affairs
An important movement under way to enable them to have more influence in educational management described in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Edward Carpenter Explains His New Book
Author of "Towards Democracy" writes about it in an interesting article in The Review of Books of
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

PROSPERITY AWAITS A WELCOME HERE

Daniel Guggenheim Says Greatest Country Ever Knew Would Come if Strife Would Cease.

CAPITAL NOW DRIVEN OUT

Antagonisms and Four Years of Unreasoning Hostility, He Says, Has Produced Painful Results.

Before leaving for his vacation abroad yesterday, Daniel Guggenheim remarked that all that stood in the way of great prosperity here now was the strife and antagonism to capital in this country. Money, he said, was being driven out of this country to assist in the development of South America, or the development of China. Canada was building railroads, while railroad building in the United States had almost ceased. Canada welcomed capital, while the United States was hostile to it. England, France, and Germany have had enormous prosperity, and this country, he said, had been held back.

Alaska, an empire, he said, should be developed by a Government railroad. High cost of living should be cut by encouraging the cultivation of waste land that was lying idle right at the doors of New York, instead of pursuing a destructive policy. Mr. Guggenheim also spoke of the advisability of stabilizing the copper market. He said:

"About a year ago, when I left on my annual trip abroad, I spoke rather pessimistically of the business conditions as I then saw them, and I particularly pointed out that the lack of proper cohesion and harmony on the part of the copper interests of the country, which caused the unnatural and unprofitable depression in prices which at that time prevailed, was likely to be succeeded by a runaway market at advanced prices which would be equally to the disadvantage, finally, of both the producer and the consumer of copper.

"We now have, as I see it, prenatal prosperity, which, if allowed to be born, will, I believe, grow into the greatest this country has ever experienced. Will it be permitted to come into being, and if so will it be permitted to reach maturity? Unless the present unreasonable antagonism to capital ceases the answer must be in the negative in both cases. These great United States are only developed to a limited extent in comparison with the development which would be reached if it was not unnaturally interfered with. By reason of this interference the money of this country is being loaned to Germany, and is being used to assist in the financing of China and in the development of the resources of South America, and many of our farmers are migrating into Canada and developing it.

"We not only should be using our own money for the development of our own country, but we should also, as we have done in the past, be borrowing money from other parts of the world at low rates of interest for that purpose. Because of the political situation and of the hostile attitude of the country toward capital, the foreign countries that formerly loaned us money in large amounts and made large purchases of our securities, are now refusing to do so on as favorable terms as formerly.

"The wealth and population of Canada are now inconsiderable when compared to those of the United States, but there will soon be a different story to tell if our capitalists and farmers continue to seek that country for investment, enterprise, and occupation. Canada offers every opportunity to the capitalist, and instead of antagonizing him, welcomes him with open arms. We know that railroad construction is going on at a tremendous rate in Canada, and that Canada is borrowing millions for that purpose.

A House Divided Against Itself.

"We do not hear of much new railroad construction here, and the reasons are obvious. The unwise strife, which has been going on for some years, and which was recently accentuated at Chicago, is a deterrent factor of tremendous moment. Can a household, a firm, a corporation, or a nation succeed when there is strife within? The Bible says: 'A house divided against itself cannot stand.' I do not mean by this that there should be no honest differences of opinion, but great success only comes with harmony. We have had four years of bitter and unreasoning hostility to capital, and the result is painfully apparent, while the great countries of England, Germany, and France have enormous prosperity. We have greater natural resources than those three countries combined, but we have been driving our capital away and it has been utilized in building up other countries instead of being employed in the development of our own.

"We have at our doors the Empire of Alaska. I am wondering what Germany, France, or England would do in case they owned it. We do know that France and Germany, and France supported by England, were prepared to go to war for the purpose of enlarging their commerce. I refer to the Morocco episode. It is common knowledge that the entire disturbance was brought about by a purely commercial interest. Think of it! Countries are willing to sacrifice millions of dollars of capital and thousands or tens of thousands of lives for the purpose of enlarging their commerce, when what they would have gained in Morocco cannot be discussed in the same breath with the enormous possibilities of an empire like Alaska, which we permit to lie dormant.

"I am confident that within five or ten years after 1,000 miles of railroad are constructed in Alaska, that territory will produce from $200,000,000 to $300,000,000 annually, and these 1,000 miles of railroad could be built at an interest cost and amortization charge to the United States Government of, say, $1,200,000 to $1,500,000 annually, half of which will be saved by the Government in supplying its navy with fuel at reduced cost, instead of purchasing this fuel at high prices, as we now do, from foreigners, at whose mercy we would be in times of stress.

"If Alaska is to be developed the Government must build the railroads; private enterprise refuses to do so because of the fear that it will be taxed to death and that the Government will not allow it to earn a fair return on its investment.

"We need in statesmanship and in finance constructive policies and harmonious management of our affairs. Vituperation never made a friend, and unfair criticism never made a dollar.

Constructive Policy Needed.

"So much for Alaska. Let us come nearer home. One of the most serious problems of the day is the high cost of living. A mere casual investigation of this subject shows that the advance in prices of which so much complaint is heard is in connection almost entirely with food. Right at our very door, in the State of New Jersey, with favorable climatic conditions, land is going to waste at $25 an acre which, with the proper dissemination of knowledge and the education of our people in scientific agriculture, could be used most profitably in the raising of food products, which are now in such demand, at most profitable prices. Instead of a destructive and hostile policy, blaming all against capital, a constructive policy would lead to the development of the farming industry, not only to the profit of those engaged in it, but also to the profit of the people at large, through an increased and improved supply.

"As to copper. Surely, a constructive policy could do much in this direction. In my judgment the stabilizing of the price of copper at a point fairly profitable to the producer and satisfactory to the manufacturer and the buyer would be of incalculable advantage to the people of the United States. This could, I think, be readily done by the miner, the manufacturer, and the purchaser getting together and agreeing upon a policy that would be mutually advantageous, but in the present attitude of the Government and of public sentiment, this could not be done. The people and corporations concerned would at once be charged with violating the anti-trust laws, and indictments and prosecutions would follow. No one is willing to run such a risk, and yet, in no other way can the unnatural depression in copper which we had for some years up to a short time ago, and a runaway market be prevented.

"The birth and growth of the prenatal prosperity which I have in mind are up to the people. They should get together and say: 'We have had enough of the things that have taken place during the last four years and our business has suffered.' Ninety to 95 per cent. of the American people are dependent and live upon the fruits of their business enterprises; they should decide that they are now ready for prosperity and want it, and will have it, and say: 'We are going to get together and we are going to harmonize our parties, our policies, and our interests and eliminate strife.' If harmony should be the watchword, there will be no difficulty, with our great and marvelous resources, in having the greatest measure of success that can fall to the lot of any nation."

ATTACKS SERVICE BOARD.

In His Report Receiver Whitridge Says He Was Put to Needless Expense.

Frederick W. Whitridge, President of the Third Avenue Railway Company, has sent to Judge Lacombe, a report of his receivership of the Third Avenue Railroad Company in asking his discharge as receiver. He says that within a few days he will also ask for the discharge from the receiverships of the Forty-second Street, Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company, and the Union Railway Company. It will, however, he declares, be several months before the affairs of the Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery Railroad Company can be straightened out.

Mr. Whitridge has some caustic things to say about the Public Service Commission in his report:

"In the conduct of my work I have been put to great expense," he says, "and have been considerably delayed and hampered by the activities of the Public Service Commission. That body has been of no service to this property or to that portion of the public served by it, and it has burdened me with correspondence, orders, and litigation which have attracted some attention. A copy of the correspondence I annex hereto. The commission has brought ten suits against me, one of which was of a really outrageous character, and in all of which they have been defeated. It should be mentioned that the commission has many times issued or authorized public statements from which it would appear that everything which has been done by myself or by the other officers of this court in respect to the surface railways of this city has been done directly or indirectly by the Public Service Commission. This is a delusion I have not endeavored to combat, as it seems to be a matter for the alienists, but in respect to the correspondence, it should be mentioned that everything I have said is in the nature of a reply to some letter or order of this public body."

As to Judge Lacombe, Mr. Whitridge says: "My official relations with you have increased the admiration and reverence I was brought up to feel for the judiciary, which has been justified and strengthened by my thirty odd years' experience at this bar, and for the personal associations which have come from those relations I can never cease to be grateful."

NATIONAL CITY DIVIDEND.

Company Outside of the Bank Pays 3 Per Cent. for No Stated Period.

The National City Company, which was organized a year ago to handle business which the National City Bank under its Federal charter could not handle, declared its first dividend yesterday. The disbursement is 3 per cent. on the company's $10,000,000 capital stock, which was payable yesterday to stockholders of record June 29.

A few months after its organization the National City Company disposed of all of its holdings of the stocks of other American banks which made up originally one of the largest items among its assets. The shares had not been owned by the National City Bank, but the title to them had rested with trustees who were identified with the bank. When the National City Company was formed these trustees turned the stocks over to the new company practically at cost, and when the Controller of the Currency last November put himself on record as disapproving of the control of one National bank by another or the holding by one bank of stock in another, directly or indirectly, the National City Company disposed of all of its bank stock holdings except those in institutions of foreign countries. It has been generally credited that the sale of these stocks netted the National City Company a profit of approximately $1,000,000. This profit, it is believed, does not figure in yesterday's dividend, which, it is said, represents profits made by the company in its actual operations.

It was said yesterday that the 3 per cent. dividend was not to be considered a quarterly disbursement or for any specified period. It represents merely such a share in the earnings to date as the Directors deemed it proper to disburse to shareholders. The company has agents now at work in South America under the leadership of W. Morgan Shuster, with the idea of competing with German and English capital in that field. It is not expected that operations in South America and other foreign territory will show large immediate profits. This branch of the company's activities is expected to be a matter of slow development. The stock of the National City Company was distributed a year ago in the form of a dividend to the stockholders of the bank.

INVESTIGATE MELLEN'S LINES

Commerce Board Starts Inquiry Into New England Railroads.

BOSTON, July 1.—An investigation of the railroad facilities and service of New England was begun here to-day by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. The public hearings are the result of complaints made by shippers and members of the Boston Chamber of Commerce. The railroads being investigated are the New York, New Haven & Hartford, the Boston & Maine, and the Maine Central.

Chairman Prouty of the commission presided at the opening hearing.

"This proceeding is really an investigation of the general railroad situation in New England," he said. "Since the New Haven took over the Boston & Maine there has been created in this territory what is practically a railroad monopoly greater than that which exists in any other equal area in the United States."

Chairman Prouty said that the commission had sent one of its agents to New England to study railroad conditions. On traffic agents' reports, he said, an investigation was started under three heads, the first being financial. In the present inquiry the history of consolidations, combinations, and leases would be traced, the commission desiring to learn how traffic is conducted in this section as compared with other parts of the country.

Edward G. Buckland, Vice President of the New Haven Road, and Edgar J. Rich, general solicitor of the Boston & Maine, said that the railroads welcome an investigation, and it would be shown that since the merger better service has been given by the roads.

NEW SUBWAY BENEFITS.

Willcox Thinks They'll Bring Great Developments to Long Island.

Although the subway tangle has been freed of the last obstacle by the decision of the Court of Appeals declaring constitutional the preferential payments to the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, it will take two months longer, according to Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission, before the contracts can be signed.

Commissioner Willcox said yesterday that he was very much gratified with the turn of events.

"The decision wasn't unanimous, to be sure," he said, "but none the less favorable, and, believe me, it has lifted a great weight from our chests, speaking for the commission. We are now ready to throw heart and brain into the work before us, in order to bring about the construction of the entire system as soon as possible.

"There will be no vacation for any member of the commission until the work is done. Additional clerks and engineers will be employed, conferences will be held continuously, and the legal department will bend every effort to push the contracts to completion.

"But the work of the commission will by no means be finished with the construction of the dual system. We will soon take up the work on other routes. The Court of Appeals' decision means the beginning of a great industrial development on Long Island, the greatest in history.

DID HAVE AGREEMENT FOR CUT-RATE SHIPS

Witness Says He Gave It to the Late Emil Boas and Doesn't Know Where It Is.

PROVIDED COMPENSATION

But the "Small Committee" Here, He Says, Only Chose a Ship After Orders from Abroad.

When the hearing in the Government suit against the International Mercantile Marine was resumed in the Post Office Building yesterday Assistant District Attorney Dorr started out to prove that a "small committee" had charge of the steerage business and that its purpose was to monopolize this branch of the business. The first witness was Emil Lederer of the Hamburg-American Line, who was a member of the committee in 1908. He said that sometimes rates were cut on all of the conference ships and sometimes one or more of the ships were designated to meet the reduction in the rate of fare.

Lederer said that he first heard of this practice in 1908 when he was put in charge of the steerage business of the Hamburg-American Line by the late Emil Boas. His title was "Assistant to the General Managers." When Mr. Boas died he lost this title. Asked how rates were reduced, Lederer said that orders were cabled here by the agents on the other side. Mr. Dorr asked:

"When you returned from Europe in the Summer of 1908 you were made a member of this small committee?"

"The small committee was a myth," replied Lederer, "there never was a meeting of the committee. But there is no doubt but that the passenger agents of some of the lines in this city selected ships to meet competition."

"Was there a group of three men who designated a ship to reduce its rates on certain sailing dates?"

"Once in a while one or more of them would call me on the telephone and we would talk over which ship might best be used to meet an outside rate reduction."

Mr. Dorr again tried to get the witness to admit that the "small committee" used to meet and lay plans as to the best way of getting the steerage business and of meeting any opposition that might arise. Lederer insisted that the "small committee" was a myth, but in reply to a question whether there was ever an arrangement made for compensating the companies whose ships were selected to reduce rates, declared that an agreement existed that provided for such compensation. Asked where this agreement was, the witness said he gave it to Mr. Boas, and that he had no idea where it was now.

Then Mr. Dorr asked:

"Is there not an agreement between the conference lines about sharing the profits or losses on cut-rate trips?"

"There is not," replied Lederer decidedly.

Later he said that there was an agreement between the conference lines as to the proportion of steerage traffic each should carry, but he did not know whether the cut-rate counted in the agreement. When one of the conference ships was overbooked a ship of one of the other lines carried the surplus passengers. Tickets would be honored by any one of the conference lines, and then a settlement would be made on the other side. Lederer said he was sure that the Hamburg-American Line settled, although he didn't know, he said, what the basis of settlement was.

Object to Questions.

Then he was asked:

"At $20 a passenger, would there be a loss to the line?"

"I don't think so," he replied.

"Would there be a profit?"

"Possibly."

"Didn't you state in 1910 there would be a profit at $20?"

This question was prompted by the records of the Federal Grand Jury of 1910, which Mr. Dorr was reading. Ex-Senator Spooner and the rest of the counsel for the steamship men loudly objected to this method of conducting the inquiry. They demanded permission to see these records, but Mr. Dorr declined to gratify them until he had consulted his superiors. Lederer admitted that the questions had been asked when he was before the Grand Jury. From this earlier inquiry came the term "fighting ship," to designate a vessel named by the conference to meet a cut in the rates.

Mr. Spooner wanted to know who bore the loss or profit of a fighting ship and Lederer said that the owner did, but that all of the other conference members made up the difference between the regular rate and the cut rate. Lederer insisted that the conference never made a rate lower than the company it was competing against. Asked if the Hamburg-American Line ever made a rate lower than the Uranium Line, Lederer hotly replied that it never did. A circular was shown to him that seemed to indicate that on one occasion his line had fixed a price of $35, and that later this was cut to $24, and after the ship of the Uranium Line had sailed the rate went back to $35. Lederer said that this was a clerical error.

Max Straus of the firm of A. E. Johnson & Co., General Passenger Agents for the Russian-American and the Scandinavian-American Lines, explained that the Russian-American Line was only a trade name for the ships of the Russian-East Asiatic Line, which was in the North Atlantic trade. Mr. Dorr asked:

"Since your line joined the conference in 1908 it has got its proportion of outward steerage traffic from New York, has it not?"

"It has cost us between $500 and $600 a year to belong to the conference. That's all I know," he replied.

Upon cross-examination the witness said that ruinous rates sometimes prevailed when unrestricted competition was permitted.

"Why," he said, "I have known the time when the rate from Hamburg to Chicago was $7. A ticket from Hamburg to New York was sold for $10; the agent got $4 of this and the steamship company got $6. The Pennsylvania Railroad carried the passengers to Chicago for $1."

Before the Russian-American Line was admitted to the conference he enjoyed the same commercial rates on the railroads as the conference lines, the witness said, and when he was asked how this happened he replied with a smile:

"We had friends at court."

The hearing will be resumed at 10:30 this morning.

$5,000 Bail for Louis J. Kahn.

Louis J. Kahn, a furrier, in business with his brother, William J. Kahn, at 135 West Twenty-ninth Street, as Kahn Brothers & Co., on a writ of ne exeat, signed by Judge Hand of the Federal District Court, was arrested yesterday afternoon. The writ was obtained in the interest of creditors, who alleged that the head of the firm was preparing to flee this jurisdiction for Canada. A petition was filed by creditors on June 27. Through the examination of Kahn the creditors hope to locate assets of the firm. He was held in $5,000 bail.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Substantial advances in carpet and rug prices were declared yesterday by two prominent New York houses.

An unusual demand for wide band laces of ratine construction has been in evidence in the local dry goods market of late.

Advance Fall handkerchief orders indicate a good call for venise-edged goods. Embroidered designs in scroll and flower effects in one corner are also popular.

In view of the increased prices asked for men's wear fabrics for Spring, 1913, the naming of quotations on dress goods for the coming season on July is waited with more than usual interest.

Among the latest hosiery novelties offered are shot silk stockings in several different color combinations.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

BEST LACE SEASON.

Inventories Show That Last Year Was Remarkably Good One.

The between-season lull, the dullness usually attendant on the opening of the week and the approaching holiday all tended to keep trading in the New York dry goods market at a low ebb yesterday. Trading in wash goods was nominal, the orders placed for the most part being limited in size. White goods, linens, silks, ribbons, and embroideries shared the dullness to a considerable extent. Laces were in light demand, but moved in a fairly satisfactory way considering the period. Inventory returns for the lace season just closed were, as far as could be learned, indicative of the best business done in the last two or three years, one important house having reported the heaviest sales since 1907. This was attributed in a good part to the heavy demand for white goods that featured the early Spring trade. Hosiery and underwear of a seasonable nature received scant attention.

Business done in the primary market, though fairly light, was encouraging, and gave promise of a substantial increase to come after the retarding influence of the holiday mail orders from wholesalers calling for filling-in merchandise for Fall were received in good number, and advance business for next Spring was booked in fair way, according to reports.

"DON'TS" FOR MERCHANTS.

American Association of Commerce in Berlin Sends Some Advice.

The Merchants' Association of New York has received a leaflet issued by the American Association of Commerce and Trade in Berlin, which contains the following "Don'ts" for American exporters desiring to do business in Germany:

"Don't sell your goods by catalogue.

"Don't disregard recommendations of your agent or representative, who, generally, knows the market better than you do in your home office.

"Don't try to force goods on the Germans when your agent tells you such goods have no demand.

"Don't fail to back up your agent by judicious advertising, as the real American style of advertising always attracts the eye and always pays for itself.

"Don't give your agency to a German merchant, forget all about him for a year or two and then wonder he is doing nothing for you.

"Don't forget to supply your agent with a good stock of samples, as samples well displayed in show windows sell goods.

"Don't fail yourself to visit Germany occasionally and convince yourself that your goods are properly displayed.

"Don't fail to put confidence in your agent and give him credit for knowing more about the foreign market than you do. Be satisfied with results; they tell the story!

"Don't fail to fill your orders promptly.

"Don't go into the foreign market unless you can fill orders within a reasonable length of time.

"Don't send goods payable against documents or bill of lading. The C. O. D. system is very little developed in Germany and generally in cases where goods are ordered to complete stock, hence sure of quick sale. Find out whether your customer's credit is good and then give him sixty days. The mercantile agencies of Bradstreet and R. G. Dun & Co. have branches in all places of any commercial importance throughout Germany.

"Don't attempt to do business in Germany from your London office. Germans are radically different from Englishmen, and trade conditions are also very different. The German buyer has to be handled quite differently from the Englishman."

CARPETS AND RUGS UP.

Scarcity of Wools and Higher Wages Among the Causes.

Carpet and rug advances named yesterday to Alexander Smith & Sons Co., 105 Fifth Avenue, and the wholesale department of W. & J. Sloane, Fifth Avenue and Forty-seventh Street, two of the largest operators in the New York market, fully justified the predictions made by certain well-posted factors in the trade at the opening of the season on May 6 that higher prices would be asked before the close.

The present scarcity of desirable carpet wools in the various markets of the world, and the resultant high cost to American manufacturers, were given as the chief reason of the advance. China wools, which are used to a considerable extent for filling purposes, and Russian wools are both in short supply just now, from all accounts. Higher wages and a general rise in production costs also played an important part in the increases named.

An excellent Fall business was reported by both houses, a number of lines being well sold up for the balance of the season.

HANDKERCHIEF TRADE GOOD.

Demand for Lace Insertion Style—Customs Ruling Assailed.

Advance Fall orders for handkerchiefs have been received in more than usual number to date, according to some of the largest wholesalers in the New York dry goods market. Early bookings show the usual demand for initialed goods and one-corner embroidered effects in flower and scroll design. Unusual variations in this line, involving the treatment of birds and animals, are also listed among the best sellers. Venise and Armenian lace-edged handkerchiefs have met with good success, but the acknowledged feature of the business done so far is the return to vogue of the handkerchief embodying the use of insertion between the border and the body, with a scalloped edging to match. This style has been popular at various intervals for a number of years, but six or seven years are said to have elapsed since any real demand for it has been noted here. Imported handkerchiefs of this kind will be popular, from all accounts, and importers are inclined to be uneasy over the recent announcement of the customs officials that duty would be levied on them at 70 per cent., the present rate for the laces used in making them up. This, the importers contend, is unfair, as the lace involved is only a minor part of the handkerchief.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

An "exporting league," composed of German producers of fine or high-quality goods, has been organized recently to raise Germany's reputation as a manufacturing country to a higher level. Owing to the low prices on many lines of goods "made in Germany," the empire is often held to produce only poor, cheap, or common quality goods, whereas the opinion prevails generally that American, English, French, and Swedish manufacturers chiefly make and sell high-quality articles. The league intends to co-operate with German export firms, and has already interviewed some located in Hamburg.

Consul F. W. Goding, stationed at Montevideo, Uruguay, reports that a book has been published in London entitled "Twentieth Century Impressions of Uruguay." It is said to be the most exhaustive compilation on that country yet issued, the subjects treated including railways, commerce, banking, statistics, history, mining, live stock, and agriculture. The price is $62.04.

An interesting feature of the present industrial development of Shanghai is the expansion of electrical power. More than 2,000 horse power are now connected to the mains, but the prospects are that this will be about trebled in the near future. Plans which will practically double this consumption immediately are under way, and within the next year and a half the further development mentioned may be looked for.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The 1912 Year Book of the Merchants' Association of New York, 54 to 60 Lafayette Street, has just been issued.

Imports of fur entered at the Port of New York in the week ended June 22 aggregated $336,870 in value. The value of fur waste entered was $1,737, and hatters' goods, $4,174.

According to foreign trade journals, there was a general decline in European dress goods exports to the United States in 1911. English exports were lighter by nearly 13,000,000 yards, German exports by 6,000,000, and French shipments by close to 8,000,000.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Act of Clemency by Treasury Department Not Cause for Protest.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that an act of clemency on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury in which the Collector merely performed a clerical act in changing the liquidation to benefit the importers, was neither a cause of dissatisfaction nor a liquidation of duties. The merchandise covered by the protest was an importation by C. A. Clark of metal cigarette cases, which were assessed for duty at rates equivalent to 85 per cent. ad valorem. The Collector did not dispute the contention of the importers that the merchandise was properly dutiable as smokers' articles at 60 per cent., but he did hold that as the importer had not filed a protest against the higher assessment within fifteen days after liquidation he was not entitled to relief under the law.

The facts in the case show that the appraiser returned the cigarette cases at 85 per cent. and at the same time advanced certain items on the invoice a fraction less than two per cent. to make market values. Against this imposition of additional duty the protestants sought relief from the Secretary of the Treasury, who authorized reliquidation. Within fifteen days after the reliquidation, but almost two months after the original liquidation, the importers for the first time filed a notice of dissatisfaction. On the authority of cases cited the protest was overruled.

A protest filed by Kern, Loewi & Mendel was also overruled. The appraiser reported that the goods consisted of trimmings, braids, embroideries and other articles composed wholly, or in chief value, of artificial silk or imitation horsehair. Duty was assessed at the rate of 45 cents per pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem under the provisions of Paragraph 405 of the present Tariff Act. No evidence was introduced on the part of the importers, and from an examination of the record the Board was unable to find any reason for disturbing the decision of the Collector, which was presumptively correct.

Because Rooney & Spence of New York did not overcome the presumption of the correctness of the Collector's assessment, based on the report of the Appraiser, the board thought that the importers had failed to show their contention was true and therefore overruled the protest filed. The merchandise was an importation of rose plants, which were assessed for duty four cents each under the provisions of Paragraph 264 for "rose plants, budded, grafted or grown on their own roots." They were claimed to be dutiable under the same paragraph at $1.00 per thousand and as "briar bushes, three years old or less." The question really at issue before the Board was whether they were seedlings of the briar rose and not more than three years old.

Suspend Lumber Rates to New York.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Increases in the freight rate on cypress lumber, laths, and shingles from points in Louisiana to New York City and other Northeastern destinations, varying from ½ cent to 2½ cents a hundred pounds, were suspended to-day by the Inter-State Commerce Commission until Oct. 31, pending an investigation.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

TWIN CITY LINES—	1912.	1911.	Increase.
3d week June...	$156,464	$161,732	*$5,267
July 1-June 21...	3,667,508	3,532,018	135,489

*Decrease.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for May—	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	2,898,620	2,588,314	2,416,693
Net after taxes	717,545	756,176	666,227
Gross, 11 mos	29,600,682	29,290,326	27,615,290
Net after taxes	9,373,432	9,412,083	9,420,322

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for May—	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Mileage	1,744	1,744	......
Gross	1,211,729	1,185,300	26,428
Net, after taxes	365,286	250,958	114,328
Other income	3,635	12,715	*9,079
Total income	368,921	263,673	105,248
Surp. after chgs	223,254	94,238	129,017
Gross, 11 mos	13,899,773	14,874,405	*974,632
Net, after taxes	3,506,341	4,510,595	*1,004,254
Other income	124,117	101,355	22,762
Total income	3,630,458	4,611,950	*981,492
Surp. after chgs	1,726,198	2,764,947	*1,038,749

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN SYSTEM for May—			
Mileage	1,496	1,496	......
Total op. rev	1,023,152	1,055,215	*32,063
Total op. exp	866,493	815,780	50,713
Operating ratio	84.69	77.31	7.38
Net op. rev	156,659	239,435	*82,776
Other income	9,189	6,314	2,875
Total income	165,848	245,749	*79,901
Taxes and other charges	220,650	215,578	5,072
Net income	54,802	30,171	*84,973
For eleven months to May 31:			
Total op. rev	11,713,103	11,589,913	123,190
Total op. exp	9,165,723	8,650,517	515,206
Operating ratio	78.25	74.64	3.61
Net op. rev	2,547,380	2,939,396	*392,016
Other income	115,644	88,022	27,622
Total income	2,663,024	3,027,418	*362,394
Taxes and other charges	2,510,982	2,334,027	176,955
Net income	152,042	693,391	*541,349

*Decrease.

ERIE for May—	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	4,285,537	4,834,975	4,506,138
Net	892,155	1,544,530	1,194,609
Gross, 11 mos	51,463,263	51,740,311	50,197,299
Net, 11 mos	12,483,737	14,557,086	14,146,806

GEORGIA for May—			
Gross	243,128	238,629	221,249
Net	455	40,326	32,756
Deficit	60,408	18,579	20,873
Gross, 11 mos	3,155,751	3,000,474	2,822,503
Net, 11 mos	759,469	750,706	744,448
Surp., 11 mos	52,594	44,605	170,262

MISSOURI PACIFIC for May—			
Gross	4,576,506	4,349,612	4,310,238
Net	1,427,400	500,676	1,194,609
Gross, 11 mos	50,183,119	48,651,813	48,795,127
Net, 11 mos	12,188,709	10,551,539	14,194,012

NEW YORK CENTRAL and its controlled and affiliated lines for May—			
New York Central & Hudson River:			
Gross	8,701,607	8,446,205	8,332,290
Net after taxes	1,697,175	2,054,285	1,848,617
Gross, 5 mos	41,418,443	39,963,315	38,576,707
Net after taxes	6,006,276	6,842,995	6,925,664
Michigan Central:			
Gross	2,521,846	2,337,916	2,354,760
Net after taxes	542,197	495,929	532,994
Gross, 5 mos	12,620,115	11,664,629	11,594,480
Net after taxes	2,848,709	1,763,483	2,779,680
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:			
Gross	4,144,900	3,911,376	4,037,468
Net after taxes	1,000,166	858,035	905,405
Gross, 5 mos	20,612,321	18,793,076	19,519,335
Net after taxes	5,566,464	3,812,006	5,234,783
Cleve., Cin., Chicago & St. Louis:			
Gross	2,424,607	2,444,884	2,321,094
Net after taxes	365,378	451,028	270,240
Gross, 5 mos	12,160,584	11,976,595	11,782,675
Net after taxes	1,832,404	1,844,782	2,828,822
New York, Chicago & St. Louis:			
Gross	957,212	877,445	898,878
Net after taxes	226,667	177,576	253,183
Gross, 5 mos	4,693,815	4,487,214	4,630,582
Net after taxes	938,848	855,457	1,407,065
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie:			
Gross	1,491,288	1,285,078	1,525,159
Net after taxes	637,207	565,807	813,242
Gross, 5 mos	6,464,046	5,614,845	6,676,984
Net after taxes	2,631,278	2,490,729	3,393,818
Chicago, Indiana & Southern:			
Gross	299,914	315,992	273,213
Net after taxes	17,835	29,063	50,216
Gross, 5 mos	1,710,600	1,580,324	1,685,943
Net after taxes	196,209	136,041	436,316
Lake Erie & Western:			
Gross	436,054	485,702	415,140
Net after taxes	60,857	45,703	21,604
Gross, 5 mos	2,206,514	2,117,546	2,147,930
Net after taxes	285,143	200,937	369,078
Peoria & Eastern:			
Gross	235,749	269,257	282,087
Net after taxes	15,825	41,185	63,865
Gross, 5 mos	1,239,708	1,822,067	1,319,607
Net after taxes	191,538	144,721	310,803
Cincinnati Northern:			
Gross	93,779	92,195	98,514
Op. deficit	10,568	*1,042	6,798
Gross, 5 mos	516,578	441,790	484,414
Op. deficit	25,354	*4,865	*66,201
*Surplus.			
Toledo & Ohio Central:			
Gross	425,478	373,484	419,593
Net after taxes	82,910	56,665	145,057
Gross, 5 mos	1,915,499	1,682,589	1,660,055
Net after taxes	230,954	153,697	400,328
Total, all lines:			
Gross	21,731,982	20,739,481	20,968,971
Net aft. taxes	4,635,652	5,209,702	4,897,628
Gross, 5 mos	105,558,224	99,511,682	100,071,775
Net aft. taxes	20,702,470	18,249,713	23,661,558

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD for May—			
Mileage	2,091	2,041	2,045
Gross	5,482,401	5,179,668	5,391,264
Net after taxes	1,518,253	1,411,803	1,608,553
Gross, 11 mos	59,105,855	56,580,574	55,265,485
Net after taxes	18,382,122	17,088,766	17,691,480

NEW YORK, SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN for May—			
Gross	235,145	240,481	280,241
Net after taxes	37,330	122,605	97,763
Gross, 11 mos	3,374,289	3,556,859	3,186,068
Net after taxes	963,215	1,222,728	952,859

INCORPORATED AT ALBANY.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 1.—Among the corporations filing certificates with the Secretary of State to-day were:

New York Belting and Packing Company, to manufacture articles composed of gutta percha, &c., of Manhattan; $2,066,100. O. Nelson, W. Ross, W. H. Blackwell, J. D. Carberry, F. V. Glinn.

Blair Furnace Company of Dix, Schuyler County, realty; $1,000,000. G. C. Beach, H. P. Reingart, F. Wolf, R. F. Mundy, T. S. Blair, Jr.

F. L. Schmidt Company of Manhattan, salesrooms; $150,000. F. L. Schmidt, B. A. Schmidt, A. A. Schmidt.

The Oakland Coal Company of Manhattan, mining rights; $100,000; C. J. Williamson, J. V. Bayliss, J. A. Decker, J. H. Decker, J. E. Decker.

The Elberon Realty Company of Manhattan; $60,000. S. Hess, J. S. Hess, J. M. Baker.

Madison Chambers Company of Manhattan; $60,000. J. J. Miller, P. W. Martin, E. Adler.

Walsh Brothers Company of Buffalo, liquors; $25,000. M. E. Walsh, C. Walsh, L. J. Walsh, J. C. Walsh.

Knickerbocker Appraisal Company of Manhattan, appraising household furniture; $25,000. C. E. Seligman, R. Morgenthau, J. E. Campbell.

Fortuna Sales Company of Manhattan, manufacture games, c.; $20,000. H. S. Gellett, R. B. Hincks, M. J. Finkelstein, H. Hunniston, M. Olcott.

New York-Chicago Realty and Construction Company of Manhattan; $15,000. J. White, H. Holland, B. Weiss.

Dottenheim, Inc., of Manhattan, jewelry, &c.; $16,800. S. Dottenheim, M. Dottenheim, J. Dottenheim.

Henry Berghorn's Sons, Inc., of Manhattan, coal, coke, and wood; $10,000. H. Berghorn, L. Berghorn, F. Berghorn.

Tanney Rubber Company of Manhattan, rubber goods; $10,000. H. Tannenbaum, J. Tannenbaum, P. F. Tannenbaum.

The Manhattan Spring Bed Company of Manhattan, manufacture springs, &c.; $10,000. S. Zimit, I. Zimit, S. Zimit, L. Gottesman, S. Adler.

Mme. Frankfurter, Inc., of Esopus, ladies' and misses' dresses; $10,000. R. Morris, I. Frankfurter, E. Adler, J. J. Miller.

E. W. Foley Construction Company of Manhattan; $15,000. W. S. Menden, M. V. Dorney, E. W. Foley.

The H. Tapke Realty Company of Manhattan; $30,000. H. Tapke, R. Tapke, G. Uchtmann.

The Menzie-Thompson Manufacturing Company of Buffalo, shoes and leather dressing; $10,000. F. Menzie, W. H. Thocson, J. F. Kingwell, G. A. Bradt, L. A. Parkhurst.

Incorporated in New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 1.—With an authorized capital of $1,000,000 the Jersey Industrial Company was incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day. The object of the company is to promote and develop water, electric light, heat, and power plants. The office is in Jersey City, and the incorporators are Albert H. Clarke of Brooklyn, Frank B. Shannon of Wilkinsburg, Penn., and Harry A. Otjen of Jersey City.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MOSER & WHYTE COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Moser & Whyte Company, formerly dealers in diamonds and precious stones, 80 Maiden Lane, by these creditors: Gustav Goldwasser, $365; Simon Blitz, $120, and Jacob Clark, $122. The liabilities are stated to be $15,000 and assets $1,500.

MAX FOCKHAUER.—A petition has been filed against Max Fockhauer, dealer in dry goods, 709 Second Avenue, by these creditors: D. Barasch, $346; Robert Krisch, $42, and Julius Salzin, $215. Judge Hand appointed John L. Lyttle receiver. The liabilities are stated to be $10,000 and assets $3,000.

WILLIAM H. ALDRICH, decorator, of 618 West 187th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $35,054 and assets $1,200 in real estate in Yonkers, on which there is a mortgage and taxes aggregating $2,096. Among the creditors are Isabella M. Aldrich $23,873, H. P. Allen $3,500, and Daniel L. Tower $2,383.

JOHN McCLAVE, salesman, of 606 West 139th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $14,871 and assets $3. Among the creditors are Samuel Adams $3,500, and the John McClave Co. $5,000. He owes $450 to three doctors and $1,260 rent of an apartment.

GUS SKEADAS, who has a confectionery and ice cream parlor in Pleasantville, N. Y., has filed a petition with liabilities $2,844 and assets $300.

EMANUEL DREIFUS & CO.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Emanuel Dreifus & Co., dealers in scrap iron, Philadelphia, with creditors by which the firm turn over all the assets to liquidating trustees and in addition give creditors notes for 17½ per cent., payable in six yearly instalments. The liabilities were $628,598, and nominal assets, $733,747.

NEAL & BRINKER.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition with the creditors of the Neal & Brinker Company, wholesale dealers in hardware, 18 Warren Street, at 25 cents on the dollar cash. The liabilities were $135,438.

JOHN J. FEUGE.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition with the creditors of John J. Feuge, as the Fashion Shop, dealer in womens' specialties, 3,479 Broadway, at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar cash. The liabilities were $9,933.

T. PURDY.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition with the creditors of William T. Purdy, manufacturer of silk shoe laces, Haverstraw, at 30 cents on the dollar. The liabilities were $15,438.

WAVERLY REALTY COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed A. Leo Everitt receiver for the Waverly Realty Company of 51 Chambers Street; bond, $10,000. It was stated that the company owned 12 Fifth Avenue, subject to two mortgages for $175,000; that it made a contract to exchange this property for lots in Madison Avenue with Alanson P. White, and the broker in the case, Charles A. Moore, was to get $2,000 commission; that the company repudiated the contract, and Mr. Moore sued for his commission and obtained judgment for $2,081 in the City Court on June 25. An hour before the case was ready for trial, it is said, the company transferred the property to the Greystone Holding Company, which was incorporated on June 22.

AUERBACH, GOLDBERG & HEINE.—Judge Hand has appointed Oliver L. Goldsmith receiver for Auerbach, Goldberg & Heine, formerly bankers at 129 Rivington Street; bond, $7,500. A petition was filed on June 24 against Auerbach & Goldberg, in which Heine was not included, and it was learned that he should have been included as a partner, so a second petition was filed. It was stated that Heine had a lease of a theatre at the Bowery and Stanton Street, known as the Lipzin Theatre, but had disposed of the lease; that he withdrew a lot of securities which were on deposit in the bank, and assigned assets to get them out of reach of creditors; that Auerbach and Goldberg are believed to have left the city; that Auerbach took $2,000 deposits, and that Auerbach owned 126 Essex Street, where he had a printing business, but that there were three mortgages on the property.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER.—Judge Hand has appointed Arthur F. Gotthold receiver for The New York Observer (corporation) of 156 Fifth Avenue, (bond, $2,000,) and granted an order restraining the officers and employes from disposing of the names and addresses of subscribers, and also they and others are restrained from copying or using the lists and card indexes of the names of subscribers and advertisers.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

Owing to the mistake of a Municipal Court Clerk in making a transcript, the County Clerk's list of June 26 included a report that Michael Schliesser had recovered a $139 claim against Solomon Schild. This record was canceled by a court order yesterday, directing that a new entry naming Schild as creditor and Schliesser as debtor be made.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Akin, Mary C.—C. R. Van Pelt, costs, $119.
Same—G. Cecil, costs, $118.
Same—Fifth Avenue Bank, costs, $117.
Brandon, James—J. Winterbottom & Son Co., $118.
Bull, Wm. L., Jr.—K. O. Gitierrez, costs, $103.
Brigham, Jennie—E. P. Palmer, $170.
Barling, Walter R.—Board of Education, City of N. Y., costs, $103.
Cannon, Arnold B.—G. H. Berg, $192.
Crandall, Charles S.—G. Maschke, $2,572.
Cohen, Jacob—W. Axelrod, $131.
Dabo, Louis S.—A. H. Skillin, $116.
Fox, Bertha, and Pauline Lewkowitz—T. H. Beeckman, $113.
Freileweh, Frank—L. Lofkowitz, $134.
Ferguson, Benjamin—Wagener Restaurant Co., $163.
Feldblum, Gus, or Gustave—H. Kuttner et al., $232.
Gillespie, Henry L.—F. N. Wood, $424.
Gurr, William, adm.—City of N. Y., costs, $116.
Glass, Max—M. Binkofsky, $890.
Herz, Salo, and Solomon Feinstein (not summoned)—D. J. Thow, $288.
Haucssler, William—J. J. Kingsley et al., $234.
Heilbron, Jerome S.—J. Weber, $227.
Hughes, John W. and James (not summoned)—M. Fraade, $114.
Kelly, Dora, and Fincus Unger (not summoned)—L. Seiler, $141.
Krieger, Gussie—M. Schulman, $119.
Liederman, John E.—M. Meade, $155.
Levy, Morris—N. Reisler, $119.
Levine, Joseph, and Samuel Kaufman, (not summoned)—J. Axelrod, $366.
McCabe, Thomas—A. F. Hagar et al., $119.
Martino, Phillipo—Consolidated Wafer Co., $376.
Oberndorf, William D.—W. B. Dowd, $3,790.
Perez, Raymond B.—F. Ruggiero et al., $141.
Queen, Emett—J. Krakauer, $355.
Riley, William A.—J. H. Riley, $1,343.
Ridgway, Frank B.—H. S. Rich & Co., $125.
Rosenberg, Rosie, and Anthony Benanty—People, &c., $500.
Stewart, James C. and Alexander M.—M. Durkin, $2,395.
Spinatelle, Tony—J. J. Shannon, $182.
Shapiro, Isaac L.—J. Maisel, $1,114.
Scheuer, Julius; Max Sussman, (not summoned,) Charles Gold, Henry Orgel, (not summoned,) and Max Cohen, (not summoned)—S. C. Welsh, $208.
Schwalbe, Max E.—J. J. Elrich, $123.
Turetbkin, Louis, Louis Kolodkin & Ike Turetzky—M. Miller, $254.
Wishart, George—H. F. Hilchenbach, $188.
Wagner, Charles—Consumers Brewing Company of N. Y. Ltd., $125.
Wolfman, Paul, & William Schwartz—H. Mindlin et al, $294.
Florida Flower and Feather Company—A. Freeman, costs, $120.
Manhattan Properties Company—J. R. Swezey, $366.
S. Emile, Inc.—W. C. Dudley, $214.
N. Y. City Interborough Railway Company—D. Moynahan as collector, $119.
Audubon Riding School—H. Williams, $1,043.
City of New York—A. Rechten, $250.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the creditor, the second that of the debtor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Enos, Gertrude B.—J. J. Reilly, June 24, 1912, (vacated,) $1,287.
Schild, Solomon—M. Schliesser, June 26, 1912, (canceled,) $139.
Horton, Dudley R. & Florence C.—W. E. Cushman et al, Dec. 4, 1907, $286.
Searing, Benjamin T.—F. Schroeder, June 4, 1908, $216.
Fox, Henry E.—S. Fox, June 26, 1912, (reversed,) $359.
Ehrgott, Elizabeth W.—Twenty-sixth Street Company, March 1, 1910, $564.
Davos, Marietta M.—City of New York, June 18, 1906, $195.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court granted discharges yesterday to these bankrupts:

MAX ABRAMSON of Abramson & Guttenberg, skirts, 99 Greene Street; liabilities $19,008.
ADELINE H. S. BOUCHARD, laces, 215 East Thirty-fifth Street; liabilities $1,000.
MARCUS BULLER, jeweler, 215 East Houston Street; liabilities $2,250.
GEORGE W. FAIRCHILD, 47 West Thirty-fourth Street; liabilities $5,365.
JOHN S. FOWLER, 333 Lenox Avenue; liabilities $715.
HENRY FRISCHMAN, salesman, 134 Avenue A, formerly shoes; liabilities $4,451.
FRED H. D. GRAHAME, theatrical agent, 1,402 Broadway; liabilities $1,634.
HARRY GREENBERG, tailor, 833 East Fifty-sixth Street; liabilities $7,081.
RAPHAEL GREIFF, clerk, 142 West 120th Street; liabilities $4,000.
LOUIS GUGGENHEIM, formerly waists; liabilities $6,668.
PETER R. HANSBURY, 159 West Eightieth Street; liabilities $9,109.
DR. JAMES T. HARDY, Larchmont; liabilities $5,836.
GUSTAVE JARETSKY, men's furnishings, 310 Bowery; liabilities $15,882.
HENRY LEVY, salesman, 1,292 Madison Avenue; liabilities $4,694.
MICHAEL A. LEVITTAN, drug clerk, 1,570 Madison Avenue; liabilities $3,469.
ARTHUR R. NAETHING, JR., Broadway and Seventy-ninth Street; liabilities $17,470.
KATE RAMMELSBERG, 756 Seventh Avenue; liabilities $2,400.
LOUIS SCHWARZ, 1,724 Washington Avenue; liabilities $4,472.
MARIA V. SELLARO, 227 East Eighteenth Street; liabilities $807.
GABRIEL SILVER, cloaks, 34 East Tenth Street; liabilities $26,054.
KATE E. TIRNEY, purchasing agent, 15 East Thirty-fifth Street; liabilities $20,804.
WINDERMAN & WEINGARTEN, as the Royal Skirt Co., 110 Fifth Avenue; liabilities $39,069.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Filene's, William, Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; Mrs. Jackson, waists; Mrs. A. Millikan, infants' wear; Miss Lehr, petticoats, corsets, waists, underwear; A. C. Smith, children's dresses, knit underwear, hosiery; Miss O'Callaghan, ladies' suits; 116 West 32d.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; Miss K. E. Miller, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 15 West 26th.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; J. G. Morrissey, cloaks, suits; 45 East 17th.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. A. Koll, housefurn. goods; 215 4th Av.; Long Acre.
Chicago Mercantile Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. J. Brydon, trimmed hats; A. J. Frick, ready to wear hats; P. J. Phelan, untrimmed hats; T. L. Stonehill, flowers, feathers; M. Aronson, braids; 621 Broadway.
Powers Mercantile Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; L. H. Wells, books, stationery; 214 Church.
Schipper & Block, Peoria, Ill.; C. S. Main, furniture; F. L. Aubertine, upholstery goods; 320 Church.
Loveman, D. B., Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; D. B. Loveman, general mdse.; 148 West 23d.
Titche, Goettinger Co., Dallas, Texas; M. Goettinger, cloaks, waists; 45 East 17th.
Russell, L. E., & Co., Los Angeles, Cal.; J. G. Coutts, millinery; Long Acre.
City of Paris Dry Goods Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss M. Anderson, cloaks, suits; 170 5th Av.; St. Denis.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts, bathing suits; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; O. Rideout, raincoats; W. A. Hooper, toilet goods, cutlery; Miss Brickley, suits; P. T. Kiefe, ladies' coats, skirts; 81 Union Square.
Emporium, The, San Francisco, Cal.; J. J. Milburn, cloaks, suits; 229 4th Av.
Levi, J., & Co., Dubuque, Iowa; E. J. Levi, linens, white goods; 100 5th Av.
Jones-Munker Co., Steubenville, Ohio; L. G. Munker, ready-to-wear; 114 5th Av.
Block Co., Macon, Ga.; M. Block, general mdse.; 100 5th Av.
Berg Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Berg, ready-to-wear; Miss Parness, ready-to-wear; 225 4th Av.
Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. Fisher, cloaks, suits, (basement;) 32d and Broadway.
Mandel Bros., Chicago, Ill.; A. G. Ortlepp, cloaks, suits; Miss Carney, misses' and juniors' cloaks, suits; Miss Doherty, costumes; 15 E. 22d.
Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; M. J. Gochey, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 43 Leonard.
Finch, Van Slyck & McConville, St. Paul, Minn.; R. Jennings, hosiery; 51 Leonard.
Burnham, Munger & Root D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; R. S. Jones, laces, linens, white goods; 43 Leonard.
Maxwell-McClure-Fitts D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Mr. Patton, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss L. M. Brown, waists; 65 White.
Howland D. G. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; Miss Gill, books; 75 Spring.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; F. L. Sturtevant, housefurnishing goods, toys, china; E. Noyes, books, stationery; 2 Walker.
Hengerer, W., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. C. Roberts, white goods, linens; 214 Church.
McKelvey, G. M., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; W. E. Warner, men's clothing and furnishing goods; 320 Church.
Schipper & Block, Peoria, Ill.; Mr. Chapman, men's clothing, furnishing goods; 320 Church.
Havens & Geddes Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; G. Schort, ladies' neckwear, jewelry, toilet goods, notions; 72 Leonard.
Hibben, Hollweg & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; T. E. Hibben, white goods, hosiery, underwear; 320 B'way.
Moore, Wm. R., D. G. Co., Memphis, Tenn.; F. L. Lang, notions; 258 Church.
Hauser & Klein, Galveston, Texas; M. Hauser, ladies' ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
Greenebaum, Weil & Michels, San Francisco, Cal.; G. H. Gerwin, clothing, hosiery, gloves, underwear, sweaters; 43 Leonard.
Stix, Louis, & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; J. W. Stix, dry goods; 377 B'way.
Stewart, J., Holyoke, Mass.; notions, leather goods; Imperial.
Ferguson, C. W., Collar Co., Troy, N. Y.; C. W. Ferguson, collars; 43 Leonard.
Goldsmith, J., & Sons Co., Memphis, Tenn.; Mr. Mitchell, carpets; 143 W. 23d; Herald Square.
Taylor, John, D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; J. Taylor, Jr., dry goods; B. Pettibone, silks; 200 5th Av.; Gregorian.
McCully, G. G., Hat Co., Knoxville, Tenn.; G. G. McCully, millinery; G. H. McCully, hats; Imperial.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks; 454 Broome.
Beggs Co., Columbus, Ohio; O. B. Hinman, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin underwear; Imperial.
Kaufman & Co., Richmond, Va.; J. Kaufman, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Miss L. McGill, laces, ribbons; Miss D. Collins, ladies' neckwear, collars, cuffs, ruchings; 334 4th Av.; Holland.
Rauser, Leavens & Kissinger Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; C. F. Rauser, furn. goods, underwear; Wolcott.
Heim Specialty Co., St. Joseph, Mo.; O. Heim, notions; Imperial.
Cox, W. H., Bristol, Tenn.; dry goods; Imperial.
Crescent, The, Spokane, Wash.; E. A. Shadle, linings; 225 4th Av.
Gerber, Nott & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; D. R. Nott, millinery; Breslin.
Nahigian Bros., Chicago, Ill.; S. H. Nahigian, carpets; Breslin.
Rosenthal Bros., Baltimore, Md.; I. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; 114 5th Av.
Melvin, J., Toledo, Ohio; W. McDowell, clothing; Cadillac.
Eichonbroner, E., Albany, N. Y.; clothing; Cadillac.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; F. G. Kimball, costumes; 31 Union Square.
Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; H. L. Belcher, jewelry; 100 5th Av.; Breztell.
Marott Dept. Store Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; G. J. Marott, dry goods; 215 4th Av.; Algonquin.
Milner, W. L., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; O. L. Mason, laces, embroideries, hdkfs.; A. E. Barker, men's, boys' clothing; 20 W. 23d; Brestell.
Steiger, A., & Co., Holyoke, Mass.; P. C. Steiger, cloaks, suits, skirts; R. E. Steiger, dry goods; Cadillac.
Tiedtke Bros. Co., Toledo, Ohio; M. R. Foor, silks, dress goods; Cadillac.
Emporium, San Francisco, Cal.; J. J. Milburn, cloaks, suits; 229 4th Av.; Cumberland.
Daube, S., Ardmore, I. T.; general mdse.; Wellington.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Price, stationery and leather goods; 118 Worth; Great Northern.
Chicago Mercantile Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Klogeter, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Goldenberg Bros., Baltimore, Md.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Marlborough.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. Dillemuth, dress and wash goods; 1,261 Broadway; Navarre.
Robitshek, Frank & Heller, Minneapolis, Minn.; M. Robitshek, furn. goods; 78 Worth.
Saks, J., Birmingham, Ala.; clothing; Somerset.
Lederer, Strauss & Co., Des Moines, Iowa; G. Strauss, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Hunter & Hunter, Detroit, Mich.; T. Hunter, hosiery, gloves; 221 4th Av.; Waldorf-Astoria.

LARGEST popular silk waist manufacturer wishes salesman for Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin; experienced man, with large acquaintance, considered only; great opportunity; commission basis. R 57 Times.

SALESMAN for popular price line Princess slips, combinations, and corset covers, for New York City and Southern States; good opportunity for right party. Apt & Zuckerman, 105 Wooster St.

DRESS HOUSE, catering to the jobbing trade, is desirous of renting part of their loft to jobber of cloaks and suits for showroom purposes only. T 87 Times.

SALESMAN, with big lingerie waist house, wants side line of silk waists; can assure big business with right line. F 6 Times.

To Sublease.—Office eighth floor New York Life Building. Inquire Room 839.

LOWER FLOUR RATES TO ATLANTIC PORTS

Commission Directs Railroads to Handle Shipments by Flour City Steamship Co.

LAKE LINE CUT TARIFF

Eastern Roads Controlling Other Steamship Companies Refused to Grant Through Rates to Rival.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Interstate Commerce Commission, by its decision to-day in the Flour City case, practically directed a reduction of freight rates on flour from Minneapolis and other points in the Northwest to the Atlantic seaboard.

The case was brought to the commission by the Flour City Line, operating steamers between Duluth, Minn., and Buffalo, N. Y., and was carried on by the Flour City Steamship Company, as successor. The steamship line made a Lake rate lower than other steamer lines operating between Duluth and Buffalo, and owned or controlled by Eastern railroads.

The Eastern railways, however, refused to grant a through route and joint rates to the Flour City Steamship Company. To compel them to do so, the proceeding was instituted.

By the terms of the commission's decision, the Eastern railways will be required to honor through bills of lading issued by the Western rail carriers in connection with the Flour City Steamship Company, and to handle the traffic from the end of the gangplank at Buffalo to New York at not exceeding 11 cents a hundred pounds, although the commission does not say that 11 cents is a reasonable rate from Buffalo to New York.

The decision points out "while there may not be any statutory inhibition against common ownership of rail and lake instrumentalities of carriage, the uses which it has subserved cannot be said to be entireley consonant with the spirit of the law."

It is held to be the duty of the defendants—the Lehigh Valley, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and the Pennsylvania—to provide facilities for the handling of flour received at Buffalo by the Flour City Steamship Company at a charge no greater than would apply at their own docks.

The commission makes no order in the case, but says it expects the railroads to conform to its conclusions. The case is held open for a positive order, if one should be necessary.

ENLARGING 3D AVE. SYSTEM.

Service Commission Hearings on Proposal to Take 28th Street Crosstown.

The Third Avenue Railway Company is seeking to complete its control of the old Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street Railway by buying the entire capital stock and bonds of the Mid-Crosstown Railway Company, Incorporated, which has been formed to take over the property from the bondholders of the old company. The Public Service Commission will hold a hearing on the matter next Monday afternoon.

Ever since the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street line was thrown into bankruptcy it has been run as a part of the Third Avenue system. The latter company substituted electric storage battery cars for horse cars, and now hopes to work it into an integral part of its system and to obtain access to the Pennsylvania Station. In its application to the commission it states that "with the construction of certain extensions other connections could be made, and other sections of the city could be given much-needed surface accommodations."

The commission has authorized the purchase by the Third Avenue Railway Company of practically all the shares not already owned by it of the Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery Company, the Forty-second Street, Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company, and the New York, Westchester & Connecticut Traction Company, and 28,650 shares of the New York City Interborough Company. The Third Avenue will thus acquire control of the New York City Interborough, and the commission, in granting it permission to do so, declares that the advantage to the public outweighs any objection that might be raised on the ground that it is thereby gaining a monopoly. The Third Avenue gave the commission an undertaking to purchase any of the minority holdings of the New York City Interborough at a price not to exceed $7 a share, thus protecting the rights of minority shareholders.

COAL PRICES ADVANCED.

Increases on July 1 Add 25 Cents to Many Grades—Anthracite Scarce.

July prices for domestic anthracite went into effect yesterday. The June discount was 30 cents a ton, and, beginning with yesterday, the discount is 20 cents a ton until the end of this month. The tidewater price of stove coal, with the discount, is $5.05 a ton. The retail price, less the discount, is now $6.55, and the retail price of chestnut, less the discount, is now $6.80. These rates are 25 cents a ton higher than they have been for years. The advance, which is to be investigated by the Government, was made after the settlement, late in the Spring, with the mine workers.

Dealers said yesterday that there was not at present enough domestic anthracite in any market in the country to supply the demand. The coal is being distributed as evenly as possible according to the demand in the cities wher anthracite is used.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Grains Fall Heavily—Pork and Coffee Easier—Cotton Firm.

Wheat declined heavily on more favorable weather conditions in the American and Canadian Northwest. Corn and oats, influenced by wheat and also by more favorable weather, declined sharply, all the grain markets closing at the lowest. Provisions were dull and easier. Cottonseed oil was higher, with little for sale. Cotton remains comparatively dull, but steady, influenced by spot advices, while the weather in the east is not the most seasonable. Copper reacts on disappointing cables. A rather bearish visible statement is predicted.

WHEAT.

Prices broke 1⅛ to 2⅝c, closing at the lowest. Spring wheat markets showed most decline. The break was on a favorable change in the weather conditions over Sunday. Public and private advices indicated widespread rains over a greater portion of the Canadian Northwest, and considerably lower temperatures. The weather map also showed some rains in the American Northwest, with lower temperatures, and the prediction was for general showers in the Dakotas, and more seasonable temperatures. The storm seemed to be widespread in the American and Canadian Spring wheat country. During the day there were additional reports of extending rainfall, causing steady and persistent liquidation. Reports from the Northwest, from crop experts, indicated that as yet there was no serious damage, but damage was feared without a favorable weather change. This seems to have been the case also in the Canadian Northwest. The map showed scattered showers through the Winter wheat states, with the prediction, however, for fair weather, so that this did not prove a factor as a steadying influence. The trade figured that whatever the Government showing on Spring wheat might be, the change to favorable weather and the rains would mean that any deteriorating tendency had been checked, particularly if the unsettled weather extends over all the Dakotas and Minnesota. The visible supply showed a decrease in domestic wheat of 1,399,000 bushels, a decrease in bonded wheat of 995,000 bushels. Deliveries on contracts were comparatively light in all markets. The world's exports were 12,816,000 bushels, against 13,136,000 bushels the previous week and 11,520,000 last year. The amount afloat for Europe decreased 6,450,000 bushels. No 2 red was quoted $1.19, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.21½; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.18¼, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.17½.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN opened under pressure and declined 1@1½c, closing at the low point. Selling was influenced partly by the weakness in wheat and oats, but also by reports of more favorable weather conditions, and the selling was further influenced by reports of slow cash trade. If the storm developing through the Northwest covers the northern half of the corn belt, cause for immediate anxiety will be greatly reduced. Deliveries on July contracts were small. The visible supply decreased 587,000 bushels. World's exports were 6,325,000 bushels, against 8,473,000 the previous week and 4,146,000 last year. The amount afloat for Europe decreased 1,990,000 bushels. No. 2 corn was quoted 82½c, f. o. b.

OATS.—The market was weak, closing at the low point, at ⅝@1½c per bushel decline. Nearby deliveries showed the most pressure. The improvement in the weather conditions in the Northwest, the break in other grain, and the expectation of a favorable Government report induced heavy and general liquidation. Cash oats were weaker, with standards and No. 3 white quoted 58c, elevator; No. 2 white, 58½c. The visible supply of domestic oats decreased 841,000 bushels; bonded stocks decreased 690,000 bushels.

PROVISIONS.

Dealings in hog products continue small and fluctuations narrow. Hog receipts were moderate, amounting to 89,000 head at all points, with prices about steady. Deliveries on contracts were comparatively small, and were taken by the packers. The European visible supply of lard increased 16,500 tierces during the month of June, against an increase last year of 9,000 tierces.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	..	..	$1.15⅝	$1.16½
September	$1.10⅝	$1.09⅝	1.09⅝	1.11⅛
December	1.10½	1.10⅛	1.10¼	1.11⅛

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	$1.08¼	$1.07⅛	$1.07⅝	$1.08⅝
September	1.05⅜	1.04⅛	1.04⅛	1.06
December	1.06½	1.05⅛	1.05⅛	1.06⅝
Corn—				
July	75	73⅝	73⅝	75⅛
September	73	71⅛	71⅝	73⅛
December	63¼	62⅛	62½	63⅝
May	63⅝	63	63	..
Oats—				
July	47⅛	46⅛	46⅝	48⅛
September	39⅝	39	39	40
December	40⅝	40⅛	40¼	41
May	42⅝	42⅝	42⅛	..
Lard—				
July	10.90	10.80	10.80	10.87½
September	11.10	11.00	11.00	11.07½
October	11.17½	11.00	11.10	11.15
Ribs—				
July	10.47½	10.37½	10.37½	10.47½
September	10.67½	10.57½	10.60	10.67½
October	..	..	10.55	10.62½
Pork—				
July	18.67½	18.37½	18.40	18.55
September	19.02½	18.80	18.80	18.92½
October	18.92½	18.72½	18.72½	18.82½

COTTONSEED OIL.

The volume of oil offering was again very limited, and with a fair demand, partly in the way of short covering, there were moderate advances scored. The belief still obtains in many quarters that the rise of the last few days has been entirely the result of technical conditions, but there seems to be less aggressiveness among bears. Meanwhile consuming inquiry has not improved to an important extent, although it is still averred by many that a larger business will transpire with stability to the markets. A hardening of values in grease circles is talked of. On the upturn, however, oil offerings were somewhat larger, the market closing steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.84	6.82
July	6.86	6.86	6.84	6.81
August	6.94	6.94	6.95	6.93
September	7.12	7.08	7.10	7.06
October	7.00	6.98	6.96	6.95
November	6.45	6.44	6.42	6.40
December	6.41	6.39	6.38	6.37
January	6.40	6.40	6.39	6.37

COTTON.

Sustaining to values during the session were the numerous reports of a firm spot situation at virtually all points, and the belief that the Eastern cotton belt is receiving too much precipitation for the proper development of the plant. However, nothing approaching aggressiveness or enthusiasm was noted among bulls, it being quite evident that the proximity of the Government report and the holiday on Thursday were factors restrictive to trading. There were small declines, ranging from one to five points at the outset, but the undertone hardened, and generally through the day advances of a few points were the rule, with relative steadiness in the near deliveries.

Tenders for several hundred bales circulated, but these were not depressing, and undoubtedly the scattered speculative long account in the July option has liquidated. Spot concerns are conspicuous on the buying side of the near deliveries, with these months in practically all markets displaying firmness, in reflection of the absence of pressure in spot circles. Although the Liverpool future market was below expectation yesterday, and largely instrumental in the heaviness shown by the first prices in the local market, spot sales there were 10,000 bales. The tenor of most domestic trade advices is hopeful, and while from abroad reports are rather contradictory, the recent rise in silver, favorable crop conditions in India, and slightly improved financial prospects in China, are constructive factors alluded to by foreign cotton interests.

Over Sunday there were light to moderate showers in many sections of the Eastern belt, and naturally several dispatches were at hand to the effect that the moisture was undesired. Additional complaints were being anticipated, due to the forecast for continued showers in the districts east of the Mississippi. Some moisture was looked for in Western terrritory, from which sections crop accounts are still the most favorable. The Journal of Commerce report on Texas, was bearish, but not surprisingly so. The condition was reported by many correspondents as being the best recorded in ten years, and while the plant was small it was strong and growing satisfactorily. The Journal of Commerce crop estimate is scheduled for this morning, and it is also probable that Miss Giles's report will be issued. A condition slightly above the ten-year Government June average of 80.7 represents most views, with an area reduction of from 5 to 7 per cent.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Closing.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	..	11.19
August	11.25	11.13	11.23@11.24	11.26
September	11.33	11.23	11.30@11.31	11.33
October	11.36	11.31	11.36@11.37	11.44
November	11.49	11.43	11.46@11.47	11.48
December	..	..	11.50@11.51	11.53
January	11.59	11.53	11.55@11.57	11.48
February	11.53	11.47	11.50@11.51	11.51
March	..	..	11.53@11.55	11.56
April	11.63	11.54	11.59@11.60	..
May	..	..	..	11.63
June	11.65	11.57	11.62@11.63	..

COFFEE.

Coffee sales amounted to only 31,250 bags, but prices were lower, closing at a net loss of 3 to 9 points. Havre declined ¼ to ½ franc, and Hamburg was ¼ to ½ pfennig lower. Owing to a holiday in Brazil on Saturday, the only cable was the late special, showing Santos quiet and unchanged. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were unchanged to 10 points lower. Brazilian reports were that if wet weather continues the harvest will be late. Indications point to a decrease of from 400,000 to 500,000 bags in the visible supply figures during June, compared with a decrease last year of 784,000. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week were 91,314 bags, against 114,728 last year.

Spot coffee unchanged; 14⅝c for Rio 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	13.57@13.58	13.60
Aug.	..	..	13.66@13.67	13.72
Sept.	13.80	13.75	13.75@13.76	13.82
Oct.	13.86	13.82	13.82@13.83	13.86
Nov.	13.90	13.90	13.89@13.90	13.94
Dec.	13.98	13.94	13.94@13.95	14.02
Jan.	..	..	13.98@14.00	14.03
Feb.	..	..	13.95@13.96	14.00
March	14.08	14.04	14.04@14.05	14.12
April	..	..	14.05@14.06	14.13
May	14.09	14.06	14.06&14.07	14.15
June	..	..	14.06@14.07	14.15

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, lb., 27@27¼c; firsts, 25¾@26½c; seconds, 25@25½c; thirds, 24@24½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 26@26½c; good to prime, 24@25c; common to fair, 22@23c; process, extras, 25c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22@22½c; factory, current make, firsts, 22c; seconds, 21½@22c; thirds, 20@20½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21c; No. 3, 19@20c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, new, specials, lb., 15c; average fancy, 14¾c; under grades, 13½@14½c; daisies, best, 15½c; State, skims, specials, 11¾@12¼c; choice, 10¼@11¼c; fair, 8¾@9¾c; under grades, 6½@8½c; full skims, 3½@5½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22@23c; extra, firsts, 20@21c; firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; thirds and poorer, 17@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 17@17½c; No. 2, 16@16½c; inferior, 14@15c; checks, good to fine, 16@16½c; poor to fair, 10@15½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 27c; selected whites, good to prime, 24@26c; selected whites, common to fair, 22@23c; Western, gathered whites, 22@23c; hennery browns, 23@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@23c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was dull yesterday at previously quoted prices.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, $8; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.50; Eagle tablets, $6.30; cut loaf, $5.80; crushed, $5.70; Mold A, $5.35; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.25; XXXX powdered, $5.15; powdered, coarse powdered and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.10; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5; Eagle, two, three and one-half and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.20; three and one-half-pound bags, $5.25; five-pound bags, $5.20; ten-pound bags, $5.15; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.05; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5; confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.85; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.80@$4.30, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.25.

Sales of raw sugar were about 200,000 bags during the last two or three business days, including July and second half July and August shipment, at 2 7-16c, cost and freight, equal to $3.80, duty paid. The above included some Porto Rico sugar, first half July shipment, on the basis of $3.80, and further offerings at that price were not taken. Spot prices are $3.80 for 96 test centrifugal, $3.30 for 89 test Muscovado, and $3.05 for 89 test molasses sugar.

The London market for beet sugar was about 1½d lower, with July at 10s 9¾d; August, 10s 10½d, and October to December, 9s 9¾d. The late afternoon cable reported the market practically unchanged from the above prices.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Both markets were dull, but steady and unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was quiet, with buyers holding off because of the decline in wheat.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange. Spring patents, $5.70@$6; Winter straights, $5.30@$5.45; Winter patents, $5.50@$5.70; Spring clears, $4.75@$5; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.40@$4.60; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; Kansas straights, $5.20@$5.35; fancy Spring patents, $6.85@$7.15. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $4.75@$4.90; choice to fancy, $5@$5.20. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.20. BAG-MEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.70@$1.75; coarse, $1.65@$1.70. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $25; Standard middling, $28; flour, middling, $32.50; Red Dog, $33.10; city bran, $24.65, bulk; $26.25, sacks; middling, $28.25@$33; Red Dog, $32.50; hominy chop, $28.50@$29, bulk, $29.70@$30.20, sacks; oilmeal, $37@$37.50, nominal.

RICE.—The rice market was steady and unchanged. Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4⅝c; fair, 4¾@4⅞c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5½@5⅝c; choice, 5¾@6c; head, Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6@6½c, duty paid.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices. Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.60; bulk, $5; standard white, cases, New York, $10.50; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.60; bulk, $6; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.50. Linseed Oil—American seed, city, raw, 78@79c; out of town, raw, 77@78c; Calcutta, raw, 85c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine showed little activity and no change. Resin was a shade lower, but tar was steady and unchanged. Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 47½c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.40@6.50; B, $6.65; D, $6.90; E, $7.25; F, $7.70; G, $7.75; H and I, $7.80; K, $7.90; M, $8; N, $8.10; WG, $8.15, and WW, $8.20.

Morristown Trust Company,

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

ALLOWS INTEREST AT 3% ON ALL ACCOUNTS

Subject to Check.

RESOURCES, over $9,000,000.

Check book stamped payable in N. Y. funds.

SAMUEL FREEMAN, President.

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.

New York

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000

Personal and Business Accounts Invited.

REORGANIZATION

ALABAMA CONSOLIDATED COAL & IRON COMPANY

—AND—

SOUTHERN IRON & STEEL COMPANY

Because of the delay in carrying out the merger and reorganization plan, and the possibility of further modification thereof, the holders of certificates of deposit issued by Bankers Trust Company, representing preferred and common stock of Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Company, may withdraw same during the period of thirty days next ensuing and during such further period as the committee may permit, upon surrender to Bankers Trust Company of outstanding certificates of deposit, properly endorsed for transfer, and by paying their share of the pro rata of the compensation and expenses of the committee to date as fixed, apportioned and determined by it.

Holders of certificates of deposit representing preferred stock of Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Company will be required to contribute $2.46 for each share represented by such certificates of deposit.

Holders of certificates of deposit representing common stock of Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Cmpany will be required to contribute 58 cents for each share represented by such certificates of deposit.

Dated June 29th, 1912.

CECIL A. GRENFELL, Chairman,
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
EDWIN G. MERRILL,
JOHN W. PLATTEN,
BENJAMIN STRONG, JR.,
HARRY BRONNER,
NEVILLE G. HIGHAM,
H. H. MELVILLE,
S. H. VOORHEES,
Committee.

SAMUEL UNTERMYER,
ALBERT RATHBONE,
Counsel.

A. M. WICKWIRE, Secretary, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

HUDSON TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 14th day of June, 1912:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$1,071,566.00
Other securities, market value		237,131.82
Real estate owned		20,943.35
Mortgages owned		163,349.42
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		178,728.58
Loans secured by other collateral		1,106,442.59
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,173,868.18
Overdrafts		1,316.62
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		756,882.72
Specie		341,480.74
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		16,950.00
Cash items		57,220.27
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$9,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	12,579.25	
Accrued interest not entered	3,416.00	
		24,995.25
Total		$5,150,875.54

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		714,369.77
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, &c., viz.		7,866.05
Preferred deposits	$408,080.42	
Deposits not preferred	3,036,434.61	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	289,977.41	
Total deposits		$3,734,492.44
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Tellers and accepted checks	$174,860.92	
Officers' checks outstanding	475.47	
Mortgages on real estate owned	8,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	18,110.89	
Accrued interest not entered	2,700.00	
		194,147.28
Total		$5,150,875.54

Amount of investments held as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or as depositary of moneys deposited on order of the court, for which the trust company is liable because the same are not legal for savings banks, nor permitted in and by the respective instruments or words creating or defining the trusts, $106,492.09.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

E. R. CHAPMAN, President; and HENRY G. LEWIS, Treasurer, of HUDSON TRUST CO., located and doing business at No. 1,411 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 14th day of June, 1912, as the day of which such report shall be made.

E. R. CHAPMAN, President.
HENRY G. LEWIS, Treasurer.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 26th day of June, 1912, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] W. J. HOLLOWAY,
Notary Public, New York County.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, July 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1:30 o'clock P. M. August 1, 1912, and then opened, for furnishing forage and straw required at San Juan, P. R., during the period commencing October 1, 1912, and ending June 30, 1913. Information upon application.

M. GRAY ZALINSKI,
Depot Q. M.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

OTTO T. BANNARD, *President*

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, FREDERICK J. HORNE, Vice-Presidents.
HERBERT W. MORSE, Secretary.
JAMES DODD, Treasurer.
CHARLES E. HAYDOCK, ARTHUR S. GIBBS, H. WALTER SHAW, MONTROSE STUART, Asst. Secretaries.

TRUSTEES

OTTO T. BANNARD
S. READING BERTRON
JAMES A. BLAIR
MORTIMER N. BUCKNER
JAMES C. COLGATE
ROBERT W. de FOREST
JOHN B. DENNIS
ELBERT H. GARY
JOSEPH P. GRACE
BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS
CHARLES W. HARKNESS
F. N. HOFFSTOT
ARTHUR CURTISS JAMES
FREDERIC B. JENNINGS
WALTER JENNINGS
CHAUNCEY KEEP
DARWIN P. KINGSLEY
JOHN J. MITCHELL
JAMES PARMELEE
GEORGE W. PERKINS
JOHN S. PHIPPS
E. PARMALEE PRENTICE
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH
NORMAN B. REAM
DEAN SAGE
B. AYMAR SANDS
JOSEPH J. SLOCUM
JOHN W. STERLING
JAMES STILLMAN
MYLES TIERNEY

Statement, July 1st, 1912

RESOURCES.

Cash in Office and Banks	$11,090,029.77
Loans on Collateral	25,625,402.53
Bills Purchased	4,738,936.58
Stocks & Bonds (Market Value.)	14,099,383.24
Bonds and Mortgages	2,317,483.90
Real Estate	38,296.94
Exchanges for Clearing House	830,620.51
Interest Receivable	384,215.93
	$59,124,869.40

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	11,691,057.47
Deposits	42,008,925.93
Cheques Outstanding	2,229,377.09
Reserved for Taxes	150,000.00
Interest Payable	45,008.91
	$59,124,869.40

Member of the New York Clearing House Association

ESTABLISHED 1887

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

Member of the New York Clearing House Association

160 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Branch 188 Montague Street, Brooklyn

STATEMENT JUNE 29th, 1912

ASSETS

Company's Buildings, 160 Broadway, N. Y., and 188 Montague St., Brooklyn	$2,328,687.80
Other Real Estate	1,166,392.42
Bonds and Mortgages	5,354,575.11
Stocks & Bonds	6,817,801.19
Loans on Collateral and Bills Purchased	7,411,581.92
Int. Accrued, Receivable	179,451.65
Rent Accrued, Receivable	4,643.40
Accounts Receivable for Search, Title Fees, etc.	239,326.76
Cash on Hand and in Banks	4,168,246.86
Exchanges for Clearing House	295,505.70
	$27,966,212.81

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$4,000,000.00
Surplus	5,500,000.00
Undivided Profits	476,560.42
Deposits	17,544,844.19
Taxes and Rent Accrued, Payable	124,072.24
Interest Accrued, Payable	26,141.68
Reserved for Current Expenses, etc.	17,428.19
Certified Checks	37,675.88
Officers Checks Outstanding	119,490.21
Dividend Payable July 1st, 1912	120,000.00
	$27,966,212.81

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY

OF NEW YORK

54 Wall Street

Statement of Condition June 30, 1912

RESOURCES

Bonds and Mortgages	$1,497,328.95
Public Securities, Market Value	5,542,881.25
Other Securities, Market value	24,330,682.54
Loans	50,124,916.79
Real Estate	1,006,946.04
Cash in Banks	30,625,495.26
Cash in Vault	9,250,514.89
Accrued Interest	724,018.31
Total,	$123,102,784.03

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus	15,000,000.00
*Undivided Profits	1,921,232.67
Deposits	102,725,103.94
Reserved for Taxes	196,752.66
Accrued Interest	256,329.16
Secretary's Checks	3,365.60
Total,	$123,102,784.03

*Dividend payable July 1st, 1912, charged to Profit and Loss and not included in this Statement.

OFFICERS

JAMES N. WALLACE, President
E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice-President
BENJAMIN G. MITCHELL, Vice-President
DUDLEY OLCOTT 2d, Vice-President
GEORGE W. DAVISON, Vice-President
MILTON FERGUSON, Secretary
FRANK B. SMIDT, Assistant Secretary
C. P. STALLKNECHT, Assistant Secretary

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

F. A. HARDY & COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors of F. A. Hardy & Company at a meeting duly held June 3d, 1912, a special meeting of the stockholders of F. A. Hardy & Company will be held July 10th, 1912, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Messrs. Caldwell, Masslich & Reed, No. 100 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, being the City and County where the last annual meeting of said corporation was held, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved pursuant to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, June 14, 1912.

G. A. HENRY, Secretary.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at twelve o'clock noon Saturday, September 28th, 1912.

The transfer books will be closed on Monday, the 12th of August, and reopened on the 30th day of September next.

ROSWELL MILLER,
Chairman of the Board.

June 27th, 1912.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF HORACE WATERS & CO.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Horace Waters & Co. will be held at the office of the Company, No. 134 Fifth Avenue, in the City, County and State of New York, on the 16th day of July, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing six Directors, or Trustees, who hold office until the next annual meeting, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting. The polls will remain open one hour.

Dated New York, July 1st, 1912.

MERRILL K. WATERS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of WOOL EXCHANGE REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 260 West Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, the 9th day of July, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

J. G. WYLIE, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of THE ROBERT GRAVES COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 483-485 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, July 16th, 1912, at 2 o'clock, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

THOS. W. STRONG, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of Daniel Buhre & Co., Inc., for the election of Officers and Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 277 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, July 9, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon.

DONALD M. BAKER, Secretary.

Cypress Hills Cemetery.

The Annual Election for Directors of the Cypress Hills Cemetery will be held at the New York Office, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., cor. of 23d St., Room 8037, Tuesday, July 9, 1912, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

A. M. FRASER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the BLOCK LIGHT COMPANY will be held at No. 1,402 Broadway, Room 309, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on July 9th, 1912, at 2 P. M.

OTTO KAUFMANN,
Secretary pro tem.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of THE GEORGE C. FLINT COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 45 West 23d Street, New York City, at 3:30 P. M., Thursday, July 11, for the election of Trustees and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The polls will be open for one hour.

NORTON F. LEMMON, Secretary.

July 1, 1912.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that The Universal Talking Machine Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 20th day of June, 1912, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the City of Albany, this twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

[Seal] JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Universal Talking Machine Manufacturing Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 20th day of June, 1912, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the City of Albany, this twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

[Seal] JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

THE GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, located at 11 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

SAMUEL WOOLVERTON, President.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1912.

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL LICORICE COMPANY.
Common Dividend No. 20.

A dividend of 2 per cent. on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable July 8th to all Common Stockholders of record July 2nd. Transfer Books of the Company close July 2nd, reopening July 8th, 1912.

H. W. PETHERBRIDGE,
June 29th, 1912. Treasurer.

Underwriters Building Company.

New York, July 1st, 1912.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of Six per cent. (6%) on the preferred stock of this Company, payable this day to stockholders of record at the close of business this first day of July, 1912.

ROBERT D. JONES, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Interest on the first and general mortgage 5 per cent. bonds due 1937 of this company will be paid on or after July 1st, 1912, upon presentation of coupon No. 1 to the Columbia Knickerbocker Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York City.

CUMBERLAND TEL. & TEL. CO.,
By T. D. WEBB, Treasurer.

THE VULCAN DETINNING COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending June 30th, 1912, payable July 20th, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. July 10th, 1912. CHAS. P. HULL, Sec'y.

New York, June 27th, 1912.

BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANKS.

THE WILLIAMSBURGH SAVINGS BANK

Broadway and Driggs Avenue, Brooklyn

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of July, 1912, a semi-annual interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT.

FOUR PER CENT

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who, on the 1st day of July, 1912, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before July 10, 1912, will draw interest from July 1st.

E. B. TUTTLE, President.
WILLIAM F. BURNS, Cashier.

Bank Open Mondays until 7 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

HENRY SIEGEL FRANK E. VOGEL

HENRY SIEGEL & CO

PRIVATE BANKERS

MAIN FLOOR

The 14th STREET Store NEW YORK

PER ANNUM 4½ PER CENT

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS FROM $1. TO $3,000.

MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE JULY 15TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST. INTEREST READY AND PAYABLE IF DESIRED ON THE FIRST DAYS OF JANUARY AND JULY.

DEPOSITS MAY BE WITHDRAWN WITHOUT GIVING NOTICE.

WRITE FOR CIRCULAR.

Hours: 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

F. L. CHAMPION, Cashier W. J. DOHERTY, Asst. Cashier

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society, a savings institution, founded 1888, under the New York State Bank Law, announces the usual semi-annual cash dividend at the rate of 4½% per annum on all accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the Society's 47th Consecutive Dividend.

You can take out a pass book with $1 or more. Accounts of $10, opened on or before Wednesday, July 10th, earn from July 1st. Thousands of investors, large and small, have accounts with the Society.

Simple Mailing System.

Start now, or write for booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FOR HOME BUILDING & SAVINGS,
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

4½ PER CENT

BANKING INTEREST

5% INTEREST

Allowed on accounts from $10. to $3,000.

Deposits made on or before July 15, draw interest from July 1.

$100,000. on deposit with the State of N. Y.

We are entering our 72d year.

Banking by mail to meet your convenience.

Call or write for booklet. *Tel. 1234 Beekman*

CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers

154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

DIVIDENDS.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY, Incorporated,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Ottumwa Railway and Light Company, Ottumwa, Iowa, has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check July 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business June 29th, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Secretary.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY, Incorporated,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Fort Smith Light and Traction Company, Fort Smith, Arkansas, has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check July 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business June 29th, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Assistant Secretary.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY, Incorporated,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Western States Gas and Electric Company of Delaware has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check July 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business June 29, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Secretary.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY, Incorporated,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Northern States Power Company has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check July 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business June 29th, 1912. ROBERT J. GRAF, Secretary.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

A quarterly dividend (No. 2) of one dollar and twenty-five cents per share upon the Common Capital Stock of this company will be paid on July 15th, 1912, to shareholders of record at 12:00 o'clock noon, June 15th, 1912. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY,
D. H. FOOTE, Secretary.

San Francisco, California, June 15, 1912.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Four Per Cent. Collateral Trust Bonds.

Coupons from these Bonds, payable by their terms on July 1, 1912, at the office of the Treasurer in New York, will be paid by the Bankers Trust Company, 14 Wall Street.

WILLIAM R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1912.

The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent. (or $2.50 per share) on its common stock to stockholders of record, June 29, 1912, and a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent. (or $2.50 per share) on its preferred stock to stockholders of record June 29, 1912, both payable July 13, 1912. Checks will be mailed.

J. M. BAXTER, Treasurer.

212TH DIVIDEND.
CHARTERED 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, June 20, 1912.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of 7%, free from tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after July 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 26th, 1912. Transfer books will remain open until July 1st, 1912.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

MIAMI COPPER COMPANY.

42 Broadway, N. Y.
July 1, 1912.

DIVIDEND No. 2.

The Board of Directors of Miami Copper Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable August 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 1st, 1912. Books do not close.

J. H. SUSMANN, Treasurer.

115TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) in cash, payable August 31st, 1912, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Thursday, August 1st, 1912.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.

New York, June 26, 1912.

T. B. ACKERSON CO.

The Board of Directors of T. B. Ackerson Co. has declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. upon the preferred stock of the Company, payable July 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30th, 1912. O. R. JUDD, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION

644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.

122d SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

June 11th, 1912.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 30th inst., payable on or after July 15th, 1912.

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1912, draw interest from July 1st, 1912.

JOSEPH BIRD, President.
FRANK G. STILES, Secretary.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Asst. Secretary.

128TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK

No. 20 Union Square.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for six months ending June 30, 1912, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 15, 1912. Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
JOHN T. WEEKS, Cashier.
HENRY R. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary.

Open 10 to 3, Mon. 10 to 7, Sat. 10 to 12.
Accounts of Societies Accepted.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK

Corner 8th Avenue & 42d St.

103d consecutive semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 15th, 1912.

Deposits made on or before the 10th of July will draw interest from the 1st.

Assets	$22,609,253.86
Surplus, par values,	1,356,528.72

Wm. G. Conklin, President.
William B. Krug, Secretary.

Metropolitan Savings Bank

1 and 3 THIRD AVE. (opp. Cooper Institute)
CHARTERED 1852.

118th DIVIDEND

New York, June 11, 1912.

INTEREST FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1912, at the rate of

Four Per Cent. Per Annum

will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000. INTEREST PAYABLE JULY 17, 1912.

MONEY DEPOSITED on or before July 12th will draw interest from July 1.

JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
D. SHERER, Sec'y. R. D. ANDREWS, Asst. Sec'y.

Dry Dock Savings Institution

341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1912, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum on all sums not exceeding THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, payable on and after July 15, 1912.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will be entitled to interest from July 1, 1912.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
WM. F. PATTERSON, Treasurer.
CHARLES MIEHLING, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

July 1, 1912, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

56 AND 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.

104TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The trustees have ordered interest at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT. per annum to be paid to depositors on and after July 15th on all sums of $5 and up to $3,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending June 30th, 1912, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

HENRY HASLER, President.
HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.
EMIL A. HUBER, Assistant Secretary.

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (106th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum.

Credited July 1st, 1912, and payable on or after Thursday, July 18, 1912, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws. Money deposited on or before July 10, 1912, draws interest from July 1st, 1912.

ALEX. P. W. KINNAN, President.
FRANCIS M. LEAKE, Treasurer.
WILLIAM G. ROSS, Secretary.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending June 30th, 1912.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, July 15th, 1912.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.

New York, June 6th, 1912.

Maiden Lane Savings Bank

170 Broadway, cor. Maiden Lane,
Has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

4% per annum

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st. Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Saturdays to 1 P. M.

J. Heynen, Sec'y. Louis Windmuller, Pres.

Empire City Savings Bank,

231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30, 1912, at the rate of 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable July 15, 1912. Money deposited on or before July 12 will draw interest from July 1.

I. A. HOPPER, President.
A. S. VAN WINKLE, Secretary.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK

125TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.

The Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

3½ Per Cent Per Annum

on all deposits entitled thereto according to the by-laws, from $5 up to $3,000, payable on and after Monday, July 15, 1912. Money deposited on or before July 10, 1912, will draw interest from July 1, 1912.

WILLIAM E. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

WEST SIDE SAVINGS BANK

Sixth Avenue and 9th Street.
(Incorporated 1868.)

The Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum, which will be credited on all accounts entitled thereto on June 30. Money deposited on or before July 12 will draw interest from July 1.

W. V. HUDSON, Treas. C. O. BIGELOW, Pres.

American Savings Bank

115 WEST 42D ST.
(Bet. Broadway & Sixth Ave.)

Hours 9 to 4; also Mondays 6 to 8 P. M.
Dividend at rate of 3½% per annum.
Deposits to July 10th, 1912, draw interest from July 1, 1912.

JOHN V. IRWIN, Pres. DAVID ORR, Sec'y.
WM. M. HAZELTON, Treas.

AMERICAN CAN
LEHIGH VALLEY

The position of the above issues is unusual. The analyses prepared by our Statistical Department on these subjects are of timely interest.

Sent on request.

EASTMAN, DILLON & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway New York

Add Your Profits To Your Principal

By a judicious purchase of good dividend-paying stocks, this important feature to investors can be accomplished with reasonable certainty—for example:

A certain well-known investment trunk line stock can now be purchased at slightly over par (100), and if held until conditions in this country have returned to normal prosperity, judged by its previous records, will have increased in price 50%. A sale of the same will then have increased your principal 50%. Invest the increase and wait for another opportunity. They are constantly occurring.

Our Letter T is Week Is On
UNITED STATES RUBBER

Each week we issue a weekly letter dealing with one particular stock, which after careful study we believe a good investment, yielding a good return, and also one which should increase in value. This will be sent on request. Remember, we are brokers for the small as well as the large investor. We make a specialty of executing small lots of stock, either to be bought outright, on margin, or on our monthly payment plan.

ALEXANDER & Co
Members of { New York Stock / New York Cotton } Exchange
43 Exchange Place, New York

We Offer
BONDS
ISSUED BY
Several States
To pay
4% to 4¾%
Write for Circular
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N. W. Harris & Co
New York
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NEW YORK

Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility | **Bonds for Investment**

Investors

Do not sacrifice the security of your principal and your own peace of mind for a slightly higher income.

Invest in bonds that are a first mortgage on valuable and important property.

Fifty years' experience as bond dealers enables us to recommend investments with some confidence.

Suggestions for conservative investments yielding from 4¾ per cent. to 5 per cent. furnished on request.

Estabrook & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange }
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WANTED
Standard Oil
Old Stock
AND
Subsidiaries "en bloc"
Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Broad 4995 52 Beaver St., N. Y.

City of Schenectady, N. Y.
4¼s
MATURING 1913-1922
Price to Yield 4⅛%
A legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State and Tax Exempt.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Chicago
21 Broad Street First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Municipal
Railroad
Corporation { 4% TO 6% } **BONDS**
Selected for Conservative Investors.
LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.
Lawrence Barnum & Co.
BANKERS.
27 & 29 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
Philadelphia Washington Boston

FINANCIAL MARKETS

General Trading Quiet—Sharp Advances in Traction Issues —More Gold Taken.

Another day of uncertainty regarding the choice of the Democratic Party's candidate for the Presidency helped to keep trading in check, but other influences were at work which, in some instances, caused price changes of some importance, the majority of these being gains. It is debatable how far the stock market was really under the influence of the prolonged proceedings at Baltimore, but many traders at least thought that they would be more active if the suspense regarding the Democratic nomination were brought to an end. It was being regarded as probable in banking circles yesterday afternoon that, in order to break the deadlock over the nomination, it might be necessary to choose a compromise candidate. In this connection the hope was expressed that the convention would avoid a mere makeshift nomination. It has for some time been felt that with the proper sort of nomination at Baltimore, the Republicans, having already chosen their standard bearer, business would feel free to go on with relatively little reference to politics.

The local traction securities were the most conspicuous in yesterday's dealings. This was due to the handing down Saturday of the decision of the Court of Appeals upholding the validity of the proposed arrangement between the city and the Interborough Rapid Transit and Brooklyn Rapid Transit Companies regarding the construction of new subways. What this means for the traction companies, particularly under the circumstances for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, was indicated in the gain of over three points which occurred in that company's stock and the similar advance which occurred in its 4 per cent. bonds. It had confidently been expected that the favorable decisions of the two lower courts would be upheld by the court of last resort, but the rendering of the decision brought, nevertheless, a sense of relief to those directly concerned with the securities affected. This decision paves the way for the refunding of the existing Interborough Rapid Transit bonds and for the actual raising of the capital required for this undertaking, which had already been provided for, subject only to a favorable decision regarding the legality of the proposed arrangement. It is not likely, however, that any issue of the new Interborough Rapid Transit bonds will be made in the very near future. The company may decide to raise such funds as it may presently need by an issue of short-term obligations to be paid off out of the proceeds of the new bonds.

Further advance in the Steel stocks may well have been influenced to some extent by the prospect of the large orders which, in due time, will have to be placed for the materials which will enter into the construction of the new traction lines. Supplementing the very favorable general course of events in the steel trade, the removal of the legal uncertainty regarding the proposed subway contracts was sufficient to stimulate interest in the Steel shares. Incidentally, however, there appeared to be going on in this quarter of the market organized operations such as were conspicuous in a number of stocks at an earlier period of this year's market.

Another engagement of $2,000,000 gold for export to Paris confirmed the belief that the movement which started last week, and upon which a total of $6,000,000 has now been taken, is for some other purpose than meeting the requirements of the Continental markets at the turn of the half-year. Such being the case the outflow may well run to a larger figure than it has yet reached. July 1 disbursements helped to increase materially the supply of money in London and the discount market was also easier in Berlin. The favorable movement of the day's money market served to attract all the more attention to a reaction in consols, which carried them to within three-eighths of their recent low record.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Many large lenders on call are holding their money at 3 per cent.

Time money rates, 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four and five months, and 3¾@4¼ per cent. for six and seven months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $278,311,950; balances, $17,160,861; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $3,507,527.

The local banks have lost $5,589,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2 13-16@2⅞ per cent. for short bills and 2¾@2 13-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 4¼ per cent. Money rates were 2¼@2½ per cent. in London, and in Berlin 4⅛ per cent.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 23 centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 47 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8770; demand, $4.8730.

Paris—Cable, 5.17⅛ plus 1-32; check, 5.17⅛ less 3-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95 5-16; check, 95¼ less 3-64.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅛; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, 40.40; check, 40.38.

Belgium—Cable, 5.20 less 1-32; check, 5.20⅛.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London.—Bankers'—Sixty days, $4.8475; ninety days, $4.8360.

London. — Commercial — Sixty days, $4.84½; ninety days, $4.83⅝.

Paris.—Bankers'—Sixty days, 5.21⅞ plus 1-16; ninety days, 5.22⅛ less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial—Sixty days, 5.20⅝; ninety days, 5.21⅞.

Berlin.—Bankers'—Sixty days, 94¼ less 1-32; ninety days, 94⅛ less 1-16.

Berlin.—Commercial—Sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94¼ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATE.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London, at 28 3-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 61¼c per ounce.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	July 1. Bid.	July 1. Asked.	June 29. Bid.	June 29. Asked.
British-American	31⅝	31⅞	32⅜	32⅝
Conley Foil	290	300	295	305
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	185	200	185	200
J. S. Young	185	190	185	188
MacAndrews & Forbes	198	202	195	198
Porto Rico-American	280	290	280	288
R. J. Reynolds	285	290	275	285
United Cigar Stores	260	261	260	261
United C. S. w. i.	91	92	89	90
United C. S. pf. w. i.	115	118	115	120

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Coal Roads' Losses.

With the publication yesterday of the May reports of the Erie and the New York, Susquehanna & Western, six of the anthracite roads have now issued their May figures, which together show an aggregate loss in gross of $4,084,511 and in net of $3,886,685. The Erie's May returns show an increase in operating expenses which makes the net loss greater than the decline in gross. This same condition was shown in the May reports of the Central of New Jersey, the Lackawanna, and the Reading, while the Lehigh Valley and the New York, Susquehanna & Western reduced expenses and cut the declines in net to substantially less than the losses in gross earnings. The Erie's gross revenue was $4,285,537, a decline of $549,43 by comparison with May, 1911, and the increase in operating expenses and taxes was $102,937, putting that item at $3,393,382. Operating income of $892,155 was $652,375 less than in May, 1911. For the eleven months to the end of May gross revenue of $51,463,263 represents a decrease by comparison with the previous year of only $277,047, but operating expenses increased by $1,796,301, to $38,979,526, leaving the net at $12,483,737 which is a decrease of $2,073,348 from the eleven months' showing in the previous fiscal year.

⁂

Enthuse Over Stanchfield's Speech.

When J. B. Stanchfield's verbal drubbing of Mr. Bryan began to tick off on the tape yesterday morning there were almost cheers from the ticker watchers. It was evident that some strong feeling had been bottled up in the course of events in Baltimore. Nothing has been said at the convention so far that has been so widely repeated as Stanchfield's characterization of the Peerless Leader. "Money-grabbing, office-seeking, publicity-hunting Marplot" was quoted with unction.

⁂

B. R. T. Issues Higher.

Saturday's rise in Brooklyn Rapid Transit stock and bonds proved to have been only a forerunner of yesterday's activity and strength when the news of the Court of Appeals decision upholding the subway contracts became generally known. The stock, which exceeded Reading and Union Pacific in activity and was only passed by Steel, rose to 93⅞, or 3½ points above Saturday's close, and at that figure was within one point of the highest level at which it has sold since the Flower boom. The company's 4 per cent. bonds were also more active than they have been for a long time, and went to a new high record. At the close they showed an advance of 3 points. This was ⅛ below the top price of the day at 94½.

⁂

Tobacco Issues Go Higher Still.

United Cigar Stores on the Curb and British-American Tobacco also in that market showed a tendency to react yesterday, but all but one of the tobacco issues on the Stock Exchange continued upward. The common stock of the American Tobacco Company was up 8½ points at one time and the close at 321⅞, a net gain of 5⅞. American Snuff at its high price of 176 showed a rise of 9¼ points, and the close was a net gain of 7¼. Liggett & Myers was up 1¼ at the close, having at one time showed a gain of 2¾, and Pierre Lorillard rose 4¾ points, closing with a net gain of 3¼. George W. Helme, though not traded in, was 10¼ points higher in the bid price. The only issue which received a set-back was Weyman-Bruton, whose bid price at the close was 5 points below Saturday's bid.

⁂

Realty's Rise.

In yesterday's quiet market the advance of 4 points in United States Realty and Improvement Company's stock to 83¼ attracted some attention, and the advance, which was accompanied by unusual activity in the issue, was coincident with a wide variety of rumors. One was that the building trade is about to enter into an active period, and as an evidence it was cited that the Equitable plot had been sold for improvement. Later it was declared by the insurance company's officials that the plot had not been sold and that the realty company's subsidiary which is about to demolish the fire-wrecked building has simply been employed to level the plot.

⁂

Heavy Security Issues This Year.

With the completion of the June statistics of security issues, that month showing a substantial gain over June, 1911, the aggregate corporate financing for the half year is available, and the figures show a gain over the first six months of 1911 of more than 30 per cent. The compilation made by The Wall Street Journal shows total new security issues for the half year of $1,345,404,000, against $993,366,000 for the same six months in 1911. June's total was $211,188,000, against $184,000,000 issued in June last year.

⁂

Shrinkage in Copper Supplies.

Statistics of the position of copper metal abroad received by cable yesterday show a further shrinkage. The European visible supply on June 30 was 93,559,120 pounds, against 95,604,120 on June 15, and 128,688,000 pounds at the first of the year. On June 30, 1911, the visible supplies were 157,196,280, and on the same date in 1910 they were 232,863,680 pounds. The copper metal market is stagnant on this side of the water just now, but the price remains firm at 17⅝ cents a pound.

⁂

Overlooked Crops.

The importance of the small crops is overlooked in Wall Street. Out in the field they loom up larger. In California discussion of the fruit crop ranks even grain and hay. The American National Bank of San Francisco, in its current business letter telling that "one factor that contributes to the feeling of hope and confidence is the fine outlook agriculturally," puts fruit first. It says: "In practically all variety of fruit an abundant yield is promised, though it is commonly agreed that the fruit will be of smaller size and the proportion of high grades much less than usual." Prices will be lower, the bank believes, but it calls this a consideration "not to be deplored," because of the tendency of high levels to restrict consumption.

⁂

No Pre-election Inaction.

The Fourth National Bank in its July circular says that the whole county is too prosperous for business enterprises to be restricted by politics in the interim before the elections. It predicts that business will actually increase in the next few months, and cites as an indication of the enlargement of trade the increased output of commercial paper bearing the names of well-known mercantile concerns. "These borrowers," it says, "have kept out of the market so long, owing to reduced business and the virtual abandonment of new undertakings, that it is highly encouraging to think that they are again finding it necessary to borrow large sums from the banks."

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Tobacco Stocks Active, but Mining Shares and Bonds Are Dull on the Curb.

The industrial list practicaly monopolized attention on the Curb yesterday, and the tobacco issues were again the most prominent. Both British-American and United Cigar Stores were reactionary. The former, after opening at 31¾, sold up to 32⅛, but reacted to 31¼. The close, after reported sales of 10,000, was at 31⅝. United Cigar Stores reported sales of 1,100 between 258 and 263. The close was even with the opening level at 260. McAndrews & Forbes rose to 201 from 196, and closed within 1 point of the top, after sales of 160 shares. R. J. Reynolds was also strong, rising from 282 to 288, and closed at 287. Price changes were narrow among the established coppers, and Greene-Cananea and Giroux did not appear in the trading. Mason Valley 6s, which sold $5,000 at 137, were the only bonds reported sold.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.	INDUSTRIALS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Allied Sec. Co.	88	89	87	88
10,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	31¾	32⅛	31¼	31⅝
410	B. F. Good. Co.	80	80	79	79
400	B. F. G. Co. pf.	108¼	†108¾	108	108
100	Int. Rub. tr. cts	14	14	14	14
250	Lehigh Val. C. Sales Co.	244	245	244	245
1,000	L.-W. Bis. Co.	36⅞	37⅞	36⅞	37
100	‡L.-W. B.Co.pf	102	102	102	102
160	‡McAnd. & F.	196	201	196	200
250	Manhat. Shirt Co. w. i.	59	59¼	†58¼	58½
450	Manhat. Shirt Co. pf. w. i.	101¼	†101½	100¾	101
4,000	Man. Transit	2	2¼	2	2⅛
100	Marconi of Am. (new)	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
1,500	*Mays Oil	31	31	28	28
155	‡R. J. Reyn'ds	282	288	282	287
1,100	‡U. Cig. Stores	260	263	258	260
	MINING STOCKS.				
2,500	Big Four	52	52	51	52
1,600	Braden Copper	7⅜	7½	7⅜	7⅜
230	‡Brit.-Col. Cop.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
7,000	Butte-N. Y.	1 7-16	2⅛	1 7-16	2 7-16
700	C's'd Ariz. Sm.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
4,500	*El Paso Con.	100	100	98	100
500	Florence	90	92	90	90
500	‡La Rose Con.	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 5-16
4,900	Mason Valley	13⅜	13¾	13	13
1,700	M'herl.de Gold.	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
400	Nevada Hills	2	2 1-16	2	2
3,000	Ohio Copper	½	½	½	½
2,200	Pacific Smelt.	¼	¼	7-32	7-32
220	Silv. K'g C'ns.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
60	South Live Oak	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
500	Tonopah Ext.	2	2	1⅞	1 15-16
200	Tuolumne Cop.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,500	*Wett. Sil. Min.	59	60	56	60
200	Yuk. Gold Min.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
	BOND.				
$5,000	Mason Val. 6s.	137	137	137	137

†Odd lots. *Sell cents per share. ‡Ex-div.

⁂

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds on which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Saturday.

INDUSTRIALS.	July 1. Bid.	July 1. Asked.	June 29. Bid.	June 29. Asked.
A. W. W. G. Co. pf	98½	98⅞	98½	98⅞
Am. Writing Paper	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
Atlantic G. & W. I.	7	8	7	8
A. G. & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Bay State Gas	½	⅝	½	⅝
Borden's Con. Milk	126½	127½	126½	127½
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	107¼	108	107¼	108
Con. Rubber Tire	15	18	15	18
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	..	59	..	59
Havana Tobacco	6½	8	6½	8
Havana Tobacco pf.	13	17	13	17
Houston Oil	15½	16	15½	16
Houston Oil pf.	69	70	69	70
International Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.	103½	104½	103½	104½
Kayser	83	90	83	90
Kayser pf.	107	109	107	109
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98⅞	98½	98⅞
S. S. Kresage	51	52	51	52
N. Y. Transportation	5⅝	6	5¾	6
Porto-Rican-Am. Tob.	280	290	280	288
Standard Oil (old)	885	929	885	929
Standard Oil of N. J.	378	383	378	383
Standard Oil subsid.	510	540	510	540
U. S. L. & H., new	19	20	19	20
U. S. L. & H. pf., new	85	87	85	87
J. S. Youngs	185	200	175	180
RAILROADS.				
Am. Light & Traction	345	355	345	355
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
MINING.				
*Beaver Consolidated	44	47	46	48
Caledonia Mining	33	50	32	50
*C. O. D. Consolidated	10	11	10	10½
Davis-Daly Copper	2¼	2½	2¼	2⅝
Dia. Black Butte	7	9	7	9
Diamond Field Daisy	7	9	7	9
First National	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Giroux Mining	5⅛	5⅜	5	5¼
Gold Hill	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Greene-Cananea	10	10⅜	10¼	10½
*Greenwater	5	6	4½	5½
Internat. Smelt. & Ref.	120	123¼	120	123¼
Kerr Lake	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Keystone	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Mines of America	3	3¼	3	3¼
McKinley-Darragh	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1¾
*Nev.-Utah Min. & S.	5	10	5	10
†Nipissing Mines Co.	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
South Utah M. & S.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Stewart	1¼	1½	1⅛	1½
Tonopah Mining	6 11-16	6 13-16	6 11-16	6 13-16
Tri-Bullion	⅜	½	⅜	½
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	¾	1	¾	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
BONDS.				
Adams Express 4s	83	85	83	85
Braden Copper 6s	152	156	152	156
Braden Copper 7s, new	152	156	152	156
Chicago Elevated 5s	98	98¼	98	98¼
Illinois Cent. 4½s notes	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
New York City 4¼s	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
N. Y. State 4s, new	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
Western Pacific 5s	84⅝	85	84⅝	85

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Name of Company.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	23	24	23	24
Atlantic Refining Co.	400	415	410	420
Borne-Scrymser Co	120	150	120	150
Buckeye Pipe Line	147	153	145	152
Chesebrough Mfg., Con.	750	850	750	850
Colonial Oil	140	175	125	175
Continental Oil	825	900	825	900
Crescent Pipe Line	57	62	58	63
Cumberland Pipe Line	70	80	70	80
Eureka Pipe Line	325	340	325	335
Galena-Signal Oil	225	235	225	235
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	150	140	150
Indiana Pipe Line	100	110	100	110
National Transit Co.	39	41	39	41
New York Transit Co.	290	300	290	300
Northern Pipe Line	120	130	120	130
Ohio Oil	95	98	96	98
Prairie Oil & Gas	260	270	260	270
Solar Refining Co.	475	550	475	550
Southern Pipe Line	230	240	225	235
South Penn. Oil	625	650	625	650
S.W. Penn. Pipe Lines	145	155	140	150
Standard Oil, (Cal.)	190	200	185	195
Standard Oil, (Ind.)	220	230	220	230
Standard il, (Kan.)	205	215	205	215
Standard Oil, (Ky.)	350	380	350	380
Standard Oil, (Neb.)	215	230	215	230
Standard Oil, (N. J.)	378	383	378	383
Standard Oil subsid. "en bloc"	525	545	525	550
Standard Oil, old stock, "all on"	903	928	903	933
Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	430	440	425	435
Standard Oil, (Ohio)	180	190	180	190
Swan & Finch Co.	190	225	180	230
Swan & Finch Co. war.	90	125	90	125
Union Tank Line	62	66	60	64
Vacuum Oil	168	175	165	170
Washington Oil	20	30	20	30
Waters-Pierce Oil	1,000	1,500	1,000	1,500

Standard Oil subsidiaries "en bloc" and old stock, "all on" quotations include all stock dividends and Swan & Finch warrants and the new Vacuum Oil stock paid up.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
4½s, March, 1962, l'chg.	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
4½s, Sept., 1960, l'chg.	100⅝	101	100⅝	100⅞
4½s, Mar., '30-60, l'chg.	101¼	101½	101	101¼
4½s, Nov., 1957, l'chg.	106⅝	107	106⅝	106⅞
4½s, May, 1957, l'chg.	106⅝	107	106⅝	107
4½s, Nov., 1917, l'chg.	101½	102	101½	102
4½s, May, 1917, l'chg.	101½	102	101½	102
4s, May, 1959, l'chg.	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg.	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼
4s, May, 1957, l'chg.	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg.	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4s, 1918-19, l'chg.	99	99⅞	99	99⅞
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg.	86	86¾	86	86¾
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	85⅞	86⅝	85⅞	86⅝
3½s, 1950-54, reg.	85½	86⅛	85⅝	86⅛
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg.	87½	88⅞	87½	88⅞
3½s, Nov., 1929, reg.	91	92	91	92

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	June 29.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$2,284,003	$26,227,138	$311,257,347
Int. revenue	2,804,052	27,339,600	292,953,004
Corp. tax	11,221,013	23,728,034	28,583,108
Miscellaneous	993,373	7,462,523	58,346,999
Total rec.	$17,302,441	$84,757,297	$691,140,455
Expenditures	1,115,747	41,959,330	654,804,624
Surplus	16,186,694	42,797,966	36,335,830

These figures exclude Panama Canal and special public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $99,359,998.

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $36,835,421.

The total of the general fund was $166,263,808.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

Transactions in Small Volume, and Prices Move Narrowly.

Trading was at a low ebb in the principal out-of-town markets yesterday, and price changes were narrow, as reported in the special dispatches to THE TIMES.

The market was steady but quiet in Baltimore. Houston Oil dividend certificates were in better demand and higher.

The strength and activity of Butte & Superior was the only feature of the Boston market. Superior Copper was strong but rather dull. Old Colony rose to near 10, but the rest of the mining stocks received very little attention.

Chicago stocks were inactive, showing the lack of public interest and absence of pool operations. Fluctuations were narrowly confined, but quotations were steadily maintained. The bulk of the trading was in Sears-Roebuck, Can, Match, and Booth Fisheries. The time for depositing the stocks of the McCrum-Howell Company with the Stockholders' Protective Committee for the purpose of a reorganization expired yesterday. Nearly all of both classes of the stock is now in the hands of the depositaries.

Except for a flurry in Lehigh Navigation and some professional interest in United States Steel, the Philadelphia market was uniformaly languid and without feature. Despite official announcement of the completion of an important addition to the Lehigh Navigation trackage which will have a large part in the development of extensive coal lands, the stock has been inactive for several days, and has failed to display any great degree of life for several weeks.

BOSTON.

Sales.	RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Last.
4	Fitchburg pf.	125	125	125
855	Mass. Electric	20⅝	20	20½
60	Mass. Elec. pf., stpd.	78½	77½	78½
70	Mass. Elec. warrants	78	77	78
1,824	Mass. Elec. fr. war.	19¼	19	19
22	N. Y., N. H. & H.	134⅝	134½	134⅝
800	Union Pacific	170⅛	169⅝	170⅛
53	W. End St. R. R. pf.	100	100	100
	TELEPHONES.			
390	American	145⅛	144⅞	145⅛
126	Mexican	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
10	New England	153	153	153
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
50	Am. Agr. Chem.	61¼	61¼	61¼
45	Am. Agr. Chem pf.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
800	Am. Pneum. Svc.	4½	4¼	4¼
25	Am. Pneum. Svc. pf.	20	20	20
110	Amer. Sugar	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝
25	Amer. Sugar pf.	121½	121	121
84	Amer. Wool pf.	90¼	90	90¼
10	East Boston Land	14½	14½	14½
211	Georgia Ry. & E.	125	125	125
79	Gen. Electric	178⅛	177⅝	178¼
5	Georgia Elec. pf.	85¼	84¼	84¾
885	Mass. Gas	90⅝	90	90
16	Mass. Gas pf.	95½	95	95
4	McElwain pf.	106	106	106
3	N. E. Cotton Yarn	100	100	100
3	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	98	98	98
23	Pullman	161½	161	161
33	Reece Button	17	16½	17
37	Swift	104⅞	104⅛	104⅛
46	Torrington	29¾	29½	29½
117	United Fruit	202	201	202
112	United Shoe Mach.	51⅛	51	51
21	United Shoe Mach pf.	29½	29⅜	29⅜
1,970	U. S. Steel	71⅝	71	71⅝
29	U. S. Steel pf.	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝
230	Adventure	9½	9	9½
100	Allouez	48	48	48
425	Amal Copper	86	85⅝	85¾
720	American Zinc	31⅞	31½	31⅞
400	Bonanza	45c	45c	45c
455	Boston & Corbin	8¼	8⅛	8¼
6,674	Butte & Superior	47⅞	45	46⅞
181	Calumet & Ariz.	76	75½	75½
5	Cal. & Hecla	530	530	530
25	Centennial	25	25	25
11	Chino	33½	33¼	33½
135	Copper Range	60⅛	59½	59½
75	Daly West	6	5¾	5¾
10	East Butte	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
45	Franklin	12⅝	12½	12½
40	Giroux	5¼	5 1-16	5 1-16
200	Granby	56	55	55
75	Greene-Cananea	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
60	Hancock	34½	34	34½
10	Inspiration	19½	19½	19½
865	Island Creek	63	62½	62½
10	Island Creek pf.	89⅞	89⅝	89⅞
60	Isle Royale	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
35	Lake	39	38⅝	38⅝
3,740	Mason Valley	13⅝	13	13
10	Mayflower	11½	11	11
20	Miami	28½	28⅛	28¼
130	Mohawk	71½	71	71
100	Nevada Cons.	22	21⅝	21⅝
20	Nipissing	7½	7½	7½
97	North Butte	31	30½	30⅝
100	North Lake	6½	6¼	6¼
200	Ojib	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
235	Old Colony	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝
25	Osceola	122	122	122
35	Pond Creek	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
20	Quincy	92½	92½	92½
150	Ray Consolidated	22	21½	22
60	Santa Fe	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
850	Shannon	16⅛	16	16⅛
50	South Utah	65c	65c	65c
10	St. Mary's Lard	61	61	61
75	Superior & Boston	2¼	2⅛	2¼
675	Superior	47¼	46	46⅞
10	Tamarack	45	45	45
15	Trinity	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
25	Tuolumne	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,840	U S. Smelter	45⅛	44⅞	45
375	U. S. Smelter pf.	50⅛	49⅞	50
10	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
130	Utah Cons	11½	11	11½
10	Utah Copper	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
1	Wolverine	110	110	110
	BONDS.			
$34,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90⅝	90½	90⅝
3,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
3,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, '15	101	101	101
5,000	U S. Steel 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
2,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay State G.	23	25	Goldf'd Con.	4	4¼
Bohemia	3⅝	3¾	La R. Con.	3¼	3⅜
Boston Ely.	1¼	1⅜	Majestic Cop.	55	57
Cactus	9	10	New Baltic.	2⅝	2⅞
Calaveras	2⅝	2⅞	Oneco	2¼	2⅝
Chemung	3⅜	4	Ohio Cop.	50	51
Chief Con.	1½	1⅝	Raven	29	31
Con. Ariz.	62	68	R. I. Coal.	25	29
Davis-Daly.	1½	1⅝	South Lake.	10⅛	11
First Nat'l.	2⅝	2⅞			

BALTIMORE.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. Bonding	76½	76½	76½
10	Bank of Baltimore	163½	163½	163½
185	Con. Coal	103	103	103
65	Ga. South. & Fla. pf.	82½	82½	82½
260	Hous. Oil. tr. ctfs.	15½	15½	15½
110	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝
10	Monon. Val. Tr. pf.	83	83	83
1,070	United Rys.	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝
	BONDS.			
$11,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74½	74	74½
3,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1,000	Con. Power 4½s	90	90	90
3,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	51½	51½	51½
29,000	Houston Oil dic. ctfs.	87	86½	87
4,000	Milwaukee rfd. 4½s	95¼	85¼	95¼
3,000	Norfolk Ry & Lt. 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Norf. & P. Tr. 5s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
9,000	United Rys. inc.	65¼	65¼	65¼
1,000	United Rys. notes	103⅛	103	103
9,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85	85½
3,000	Virginia News	85½	85½	85½
3,000	Wash., B. & A. 5s	88½	88½	88½

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	34	33⅝	34
200	Am. Can pf.	117	116	117
50	Am. T. & T.	145	145	145
195	Booth Fish pf.	92½	92	92½
225	Chicago Rys., Ser. 2	25⅛	24⅞	25¼
50	Chicago Rys., Ser. 3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
25	Chicago Rys., Ser. 4	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
98	Chicago T. & T.	215	215	215
50	Commonwealth Edi.	139⅜	139⅜	139⅜
50	Corn Prod. Ref.	15½	15½	15½
40	Diamond Match	105	104⅝	105
50	Illinois Brick	67	67	67
100	Public Service	85¼	85¼	85¼
75	Public Service pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
250	Pacific Gas	63⅛	62⅝	62⅝
75	People's Gas	114	113⅞	114
176	Sears-Roebuck com.	191⅝	190⅝	191
80	Street's Stable Car	9⅜	..	9⅜
50	Swift & Co.	104⅝	104⅛	104⅛
10	United Boxboard	⅜	⅜	⅜
200	U. S. Steel com.	71⅝	71¼	71⅝
45	United Carbide	166	166	166
	BONDS.			
$3,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	100⅛	100	100⅛
13,000	City Ry. 5s	102	101⅞	102
14,000	Com. Ed. 5s	103⅛	103	103
24,000	Chicago Rys. B.	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
5,000	People's Rfdg. Gas 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
2,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	101	101	101

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Caney River Gas	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
1,030	Crucible Steel	15	14⅞	15
182	Crucible Steel pf.	90⅜	90¼	90⅜
425	Mfrs. Light & Heat	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜
165	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	27½	27¼	27½
50	Ohio Fuel Oil	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
85	Pitts. Plate Glass	106	106	106
165	Pitts. Brewing	8½	8¼	8¼
210	Pitts. Oil & Gas	7½	7	7½
190	Pure Oil	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
2,000	San Toy	34	34	34
1,900	Tonopah	200	200	200
10	U. S. Steel	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
250	Westinghouse	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
150	Westing. Air Brake	140	135	139
	BANKS.			
20	Colonial Trust	163⅞	163⅞	163⅞
25	Safe Deposit & Trust	290	290	290
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Pitts. Coal 5s	90	90	90

Time for Tort Creditors Extended.

The time during which tort claimants against the old Metropolitan Street Railway Company may avail themselves of the offer of the Bondholders' Committee and exchange their judgment claims for bonds of the New York Railways Company has been extended by the Public Service Commission at the request of the Accident Creditors' Protective Association, to Sept. 30.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

British Consols and Rails Decline, but Some Sections of London Exchange Are Steadier.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, July 2.—The Times says in its City article to-day:

"There was a large turnover of cash yesterday. The supply of money was in excess of the demand, and a considerable amount was repaid to the Bank. Balances were offered at low rates toward the close.

"Discount rates were a shade easier for shorter dated maturities. Four and six months' bills were quoted ⅛ to ¼ per cent. higher. There was no Continental demand for bar gold.

"The stock markets began the week in disappointing fashion. Speculative transactions were still very limited, and in most departments prices showed a drooping disposition. Consols were a weak market owing to sales which are said to be on account of underwriters who had large sums to find in connection with calls on recent new issues. Home railway stocks remained in a state of stagnant dullness owing to the gloomy views taken with regard to dividend prospects.

"American shares hardly moved all day, advices from Wall Street indicating that the market there was in a state of suspended animation pending the result of the Democratic Convention at Baltimore.

"Sales to secure profits brought about a partial relapse in some foreign railway stocks which have been prominent of late."

The London Times is informed that the shares of a large company, which has been formed to combine the various Russian oil interests, will soon be introduced on the London market. The capital of the company will be £2,500,000, ($12,500,000,) of which £1,250,000 ($6,250,000) will be held in reserve. The operations of the corporation will embrace oil production, refining, and distribution. No public issue of capital is intended.

PARIS, July 1.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day. Exchange on London, 92 francs 62½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, July 1.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm.

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, July 1.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand decreased	152,021,000
Loans increased	55,861,000
Discounts increased	482,083,000
Treasury bills increased	62,853,000
Notes in circulation decreased	537,881,000
Deposits decreased	102,850,000
Gold in hand decreased	94,230,000

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	76¼	..	..	..
Consols account	76 7-16	..	Aug acct.	
Anaconda	9	43½	43⅝	+ ⅛
Atchison	110⅛	107⅛	107⅛	− ⅛
Canadian Pacific	272	265⅛	264⅛	+ 1
St. Paul	107⅞	105⅛	105⅛	− ⅝
Erie	36⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pfd	54⅝	53⅛	53⅛	− ⅛
Illinois Central	131⅛	128⅛	128	+ ¼
Louisv'e & Nash	164	160	160	..
N. Y. Central	120⅛	117¼	117¼	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	63⅛	123⅞	123⅞	+ ⅜
Reading	85⅜	167½	167	− ⅛
Southern Pacific	113⅛	110⅛	110⅛	+ ⅝
Union Pacific	174⅛	169⅞	169⅞	− ⅛
U. S. Steel	72⅞	71⅛	70⅞	+ ¼
U. S. Steel pfd	113⅜	111	111	..

Exchange 4.87¼.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 1.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston compares as follows:

	June 29,'12.	Increase for Week.	July 1,'11.
Loans	$239,454,000	$1,679,000	$223,741,000
Circulation	8,350,000	6,000	7,116,000
Deposits	206,107,000	2,862,000	193,006,000
Due banks	80,352,000	627,000	79,968,000
U. S. deposits	879,000	71,000	8,118,000
Res. agents	87,136,000	*672,000	36,920,000
Exch. clear'g	16,709,000	3,636,000	16,624,000
Due f. banks	25,627,000	*823,000	23,768,000
5 per cent	421,000	......	362,500
Legal-tender	4,935,000	279,000	3,515,000
Specie	27,200,000	*557,000	27,016,000
Surplus	2,806,000	*470,571	2,786,429
Surp., N. Y.	7,807,000	*864,571	9,175,429

*Decrease.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
14	Alliance Insurance	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
10	American Cement	1	1	1
200	American Cites	34	34	34
4	American Railways	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
300	American Milling	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
45	Cambria Steel	43⅝	43½	43⅝
50	Con. Trac. of N. J.	75½	75½	75½
100	Brooklyn R. T.	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
23	General Asphalt	19	19	19
695	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22	22	22
60	Interborough	21	21	21
435	Lehigh Navigation	91	91	91
80	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	91⅛	90¼	91⅛
5	Lehigh Valley	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
440	Lehigh Valley Tran.	13	12⅝	12⅝
452	Lehigh Val. Tr. pf.	29	29	29
114	Pennsylvania R. R.	62	61⅞	62
27	Penn. Salt Mfg.	107	107	107
50	*Philadelphia Co.	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝
10	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
1,120	Philadelphia Electric	22⅝	22¼	22⅝
315	Philadelphia R. T.	23	23	23
105	Philadelphia R. T. pf.	23	23	23
30	Philadelphia Traction	84	84	84
3	Reading	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
726	Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
505	Tonopah Belmont	10	10	10
106	Union Traction	50¼	50¼	50¼
600	United Gas Imp.	88½	88¼	88½
3,346	United States Steel	71⅝	70⅞	71¼
5	United Tr., Pitts., pf.	38	38	38
100	Wash. & Va. Ry. pf.	79	79	79
100	Wilmington Gas pf.	92	92	92
200	York Railway pf.	33	33	33
	BONDS.			
$500	Am. G. & E. 5s	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜
5,000	Baldwin Loco. 5s	104½	104½	104½
1,000	Keystone Tel. 5s	83½	83½	83½
5,000	Lehigh V. gen. 4½s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1,000	Lehigh Val. Coal 5s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1,000	Lehigh Val. gen. 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,600	Phila. Elec. 4s	84	83⅞	84
2,000	Reading gen. 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
6,000	Spanish-Am. I. 6s	101	100⅞	101
146,000	Standard Gas 6s	100½	100⅜	100½

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The fifty typical active stocks yesterday swung a little higher and a little lower on the average than on Saturday, but the mean average of the day was just a little higher as was the closing average, also. The twenty-five railroad stocks averaged throughout just a little below Saturday, but the twenty-five industrials more than made up the decline. The averages were:

1912.

RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., June 29	93.32	93.04	93.18	93.08
Mon., July 1	93.25	92.90	93.08	93.00
INDUSTRIALS.				
Sat., June 29	70.91	70.56	70.74	70.60
Mon., July 1	71.03	70.61	70.82	70.85
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
Sat., June 29	82.11	81.80	81.91	81.84
Mon., July 1	82.14	81.75	81.95	81.92

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
	Jan. 2.	Apr. 26.	Feb. 1.
Railroads	91.43	96.34	88.74
	Jan. 2.	June 6.	Feb. 1.
Industrials	64.00	71.40	61.47

1911.

RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., July 1	98.44	98.12	98.28	98.19
Mon., July 3	97.80	97.16	97.48	97.39
INDUSTRIALS.				
Sat., July 1	67.35	67.22	67.28	67.26
Mon., July 3	67.08	66.85	66.96	66.93
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
Sat., July 1	82.89	82.67	82.78	82.72
Mon., July 3	82.44	82.00	82.22	82.16

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
	Jan. 3.	June 26.	Apr. 24.
Railroads	91.79	99.61	91.47
	Jan. 3.	June 5.	Apr. 24.
Industrials	62.95	69.76	62.94

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200 National Light, Heat & Pow. Com. Stk.
100 Union-American Cigar Com. Stock
25 Weyman-Bruton Com. Stock

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, July 1, 1912.

Total sales July 1, 1912............ 244,231
From Jan. 1, 1912............ 69,639,180
Same period last year............ 53,951,126

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
..	1⅛	100	Allis-Chalmers	½	½	½	½	—¼
85⅝	85¾	5,900	Amalgamated Copper	85⅛	85⅞	85⅛	85⅝	+⅜
60¾	61½	2,200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	60¾	61¼	60¾	61¼	+¼
74	74⅛	800	Am. Beet Sugar	74	74¼	73⅝	74	+½
93¾	96½	100	Am. Brake Shoe & F.	94	94	94	94	—¼
140	145	100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf.	141	141	141	141	+1½
33⅞	34¼	10,500	Am. Can	34	34⅛	33¼	34	+⅞
116½	117	1,100	Am. Can pf.	116	117	116	116⅝	+⅝
58½	59	420	Am. Car & Foundry	58⅝	58⅞	58⅝	58⅞	+[illegible]
118¼	119½	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	+⅛
33⅞	34	900	Am. Cities	33¾	33⅞	33¾	33⅞	+¼
78½	79⅞	100	Am. Cities pf.	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	—⅝
95	96	100	Am. Coal Products	96	96	96	96	—¼
53	54	100	Am. Cotton Oil	53	53	53	53	...
210	220	12	Am. Express	215	215	215	215	...
5⅛	5½	200	Am. Hide & Leather	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	...
43¼	43½	400	Am. Locomotive	43¼	43½	43¼	43⅜	+[illegible]
17¾	18¼	300	Am. Malt	18½	18½	18	18	—½
85¾	86	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	86¼	86¼	85⅞	86	+¼
107½	108	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	107½	107⅞	107½	107⅞	+⅜
174	175	5,000	Am. Snuff	169	176	169	174	+7¼
35½	36	23	Am. Steel Foundries	35	35	35	35	...
130	130½	762	Am. Sugar Refining	129⅝	130¼	129⅝	130¼	+⅜
144¾	145	400	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	144¾	145	144⅝	145	+⅛
321	322	3,010	Am. Tobacco	318	324½	318	321⅞	+5⅞
104¾	105¼	319	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105	105	105	105	+⅞
28	29½	200	Am. Woolen	28½	29	28½	29	+1
89½	90¾	200	Am. Woolen pf.	90½	90½	90½	90½	—¼
43½	43⅝	900	Anaconda Copper Co.	43⅞	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝	—⅛
107½	107⅝	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107½	...
101⅞	102¼	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	—½
139½	140	100	Atlantic Coast Line	140	140	140	140	...
59¼	59½	1,750	Baldwin Locomotive	59¾	59⅞	59	59¼	—½
104¾	105	200	Baldwin. Loco. pf.	105	105	105	105	+⅛
108½	108⅝	700	Baltimore & Ohio	108¼	108⅝	108¼	108¼	...
37½	38½	300	Bethlehem Steel	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	—⅛
71	71½	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	70½	71½	70½	71½	+½
93½	93¾	34,225	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	91	93⅞	91	93⅝	+3¼
265	265⅝	900	Canadian Pacific	265	265	264½	265	+¾
26⅝	26¾	1,600	Central Leather Co.	26	26¾	26	26½	+⅝
92	95	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	+1
80⅝	80½	3,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	80⅛	80⅞	80⅛	80⅝	+⅜
104⅝	105	600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	104¾	105¼	104¾	104¾	—⅜
136¾	137	100	Chi. & Northwestern	137	137	137	137	...
2⅝	2⅝	200	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
6¼	6¾	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t. r. sta.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+⅜
33⅞	34¼	900	Chino Copper	33½	33⅞	33¼	33¾	+⅛
31½	31⅝	600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	31¼	31⅝	31¼	31⅝	+⅜
..	..	100	Comstock Tunnel	*12	12	12	12	+2
142	142½	500	Consolidated Gas	142	142¼	142	142	+½
15¼	15¾	200	Corn Products Ref.	15½	15½	15½	15½	...
33⅞	33¾	300	Distillers' Securities	33¼	33¼	33⅛	33⅛	—⅜
35¼	35⅜	1,700	Erie	35½	35⅝	35¼	35¼	+⅛
52⅞	53½	300	Erie 1st pf.	53½	53½	53½	53½	—⅛
178½	179	4,650	General Electric	178	179	177¼	178⅞	+1¼
30⅞	31	350	General Motors	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	—1¼
75	75½	200	General Motors pf.	74½	75	74½	75	+½
4	4⅛	500	Goldfield Consol.	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	—⅛
134⅛	135	1,500	Great Northern pf.	134¾	135	134½	135	+⅝
42	42⅝	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	42½	42½	42½	42½	+½
60¼	60½	1,620	Guggenheim Explor.	60⅝	60⅞	60½	60½	+¼
128	128½	200	Illinois Central	128½	128½	128¼	128¼	+¼
19¼	19⅞	300	Inspiration Con. Cop.	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19½	+⅞
21⅛	21¼	6,550	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	21⅛	21⅝	20⅞	21⅛	+¼
60⅞	60⅞	9,200	Inter.-Met. pf.	60½	61⅛	60	60½	+¼
96	96½	200	Int. Agricultural pf.	96½	96½	96¼	96¼	—¼
27¾	28	200	Int. Steam Pump	27½	27⅝	27½	27⅝	...
80½	81	50	Int. Steam Pump pf.	81	81	81	81	...
7	8	200	Keokuk & Des Mo.	7	7	7	7	—½
13	16	100	Lake Erie & Western	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—1⅞
171⅜	171½	3,700	Lehigh Valley	171½	172	170¾	171½	...
207	208	2,950	Liggett & Myers	206	208¾	205	207¼	+¼
113	114	100	Liggett & Myers pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	+¼
4¼	4½	200	Mercantile Marine	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	—¼
69½	69⅝	600	Mexican Petroleum	69½	69¾	69½	69¾	+½
28⅝	28¾	1,400	Miami Copper	28½	28¾	28½	28⅝	+⅞
27¼	28	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	27½	27½	27½	27½	—½
36½	36¾	900	Missouri Pacific	37	37	36⅝	36⅝	—⅝
130¼	131	25	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	130	130	130	130	...
16	17	1,700	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	16	16⅞	16	16⅞	+⅞
90	93	200	Nat. Enam. & S. pf.	93	93	93	93	+¼
58	58½	400	Nat. Lead Co.	58½	58½	58¼	58¼	+⅛
22	22⅛	200	Nev. Consol. Copper	22	22	22	22	...
72	74	100	New York Air Brake	72	72	72	72	—1
117½	117¾	335	New York Central	117½	117⅝	117½	117½	+¼
56½	59	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	—2¾
30¾	31	1,200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	30¼	30¾	30¼	30¾	+½
115⅞	116	1,900	Norfolk & Western	116	116¼	115⅞	115¼	—⅝
82½	83	200	North American	82½	82¾	82½	82¾	+½
120⅞	121	1,300	Northern Pacific	120½	120¾	120¼	120⅝	+⅛
123¾	124	700	Pennsylvania R. R.	123¾	124	123¾	124	+⅛
113½	114	450	People's Gas, Chi.	114	114	114	114	+¼
103	104½	100	Philadelphia Co., ex d.	103	103	103	103	—⅝
196½	198	2,200	P. Lorillard Co.	194½	198½	194	197	+3¼
113	115	100	P. Lorillard Co. pf.	114	114	114	114	+1
21½	22⅜	100	Pittsburgh Coal	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	—¾
101	102½	60	Pressed Steel Car pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
108	112	100	Pub. Serv. Corp.	110¾	110½	110½	110½	—¼
6	7⅜	100	Quicksilver	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	—¼
22⅛	22¼	4,550	Ray Consol. Copper	22	22¼	21¾	22¼	—1⅛
167¼	167⅜	17,500	Reading	167	[illegible]	166⅝	167¼	+⅝
27⅝	27¾	2,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	27	27¾	27	27½	+¼
85¾	86⅜	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	85¾	86⅛	85¾	86	+¾
24⅝	25	800	Rock Island Co.	25	25	24¾	24¾	+½
51	51¼	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½	—⅛
100	100¼	90	Rumely (M.) Co.	100	100	100	100	—1½
36½	37	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	36¼	36½	36¼	36½	...
50	51	30	St. Louis & S. F., C. & E. Ill. new stk ctfs.	51	51	50	50	...
24½	25	300	Seaboard Air Line	25	25	25	25	—3¼
54¼	54¾	100	Seaboard Air Line pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½	+⅛
191	191½	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	+⅞
110⅛	110½	300	Southern Pacific	110¾	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...
28¾	28⅞	1,000	Southern R'way ext.	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28¾	+¼
74½	74¾	700	South. R'way pf., ext.	74⅛	74⅜	74⅛	74⅞	+¼
32	32½	250	Standard Milling	32½	32¼	32½	32½	+1
63	64	450	Standard Milling pf.	63¼	63¼	63	63	...
34	35	200	Studebaker	34¾	34¾	34	34	—1
91½	93	235	Studebaker pf.	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	+⅝
43½	44	600	Tennesee Copper	43½	44	43⅜	44	...
124¼	125	1,700	Texas Co.	126	126	124½	124½	—1½
93	97½	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr.	96½	96½	96½	96½	+7½
39½	39¾	1,285	Third Avenue, new	39¾	40	39¾	39⅞	+⅞
29	30⅛	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	29⅞	30	29⅞	30	+⅛
108	109	100	Twin City R. Transit	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	—⅜
113	114	100	Underw'd Typewriter	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	—¼
113	115	260	Underw'd Typew'r pf.	113	113⅜	113	113⅜	+2⅛
12¾	13	100	Union Bag & Paper	13	13	13	13	...
169½	169⅝	7,400	Union Pacific	169¾	170⅛	169½	169½	—¼
90	91	400	Union Pacific pf.	90¼	90½	90	90½	+½
58	58½	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	+½
43	44	100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	—⅛
83½	84	8,500	U. S. Realty & Imp.	79¾	83¼	79¾	83¼	+4
66¼	66½	400	U. S. Rubber	66⅞	66¾	66⅞	66½	...
110⅝	111	1,100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	111	111⅜	110¾	111⅜	+⅞
71¼	71⅜	47,100	U. S. Steel	71¼	71⅞	70⅞	71⅝	+½
111⅞	112	2,000	U. S. Steel pf.	111¼	112⅛	111¼	112	+1
63½	64	700	Utah Copper	63¼	63½	63⅛	63¼	...
4⅞	4⅝	700	Wabash	4½	4½	4¼	4½	+⅜
13¼	14	800	Wabash pf.	13¼	13½	12¾	13½	+½
144½	147½	220	Wells Fargo Express	147	147	147	147	+3½
82	82⅜	600	Western Union Tel.	82⅞	82⅞	82	82	—1
76½	77	4,700	Westinghouse E. & M.	76½	77⅞	76½	76½	+½
97½	98	700	Woolworth, F. W.	97	97½	97	97½	—½
115	..	100	Woolworth pf.	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	+¼

*Cents per share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales July 1, 1912............ $2,836,000
From Jan. 1, 1912............ 406,644,500
Same period last year............ 469,178,500

Panama 3s, coup
10,000........101⅝
500........101⅝
Argentine Gov 5s
5,000........99⅝
19,000 3........99⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, str ln
500........92
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full paid
1,500........94⅝
3,000........94⅝
City of Tokio 5s, interim ctfs
8,000........94
Rep of Cuba 5s
5,000........103⅝
Sao Paulo 5s
4,000........97⅝
U S of Mex 6s
1,000........97
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
5,000........50
N Y City 3½s, 1954
1,000........86½
4s, 1959
10,000........99
N Y City 4¼s
9,000........101¼
4¼s, 1962, temp rcts
5,000........100¾
4½s, 1957
1,000........106⅞
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
8,000........101¾
Am Sm Secur 6s
5,000........104⅞
1,000........104¾
3,000........104⅞
Am T & T col 4s
1,000........90½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000........79
4,000........78¾
Armour & Co 4½s
10,000........91⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s
9,000........97⅝
adjustment 4s
3,000........90½
stamped
2,000........90½
conv 4s, 1955
5,000........107
9,000........107¼
conv 4s, 1960
2,000........103½
5,000........103⅝
10,000........103½
conv 4s, sub rcts
2,000........103½
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s
1,000........94
Balt & O gold 4s
3,000........97⅞
4,000........98
prior lien 3½s
4,000........91⅜
1,000........91½
3,000........91¼
P, L E & W V 4s
10,000........90⅝
S W Div 3½s
3,000........91
Beth Steel 5s
1,000........96¾
25,000........96½
B R T gold 5s
1,000........105½
ref conv 4s
25,000s10f........91⅝
45,000........91¼
31,000........91⅜
10,000........91⅞
25,000........91⅞
5,000........91⅞
25,000........91¾
20,000........91⅞
10,000........91⅞
7,000........91⅝
10,000........91¾
7,000........91⅞
90,000........92
15,000........92¼
58,000........92½
12,000........92¾
20,000........92⅞
1,000........92¾
75,000........92⅞
105,000........93
10,000........93⅛
10,000........93⅜
68,000........93½
10,000........93⅝
10,000........93¾
5,000........93⅞
15,000........93¾
5,000........93⅞
15,000........94
20,000........94½
20,000........94⅜
10,000........94¼
25,000........94⅜
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
1,000........102
stamped
2,000........102
B, R & Pitt gen 5s
1,000........112
Cent Leather 5s
7,000........95⅝
Central N E 4s
1,000........92½
Cent of N J gen 5s
4,000........120¾
1,000........121
Cent Pac gtd 4s
12,000........95⅜
Ches & O con 5s
1,000........109½
gen 4½s
6,000 3........100
conv 4½s
9,000........93½
Chi & Alton 3½s
5,000........63½
C, B & Qy gen 4s
6,000........96⅛
1,000........96
11,000........96⅛
5,000........96¼
joint 4s
25,000........96¼
2,000........96⅜
2,000........96¼
23,000........96⅜
Ill Div 4s
2,000........99½
Chi Gt Westn 4s
9,000........77⅝
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934
5,000........90
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full pd
28,000........103
10,000........103⅛
2,000........103¼
25,000........103⅛
Chi & N W gen 4s
4,000........97¾
gen 3½s, reg
10,000........84⅞
M, S & N W 1st 4s
2,000........98⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s
5,000........94½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
1,000........89
4,000........89¼
1,000........89⅛
1,000........89
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000........69¼
2,000........69⅜
3,000........69¼
10,000........69⅜
3,000........69¼
Cin, Ind & W 4s
6,000........83
Col Industrial 5s
6,000........81⅜
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000........94⅜
ref & ext 4½s
1,000........96½
Conn Ry & L 1st & ref 4½s, stpd
10,000........102⅛
Del & H conv 4s
1,000........98
1st & ref 4s, reg
20,000........99¾
Den & R Gr con 4s
10,000........85½
1st & ref 5s
5,000........85
Dist Secur Corp 5s
6,000........75½
Du P de N Pow 4½s
5,000........89⅝
Erie 1st gen 4s
10,000........78¼
conv 4s, Ser B
40,000........79
Fla E C Ry 1st 4½s
6,000........96¼
Gt Northn ref 4¼s
2,000........100⅝
Ill Cent 4s, 1952
500........99
4s, 1953
5,000........97
Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
10,000........100⅞
3,000........101
Insp Con Cop 6s, sub rcts, 1st pd
5,000........106
Inter-Met 4½s
30,000........82½
26,000........82⅝
25,000........82½
20,000........82⅝
41,000........82¼
26,000........82⅜
13,000........82½
50,000........82⅝
Interboro R T 5s
5,000........104⅝
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000........63
K C, Ft S & M 4s
1,000........79
Kentucky Cent 4s
1,000........93
Keok & D M 1st
1,000........101⅛
Lack Steel 5s, 1923
5,000........96½
L E & Wn 1st 5s
1,000........108
Lake S & Mich So 4s, 1931
7,000........93¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
5,000........120⅞
Ligg & Myers 5s
20,000........96
1,000........96¼
2,000........96¼
3,000........96½
Long Island con 5s
1,000........110
Lou & N unifd 4s
3,000........99
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
2,000........65¼
10,000........65⅛
Mex Petrol 1st ref conv 6s, Ser A
5,000........98¾
Minn Union 6s
3,000........114
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
12,000........94
2d 4s
1,000........80½
s f 4½s
8,000........87½
St L Div 4s
1,000........76
Mo Pac conv 5s
5,000........84¼
N, C & St L 1st 7s
1,000........102⅝
Nassau Elec R R 4s
1,000........78
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
5,000........90
Natl Tube 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
1,000........100⅝
5,000........100¼
6,000........100⅜
N Y Cent gen 3½s
6,000........87¼
deb 4s, 1934
3,000........92⅝
Lake S col 3½s
28,000........81¼
N Y, C & S L 1st 4s
1,000........99⅞
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s
2,000........108¼
5,000........108⅜
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
6,000........129
N Y Railwys temp ref 4s
5,000........79
5,000........78⅝
13,000........79
temp adj 5s
3,000........56
20,000........55⅞
6,000........55¾
53,000........55⅞
10,000........55¾
15,000........55⅞
10,000........55⅞
27,000........55¾
10,000........55⅝
7,000........55½
23,000........55⅝
1,000........55⅝
10,000........55½
14,000........55⅝
15,000........55⅝
39,000........55¾
6,000........55½
2,000........55¼
6,000........55⅜
16,000........55½
8,000........55⅝
5,000........55½
10,000........55⅜
2,000........55½
N Y Teleph 4½s
8,000........99⅛
N Y, West & B 4½s
5,000........100
5,000........100⅛
2,000........100
Nor & W conv 4s, sub rcts, full pd
10,000........115¼
Northn Pacific 4s
5,000........99⅝
2,000........99¾
5,000........99⅝
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s
1,000........91¼
1,000........91⅛
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
1,000........100¼
1,000........100⅛
2,000........100
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
4,000........100
3½s, 1915
1,000........97⅝
10,000........97¼
Penn 4s, 1948
1,000........104
3,000........103⅜
Peo & E inc 4s
7,000........40
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
4,000........121⅝
P Lorillard Co 5s
6,000........96¾
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s
1,000........98⅜
Reading gen 4s
2,000........97⅝
1,000........97⅜
4,000........97¾
1,000........97¾
4,000........97¾
Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s
3,000........84½
St L, Ir Mt & So unify & ref 4s
1,000........78
St L & San Fran R R gen 5s
1,000........87
ref 4s
5,000........78
Seab Air L ref 4s
1,000........81
adjustment 5s
15,000........81
So Pac col 4s
5,000........90¼
registered
1,000........91
conv 4s
11,000........95
12,000........94½
So Pac 1st ref 4s
2,000........94⅝
1,000........94⅞
So Ry 1st 5s
2,000........107⅝
So Ry gen 4s
1,000........78¼
11,000........78⅝
Stand Gas & Elec conv 6s
10,000........100
Tex Co conv 6s
30,000........100¼
Third Av 1st 5s
3,000........108⅝
Third Av ref 4s
4,000........82¾
1,000........82⅝
1,000........82¾
Third Av adj 5s
15,000........74
5,000........74⅛
10,000........74
Ulster & Del 5s
1,000........106
Un Pac conv 4s
5,000........101⅞
22,000........101¾
1,000........102
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
1,000........97
U S R & Imp 5s
2,000........89¾
U S Rubber 6s
6,000........104⅝
3,000........104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
1,000........102¼
5,000........102⅜
4,000........102¼
13,000........102⅜
7,000........102¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
5,000........98¾
Va & S W con 5s
4,000........96¾
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
10,000........72
13,000........71¾
25,000........71½
10,000........71⅝
1,000........71¼
3,000........71⅜
15,000........71½
10,000........71⅝
1,000........71½
Equit Trust Co ctfs of depos stamped
10,000........69⅝
132,000........69¼
4,000........69⅜
25,000........69½
15,000........69
Wabash, Pitts Ter Cent Tr ctfs
1,000........83¼
Western Elec 5s
2,000........101⅝
West Md 4s
1,000........86⅞
1,000........86⅝
West Un Tel col tr 5s
1,000........101⅝
West Shore 4s, reg
1,000........98
Westinghouse E & M 1st conv s f 5s
5,000........94⅝
1,000........94⅝
5,000........94⅞
2,000........94¾
11,000........94⅜
2,000........94⅞
Wis Cent gen 4s
8,000........91½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100½	101	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅝	101
2s, c, 1930	100½	101¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	102
3s, r, 1918	102	102⅝	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	101⅞
3s, c, 1918	102	102⅝			
4s, r, 1925	114	114⅝			
4s, c, 1925	114	114⅝			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100½	101			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	205	215
Alb & Susq.	265½	..
Alle & W.	130½	..
Allis-Ch 1st paid	1⅞	2
Allis-Ch pf.	2½	10
Do 1st pd.	4½	5¼
Am Ag Ch pf.	99	100½
A B S pf.	98½	99
Am Coal	72	100
Am C P pf.	110	..
Am C O pf.	97	98
A H & L pf	24½	26
Am I Sec.	27	27¼
Am Lin.	14½	14⅞
Do pf.	36½	38
Am Loc pf.	109	110
Am M pf.	61½	62
A S pf, B.	87⅞	88¼
Am Sn pf.	106	108
Do new	103	105
A S Ref pf.	121	122
Am T & C.	..	77¼
Am Tob pf.	106⅞	109
Do t r.	109⅞	111
A W P pf.	36	36½
Ann Arbor	15	35
Do pf.	60	80
Assets Real.	121½	123¼
Assoc Oil	..	..
B & O pf.	87	88
Batopilas M	1¼	1⅝
B Un Gas.	141½	143
Bruns Ter.	8½	9¼
B, R & P.	114½	117
Do pf.	126	150
But'k Co.	33¾	34½
Canada So.	67½	69
C C & C.	..	82½
C R R of N J.	370	395
C & S A T.	112	119
Chi & Alt.	20	24
Do pf.	36	40
Chi Gt W.	18	18¼
Do pf.	34½	35¼
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf.	141⅝	143
C & N W pf.	180	195
C, St P, M & Om.	130	135
C, St P & O pf.	155	161
C, C, C & St L.	51½	59
Do pf.	99	105
Cleve & P.	168¼	..
C F & I pf, ex div.	110⅝	..
Col & So.	39	41
Do 1st pf.	74	75
Do 2d pf.	67	71
C P Ref pf.	83	84½
Crex Carpet	83½	87½
Cub-Am S.	..	45
Do pf.	..	100
Del & Hud.	168	169
D, L & W.	530	550
D & R G.	18½	19½
Do pf.	35	36¼
D M & Ft D.	5	9
Det & M.	115	..
Do pf.	108	..
Det Un Ry.	65	70
D, S S & A.	8½	9¼
Do pf.	16½	21½
Du P de N Pow pf.	95	..
Erie 2d pf.	43	43⅞
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	13	18
Do pf.	42	44
Gen Chem.	148	155
Do pf.	108	111
G & S Tel.	115½	..
G. W. Helme.	190¼	197
Do pf.	107	114
Hav Elec.	80	..
Do pf.	90	96
Hock Val.	130	143
Homestake.	94	98
Ill C l l.	88½	..
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	98	..
Inter. Agri.	50	56½
Inter Harv.	118	119½
Do pf.	118¼	121
Inter Paper.	16½	16⅞
Do pf.	58½	59
Iowa Cent.	9	12
Do pf.	23	25
K C, Ft S & M pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kan C So.	25¼	25½
Do pf.	59	59¾
K & D M pf.	48	60
Kn I, C pf.	60	78½
Lacl Gas.	105½	106
L E & W pf.	38	39½
Lake Shore.	464	..
Long Island	48	53
Louis & N.	159	160
Mackay Cos.	87½	88⅝
Do pf.	69	69⅝
Mah C R.	600	1,000
Man Beach.	2	5
Man Elev.	134¼	136
Mer M pf.	17⅝	18
May Dep St.	80	80½
Do pf.	107½	108½
Mich Cent.	157	190
M & St L.	18⅝	20
Do pf.	43	48
M, St P & S S M.	143⅞	144½
Do pf.	150	154
Do l l.	86	89
Mo, K & T pf.	60	61
Mor & Es.	173	180
N, C & St L.	162	..
Nat Bis.	154	156
Nat L pf.	107½	108¾
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	66	69¼
Do 2d pf.	31¾	32
N O, M & Chi pf.	10	27½
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	103	112
Do 2d pf.	84	90⅞
N Y Dock.	20¼	..
Do pf.	35	45
N Y, L & W.	122	129
N Y, N H & H.	133⅞	135
N Y St G.	89	89½
Do pf.	91	..
N O T & L	57	64
Norf South.	46	49⅝
N & W pf.	80	89
Ont Mining.	2	2½
Pabst B pf.	110	112
Pac Coast.	90	100
Do 1st pf.	85	105
Do 2d pf.	90	100
Pac Mail.	32½	33
P T & Tel.	50	50½
Do pf.	95	98
Peo & E.	13⅛	15
Pere Marq.	..	30
Do 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	215½	..
P, C, C & St L.	108½	108⅞
Do pf.	109¼	116
Pitts C pf.	91½	92½
P, Ft W & C.	161½	..
Pitts St pf.	101½	102½
P, Y & A pf.	163⅛	..
P, Y & A pf.	163⅛	..
Pr St Car.	36	36½
Pullman Co.	161	162
Q'ksil'r pf.	9¾	11¾
R R Sec, I C stk cts.	83¼	89
Ry St Spr.	35¾	36
Do pf.	98¼	101½
Rdg 1st pf.	87½	89
Do 2d pf.	95½	97
Rens & S.	185½	..
R, W & Og.	128	..
R G M Co pf.	105	112
St L & S F	23	25
Do 1st pf.	62	66
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	120	..
Do pf cts.	107	111
St L S W.	32	33
Do pf.	73	74½
S-S S & I.	57	57¼
Do pf.	100	104
So P R S.	70	80¾
Do pf.	105	..
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	81½	88
Texas Pac.	22½	24
T, P & W.	15½	..
T R & L.	5½	6¾
Tol, St L & West.	14	14⅞
T C R T pf.	140⅝	145
U B & P pf	58	62¼
Un Cig M.	56½	60
Do pf.	105	110
Un Dry G.	100¾	102
Do pf.	105½	106
Un Rys In.	29	30
U S C I P.	19½	21
Do pf.	58½	59½
U S Exp.	93½	97
U S I A pf.	103½	104½
U S R & R.	2¼	3
Do pf.	5	7
U S R 2d pf.	80	81½
[illegible]	48⅝	49½
Do pf.	116	118
Va I, C & Coke	56	60
Va Ry & P pf.	87½	..
Vulcan Det	18	25
Do pf.	84	90
Weyman-B.	210	..
Do pf.	114	115
W. Md.	56⅝	57⅞
Do pf.	77	81
Westingh'se 1st pf.	117	121
Wh & L E.	7	7½
Do 1st pf.	21	22
Do 2d pf.	10⅝	11½
Wis Cent.	52½	55

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1, '13	100½	100¾	3.85
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1, '13	100	100¼	4.24
Brooklyn R. T.	5	July 1, '18	97⅝	97¾	5.44
C., H. & D., purchase money	4	July 1, '13	99½	99¾	4.24
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1, '14	99½	99¾	4.63
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15, '13	99⅜	99¾	5.38
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1, '14	98	98½	5.80
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	100⅞	101⅛	5.32
Erie	5	Oct. 1, '14	99⅝	99⅝	5.18
Erie	5	Apr. 1, '15	98⅞	99⅛	5.33
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1, '15	99¾	100⅛	5.96
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1, '15	97⅝	97⅞	5.27
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1, '13	99⅞	100¼	5.53
Ill. Central	4½	July 1, '14	99⅞	100	4.50
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1, '14	98	98¼	5.90
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100½	100¾	4.70
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1, '13	90	93	..
Mo., K. & T.	5	Aug. 1, '13	99¼	99½	5.74
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1, '14	93	94	9.00
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1, '13	98⅛	98½	5.90
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1, '13	98⅛	98⅜	6.30
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1, '14	99⅞	100⅛	4.42
N. Y. Central	4½	May 1, '15	99⅞	100⅛	4.44
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5, '13	100⅜	100⅝	3.77
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1, '13	99⅞	100⅛	4.85
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1, '13	100⅜	100⅝	3.83
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1, '18	104¼	104¾	5.12
Westinghouse	6	Aug., 1913	101¼	101⅝	4.44

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper ruled dull and firmer, with prices for all deliveries fractionally higher. Lead and spelter were unchanged. Tin was quiet.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Stand. Copper—	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.
Spot	16⅞	17⅛	16.10	17.37½
July	17	17⅛	16.87½	17.37½
August	17	17⅛	17.00	17.50
September	17.30	17.35	17.00	17.50
Lead	4.40	4.55	4.40	4.55
Spelter	7.05	7.25	7.05	7.25
Tin	46.25	48.00	46.50	48.00

The following table of closing prices for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin registered yesterday on the London Metal Exchange, compared with Friday's final figures:

	Monday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	77	7	6	77	10	0
Copper, futures	78	5	0	78	7	6
Pig tin, spot	209	0	0	209	0	0
Pig tin, futures	203	15	0	203	15	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was up 11s 3d, at £18 12s 6d. Spelter advanced 5s, to £26. Cleveland warrants were 1½d higher, at 57s 4¼d.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The deadlock at the convention in Baltimore was evidently acting as a check upon the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange throughout the session, but the general list displayed firmness, despite inactivity. Special strength developed in spots, the advance in Brooklyn Rapid Transit being most notable in this respect. Its total of 3,430 shares placed it ahead of every other stock but Steel common, with the commission houses handling a heavy odd-lot business in it. The market was a broad one in respect to variety of issues represented by transactions, fifty-one different stocks making up the list, with the sales totaling 22,790 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
770	Amal. Copper	85¼	86⅛	85¼	85⅝
180	Am. Beet Sugar	73⅞	74⅛	73¾	74
860	Am. Can	34¼	34¼	33⅞	34
10	Am. Locomotive	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜
350	Am. Smelting	86	86⅜	85⅞	86
40	Am. Sugar	130	130¼	129⅝	130¼
210	Anaconda Cop.	43¾	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞
20	A., T. & S. F.	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107½
3,430	Brook. Rap. Tr.	91	93⅞	91	93⅞
100	Cent. Leather	26	26½	25⅞	26⅜
380	Ches. & Ohio	80	80⅝	80	80¾
60	C., M. & St. P.	105½	105½	105	105
30	Col. Fuel & I.	31¾	31¾	31½	31½
30	Cosol. Gas	142	142	142	142
10	Dist. Sec.	33¼	33⅛	33⅛	33¼
410	Erie	35⅝	35⅝	35¼	35¼
80	Gt. North. pf.	134¾	134¾	134½	134½
10	Gt. N. ore ctfs.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
10	Gen. Electric	179⅛	179⅛	179⅛	179⅛
620	Inter.-Met.	21	21½	20⅞	21½
130	Inter.-Met. pf.	60½	61	60⅝	61
520	Lehigh Valley	171⅛	172¼	171	171½
20	Mo., K. & T.	27½	27½	27½	27½
120	Mo. Pacific	37½	37⅞	36¾	36¾
30	Nat. Lead	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝
10	N. Y. Central	117½	117½	117½	117½
100	Nevada Con.	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
130	N. Y., O. & W.	30⅛	30⅞	30⅛	30⅝
10	Norf. & West.	116	116	116	116
80	Nor. Pacific	120⅝	120⅞	120⅝	120⅝
20	People's Gas	113⅞	114	113⅞	114
10	Pitts. Coal	22	22	22	22
2,540	Reading	167⅛	167½	166⅝	167
70	Republic Steel	27	27⅞	27	27¼
10	Rep. Steel pf.	85¼	85½	85½	85½
20	Rock Island	25	25	25	25
20	Rock Isl. pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½
20	South. Pacific	110½	110⅝	110¼	110⅝
10	South. Ry.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
10	Tenn. Copper	44	44	44	44
50	Third Av.	39¾	40⅜	39¾	40
80	Union Bag & P.	13	13	13	13
2,150	Union Pac.	169¾	170¼	169⅝	169⅝
50	U. S. Rubber	66½	67	66½	66⅝
8,620	U. S. Steel	71⅛	71⅜	70⅞	71⅜
80	U. S. Steel pf.	111½	112	111½	111⅞
80	Utah Copper	63⅞	63⅞	63⅛	63¾
60	Wabash	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼
90	Wabash pf.	13½	13½	12⅞	13¼
20	West. Union	82	82	82	82
220	West'house El.	77	77½	76¼	76¾

22,790

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
700	Atlanta	.23½	.23½	.23¼	.23½
500	C. O. D.	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
700	Comstock	.10	.10	.10	.10
200	Elkton	.62½	.62½	.62½	.62½
500	Goldfield Merg.	.35	.35	.35	.35
900	Jim Butler	.63	.63	.63	.63
700	Jumbo Ext.	.39	.39	.39	.39
100	Mexican	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
800	Midway	.52	.52	.52	.52
100	Ophir	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05
300	Sierra Nevada	.13	.13	.13	.13
150	Tonopah Ext.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
200	Union	.52	.52	.52	.52
200	West End	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70

6,050

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Lee, Higginson & Co., and Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., managers of the Virginian Railway 5 per cent. bond syndicate, announce that all the bonds recently offered have been sold.

The Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Avenue, has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Charles F. Uebelacker, Charles N. Black, and William Von Phul have been admitted to partnership in the engineering firm of Ford, Bacon & Davis, 115 Broadway. The first two have been connected with the firm since 1899 and the last named since 1905.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
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LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W., 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
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OF NEW JERSEY
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All the facilities of a New York City Bank
Interest on Deposits
No Exchange in New York City for checks drawn on this Company
Special terms for collecting out-of-town checks
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ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
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Short Term Security
Yield Six Per Cent.
Security—Collateral having market value over twice par value of issue.
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Earnings—Over three times amount required to meet interest charges.
Further information upon request.
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BANKERS
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
37 Wall Street New York

The CITIZENS CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK
320 BROADWAY

CONDENSED STATEMENT JULY 1ST, 1912.

RESOURCES		
Loans and discounts		$20,235,828.24
United States bonds		2,001,100.00
Other bonds and securities		507,500.00
Due from banks	$1,877,384.65	
Exchanges	4,507,933.49	
Cash	5,323,241.69	
		11,708,559.83
		$34,452,988.07

LIABILITIES		
Capital Stock		$2,550,000.00
Surplus fund	$1,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	392,633.09	
Unearned discount reserve	150,000.00	
		2,042,633.09
Circulation		1,995,100.00
Deposits: Individual	$21,141,957.27	
Banks	6,723,297.71	
		27,865,254.98
		$34,452,988.07

DIRECTORS

AMBROSE R. ADAMS, Shreve & Adams, Commission Hosiery
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR., Vice-President, Bacon & Company, Dry Goods Commission Merchants
CARL F. BOKER, Hermann Boker & Co., Steel Cutlery, Hardware, etc.
RALPH L. CUTTER, Smith, Hogg & Company, Commission Cotton Goods
DANIEL A. DAVIS, 66 Beaver Street, New York
LOUIS F. DOMMERICH, L. F. Dommerich & Co., Importers and Commission Dry Goods
FREDERICK T. FLEITMANN, Fleitmann & Co., Dry Goods Commission Merchants
WILLIAM S. GRAY, President William S. Gray & Co., Chemicals
ROBERT B. HIRSCH, Wm. Openhym & Sons, Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Dry Goods
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HENRY SAMPSON, President Alden Sampson & Sons, Manufacturers Floor Oilcloths
HENRY B. STOKES, Chairman Board of Directors Manhattan Life Insurance Company
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EDWIN S. SCHENCK, President

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STANDARD OIL STOCK
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Gude, Winmill & Co.
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20 Broad St. Tel. Rector 445.

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Due Aug. 1913. Yield 6%
Circular 806 on request.
George H. Burr & Co.
14 Wall St. New York
Investors' Booklet on Request.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE
Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has sold the Assets of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited, to the Asbestos Corpoartion of Canada, Limited, and that Bondholders of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation are entitled to receive Securities of the Asbestos Corporation of Canada, Limited, in the proportion of $250.00 5% Bonds; $500.00 6% Preferred Stock and $250.00 Common Stock for each $1,000 Bond, on surrender of their Bonds to The Royal Trust Company for cancellation, at its office, Transportation Building, Montreal.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee for Bondholders of AMALGAMATED ASBESTOS CORPORATION, LIMITED.
Montreal, 21st June, 1912.

ADIRONDACK POWER CO.
Stock
Bought & Sold
E. & C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Standard Oil Co. Stocks
Subsidiaries & Fractions
Dealt In
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

United Cigar Stores.
An analysis of profit making situation arising from probable increase of capitalization.
This timely letter on request.
HARRY E. THOMPSON & CO.
25 Broad St. New York
Telephones Broad 3265-6-7.

American Finance & Securities Co.
Timber Bonds
5 Nassau St., New York

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
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Commenced Business aMrch 1st, 1886.
STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.
Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.
Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.
Accounts maintained in principal cities.
OFFICERS.
DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.
C. B. Zabriskie, V. Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.
Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y.
Chas. S. Noé, Chairman Board of Directors.

Edison Electric Light and Power Company of Erie, Pennsylvania,
SIX PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS, DUE JANUARY 1ST, 1943.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Article Tenth of the Mortgage given to New York Security & Trust Company as Trustee, to secure the issue of bonds above described, the said Trustee has drawn by lot the following numbered bonds:

41 133

for payment forthwith at its office, No. 26 Broad Street, in the City of New York, at 103 per centum of the par value thereof ex the July, 1912, coupon.

Interest on the said bonds so drawn ceased on July 1st, 1912.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, formerly New York Security & Trust Company, by H. W. Morse, Secretary.
New York, July 2nd, 1912.

Municipal Bonds to net from
4¼% to 5%
Special Circulars on Request
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall Street, New York

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. 53386 for 100 shares in the name of "Lehman Brothers." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued.
GRACE R. BUMSTED, Executrix, Owner.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys, 170 Broadway, New York City.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bonus Paid for Thirty-fourth Street Leasehold—$500,000 Building Operation Near Queensboro Bridge Plaza —Harlem Sales—Activity in Brooklyn— 175 Acre Deal Near Garden City.

The value of a leasehold in Thirty-fourth Street in the centre of the retail shopping district has been well illustrated in the transfer of the unexpired term of eighteen years on the property at 11 West Thirty-fourth Street, the new owners paying, it is said, a bonus of $30,000 for the surrender of the lease. The property is occupied by a six-story building on a plot 25 by 126. Adjoining the plot on the east is the McCreery dry goods store, and on the west is an eight-story building, of which the store and basement are under a twenty-one-year lease to the Riker-Hegeman Drug Company.

Title to the 11 West Thirty-fourth Street property is held by the R. S. S. Realty Company, Robert S. Smith. Three years ago a twenty-one-year lease was acquired by Nathan and Rose Scheiber and Edward and Hugo Kupfer at an annual net rental of $34,000. The new lessee is stated to be an investor represented by Ignace I. Apfel, as attorney. Most of the building has been vacant recently, but under the new ownership it is to be remodeled for high-class commercial uses.

$500,000 Building Deal in Queens.

The biggest building operation for housing the rapidly growing population of the Long Island City district in the immediate vicinity of the Queensboro Bridge Plaza is to be undertaken at once by the Currie Realty Company, which has just purchased from a syndicate a plot of forty-eight lots on the Graham Avenue block, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Avenues, having frontages of 200 feet on Graham Avenue, 550 feet on Thirteenth Avenue, and 650 feet on Fourteenth Avenue.

The new owners are preparing plans for the erection at once of forty-eight six-family apartment houses on the semi-detached plan, each house being on a fifty-foot plot and containing suites of from three to four rooms with baths. The forty-eight houses will furnish accommodations for about 300 families. The large industrial plants and factories which have been built in that neighborhood within recent years have stimulated a demand for medium-priced houses of this character. The entire investment will represent about $500,000. The brokers in the deal were Judson A. Harrington, James B. Thomas, and Henry Gold. A building loan of nearly $300,000 has been obtained by Mr. Thomas for the new structures.

The Currie Realty Company will erect an office near the premises for the sale of the houses and renting of the apartments. This property is within a block of the roadway and Jackson Avenue trolleys and three blocks from the Steinway Avenue cars, and within walking distance of the Bridge Plaza.

Private Dwelling Market.

The five-story American basement dwelling at 308 West Seventy-eighth Street, on plot 20 by 102.2, has been sold by Pease & Elliman for Clayton E. Rich to a client for occupancy.

Naomi A. Solomon has sold the three-story residence at 30 West Eighty-second Street, on plot 20 by 102.2.

Harlem Flats Sold.

The six-story plot at 1,493 Madison Avenue, between 102d and 103d Streets, on plot 50 by 100, has been sold by Heller & Sussman for the Brown Realty Company to an investor. In part payment the seller took a plot 40 by 200 feet on Kosciusko Street, running through to Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn.

The two five-story flats at 63 and 69 West 131st Street, each on plot 50 by 99.11, have been sold by Daniel Dolser to an investor. The seller acquired the property a month ago from Aaron Coleman in a trade.

Tenement Deals.

Ennis & Sinnott have sold the four-story tenement at 111 West Fifteenth Street, on plot 25 by 103.3, to the B. H. Jackson Company.

Leonard Weill has sold the five-story tenement at 61 West Ninety-ninth Street, on lot 25 by 100, to an investor, who is reported to have closed negotiations for its resale at a substantial profit, having bought from Mr Weill for $19,000 and reselling for $31,000. This makes the fifth transfer of the property since May 15, when F. J. Sheridan bought it from J. F. McKean. A month later Mr. Sheridan sold it to Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum for $16,750, and the Mandelbaums, two days later, turned it over to Leonard Weill for $18,000. It is occupied by colored tenants.

Fort Washington Purchase.

Hornor & Co., Inc., have sold for H. G. Autenrieth a plot 200 by 218 feet on Northern Avenue, north of 181st Street. It adjoins the James Gordon Bennett property on the north. The buyer has purchased for investment

Apartment on Jauncey Lane.

The Odell-Townsend Company, representing the owners of the property on the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-first Street, will take title to the property in October and improve it with a twelve-story apartment, a portion of which will wipe out a section of the old Jauncey Lane. The plot is 59 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street, and is now occupied by a five-story house. The Broadway end of the old lane, just north of Ninety-first Street, was built over for the first time last Fall.

Bronx Borough.

The five-story double flat, with stores, at 546 Brook Avenue, near 149th Street, has been sold to an investor by Sharrott & Thom for Ida E. White. The plot is 25 by 100. This is the second sale of the property by the same brokers in a year.

J. Trattnor and J. Klein have sold for the Brown Realty Company the four two-family houses at 649, 651, 653, and 657 Bryant Avenue, each on a plot 25 by 100, to Dr. H. Westfehling, who gave in exchange the southeast corner of Hughes Avenue and 181st Street, a five-story building, on plot 51 by 114 feet.

Brooklyn.

F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Company has resold for the George Fisher Company 832 McDonough Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 19 by 100, to a client, for occupancy.

The three-story dwelling at 820 Union Street has been sold by John F. James & Sons for the Sargent estate to the Andrews Holding Company, composed of officers of the Plaza Club.

The two-story factory at 59 to 63 Sedgwick Street, on plot 60 by 100, has been sold by James L. Brunley to the U. P. Smith & Sons' Company of Manhattan, who will use it for ship brokerage and stevedore business.

Burrill Brothers have sold for the estate of Charles Feltman the three-story dwelling at 511 Third Street, on lot 20 by 100, to a client, for occupancy.

The Desmond Dunne Company has purchased from the Lawrence Realty Company the three-story business building at 461 Fulton Street.

Joseph Metzger has sold for H. Goody to S. Siris the two four-story tenements at 804 and 806 Bedford Street, on plot 31.6 by 100 each.

Recent Buyers.

Henry D. Walbridge is the purchaser of the former Charles Steele residence at 34 West Forty-ninth Street, sold recently by Henry D. Winans & May.

The Gault Realty Company, Henry L. Goodwin, President, is the buyer of the northwest corner of Horatio and West Fourth Streets.

Buys Yonkers Plot for Silk Mill.

As a result of the auction sale last Saturday by Bryan L. Kennelly of the Jane S. Clark estate property in Yonkers, a new silk mill will soon be erected there. The property included the plot, 67 by 376 feet at 169 Hawthorne Avenue, extending to the tracks of the New York Central Railroad, and occupied by a three-story frame house. Ludwig Littauer was the buyer for $14,725, and he will build a silk mill on the westerly portion of the plot, facing the railroad track.

Title Passes to $750,000 Garden City Tract.

Title has just been taken by a newly organized syndicate known as the Del-Nord Realty Company to the 175-acre tract at Stewart Manor in the Garden City section of Long Island. The property lies directly to the west of the Garden City Estates. It was sold to the new owners by Jackson Brothers. The holding price has been about $750,000, averaging $4,500 an acre. The members of the purchasing syndicate are E. C. Van Buskirk, Michael Dirnberger, E. J. Metcalf, Walter F. Mullen, Owen B. Augsperger, and James Hillman. It will be held for future development. Edward J. McCormack negotiated the deal.

H. C. Phipps Buys Westbury Farm.

W. Burling Cocks and Samuel Willets have sold on Long Island the Kennedy farm, at Old Westbury, to H. C. Phipps; the Thorne meadow land, at Bayville, to E. W. McCutcheon, and the Henry Hegeman farm of sixty-two acres, at Brookville, to a client.

Douglaston Park Sales.

The Douglaston Park residence of William G. Deane, President of the William G. Deane Realty Company, has been sold to a client by Alfred E. Loyd. The plot is 60 by 100 on Douglaston Avenue, between the Boulevard and Virginia Road. The adjoining house, owned by the Deane Realty Company, has been sold by the same broker to Mrs. Florence M. Connor, the plot also being 60 by 100.

Buys Jersey City Factory Block.

One of the choicest factory sites in Jersey City, including the block of thirty-eight lots, bounded by Johnston Avenue, Pine and Monitor Streets, and the National Dock Railroad, has been purchased by the Manhattan Electrical Supply Company from the National Casket Company. The plot has direct rail connection with the Lehigh Valley and National Dock Railroads. The purchase price is said to be about $50,000. The sale was made through C. Howard Slater. A new factory will be erected on the property.

$225,000 for Murray Estate Lots.

The Murray estate property in South Yonkers, consisting of 479 lots, sold on Saturday by Joseph P. Day, brought a total of about $225,000, averaging very nearly $500 a lot. Every plot was sold, the attendance was large, and some of the choicer parcels evoked spirited bidding. The highest price for a single lot was $1,300 for a plot on McLean Avenue. Others near by went for $1,160, while on McLean Avenue toward the Putnam Railroad lots went for $200 to $900. J. Arthur Fischer, who was a prominent buyer for clients at the Van Cortlandt estate sale, purchased twenty-one plots, and other buyers were J. Romaine Brown, John Corkery, J. P. Flanagan, C. J. Carlisle, and Lynch & Larkin. The representatives of the estate and Mr. Day were thoroughly pleased at the interest aroused in the sale and the good prices obtained.

Residences Leased.

Slawson & Hobbs have rented the following private houses: 877 West End Avenue, for W. A. Wesselman, to W. H. Hughes; 250 West 105th Street, for M. Cherry, to R. C. Jones, and 236 West Seventieth Street, for W. K. Lindegard, to Dr. Sweet.

John J. Clancy & Co. have leased for J. G. Schurman the dwelling at 49 West Fifty-eighth Street to Dr. Murray Waxman.

New White Plains Railroad Running

The White Plains branch of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway was opened yesterday, the first train leaving Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, at 5:59 A. M., and the first train to the north leaving 180th Street, Bronx Park, at 6:05 A. M.

The running time of express trains from 180th Street to Mamaroneck Avenue, which is the temporary terminal station at White Plains, is twenty-seven minutes.

The next service to be opened on the Westchester road will be the line between Harlem River Station at 133d Street and Willis Avenue, and 180th Street, about Aug. 1, and it is expected that the Westchester Avenue terminal in White Plains will also be opened then.

Country Rentals.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Mrs. C. N. Finch her country place on Beekman Terrace, Summit, N. J., to E. C. Bondy.

The Frederick W. Avery Company have rented the former country residence of John E. Cowdin, at Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, for the owner, the Amunsen Realty Company, to John H. Naughton.

Commercial Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co., in conjunction with Worthington Whitehouse, have leased the top floor in the new six-story business building at 18 East Forty-sixth Street, opposite the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, to A. Ripnen & Co., ladies' tailor.

Foreclosure on Stewart Building.

A suit has been instituted in the Supreme Court by the trustees of the Henry Hilton estate to foreclose a $3,700,000 mortgage on the Stewart Building, on the east side of Broadway, between Chambers and Reade Streets. Felix Isman and the 280 Broadway Company, controlled by Mr. Isman, are the defendants. It is stated by the Hilton estate trustees that on June 22 there was due the quarterly interest on the mortgage, amounting to $45,833, and $3,590 as a remainder from the last quarterly payment. An instalment of $100,000 of the principal is also unpaid. For three years the taxes have not been paid, so that for the years 1909, 1910, and 1911 the taxes amount to $143,128. The monthly rents now collected amount to $20,000.

The price paid for the property was $4,250,000. Edward D. Harris, one of the trustees, has been appointed receiver of the rents pending the settlement of the suit.

Seventh Avenue Corner Foreclosure.

The executors of the Marshall estate have instituted foreclosure proceedings to recover a mortgage indebtedness of $430,000 against the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, 98.9 by 244 feet, William H. Bryan being named as the defendant and owner of record. The plot figured in two or three notable deals, two and three years ago, the latest transaction being the organization of a syndicate to improve the plot with a fine hotel, but that project expired some time ago. The property is one of the largest unimproved parcels along Seventh Avenue in the vicinity of the Pennsylvania Depot held in one ownership.

Notes.

Andrew J. Thomas is the architect of the alteration being done by the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company to the thirteen-story building at 37 and 39 Liberty Street.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has leased for the season at Newport the E. Rollins Morse place on Bellevue Avenue. De Blois & Eldridge were the brokers.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

118th St, 112 East, s s, 160 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.10, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Sara Cohn, $18,000.

121st St, West, n s, 325 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.11, vacant; foreclosure, adjourned to July 8.

AT 3,208 BROADWAY.

By Joseph P. Day.

Crotona Av, 2,154 to 2,158, e s, 336.7 ft n of 181st St, 51.6x97.9x71.7x105.2, two five-story flats; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Manhattan Manufacturing Co., $54,000.

Brook Av, 1,378, s e corner of 170th St, 24.6x100, to New York & Harlem Railroad Co., six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Empire City Savings Bank, $30,000.

By J. A. Mayers.

Locust Av, 280, e s, 255 ft n of 138th St, 260x325 to East River x261x364, one, two, and three-story buildings; foreclosure, adjourned to July 8.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS PERMANENT LOANS OR BOTH COMBINED

A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.

128 Broadway, cor. Cedar.

Only office in New York engaged exclusively in mortgage negotiation on an extensive scale, insuring the advantage of a broad market.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed yesterday for new structures in Manhattan. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Boynton Av, n w corner of Westchester Av, for a five-story brick store and tenement, 41.6x91.83; American Real Estate Co., Edward B. Boynton, 527 5th Av., President, owners; George A. Summer, 989 Southern Boulevard, architect; cost, $37,000.

Westchester Av, n s, 80.69 ft e of Elder Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 39.09x66.8 and 39.09x69.4; American Real Estate Co., Edward B. Boynton, 575 5th Av, President, owners; George A. Sumner, architect; cost, $56,000.

137th St, s s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, for a four-story brick amusement hall and meeting rooms, 41x100; The Seventh Avenue Amusement Co., Rubin Greenbaum, 35 Nassau St, President, owners; Abraham Berres, 35 Nassau St, architect; cost, $45,000.

Brook Av, w s, from Southern Boulevard to 132d St, for a six-story brick loft, 95.06x200; Champion Realty Co., A. E. Schorsch, 510 East 173d St, President, owners; C. B. Comstock, 23 East 26th St., architect; cost, $140,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JULY 1.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part:

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 473-75, e s, 50x80; Thomas McKeown et al. to Martha E., Matilda J., Robert G., and Samuel A. McKeown, at 549 Riverside Drive, (mtg $40,000,) ½ part, June 27; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row....$37,500

BROADWAY, 4,230, e s, 25.6x77.10x25x83; Sutherland Realty Co. to August Schierloh, 810 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $10,500,) June 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LENOX AV, s w corner of 119th St, 100.11x75; I. Mayer and others to Henry Weiss, 627 3d Av, (mtg $140,000,) May 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SPRING ST, 26-28, s e corner of Mott St, 47.7x91.5x46.7x102.8; John H. Bodine to Pincus Lowenfeld and William E. Prager, 129 East 74th St, all liens, June 28; attorney, Lowenfeld & Prager, 149 Broadway....$1

SUFFOLK ST, 142, e s, 24.9x100, (in re mort.;) Edmund Bittiner, executor of Louis Meisel, to Solomon Loewensohn, Rochelle Terrace, Pelham Manor, N. Y., June 7; attorney, Aaron Morris, 277 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY, (re mort.;) same, as trustee, to same, 1-8 part, quitclaim, June 7; attorney, same....$250

SAME PROPERTY; Solomon Loewensohn and others to Augusta Byck, 535 West 151st St, (mtg $34,000 and all liens,) two-thirds part, July 1; attorney, Edmund Rittiner, 277 Broadway....$100

2D AV, 2,074, e s, 25x99.2; Herbitens Amusement Co. to Francesca La Via, 238 East 107th St, and Vito Bondmo, 2,091 2d Av, June 18; attorneys, Amoruso & Alessi, 2,091 2d Av..$1

2D AV, 2,079, n w corner of 107th St, 25x73; Golde & Cohen to Jacob Steinberg, on premises, (mtg $24,000 and all liens,) July 1; attorney, Frank M. Franklin, 309 Broadway.$100

19TH ST, w s, 345 ft w of 5th Av, 25x92; Maisteck Realty Co. to Boat and Realty Co., 284 Clinton St, Brooklyn, (mtg $74,000,) June 29; attorney, D. C. Myers, 309 Broadway.$100

25TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 4th Av, 25x98.9; Isaac V. Brokaw to The Wyllys Co., a corporation, 100 William St, June 28; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St....$100

48TH ST, 317 West, n s, 18x100.5; Sarah Israel to David Israel, 315 West 48th St, (mtg $13,500,) June 17; attorney, Modil Harris, 20 Broad St....$100

74TH ST, 123 East, n s, 17x102.2; Minnie Levy to Frederick P. Delafield, 121 East 74th St, June 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

89TH ST, 260 West, s s, 16x100.8; Charles Gulden to Minna M. Coster, 1,224 Park Place, Brooklyn, July 1; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway....$100

101ST ST, 324 West, s s, 20x100.11; Samuel Halperin to Bella Harris, 324 West 101st St, (mtg $30,000 and all liens,) Dec. 29, 1911; address, party of the second part, 79 5th Av....$1

107TH ST, 214 and 216 East, s s, 43.8x100.11; Hy. H. Jackson to Bankers National Realty Co., 334 5th Av, (mtg $4,250,) June 27; attorney, Charles M. Whitney, care T. I. McNeece, 334 5th Av....$100

116TH ST, 420 East, s s, 187x100.11; Mary A. Ferrari to Prosper R. Ferrari, 174 Pennsylvania Av, Rosebank, Borough of Richmond, (mtg $7,500 and all liens,) June 13; address, party of the second part, 302 Broadway....$100

122D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x95.11; Isidor Cohn, referee, to Hannah Silverstone, 55 East 107th St, (mtg $61,500 and all liens,) July 1; attorney, A. Fred Silverstone, 220 Broadway....$10,000

128TH ST, 166 East, s s, 19.3x99.11; 128th St, 162 East, s s, 37.6x99.11, and 128th St, 156 and 158, s s, 37.6x99.11; William Bachrach and others to Arolf Realty Co., 149 Broadway, (mtg $80,000,) Feb. 27, 1912....$1

Bronx.

BAY AV, n s, at centre line of stone fence, near high-water mark, Eastchester Bay, City Island; runs e 122 ft, n 100 ft, w 78 ft, and s 110.6 ft; Michael E. Finnigan, referee, to Sarah J. W. Bent, 1,773 Washington Av, July 1; attorney, Julius D. Tobias, 99 Nassau St....$8,000

SAME PROPERTY; Maria A. Bacon et al. to same, June 21, (2 deeds;) same attorney...$1

CONCORD AV, e s, 59.4 ft n of Dater St, 39.4x100; Charles H. Roe estate to the Duo Co., 620 West 25th St, (2 deeds,) June 24, (mtg $10,500;) attorney, Henry W. Kiralfy, 391 East 149th St....$1

GRANT AV, 1,062, e s, 25x101.3; Tommasso Truppi to Empire State Surety Co., 84 William St, June 27, (mtg $8,850;) attorney, Joseph T. Magee, 84 William St....$1

LOT 693, map of Gleason property; People's Trust Co. of New York, trustee, to Long Island and Properties Co., 200 5th Av, May 2; address, 200 5th Av....$275

LOTS 4 and 5, map of part of Trask estate; Sarah S. S. Sturges to Adele S. Dodd, 6 East 82d St, April 27, 1909; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LOTS 235 and 236, map of Samler estate; Theodore R. Van Ness to South Yonkers Home Construction Co., 55 Liberty St, June 27, mtg $2,400; attorney, Alfred R. Levy, 38 St. Andrew's Place, Yonkers, N. Y....$1

LOTS 69 and 70, amended map of Bronxwood Park; Marie Fudji to Bronxwood Park Realty and Construction Co., 512 Cortlandt Av, June 28, mtg $4,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

PARKSIDE PLACE, w s, 154.11 ft n of 207th St, 50x90; Maria W. Dittmar to Isabella D. Peake, 102 West 130th St, March 8, 1908; address, 102 West 130th St....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 187th St, 50x—; Solon Berrick to St. Paul's Realty Co., 5 and 7 East 42d St, mtg $16,000; attorney, J. D. Tobias, 99 Nassau St....$100

TIEBOUT AV, e s, 165.3 ft n of 189th St, 31x100; Homesite Realty Co. to Wakefield Park Realty Co., 39 East 42d St, June 1, (mtg $19,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,614, e s, 27x109.8; Henry Lang to Wm. C. Grotz, 1,600 Washington Av, July 1, (mtg $17,000;) attorney, Wm. F. Carll, 64 William St....$100

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 50.5 ft n of 174th St, 50x84.7; Isaac Hershkovitz to Herman Mergenthaler, 564 Lenox Av, June 5, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Charles J. Foltz, 2 Rector St....$1

188TH ST, 414 East, 25x100; William Schwenker to John C. Hitchman, 497 East 188th St, June 29, mtg $27,000; address, 246 10th Av....$100

205TH ST, n s, Lot 525, map of George F. and Henry B. Opdyke, 28x117.11; Henry Kuenstuer to John H. Wynn, 501 Court St, Brooklyn, June 28, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, E. Sheirun, 170 Broadway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 473 and 475, e s, 50x80; Martha E. McKeown and others to Thomas McKeown, Belle Harbor, N. Y., June 27, two mtgs, each $5,000, two prior mtgs, each $15,000, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, E. S. Church, 41 Park Row....$10,000

BLEECKER ST, 120 and 122, s w corner of Wooster St, 50x75; Reuben Isaacs to Max W. Isaacs, 829 West End Av, June 28, 3 years; attorney, Joseph L. Levi, 87 Liberty St.$9,300

BROADWAY, s w corner of 97th St, 100x175; 97th Street and Broadway Realty Co to Alphonse H. Alker, 338 Madison Av, July 1, due July 1, 1932, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rounds, S. & D., 96 Broadway....$125,000

DUTCH ST, 4 to 10, e s, 93.5x—; Four to Ten Dutch Street Corporation to Colgate Co, 105 Hudson St, Jersey City, N. J., June 29, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Vredenburg, W. & C., 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J....$25,000

2D AV, 2,079, n w corner of 107th St, 25x73; Jacob Sternberg to Golde & Cohen, corporation, 223 Wooster St, July 1, (prior mtg $19,000,) 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway....$5,000

4TH ST, 71 East, 25x100; Flora Lazinsk to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, July 1, due as per bond; attorney, B. A. Sands, 31 Nassau St....$27,000

5TH ST, 303 East, 25x48.6; Barnett Rosenberg to Emma Schall, 62 St. Mark's Place, June 11, 3 years; attorney, Peter Cook, 258 Broadway....$18,000

16TH ST, 24 West, 25x103.3; Mary Casey to Kate B. Belloni, 14 East 66th St, July 1, prior mtg $15,000, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway....$10,000

25TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 4th Av, 25x98.9; Wyllys Co to Isaac V. Brokaw, 1 East 79th St, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Louis W. Stotesbury, 55 Liberty St....$55,000

74TH ST, 123 East, 17x102.2; Frederick P. Delafield to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, June 26, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$17,000

87TH ST, 229 East, 25x100.8; Harriet Baer to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, July 1, 5 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$3,000

89TH ST, 260 West, 16x100.8; Minna M. Coester to Charles Gulden, 318 West 102d St, July 1, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$25,000

107TH ST, 214 and 216 East, 43.8x100.11; Bankers' National Realty Corporation to Henry H. Jackson, 63 East 92d St, June 29, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. H. Jackson, 106 Lexington Av....$5,750

121ST ST, 257 West, 17x100.11; Jennie A. Bernstein to Rose Bondy, 14 East 60th St, June 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$8,000

Bronx.

GRAND AV, 2,312, e s, 25x100; James Morrow to Title Guarantee & Trust Company, 176 Broadway, due as per bond, June 29.$4,000

HOE AV, e s, 225 ft n of 167th St, 25x100; Jacob Blaesser to William H. Birrell, 1,400 Boston Road, (prior mtge $5,000,) 3 years, June 29; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av....$1,800

LOT 128, map, part of Schieffelin Estate; William Jantzen to Gustav Eckert, 345 East 103d St, 5 years, June 12....$720

LOTS 10 and 11, map University Heights, north; John Albert to Henry M. MacCracken, 33 University Av, (prior mtge $10,000,) due as per bond, July 1; attorney, J. H. MacCracken, 32 Waverley Place....$2,000

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 256.3 ft s of West Farms Road, 25x100; Violet J. Graham to Edw. and Eliz. Frey, 1,607 Overing St, 3 years, 5½ p. c., June 29; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,162 Walker Av....$3,500

WASHINGTON AV, 1,614, e s, 83 ft s of 172d St, 27x109.8; William C. Grotz to Henry Lang, 1,696 Topping Av, 3 years, 5½ p. c., July 1; attorney, William F. Carll, 64 William St....$5,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 603, n store floor; Ferdinand H. Stellhorn to Peter Northeifer, 609 Amsterdam Av, 8 2-12 years from July 1, 1912; attorney, F. G. Fenster, 203 Broadway....$780

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,840, all; Thomas Bailey to Peter Mergenthaler, 500 West 159th St, 5 10-12 years from July 1, 1912; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,689 3d Av....$3,000

BOSTON ROAD, n e corner of Union Av, store floor, &c.; Joseph G. Wallach to Charles Meyer, 275 West 145th St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Charles Stein, 871 Brook Av....$2,700

MONROE ST, 278, store, &c.; Shultz Bread Co. to Abraham Frank, 416 Grand St, 3 years from July 1, 1912; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av....$1,068

1ST AV, 1,494, store and basement; William E. Degnan to David Strauss, 324 East 4th St, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$2,100

3D AV, 2,339, all; Attvington Realty Co. to Adolph Ruehl, 998 Intervale Av, 4 10-12 years from July 1, 1912; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av....$3,000

117TH ST, 505 East, all; Solomon Jacobs to Anton Klubnik, 320 Pleasant Av, 3 years from June 1, 1912; address, 320 Pleasant Av....$6,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

FORT SCHUYLER ROAD, s s, 125 ft e of Latting St, 25x133; Joseph Newman against Mary F. McGrail, owner and contractor....$1,774

MADISON AV, 1,759; Morris Marks against Williams & Grodzinsky, owners; Gordon & Stein, contractors....$160

WHITE PLAINS AV, 4,826; Charles E. Jones against Jacob Brandon, owner and contractor....$144

8D ST, 5 East; John Sammartano and others against Wyoming Realty Co., owner and contractor....$550

41ST ST, 221 West, and 42d St, 224 West; E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. against Asa G. Candler, owner; Patrick Reddy, contractor....$645

165TH ST, 166th St, Broadway, and St. Nicholas Av, block, &c.; E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. against Fox-Hippodrome Co. and Broadway and 165th Street Realty Co., owners; Patrick Reddy, contractor....$852

LIS PENDENS.

BROADWAY, n e s, Lots 30 and 31, map of 12th Ward; James H. Du Bois against Michael M. McDermott, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. V. Simpson.

LOTS 26 to 28, map of Lohbauer Park, Bronx; Katherine P. Loewi against Rebecca Del Gaudio, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. S. Morris.

LOT 31, map of Lohbauer Park, Bronx; Katherine P. Loewi against Joseph Ryan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. S. Morris.

183D ST, 709 East; Isidore Londner against Emil Gunsburger and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

235TH ST, n s, between Katonah and Kepler Avs, Lot 79; Tax Lien Co of New York against William H. Blewitt and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

THEODORE STARRETT COMPANY

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

103 Park Ave. New York

Reduce Plumbing Bills

We will PROVE how. The Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone, 859—Harlem

WANTED.—SPECIALTIES FOR UPTOWN BUILDERS; SALESMAN HAS BEEN IN TERRITORY ELEVEN YEARS. E. B., 263 WEST 125TH ST.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

25x163.3, Near 6th Ave.

Big opportunity for investor, operator, speculator; reduced price to $26,500. DUROSS, 155 West 14th.

Below 14th St.

Big Bargain 9th Ward House

Below land value; almost 25x100, 75' from new avenue. Duross, 155 West 14th.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Big bargains in fine cheap houses; all improvements, good locations; some near Broadway Subway, others near Third Ave. "L"; 7-room private, $5,500; 9-room private, $7,500; elegant corner, 10 rooms, garage, $10,000; 11-room two-family, $6,500; 17-room three-family, $10,000; easy terms; or lots taken in exchange; your chance; send for list. H. H. WOOD, 60 Liberty St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEND FOR ADVANCE FACTS

regarding our latest and best Brooklyn subdivision,

HYDE PARK

CHOICE LOTS : : $890

$10 First Payment.

WOOD, HARMON & CO.,

261 BROADWAY, N. Y.

A LOVELY HOME

In the Park Section of Brooklyn; on a beautiful boulevard; seven rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; sewer, gas, electricity. Send for particulars. J. D. TAYLOR, 60 Liberty St.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Monroe St., near Nostrand Av.; 2-story frame; cosy home; good order; $6,000; what am I offered? D. H. RIDDLE, 512 Cookman Av., Asbury Park, N. J., or 1118 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Fine Water Front Cottage

Long Island Sound; half hour from Pennsylvania Station, New York City; 8 rooms and bath; four lots; cement sidewalks; macadamized streets; gas and electric light; water and sewerage; fine bathing beach and high-class yacht club house close by; refined and select neighborhood; elegant surroundings; cheap; terms to suit purchaser. SHORE FRONT, 243 West 34th St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

A 75-ACRE FARM.

Magnificent panoramic view; finest orchard in country, apples, pears, cherries, peaches; some woodland, balance cultivated; residence 10 rooms, open fireplaces; large barns, corn crib, poultry runs; water supply excellent. BARGAIN AT $15,000. ADDRESS EXCEPTIONAL, 179 TIMES.

AT SCARSDALE.

Nearly two acres; depot, one mile; gentleman's elegant home, thoroughly modern; 11 rooms, 3 baths; fine garage, poultry house, garden, shade trees; surroundings the finest; owner anxious to sell; price, $23,000. Address Farm, 198 Times.

Unusual Opportunity.—PREMIUM POINT PARK, New Rochelle, N. Y. Water-front plots at 60% of value. All city improvements. G. J. Van Slyke, 331 Madison Av., N. Y.

For Sale.—A lot of two and one-half acres in the Country Club grounds, Westchester, N. Y.; a big bargain Address G. R., Box 2 106 Times.

Yonkers.

$6,000 buys plot (10 lots 25x100); $2,000 cash. Woodlawn Avenue. Owner 360 Broadway Manhattan.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

$2,000 cash will buy the best 104-acre mountain farm in Orange County; balance on mortgage. For full particulars address I. M. W., 108 North Franklin St., Nyack, N. Y.

Very desirable camp, Upper Saranac Lake; boats, all conveniences; $1,400 for season. T 38 Times.

LONG ISLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

The Picturesque Entrance to

Roslyn Estates

The Eden of Long Island

In this beautiful park, dotted with artistic residences, are many sightly home plots which may be secured at reasonable prices, on inviting terms.

People who are particular about the character of a community, and careful as to the social status of its residents, will find ideal conditions at ROSLYN ESTATES.

The topography of the park permits selection of sites affording harmonious settings for the type of country home which appeals to the individual ideal of the beautiful. Prices range from $1,750 upwards, for plots with frontage of over one hundred feet.

Houses, already completed, for sale or to rent, with option of purchase. Immediate possession.

Dean Alvord Company

Managers for BELLE TERRE and ROSLYN ESTATES,

111 Broadway, New York

Beacon Hill

AT MANHATTAN'S DOOR. A place to live the year round and avoid the heat, noise, dust and confusion of city life. Diversified surface—slopes and level plots, woods and open fields. Sandy shore front—quarter of a mile of it. Elevation—280 feet above tide level. Quick communication with Manhattan, 47 trains daily. Best home sites on north shore of Long Island.

TUXILL REALTY CO.

339 Fifth Avenue. Telephone 8135 Mad. Sq.

BARGAIN $8,500 EASY TERMS

Will build to order Artistic Hollow Tile Home; plot 50x100 ft.; high in healthy hills, 170 ft. elev.; superb views Sound, ocean and bay. Has living room with huge fireplace, dining room, beamed ceiling, pantry, kitchen, large veranda on first floor; four airy bed chambers, tiled bath on second floor, large light attic. Hardwood floors, trim, steam heat, electric light, laundry in cellar; all city conveniences; 5 min. to station; 15 min. to N. Y. C.; exp. service; low fare; fine restricted neighborhood; few min. to golf course; tennis courts; schools, churches, markets; 25 min. to ocean beaches, yacht clubs. Send for photographs. Owner, Suite 1146, Marbridge Bldg., N. Y. C. Tel. Greeley—5250.

ACTUAL SHORE FRONT, North Shore, Long Island.

Beautiful country home; over two acres shaded land; 10 large rooms, 3 baths, 6 fireplaces, electric light, running water; all improvements; private beach rights, with an unobstructed view of 20 miles of Long Island Sound.

CHESTER A. COLE,

11 Wall Street, Room 59.

For Sale.—7-room bungalow on three-quarter-acre knoll; North Shore, Long Island; ideal home for writer; secluded by high rose hedges; healthful spot for children; exquisite view of Sound; 10-minute walk from beach; all kinds berries, grapes; hardy plants, shrubs, big shade trees, kitchen garden, &c.; bargain; owner leaving East. Particulars by mail. No agents. "Bungalow," Shoreham, Long Island.

Water front property is scarce and costly, but at a price within the reach of the average home buyer I can offer plots and houses, on the shore, only 30 minutes out, in high-class, fully developed, all-year-round residential settlement; schools and churches; all improvements; yacht and tennis clubs; shore privileges; boating, bathing, etc. Rarity, Box T 108 Times.

Bargains in 5-room houses with improvements.

Plot 50 x 120..........	Price $2,650
Plot 37½x 120..........	Price $2,800
Plot 50 x 120..........	Price $3,500
Plot 40 x 100..........	Price $4,000

$20 cash. Photo sent.

Carl Hallberg, Owner, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Cozy home, all improvements, on North Shore, half hour from Pennsylvania Station; bathing, boating, and fishing; just the place to enjoy country life with city conveniences; bargain; reasonable terms. For interview address J. K., Box 49 Times.

Five-lot corner plot, $3,600; terms; Beechhurst, Whitestone; bathing, boating, sewerage; all improvements; restricted; finest residence plot in surburban New York. Manheimer, 607 West 136th St. Telephone 2620 Audubon.

DOUGLAS MANOR, Douglaston, L. I.—House, 10 rooms, 2 baths; beautiful shade trees; private waterfront; boating and bathing. Particulars, apply to R. Gaffney, 1,601 Singer Building, New York.

Cottage at Great Neck.—Eight-room cottage to be sold at a sacrifice; commands fine view of water and surrounding hills; price $7,500.

SHIELDS COMPANY,

286 5th Av. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7950.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

156 EAST 66TH ST.

Three-story and basement brownstone Dwelling to let; size 18.6x58x100; fifteen rooms and three baths; rent reasonable; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

123 East 62d St.

A three-story and basement brownstone dwelling to let; size 16x55x70; has ten rooms, two baths and butler's pantry; possession October 1; rent low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

157 EAST 65TH ST.

A three-story and basement brownstone Dwelling to let; size 20x45x100; twelve rooms and bath; rent low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

At Fanwood, N. J.—Homes that will please you all, built to stand the test; prices range from $4,200 to $7,500; new design in semi-bungalows; fine locations, on large, shaded plots; near depot; sold on very easy terms; also large building plots, 100x125, covered with fine shade trees, as low as $500 each; $5 per month buys one; photos and plans of homes and illustrated description of Fanwood and our property sent you free. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

BELOW COST

Builder will sell at great sacrifice, beautiful 8-room house; all improvements, in high class, clean town; half hour out; exceptional surroundings and transit facilities; $1,000 or more cash; no exchanges. Builder, 427 Times Downtown.

35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY

At beautiful Roselle Park. Fine old trees; express station. Refined neighborhood. Near station. $250 for 7,000 square feet. $5 monthly. Small payment down. Will build, to suit purchaser, for easy monthly payments. 10c. commutation. 100 trains daily. Write OWNER, 234 Times Downtown.

A BUNGALOW FOR $400 CASH.

Balance like rent; cool in Summer; steam heat for Winter; six rooms, bath, electricity, gas, water, shady porch; lots of ground on hillside; close to city; first-rate train service; free tickets to inspect. White, 801 Singer Building.

IN THE HILLS OF PLAINFIELD $225 VERY EASY TERMS

Extra large PLOTS, near station. Surrounded beautiful residences; all improvements. COMMUTER, 75 Times Downtown.

Farms & Country Homes

Commuting Distance.

Victor Haviser, Mountain View, N. J.

Commuter's Farm; hour out; near station; high, healthful; eight room house; barn, poultry house; lawn, shade, fruit, garden; $500 cash; balance monthly. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Sale.—Good investment; bungalow; 5 rooms; bath; restful, high location; acre; best neighbors; $1,700; reasonable terms. Box 42 Sparta, N. J.

Will sacrifice my ideal country home; half acre ground; fruit, shade trees; 10 cent fare; near depot; easy terms. Ideal, 1,364 Broadway.

Bungalow tract, 6 acres, 700 ft. river front, near station; hour out; fare 15 cents; price $2,300. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

LEONIA, N. J.

THE UNUSUAL SUBURB

ARTISTIC Homes Ready for immediate occupancy. Every conceivable improvement. Delightfully located. Well built.

A BEAUTY—$5,800

7 rooms; easy terms. Also others of unusual value.

We build from your own plans or plan to suit you. Reasonable terms. Send for photos of houses for sale.

A splendid opportunity is open to investors who desire a good, safe investment with sure profit. Prices will be considerably higher after completion of improvement in our new bungalow section. Write to-day for special investment plan.

LEONIA HEIGHTS LAND CO.,

Suite 516, 47 West 34th St., New York.

WEEQUAHIC TRACT

NEWARK, N. J.

Fronting on Weequahic Park

Lehigh Valley Station at Property. Lehigh Valley Railroad to build new station at Elizabeth and Meeker Aves. at once. All Lehigh Valley trains to stop at this station.

Handsome houses and beautifully located building plots for sale. The opportunity for a profitable investment is the best ever offered in this city. Now is the time to buy. Come and see for yourself.

Titles guaranteed by Fidelity Trust Co.

Take McAdoo Tubes to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

Maps and further information,

FRANK J. BOCK, Manager,

Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW, $275

Among the oaks and cedars; 3 rooms; nice porch, outhouse, large plot, $95, $10 down, $5 monthly; 52 trains. Mountainside, box 69 Times Downtown.

On the River, Large Plots $175.

$10 down, $5 monthly; ideal bungalow location on hilltop; boating, bathing, fishing; riparian rights; near station. Address Commuter, 23 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Lasanno Court

307 West 79th Street

Fireproof. Driveway Entrance.
Passenger and Service Elevators.
Vacuum Cleaner. Best of Service.
6 Rooms, $1200 to $1500.
Rooms (2 baths) $1600 to $2200.

Ridgewood

N.E. cor. of Broadway and 107th St.
Large, Pleasant Rooms.
7 Rooms, $1000 to $1400.
8 Rooms $1200.

George Rosenfeld of H. Morgenthau, Jr. Co.

Tel. Cort. 1884. 95 Liberty St.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENT BUILDINGS

7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.

(Navarro Apartments).

One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.

Most Centrally Located.

APPLY AT OFFICE,

175 WEST 58TH ST.

IVY COURTS

210-220-230 West 107th St. Adjoining Broadway.

FIVE, SIX, and SEVEN-room apartments; to lease from Oct. 1; all modern improvements and conveniences, including ELECTRICITY, furnished from our own PLANT, at a very moderate COST; NO INTERIOR ROOMS; all LARGE and EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT; the CLOSETS are a particular feature; a home for refined people, who demand the BEST SERVICE and appreciate value.

Rents $660-$960 Per Year

Superintendent on premises.

BERKELEY ARMS,

326-332 West 95th St.

High-class elevator apartments.

Rent from October 1st.

6-7 Rooms.

Subway express station.

Rents $50 to $75.

Superintendent on premises.

Telephone 4174 Riverside.

Cheapest in the City

TWO BLOCKS FROM SUBWAY,

213-215-217 W, 88TH ST.

NEXT TO CORNER BROADWAY.

4 rooms and bath; hot water supply; large, light rooms; FRONT APARTMENTS.

RENT $18—$19—$20

See Janitor, 217 W. 88th St.

WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON

318-328 WEST 51ST STREET.

Attractive apartments, 5, 6 and 8 large, light rooms and bath, elevator, all improvements.

ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Ave.

103D 112 W.—High-class 5 rooms, electricity, telephone; near Subway, L; $35.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

New Elevator Apartments.

READY ABOUT JULY 15.

Manhattan Av., 122 to 123 St.

Convenient to Subway, 6th and 9th Av. "L" and all street car lines, private residential section.

2-3-4 Rooms and Bath.

Kitchens and Kitchenettes.

8 to 7 large closets in each apartment. Southern exposure; floods of sunlight.

Rents $30 to $50.

LARGE RESTAURANT

To Lease, Unfurnished.

THE IRADELL 420 WEST 119TH ST.

4 & 5 Large Rooms and Bath. RENTS $45 TO $60.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION. Agent on premises.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

CRANFORD

IDEAL SITES FOR

BUNGALOWS

ON HIGH BANKS OF RAHWAY RIVER. We also have property in all of the most desirable locations in Cranford. THREE MINUTES FROM THE STATION, with all city improvements. Cranford is progressive in every way; within easy commuting distance of New York City; on main line Central R. R. of N. J.; 60 trains daily; 34 minutes now.

LOTS and VILLA PLOTS

LOW PRICES, EASY TERMS.

Send for booklet and free railroad tickets.

MANOR REALTY CO.,

CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

BUILDER MUST SELL.

Have four new homes; burden too great to carry; must sell. Will sacrifice beautiful home; honestly built; superior materials throughout; artistic in every respect; porch 24x12; contains seven rooms and bath; living room 28x14; fireplace; panel dining room; beam ceilings; modern kitchen; four sleeping rooms; tile bath; gas and electric fixtures; parquet floors; splendid cellar; located in high-class community on the Palisades, where climatic conditions are ideal the year around; excellent transportation; 20 minutes from city; day and night service; $500 cash required; balance on easy terms. E 162 Times.

July 4th—Hillsdale

Special trip to show the splendid new houses ready for occupancy, and homesite lots at charming Hillsdale, in the hills of Bergen County. Most reasonable prices. Easy terms. Write, 'phone, or call for free tickets.

W. J. RICH DEVELOPMENT CO., Singer Building.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The LORINGTON APARTMENTS

Central Park West and 70th St.

You are invited to review these choice 12-Room Apartments and 3 Bathrooms. This edifice **typifies the modern home** wherein every convenience is provided to reduce expense and **safeguard property, health, and life.** Windows overlook Park, and location is superior to Riverside Drive. Leases from any month at moderate rentals.

Inspection invited, or send for floor plans and rental charge. 'Phone 1930 Columbus. Superintendent on premises.

RICHMOND HILL

27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.

Very desirable modern light apartments of six and seven rooms and bath; steam heat; electric light; elevator service all night; rents reasonable.

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Rexor

Broadway

115th to 116th St.

Two 12-story Fireproof Apartment Buildings

Just Completed

Occupancy August 1st

Overlooking Columbia University, Barnard College; with an ideal view of the River; unusually large rooms, with an extra number of clothes and linen closets; extra large reception foyers, etc.

4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms with 1, 2, 3 Baths

Rents on Application

PATERNO BROS., Inc.,

Owners and Builders

Office on Premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

970 PARK AV.

Corner of 83d Street.

12-Story Absolutely Fireproof Building

JUST COMPLETED.

Now Ready for Occupancy.

8	Rooms, 3 Baths, 11 Closets. Rents	$2,600 to $3,100
10	Rooms, 3 Baths, 16 Closets. Rents	$3,400 to $3,600

ONE 4 AND ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT ON GROUND FLOOR.

With private entrance on 83d St.

Size of rooms, number of closets and finish throughout for those accustomed to fine private houses.

H. F. Huber & Co. of 13 East 40th St. have furnished one of the apartments, which you are invited to inspect.

APPLY ON PREMISES, OR BING & BING, 505 Fifth Ave. (42d St.)

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Hotel Service. FOR RENTS, ETC., See Superintendent on Premises.

LA CASA BLANCA,

55 East 76th St.,

Near Madison Avenue.

High-class elevator apartments.

Rents from October 1st.

6-7-8 Rooms.

Rents $900 to $1,500.

White enamel woodwork; parquet floors; Superintendent on premises. Tel. 1690 Lenox.

THE CARLTON

157 East 81.

New fireproof elevator apartments, six extra large rooms; tiled baths, with showers; separate maids' conveniences; $900 and $1,000; only a few remain. Superintendent on premises.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

237 Lexington Av.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.

Hibson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

THE CLEVELAND

126-130 East 24th St.

Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

News about good places to board in The New York Times every day—news that will help you find the long sought place to board.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY B. MORTON and JOHN A. KEISER, individually and composing the firm of MORTON & KEISER, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the premises, pursuant to an order of this court, on the 10th day of July, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title, and interest of the receiver herein in and to all the property utilized in the operation of the restaurant and cafe known as the Folies Bergere, situate at No. 1,600 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York; also a complete stock of wines and liquors, office furniture, safe, fixtures and appurtenances, also all the right, title, and interest in and to the lease, name, good-will, and various agreements covering the concessions and privileges of coat room, cigar stand, and taxicab stand now on said premises.

The property may be inspected on the premises on Monday, July 8, 1912, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. The foregoing sale will be conducted pursuant to the rules of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned.

JESSE WATSON, Receiver,
60 Wall Street, New York City, New York.
HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Receiver,
55 Liberty St., N. Y.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Middle District of Pennsylvania.—In the matter of McCORD CONTRACTING COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.—Public Sale of Contractor's Complete Plant, Machinery, Supplies, &c.

By virtue of an order of sale of the United States District Court of the Middle District of Pennsylvania, in re McCord Contracting Company, Alleged Bankrupt, the undersigned will sell at public vendue or outcry on Tuesday, the 16th day of July, 1912, at one o'clock P. M., at Glen Onoko and Hatcheltooth, Mauch Chunk, Township, Carbon County, Pa., all the plant, machinery and supplies of said Alleged Bankrupt, consisting of locomotive boilers, engines, cement mixer, clam shell digger, pipes, lumber, blacksmith tools, steam drills, stell jumpers, carts, box cars, iron, water tank, portable boiler, derricks, cables, cableway, &c., upright boiler, shovels, picks, jacks, steam fittings, dies, saws, pumps, and all other personal property of said alleged bankrupt on said premises. Catalogues on application.

JAMES M. BRESLIN,
Mauch Chunk, Penna.,
Ancillary Receiver of McCord Contracting Company.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILEY-HARKER LUMBER COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, July 10th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, such as desks, chairs, cabinets, &c.

A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver.
GREENE, HURD & STOWELL, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Exchange Place, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ESSEX FURNITURE CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, July 2d, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 149 Essex Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furniture such as parlor sets, china closets, bedsteads, chairs, tables, etc. MELVILLE H. CANE, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC ZIMMERMAN and LIZZIE ETKIN, individually and as co-partners trading as ZIMMERMAN & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 9, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 135 West 27th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks and suits, etc.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

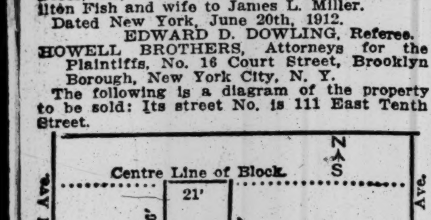
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—SARAH HAMILL et al., Plaintiffs, against ANTHONY MASSET et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of June, 1912, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of July, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of ground, situate, lying, and being in the Seventeenth Ward of the City of New York, on the northerly side of Tenth Street, which is now East Tenth Street, between the Second and Third Avenues, being parts of two lots known and designated by the letter F, and the numbers Seventy and Seventy-one, upon a certain map filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, entitled "A Map of the Residuary Real Estate of Peter Gerard Stuyvesant, deceased, in the City of New York, as partitioned by the Commissioners Appointed by the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in the Suit of Gerard Stuyvesant vs. Hamilton Fish and Rutherford Stuyvesant, dated October 24th, 1848," which map is certified by the said Commissioners, and a copy whereof is annexed to the report of the said Commissioners, filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, which said lot is bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northeasterly side of Tenth Street, which is now East Tenth Street, distant four hundred and twenty-nine feet northwesterly from the Second Avenue, and running thence northeastwardly on a line parallel with the said avenue ninety-four feet and six-tenths of a foot; thence southeasterly on a line parallel with said street twenty-one feet; thence southwesterly on a line parallel with the said avenue ninety-four feet and six-tenths of a foot to Tenth Street, which is now East Tenth Street, and thence northwesterly along said Tenth Street, twenty-one feet to the place of beginning, including the three-story brick house erected thereon and now known by the street number 111 East Tenth Street, according to the measurements used by the Commissioners for laying out streets and roads in the City of New York, under the Act of the Legislature of the State of New York passed April 3d, 1807; subject to the covenants and agreements in respect to nuisances, &c., as contained in the deed from Hamilton Fish and wife to James L. Miller.

Dated New York, June 20th, 1912.
EDWARD D. DOWLING, Referee.
HOWELL BROTHERS, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs, No. 16 Court Street, Brooklyn Borough, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold: Its street No. is 111 East Tenth Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is fifteen thousand seven hundred and eighty-three 75-100 ($15,783.75) dollars, with interest thereon from the 1st day of June, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and thirty-three 30-100 ($333.30) dollars, with interest from June 20, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is nineteen hundred ($1,900) dollars and interest.

Dated New York, June 20, 1912.
EDWARD D. DOWLING, Referee.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

More Help?

¶ To satisfactorily fill the gap in your working force telephone your Help Wanted advertisement to the Times Building, Bryant 1000, before 10 o'clock to-night. It will be printed to-morrow morning and probably answered before noon. If the telephone is not convenient use the mail. Bill will follow.

The New York Times
"All The News That's Fit to Print."
1000 Bryant.

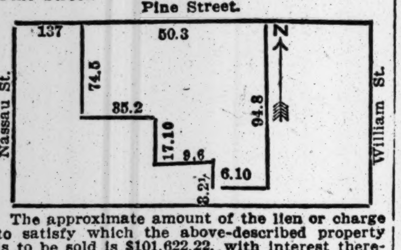
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—UNITED STATES REALTY AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE TWENTY-SEVEN AND TWENTY-NINE PINE STREET COMPANY and Others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 5th day of June, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 to 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, on the 2d day of July, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows: All those two certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being on the southerly side of Pine Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, known by the street numbers Twenty-seven and Twenty-nine Pine Street, which, taken together, are bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Pine Street, where the boundary line between Numbers Twenty-five and Twenty-seven Pine Street intersects said street; running thence southerly, along the said boundary line, seventy-four feet five inches; thence easterly along the rear of said lot Number Twenty-seven and partly along the rear of said lot Number Twenty-nine, thirty-five feet and two inches; thence southerly along the westerly line of the rear portion of said lot Number Twenty-nine, seventeen feet ten inches; thence easterly along the rear of said lot, nine feet six inches; thence southerly to the extreme rear line of said lot Number Twenty-nine; thence easterly along said rear line to the easterly line of said lot Number Twenty-nine; thence northerly along the said easterly line of said lot Number Twenty-nine, ninety-four feet eight inches to Pine Street; and thence westerly along the southerly side of Pine Street, fifty feet three inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, June 10th, 1912.
IRWIN UNTERMEYER, Referee.
R. G. BABBAGE, Attorney for the Plaintiff, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 27 and 29 Pine Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $101,622.22, with interest thereon from the 27th day of May, 1912, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $219.60, with interest thereon from the 5th day of June, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $7,378.90 and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage on which the sum of $600,000 principal with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent. from June 1st, 1912, remains due and unpaid.

Dated New York, June 10th, 1912.
IRWIN UNTERMEYER, Referee.

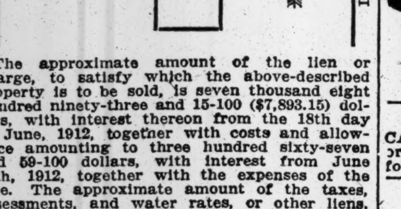
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JOSEPH SHAEFFLER, Plaintiff, against LOUIS JACOBY ET AL., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 25th day of June, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of July, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, known by the No. 120 East 73d Street, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 73d Street distant one hundred and seventy-five (175) feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of Park Avenue or 4th Avenue, and 73d Street; thence southerly and parallel with said Park or 4th Avenue one hundred and two (102) feet two and a half (2½) inches to the centre line of the block between 72d and 73d Streets; thence easterly along the centre line and parallel with 73d Street eighteen (18) feet nine (9) inches; thence northerly and parallel with the said Park or 4th Avenue one hundred and two (102) feet two and a half (2½) inches to the south side of 73d Street; thence westerly along the said south side of 73d Street eighteen (18) feet nine (9) inches to the point or place of beginning—the easterly and westerly walls being party walls. Being the same property conveyed to Ida Kassel, one of the parties herein, by Abraham Kassel, one of the parties herein, by deed bearing date the 15th day of August, 1910, and being the same property theretofore conveyed to the said Abraham Kassel by Leopold Stern and Eva L., his wife, by deed bearing date March 22d, 1895, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on April 23, 1895, in Liber 34 of Conveyances, Section 5, Block 1,407, at page 369.

Dated New York, June 26th, 1912.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.
STEINER & PETERSEN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 120 East 73d Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is seven thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 15-100 ($7,893.15) dollars, with interest thereon from the 18th day of June, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred sixty-seven and 59-100 dollars, with interest from June 25th, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is eight hundred fifty and 66-100 ($850.66) dollars and interest. The above premises will be sold subject to three mortgages aggregating $30,000, with accrued interest on $20,000 at 4½ per cent. from Jan. 1, 1912; and accrued interest on $10,000 at 6 per cent. from Jan. 7, 1912. Also subject to any of facts that an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, June 26th, 1912.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee under the last will and testament of Oliver S. Carter, deceased, for the benefit of Lucy E. Pelton, Plaintiff, against JOHN GEORGE HERRING et al., Defendants.

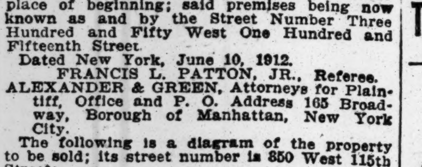
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 17th day of May, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 2nd day of July, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street with the westerly side of Manhattan Avenue; running thence southerly along the westerly side of Manhattan Avenue, twenty-seven feet; thence westerly parallel with the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street and part of the way through a party wall ninety-two feet and one-quarter of an inch; thence northerly and parallel with the westerly side of Manhattan Avenue twenty-seven feet to the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street ninety-two feet and one-quarter of an inch to the point or place of beginning; said premises being now known as and by the Street Number Three Hundred and Fifty West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street.

Dated New York, June 10, 1912.
FRANCIS L. PATTON, JR., Referee.
ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 350 West 115th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is twenty-eight thousand nine hundred forty-nine 11-100 Dollars, with interest thereon from the 3rd day of May, 1912, together with costs and allowance, amounting to $354.68, with interest from May 17th, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $2,108.08 and interest.

Dated New York, June 10th, 1912.
FRANCIS L. PATTON, JR., Referee.

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TENTS	$2.25 up	MESS KITS (Set)	.60 up
Blankets	1.50 "	Uniforms (New)	1.25 "
COTS	.85 "	Rubber Ponchos	.90 "
Knapsacks	.75 "	Rptg. Rifle	1.48 "
CANTEENS	.60 "	SWORDS	.35 "
Army Hats	.30 "	Saddles	3.00 "
NAVY HATS	.25 "	Khaki Leggins	.15 "

Camping Goods Circular FREE.
Illustrated 400 large page MILITARY ENCYCLOPEDIA CATALOGUE mailed 25c. (stamps.) Largest dealer in the World in Military Auction Goods. 15 acres required for storage.
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Roll Top DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, complainant, against BERMUDA-ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED, defendant. CHARLES A. BRUCE and B. C. M. W. COMPANY, complainants, against THE BERMUDA-ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, defendant.

Notice is hereby given that interlocutory decrees and orders made respectively in the above-entitled suits and dated June 12, 1912, adjudged the Bermuda-Atlantic Steamship Company, Limited, and The Bermuda-Atlantic Steamship Company insolvent and appointed the undersigned Special Master to take proofs and to determine the nature, extent, and amount of the rights, liens, equities, and priorities of the several creditors of said defendants.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to said decrees and orders that the creditors of the said Bermuda-Atlantic Steamship Company, Limited, and The Bermuda-Atlantic Steamship Company are required to present their claims and demands to the undersigned as Special Master at his office at No. 54 Wall Street, New York, on or before the 15th day of July, 1912, and that the undersigned at his said office will begin the hearing of proofs thereon at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon on the 19th day of June, 1912.

Dated New York, June 14, 1912.
JAMES K. SYMMERS,
Special Master, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

50,000 SQ. FT. FACTORY
near 14th St.; heavy construction; elevator.
12C. SQ. FT., $6,000
et; includes stable and yard room; 100 horse power boiler, engine 70. DUROSS COMPANY, 156 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 5180.

Will rent ground floor space for store or stores; Long Acre Building, 42d St. and Broadway; opposite Hotel Knickerbocker; finest location in New York City. For particulars address P. W. Ditto, 516 5th Av., N. Y. City.

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$15 Up Month Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg. **601 Broad St.**

Physician's office; excellent location in the Seventies, west side; $2,500 a year. J. S. Egan, 5 Nassau Street.

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CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
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CATSKILL, N. Y. NOW OPEN. Weekly or season rates for guests arriving on or before July 4, $21 and $25 per week.

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STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

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SARATOGA SPRINGS *New York State's Mineral Springs Reservation.*
Splendid Bathing Facilities for Mineral Water Baths.
For Booklet address Publicity Commission, Room 20, THE ARCADE, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

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PAUL SMITH'S ADIRONDACK PARK.
Osgood and St. Regis Chain of Lakes. Golf and other sports. Housekeeping Camps, Cottages, Casino, Hotel Life. Through Pullman service day and night. New York Central Lines and Paul Smith's Electric Railway. Direct wires New York Stock Exchange. PAUL SMITH'S HOTEL CO., Paul Smith's, N. Y.

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SACANAGA PARK, N. Y.
6 hours from New York. Golf. Booklet. C. T. CHAMBERLAIN Manager.

THE WINDSOR, ADIRONDACKS, PARTICULARS AND BOOKLETS O. KELLOGG & SON, Elizabethtown, N. Y.

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Mansion House
NOW OPEN. Cottages and Bungalows.
FISHER'S ISLAND, N. Y.,
OFF NEW LONDON, CONN.
Always cool; seashore and country; Sound and ocean; bathing, boating, fishing, golf, tennis; driving; rooms en suite, with bath; certified milk diet kitchen for growing children.
WM. F. INGOLD, Mgr., Fisher's Island, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake George.

ON LAKE GEORGE
The Sagamore Hotel
June-October
The Resort Beautiful
On the Empire Tours
T. E. Krumbholz, Sagamore, N. Y.
Also Montclair Hotel, Montclair, N. J.

NEW YORK—Fisher's Island.

The Munnatawket
Fisher's Island, N. Y.
Always cool, seashore & country. Sound & Ocean, Golf, Tennis, Surf or Still Water Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Orchestra.
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NEW YORK—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS INN
AT
FOREST HILLS GARDENS
The Suburban Development of the
Sage Foundation Homes Company
FOREST HILLS, L. I.
A modern fire-proof apartment hotel, open all year.
Rates from $11 to $18 per week, including meals.
MAIN LINE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. 13 minutes to Pennsylvania Station, New York City.
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Also Suites with Private Bath.
SPECIAL RATES FOR BACHELORS.
ELEVATOR. ORCHESTRA.
Hotel Open for Inspection.
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Belle Terre
"The Riviera of America"
Has sixty miles macadam roads, shaded drives and bridle paths, surrounded by five miles of sandy beaches.
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Hotel accommodations and service unsurpassed. Orchestra.
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Sag Harbor, L. I., on Peconic Bay.
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Open May 15. Bathing, boating, fishing, driving. All modern improvements; homelike and comfortable. Rooms single and en suite, with bath, $10 upward. Table bountifully supplied from our farm. Catering to automobile parties a specialty. Reached by L. I. R. R. or N. Y. and New London boats. N. Y. Office, 12 West 44th St.

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ON THE ATLANTIC OCEAN AND GREAT SOUTH BAY, Opposite Babylon, L. I.
OPEN JUNE 15TH TO OCTOBER 1ST.
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Eastport, Long Island.
Few feet from lake; five minutes' walk to Great South Bay; near depot and Post Office; still water and ocean bathing, boating, and fishing; coolest place on L. I.; table first-class; good train service. GEO. W. TUTHILL, Prop.

LA GRANGE HOUSE,
BABYLON, L. I.
A select family resort, near Great South Bay; choice location, lighted by electricity; modern plumbing, abundant shade trees, large lawns; tennis, boating, fishing.
Mrs. E. Walker, 243 W. 76th St., N. Y. City.

PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I. NOW OPEN. Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing. Garage. Delightful Climate, Pure Water. Ideal Motor Run. Special July 4th Week End. Booklet.

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Cedar and Carlton Aves., Far Rockaway
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"The TUTHILL POINT," East Moriches, L. I., on Great South Bay. All aquatic sports of bay and ocean; Tennis, Music. Request booklet. M. M. SAMMIS.

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35 minutes from Broadway.

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THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
7th season. 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; capacity 200; 70 acres, park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station. Unsurpassed for health and picturesque surroundings. Own dairy and vegetable garden. Music, Dancing, Tennis, Euchre, Fishing. Rates $8 and up. Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet. SPECIAL RATES OVER THE 4TH.

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It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway, 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

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Open all year. Send for booklets.
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Delightful climate, city conveniences, perfect sanitary system, home comforts.
Excellent table. Numerous amusements.
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Now Open for the Season.
Under the supervising management of
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For 40 years with DELMONICO'S,
which insures to its patrons the best cuisine and hotel service on the Jersey coast. In addition to its magnificent location and surroundings, exceptional accommodations are offered at most reasonable rates.
Rooms single, double and en suite, with bath, from $3 up per day.
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Hotel MONTCLAIR
For week-ends or ALL the year 'round—a delightfully congenial spot, and only 45 minutes from Broadway!
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T. EDMOND KRUMBHOLZ, MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Also: "The Sagamore" on Lake George

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"Social Centre of the Jersey Coast."
COLEMAN HOUSE
Whole square on the ocean.
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.
Open all year. Capacity 350.
Also
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Capacity 150. Elevator. Booklets.
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Direct ocean front. Fourth and Ocean Avs. Spacious verandas; elevator to street; capacity, 400; orchestra. Banta & Hilyard.

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On the beach at Asbury Park, N. J.
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And fireproof annex, Tennessee Ave., near Beach; central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. R. B. LUDY, M. D.

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Ideal location. Hot and cold sea water baths; 150 rooms with private baths, number rooms hot and cold running water. All windows screened. Table and service noteworthy. Auto coaches at trains. Moderate rates. Photo booklet. D. P. RAHTER.

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Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City.
Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet.
COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Props.

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Virginia Av., near Beach. All outside rooms. Private baths. Special for July 4th—Wed. dinner to Sun. supper, $9.00. E. H. LUNDY.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Headquarters for New Yorkers. All outside rooms. Elevator. Music. Booklet. AUSTIN & AUSTIN.

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South Carolina Av. and Beach. Private baths, running water in rooms, sun parlor, etc. Capacity 350. Booklet. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

MILLER COTTAGE 9 to 15 N. Georgia Ave. Capacity 250; noted for its table; $1.25 up daily; $7 and $8 up weekly. Established 33 years. Emerson Croushamel.

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The NEWMONMOUTH
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Now Open for the Season.
Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.
275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Near Ocean and Lake.
Misses Vanderhoof and Reynolds.

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Annex on ocean front. Cottages.
Luxurious pool and ocean bathing.
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Telephone, 379—Greeley.

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Ocean view from every room. Beautiful suites with bath. Running water and telephone in rooms. Hot and cold sea water baths. Orchestra. M. SPARK, Prop.
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THE TREMONT, Sea Girt, N. J.
Directly on the beach; every room full ocean view; family rates. S. Hinkson Woodward.

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NEW ENGLAND.

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A unique and wonderful vacation.

One of the most luxurious and beautiful of summer hotels, in one of the wildest and most picturesque regions in America. 1000 feet above the sea. Surrounded by trackless forests and mountains.

A Palace in the Wilderness

The outdoor life cannot be equalled. Moosehead big game fishing is unrivalled. Motor-boat regattas, golf and tennis tournaments are fixtures. Wonderful canoe trips, archery, driving, children's play-grounds.

The indescribable freshness of the piney air makes mere existence a joy.

A cuisine justly famous. Milk and vegetables fresh from Kineo model farm.

Season June 25—September 25

THE SAMOSET HOTEL
Rockland Breakwater, Maine. The finest and most attractive seashore hotel on the Atlantic Coast in New England, open from June 25 to September 10th.

Through Sleeping Car, New York and Rockland.

These hotels are owned by and under the management of the Ricker Hotel Company.

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THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD
New York New Haven & Hartford RAILROAD CO.
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

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STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gavegan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Katz v. Dages. 2—Speillman v. Terminal Warehouse Co. 3—Matter of People's Surety Co. 4—Sasmor v. Ebling. 5—Rhinock v. Lozier. 6—Cardos v. Edwards. 7—Greenbaum v. Berkowitz. 8—Strong v. Strong. 9—Lumley v. De Jong. 10—Same v. same. 11—Bingham v. Gifford. 12—Matter of City of N Y (Walton Av.) 13—Matter of same. 14—Remington v. Taylor. 15—Same v. same. 16—Matter of Diehl. 17—Philip v. Lowenstein. 18—Perry v. Hudson, &c, R R. 19—Matter of Paulding. 20—Ketcham v. Ketcham. 21—Riley v. Preston. 22—Carey v. Terminal Warehouse Co. 23—Lingel v. Stern. 24—Woodruff v. Woodruff. 25—Beharka v. Nat Slavonic Soc. 26—Lawyers Mtg Co v. Bayer. 27—Same v. Scudi. 28—Same v. same. 29—Rosenthal v. Rosenthal. 30—Van Reen v. Brogan. 31—Cantrell v. Cohen. 32—Welz v. Book. 33—Nightingale v. Nightingale. 34—Gilligan v. Penfield. 35—Matter of Baychester Av. 36—People v. Sugar. 37—Overbeck v. Sackett. 38—Same v. same. 39—Epstein v. Starr. 40—Marino v. Marino. 41—Wahles v. Guggenheim. 42—Eckstadt v. Wolff. 43—Weber v. Weber. 44—Moran v. Mayor. 45—Beachey v. Beachey. 46—N Y Orthopaedic Dispensary v. City R E Co. 47—Lawyers Mtg Co v. Pescatore. 48—N Y Orthopaedic Dispensary v. Silverman. 49—N Y Life Ins Co v. Moore. 50—Childs v. Childs. 51—Bataille v. Carpenter. 52—Hale v. Triest. 53—Greenbaum v. Berkowitz. 54—Barton v. City of N Y. 55—Gilmartin v. same. 56—Corcoran v. same. 57—Doyle v. same. 58—Cronin v. same. 59—Dinan v. same. 60—Egan v. same. 61—Froma Realty Co v. Levy. 62—Swiontek v. Permont Paper Co. 63—Evans v. Evans. 64—Hembacher v. Hembacher. 65—Ludewig v. Bosselman. 66—Mercer Auto Co v. Auto Credit Co. 67—Strong v. Strong. 68—Fleischauer v. Fleischauer. 69—Williams v. United Wireless Tel Co. 70—Matter of West 231st St. 71—Van Slochem v. Villard. 72—People v. Luongo. 73—Glaenzer v. De Wolfe. 74—Smith v. Allen. 75—Bingham v. Gifford. 76—McBride v. Pocono Bldg Co. 77—Young v. Parnass. 78—Frankenthal v. Cox. 79—Hirschowitz v. Hirschowitz. 80—Ward v. Chelsea Exch Bank. 81—Isaacs v. Illinois Surety Co. 82—Riviera Realty Co v. same. 83—Isaacs v. same. 84—Derby v. Moore. 85—Drucker v. Singler. 86—Van Slochem v. Villard. 87—Matter of Walsh. 88—Matter of Nat Mutual Bldg, &c, Asso. 89—Gabriel, Sons & Co v. Stern Co. 90—Union Land Co v. Hernsheim. 91—Same v. Gwynn. 92—Same v. Parker. 93—Same v. Jester. 94—Same v. Burroughs. 95—Goldman v. Mallenick. 96—Howard v. Harburger. 97—Mantle v. Mantle. 98—Weeks v. Realty Holding Co. 99—Same v. same. 100—Bloch v. Weil. 101—People v. Shore. 102—Guggenheimer v. Wahls. 103—Bischoff v. Temple. 104—35 Per Cent. Auto Supply Co v. Rubly. 105—Schepps v. Schepps. 106—Mascioce v. Maggie. 107—Overbeck v. Sackett. 108—Koenig v. Great Atlantic, &c, Co. 109—Samuels v. Lomas. 110—Matter of Gray.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Goff, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. Frederick Thorps, Frederick Robitscher, Henry Bischoff, Elijah M Allen, John G Kempf, William E Allen, Alexander McDonald, Michael Morrow, Irving W Bamberger, Salvatore Direnzio, Daniel Schmidt, Abraham Friedman, Emil Spier, Maggie O'Connor, Regina Breitlvieser, Jocko, or Doko, Dordan; Anton Finger, John Klingler, George Lehanas, Charles E Milbank, Ann E Schneider, Elizabeth B Eagan, Henry A Childs, Mary Heimburger, Sigmund Hirsch, Simon Lichter, Rebecca B Glass, Adolph Arnstam, Thomas F Donohoe, Selma Altman, Douglas Gordon, Douglas Gordon, Margaret T Van Nest, Henry E Vander Beugle, Elizabeth F Jennings, Celia Kabat, Carrie P Lee, John H Rutherford, Ignatz Boskowitz, Mary A. Kilmer, Domenico Cairo, Joseph Filippo, Consuelo, Dowager Duchess of Manchester; A Morton Ferris, Mary R Prime, Charles H Treat, George G Sickles, Mary E Lithauer, Catherine McGee, Annabelle Herckenrath, Frances C Padelford, Alexander E Reed, Agathe Hebel, Anna M Hoch, Helen W Bound, Susan M Alexander, John Haffen, Rebecca T Mathews, Edwin Lord, Adela A Dortic, John Bradley, Otto, or Adolf, Kramer, Andrey Jansen, Franz Princz, Francis F Reed, or Reid; Jacob Hofmann, Thomas F MacDowell. Wills for Probate—Julius Solinger, Francois J Berchier, Maria McCullough, Margarita E Barthold, Meredith Howland, Charles T Harvey, Thomas N Gerrard, Emily Boorman, Rosetta Greenwald, Morris Goldstein, Morris Horowitz, Minnie M Michin, Josephine Richards, Genoveva Schmitt.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I. McAvoy, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II. McAvoy, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Ketcham v. Provost—John S. Wise, Jr.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Greenbaum v. Rosenberg—M. Michael Edelstein. In re Colebrook—John J. Hynes. In re Rector—John H. Cogan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Isidor Greenbaum v. Isaac Rosenberg—Isidor Greenbaum.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J.—Luisa Bernasconi v. Charlotte Negro—George W. Simpson.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT — Benedict, J.—Special Term. Motions. 1—Russo v. Nass Elec R R Co. 2—Matter of Lincoln Av. 3—Moffet v. Peterson. 4—People ex rel Wenx v. Moore. 5—Cody v. Boody. 6—Silverman v. Kopolowitz and ano. 7—Matter of Av Z. 8—Hills v. Von Bayer et al. 9—Witten v. Witten. 10—Warm v. Sonnen. 11—Matter of Opdyke St and Public Place. 12—Rosenberg v. Rosner and ano. 13—Martin v. J V Ferguson Co. 14—Dubinsky v. Supnick. 15—Matter of Union, President, Carroll and Crown Sts. 16—Beyer v. Crundy. 17—Lefkowitz v. Block et al. 18—Lefkowitz v. Block and ano. 19—Matter of McKinley Av. 20—Matter of 43d St. 21—Fauls v. Fauls. 22—Harrison v. Rogers Tea and Coffee Co. 23—Heweker v. Norman et al. 24—Matter of Heberton Av. 25—Schneider v. Schneider. 26—People ex rel Realty Association v. O'Loughlin. 27—Winne v. Murphy et al. 28—Joseph v. Joseph. 29—Kilyanski v. Tourow et al. 30—Matter of Church Av v. (Howard et al.) 31—Muller v. Pope-Hartford Auto Co. 32—Martin v. Martin. 33—Carnegie Steel Co v. Pinals Co et al. 34—Ordmandy v. Ordmandy. 35—United Dressed Beef Co v. Durrell and ano. 36—Lynch v. Boone Const Co et al. 37—Spooner v. Sayre et al. 38—Hulst v. Warnock et al. 39—Darmstadt v. Ball. 40—Neu v. Marcus et al. 41—Armour & Co v. Bell. 42—Pfuhl v. Pfuhl. 43—Pallman v. Crowny et al. 44—Co-operative Bldg Bank v. Kistler et al. 45—Lefkowitz v. Block et al. 46—O'Connor v. Nass Elec R R Co. 47—Corey v. Nass Elec R R Co. 48—Terris v. B H R R Co. 49—Monroe v. B H R R Co. 50—Krannsen v. B H R R Co. 51—Gilligan v. B H R R Co. 52—Dorgherty v. B H R R Co. 53—Carrabrant v. Disbrow et al. 54—Feigherty v. Potter. 55—Matter of Bay 7th St. 56—Dittman v. Dittman. 57—Distler v. Distler.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, J. The wills of Emma Blake, Frances Mans, and Jacob Grossman. The accountings of John W James, Maria Jennings, Michael Moran, Augusta Lyman, Mary E Donnelly, Diederich Block, Thomas Sinnott, George Van Ahmen, Susan Colvin, Henry Harteau, and Sadie Smolinski. The administration of Vincenzo Salvestano. The estate of John Berry.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Ex parte business.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I., Ferris, J. John Ryan, Angelo Mario, Arthur J Walker, John McPherson, and James Lewis.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A TERM OF THE UNITED STATES District Court held in and for the Northern District of New York on the 15th of June, 1912.—Present: Hon. George W. Ray, Judge.—EBEN H. GAY and Another, vs. HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, HUDSON RIVER WATER POWER COMPANY, HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC COMPANY, HUDSON RIVER POWER TRANSMISSION COMPANY, BALLSTON SPA LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, SARATOGA GAS, ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, EMPIRE STATE POWER COMPANY, and MADISON COUNTY GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY. EBEN H. GAY and Another, vs. HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY.

On the petition of George W. Dunn, Charles W. Andrews, and Milton Delano, as temporary Receivers in Equity of the above named defendants, and on the decree of this court made in the consolidated action, of which the title is the first title above given, appointing George W. Dunn, Charles W. Andrews, and Milton Delano permanent Receivers of each of the above named defendants, it is,

On motion of Abram J. Rose and George B. Curtiss, attorneys for the Receivers,

Ordered that all parties interested in this action as creditors or otherwise show cause before me at a Stated Term of this court to be held at the Chambers of the Judge in the Village of Norwich, New York, on the 8th day of July, 1912, at 9:30 A. M., or at the opening of court on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the accounts of George W. Dunn, Charles W. Andrews, and Milton Delano, as temporary Receivers in Equity of the above named defendants since the 1st of November, 1911, should not be passed, settled and allowed, and the compensation of the Receivers as such Receivers, and of their attorneys since the 15th day of October, 1911, should not be fixed and allowed, and why the amount of moneys in their hands as such temporary Receivers should not be ascertained for the purpose of turning the same over to themselves as permanent Receivers under the decree of this court of the 15th of June, 1912, and why such further or other order should not be made as shall be just in the premises.

Let service of this order be made by mailing a copy thereof to all the attorneys named in the schedule annexed to said petition at least ten (10) days before the 8th day of July, 1912, and also by publishing the same once a week for two weeks prior to the said 8th day of July, 1912, in the following newspapers: Boston Daily Advertiser, Albany Evening Journal, Utica Daily Press, New York Times, and Glens Falls Times.

Dated Norwich, New York, June 15th, 1912.

GEORGE W. RAY, U. S. Judge.

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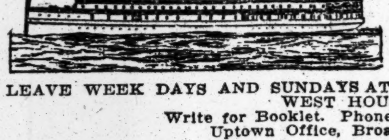

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Leave Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., Week Days and Sundays 5 P. M.
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Tickets at Pier 14 N.R., at 290 B'way, also N. Y. Transfer Co. & Tourist Offices throughout city.
PORTLAND, Me.
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Leave Pier 15 N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues., Thurs. & Sat. at 5 P.M.; also Mondays 10:30 A.M. Tickets, &c., at Pier 15 N. R., and 290 B'way.
For handsomely illustrated folder with Map, and containing the Story of the trip from New York to Boston and Portland, told by the Beacons of the Night, apply at Ticket Offices or address Pass'r Dept., Pier 14, N. R. Mailed free.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET.
9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK.
10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Trip marked * does not go to 129th St.
Round Trip Tickets {From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Lv. W. 129th St., 7:20; Pier 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC."
Lv. Yonkers 8:45 A. M.; W. 129th St. 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P.M.; Pier 1, N.R., 10:20 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:45 P. M.
*Transfer to Str. "Grand Republic."
Round trip tickets, 50 cts.; Children, 25 cts.

$2.00 ONE WAY TO ALBANY AND TROY $3.50 ROUND TRIP
"The Best Way North"
People's and Citizens' Lines
Daily Service.
Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.) 6 P. M.; People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on even dates, ADIRONDACK on odd dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M.
Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger.
10-Ride Family Books, $15. ($1.50 per trip.)
Write for particulars regarding beautiful Day sail on Fourth of July and Sundays
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Pier 32 N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
The hungry trout and salmon are waiting for you down in Maine—
Pack your kit and go. Ask the ticket man at 171 Broadway.
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $4
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way, Phone 5121 Cort.

$1 To Albany
HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Commodious Steamers
'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk'
Spacious staterooms, every convenience: electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9226.
Manhattan Line

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
All Points In The Catskill Mountains
Magnificent Steel Steamers "Clermont" (new) "Onteora" leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. Phone 1097 Spring.

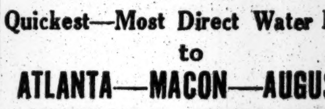
Hudson River Day Line
Fourth of July Outing
Great, Swift Day Line Steamer
HENDRICK HUDSON
TO KINGSTON POINT AND RETURN
(The Foot of the Catskills)
200 MILES FOR $2
Or two hours ashore at Poughkeepsie.
Round trip $1.50.
Leave Desbrosses Street 9:40 A. M.
Fourth of July Afternoon Excursion
TO WEST POINT
Steamer Mary Powell
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St. 2 P. M.; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M.
Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10.
Orchestra. See Public Buildings, etc.
This excursion made daily except Sunday

Central Hudson Line
For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.
For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 5 p. m. Saturdays 3 p. m.; West 129th St.. 3.30 p. m.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

STEAMSHIPS.

2 DAYS OCEAN—
A Few Hours Rail



Quickest—Most Direct Water Route to
ATLANTA—MACON—AUGUSTA
BIRMINGHAM—MONTGOMERY
All points South and Southeast, via
Clyde Steamship Company
Ticket Offices {290 Broadway, cor. Reade St. 958 Broadway, cor. 23d St.
Pier 36, North River, New York.

VACATION CRUISES
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Gut of Canso, Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 6th and 20th, August 3d and 17th. From Quebec July 12th and 26th, August 9th and 23d.

Go To Bermuda
Tours, Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer. Sailings every five days in connection with R. M. S. P. Co. Tickets interchangeable.
For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

Southern Pacific
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES
New York—New Orleans
From Pier 48 N. R., Foot West 11th St.
Wednesdays—Saturdays at Noon.
$40.00 One Way $70.00 Round Trip
Momus.........July 3 | Creole.........July 13
Proteus.........July 6 | Comus.........July 17
Antilles.........July 10 | Momus.........July 20
Through Tickets to Points in Louisiana, Texas, Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, California, Oregon, Washington.
L. H. NUTTING, G. P. A., 366 or 1,158 or 1 Broadway.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA †LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES
21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
*D. D'Aosta..Je. 30, 11 AM
¶Ancona..July 20, 11 AM
†Europa...Aug. 3, 11 AM
*America...Aug. 7, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms. HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Piner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
†Rotterdam..........July 2
*Potsdam..........July 9
†New Amsterdam..........July 16
*Noordam..........July 23
*VIA BOULOGNE S.M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE
By new Cunarder "Laconia," Feb. 15, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Europe, Round World & South America Tours. Frank C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

STEAMSHIPS. STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
Express Steamers' Temporary Change of Sailing Date
For the convenience and comfort of its passengers to London and beyond, The Cunard Line has decided to sail its Express Steamers (Wednesday Service) at 5 P. M. Tuesday so long as they continue on the present extreme southerly track.
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania July 2, 5 P. M. July 23, 5 P. M. Aug. 20 5 P. M.
Lusitania July 16, 5 P. M. Aug. 6, 5 P. M.
CARONIA July 31, 10 A. M. Aug. 24, 10 A. M. Sept. 21 Oct. 19
CAMPANIA Aug. 13, 5 P. M. Sept. 3 Sept. 25
CARMANIA Sept. 7, 10 A. M. Oct. 5, 10 A. M.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.
New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
IVERNIA July 3, Aug. 22
CARPATHIA a July 18, a Sept. 5
SAXONIA Aug. 1, Sept. 19
PANNONIA a b Aug. 8, a b Sept. 26
a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
NOVEMBER TO MARCH.
Round the World Trips, $535. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N.Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
SUMMER SAILINGS
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SAILINGS AT 10 A.M.

Berlin	July 6	Aug 17		
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	July 9	Aug. 6	Sept. 10	Oct. 8
George Washington	July 13	Aug. 10	Sept. 5	Oct. 3
Kronprinz Wilhelm	July 16	Aug. 20	Sept. 17	Oct. 15
Kaiser Wilhelm II	July 23	Aug. 27	Sept. 24	Oct. 22
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	July 27	Aug. 24	Sept. 21	Oct. 19
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	July 30	Sept. 3	Oct. 1	Oct. 29

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
Koenig Albert . . . July 4
Koenigin Luise . . July 25 Sept. 28
Friedrich der Grosse Aug. 13 Sept. 19
Bremen . . . . . Aug. 31
Grosser Kurfuerst . . Sept. 12 Oct. 17
The Mediterranean: Friedrich der Grosse July 6; Koenig Albert . . Aug. 17 Sept. 31; Prinzess Irene . . Sept. 7
OELRICHS & Co., Gen. Agts., 5 Broadway, New York

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
The Largest Steamer in the World
New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from NEW YORK **JULY 6** 12:00 Noon
JULY 27 SEPT. 7
AUG. 17 SEPT. 28
NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.
BALTIC..........July 3, 3 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA.....July 6, 9:30 A. M.
VADERLAND..........July 6, 10 A. M.
CEDRIC..........July 11, 12 noon
ST. LOUIS..........July 13, 9:30 A. M.
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..July 6 | New York....July 20
St. Louis........July 13 | St. Paul........July 27
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
M'n'ha ..Jy 20, 10:30 AM | Minneapolis Aug. 3
Minnetonka..Jy. 27, 9 AM | Minnew'ka Aug. 10
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland ...July 6 | Kroonland....July 20
Lapland .....July 13 | Zeeland .....July 27
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Olympic.......July 6, noon | Oceanic..July 20
Majestic.....July 13, noon | Olympic..July 27
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic...July 3, 3 PM | Celtic ....July 18
Cedric..July 11, noon | Adriatic ......July 25
Boston-Mediterranean Ports.
Canopic...July 13, Aug. 15 | Cretic...Sept. 14
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co. in the World
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS
ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
Cincinnati....July 4, 12 noon
¶§Pennsylvania.July 6, 10 A. M.
Amerika.....July 11, 2 P. M.
Pres. Lincoln..July 18, 9 A. M.
¶ 2d cabin only. §Will call at Boulogne.
MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
July 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. Moltke, August 20, 11 A. M.
TWO IDEAL CRUISES
AROUND THE WORLD
Oct. 19, 1912 From New York | Feb. 6, 1913 From San Fran.
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.
VACATION CRUISES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
— ATLAS SERVICE —
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
Santiago, Kingston, round trip $75.00
Colon and Port Limon, round trip..........$115
☞ For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH, JULY 6, 2 P. M.
Write for booklet of any cruise.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, N. Y.
'Phone 1900 Rector.
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FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
‡France (new)....July 11 | *La Touraine....August 1
*La Savoie........July 18 | *La Savoie.......August 8
*La Provence.....July 25 | *La Lorraine...August 15
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago ....July 13
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

BERMUDA
All Expense Tours of Varying Length and Price by the well-known Royal Mail Steamer
OROTAVA 10,063 Tons Disp. 5,980 Tons Reg.
FROM 5 DAYS $27.50 UP
Ask for Illustrated Literature
Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets Interchangeable.
PERU-CHILE
Express service to and from Panama by modern twin-screw mail steamers up to 11,000 tons register.
16 DAYS NEW YORK TO CALLAO
23 Days NEW YORK to VALPARAISO
SERVICES TO
Colombia and Ecuador
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Nav. Co.
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agents
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Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av., N. Y.,
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGT.

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow via Moville Londonderry
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS
Columbia, Sat., July 6, noon
California, Sat., July 13, 9 a.m.
Cameronia, Sat., July 20, noon
Caledonia, Sat., July 27, 9 a.m.
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS
EXCELLENT SERVICE.
OCEAN PASSAGE, 7½ DAYS.
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

ARGENTINE
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
And All Brazilian Ports
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
17 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

RUSSIAN-AMERICA LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
NEW TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER STEAMERS
CZAR KURSK RUSSIA
8 days to Rotterdam 11 days to Libau
$65 upw. FIRST CABIN $75 upw.
$48 upw. SECOND CABIN $50 upw.
A. E. Johnson Co., Gen. Pass. Agts., 27 B'way, N.Y.
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E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. TEL. 1303 MAD. SQ.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:32 | Sun sets..7:34 | Moon rises..10:03

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:25	9:30	3:20	3:07
Governors Island	9:50	9:52	4:09	3:56
Hell Gate	11:40	11:42	5:49	5:56

Arrived—Monday, July 1.

SS Oceania, Algiers, June 19.
SS Moltke, Gibraltar, June 21.
SS St. Quentin, St. Lucia, June 22.
SS Manchioneal, Limon, June 25.
SS Obidense, Port Antonio, June 26.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, June 29.
SS Coamo, San Juan, June 26.
SS Wray Castle, Philadelphia, June 30.
SS Idaho, Hull, June 21.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, June 28.
SS Proteus, New Orleans, June 26.
SS Richmond, Georgetown, June 27.
SS Berlin, Bremen, June 22.
SS Navahoe, Wilmington, June 29.
SS Ventura de Larrinaga, Boston, June 30.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Barcelona	Hamburg	June 16
Cherokee	Turks Island	June 25
V. De Larrinaga	Cardenas	June 21
Potsdam	Rotterdam	June 22
Vaderland	Antwerp	June 22
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 29
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	Cherbourg	June 26
Carillo	Kingston	June 27
Themistocles	Patras	June 15
Havana	Havana	June 28
Ruth	Porto Rico	June 27
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Kingston	June 27
Fedora	Oran	June 17
Countess of Warwick	Huelva	June 14
Baku Standard	London	June 19
El Occidente	Galveston	June 26
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Olympic	Southampton	June 27
Magdalena	Kingston	June 28
Nueces	Key West	June 29
Apache	Jacksonville	June 30
Allianca	Colon	June 27
Clothilde Cuneo	Jamaica	June 28
Curityba	Nipe Bay	June 28
Madonna	Lisbon	June 21
DUE THURSDAY.		
Santa Marta	Kingston	June 29
Bermuda	Hamburg	June 23
Orotava	Bermuda	July 2
Italia	Palermo	June 20
Huron	Charleston	July 2
El Siglio	Galveston	June 28
Antilles	New Orleans	June 29
Zulia	San Juan	June 29
Buenos Aires	Havana	June 30
Pancras	Barbados	June 26
Storfond	Seville	June 16

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Mauretania, Liverpool	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen	———	10:00 A.M.
United States, Christiansand	———	2:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Ivernia, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Baltic, Liverpool	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Byron, Rio Janeiro	8:00 A.M.	11:30 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Sallust, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Esperanza, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Ucayali, Para	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Austrian Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Sabine, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Bayamo, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Canada, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Cincinnati, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Aymeric, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	5:00 A.M.
Koenig Albert, Bremen	———	10:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Sol, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 1. (MARCONI.)

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen to New York, was 650 miles E. at 12:25 P. M.; due late 2d or early 3d. North German Lloyd.

SS Vaderland, Antwerp to New York, was 364 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 2d, 1 P. M. Red Star Line.

SS Barcelona, Hamburg to New York, was 258 miles E. at noon; due 2d, 9 A. M.

SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Kingston to New York, was 290 miles S. at noon. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP. (UNITED.)

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, 200 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at 8 A. M. Morgan Line.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, 850 miles W. of Tortugas at 8 A. M. Mallory Line.

SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 522 miles S. at 8 A. M. Ward Line.

SS Alamo, Mobile to New York, 390 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, 90 miles S. at 8 P. M. Savannah Line.

SS Denver, Galveston to New York, 130 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., at Plymouth, July 1.
SS Portuguese Prince, at Montevideo, June 28.
SS Scottish Prince, at Santos, June 28.
SS Chiltern Range, at Moji, June 29.
SS Exeter City, at Bristol, June 29.
SS Hillfern, at Avonmouth, June 29.
SS Indianapolis, at Manchester, June 29.
SS New York, (Dutch tank,) at Rotterdam, June 30.
SS Hamburg, at Plymouth, July 1.
SS Cameronia, at Glasgow, June 29.
SS New York, at Southampton, June 30.
SS Saxonia, at Trieste, June 30.
SS Pannonia, at Gibraltar, July 1.
SS Queen Adelaide, at Buenos Aires, June 28.
SS Bechuana, at Genoa, June 29.
SS Prins Willem III., at Havre, June 29.
SS Dacre Castle, at Singapore, July 1.
SS Queen Amelie, at Valparaiso, July 1.
SS Provincia, at Marseilles, June 29.
SS Karonga, at Algiers, June 30.
SS Newton Hall, at Antofagasta, July 1.
SS St. Helena, at Punta Arenas, July 1.

Sailed.

SS Geo. Washington, from Cherbourg, June 30.
SS Mariner, from Las Palmas, June 28.
SS Parima, from Demerara, June 29.
SS Marengo, from Hull, June 29.
SS Ottawa, from Selzaete, June 29.
SS Weehawken, from Avonmouth, June 30.
SS Min, from Santos, June 29.
SS Argentina, from Patras, June 24.
SS New York City, from Swansea, June 29.
SS Matoppo, from Algiers, June 30.
SS Bramly, from Cebu, June 30.

Passed.

SS Saxoleine, New York for Rouen, passed Lizard.
SS Toronto, for New York from Hull, passed Lizard.
SS City of Baroda, for New York from Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.
SS Kroonland, New York for Antwerp, signaled Brow Head.
SS Patris, New York for Patras, passed Gibraltar.
SS Bretagne, New York for Havre, signaled Bolt Head.
SS Uranium, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Roma, New York for Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Zealandia	July 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru	July 5	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	July 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Cyclops	July 5	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) — Tenyo Maru	July 7	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Inaba Maru	July 11	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	July 11	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver, B. C.)—Empress of India	July 19	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Manuka	July 19	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

England.

Position Unrivalled in LONDON.
THE LANGHAM HOTEL
Portland Place and Regent St., W.
FAMILY HOTEL of the HIGHEST ORDER
In Fashionable and Healthy Locality.
Reduced Inclusive Terms during August and September.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—During the last 24 hours unsettled, showery weather prevailed over the entire country except New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and the Middle and Southern districts, west of the Rocky Mountains.

Owing to high pressure in the East, temperatures were comparatively low in this section, and showers in the South also prevented high temperatures.

In the Central West temperatures were high although they fell considerably during the thunderstorms, while in the extreme West the weather was quite cool with frost Monday morning in portions of Nevada.

The weather will continue unsettled and showery during the next two days over the greater portion of the country except the Northwest, where generally fair weather will continue.

Temperature change will not be decided except temporarily as thunder storms occur.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate and mostly south; South Atlantic Coast, east and southeast.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate winds mostly south, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light to moderate south winds.

New Jersey—Fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled, probably showers south portions; light to moderate south winds.

New England—Fair Tuesday, warmer north portion; Wednesday fair; moderate south winds.

Western New York—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate east and southeast winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday; warmer south portion; Wednesday unsettled, probably showers south portion; light to moderate south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	70	60	4 P. M.	83	73
6 A. M.	68	64	6 P. M.	83	70
9 A. M.	74	68	9 P. M.	76	63
12 M.	79	75	12 P. M.	71	64

This thermometer is 4,114 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 67; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 65, at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature, 75 degrees at 12 noon; minimum, 59 degrees at 2 A. M. Humidity, 44 per cent. at 8 A. M., 51 per cent at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:30—762 9th Av.; Andrew Davey....Trifling
1:40—305 E. 146th St.; William Oppenheimer, Slight
7:00—63 Park Row; N. Y. World.....$1,000
8:40—258 Rivington St.; Julius Glick....None
9:15—165 Forsythe St.; Samuel Maron.Trifling
1:15—1,566 Washington Av.; David Max..$250
P. M.
12:20—363 E. 8th St.; Jacob Hillenberg..None
1:15—62 E. 113th St.; Isaac Wall....Trifling
2:30—3,109 Albany Road; James Vuinjrco..$10
3:10—172 E. 108th St.; Mr. Richman..Trifling
3:40—73 Macomb's Pl.; owner unknown; Trifling
3:45—107 St. Ann's Av.; E. Hoffman.Trifling
4:25—261 W. 134th St.; Mrs. Kenslow..Trifling
5:00—291-293 Water St.; Parker and Williams .....Trifling
6:45—Lincoln Av. and 132d St.; N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. ....Trifling
7:15—440 W. 35th St.; Mary Noble....Trifling
8:45—313 W. 33d St.; Mary Kelly.....$50
9:45—1,312 Boscobel Av.; not given......$300
9:55—444 W. 45th St.; William Fisting.Trifling
10:00—535 Broome St.; Anthony Calvin.Trifling
10:10—513-519 Sixth Av.; Mahler Bros......$300
10:30—163d St. and 3d Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co. ....Trifling
10:45—624 W. 55th St.; not given...Not given
10:50—1,487 1st Av.; Frank Ryder.......$1,000

CHANGES OF NAME.

AUGUSTUS MADANSKY of 1,174 Union Avenue, to AUGUSTUS MADANS; he has been known by the name of Madans for a long time. City Court Judge O'Dwyer.

JOHN B. ERITRODAMO of 37 Knight Street, to JOHN B. ERIT; name is difficult to pronounce and spell and causes confusion and discomfort in business. Supreme Court Justice Giegerich.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BOLWELL, MARY, (died June 26;) left about $800 personalty to her brother, Thomas J. Kelly.

GRIGNOLO, JOHN, (died June 24;) left more than $5,000 personalty to his wife, Ella May Grignolo, and his daughter, Ella Guldita Grignolo.

KELLY, ELIZABETH, (died May 21;) left $1,000 each to her sister, Mamie McMaramon, and her brother, William Kelly; $500 to her sister, Hannah Kelly, and $500 to the rector of the Roman Catholic Church at Carlow, Ireland.

SCHWENK, MARGARETHA, (died June 13;) left more than $2,000 realty and more than $1,000 personalty; $500 to Ethel M. Schwenk and the residue of her estate to her son, William H. Schwenk.

TOEL, IRENE F., (died May 21;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $27,000 and various household effects to her son, Edward G. Toel; her piano and various household and personal effects to her daughter, Adelina L. Toel, and her residuary estate to them equally.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Walter S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court.

BOXSIUS, REBECCA, (died Sept. 16, 1911;) net personalty, $9,099.56; four bonds of Harper Transportation Marine Trust, $3,840; four bonds Birmingham & Southeastern Railway, $3,880.

CARMICHEL, MATILDE F., (died Nov. 16, 1911;) net personalty, $4,093.55, including thirty shares Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe preferred, $3,108.75, and ten shares United States Steel Company, $1,091.

HOEFER, HENRY F., (died March 29, 1912;) net personalty, $10,940.34.

LEROY, HELOISE, (died Dec. 8, 1910;) net personalty, $5,064.36.

O'GRADY, THOMAS, (died April 19, 1910;) net personalty, $389.96.

PICKERING, MARY G., (died Feb. 3, 1909;) net personalty, $200,343.44; (supplemental report.)

POOR, ALBERT F., (died March 18, 1911;) net personalty, $14,124.12, including 100 shares American Telegraph and Telephone Company, $14,500.

WOOD, JOSEPH, (died Dec. 18, 1910;) no estate.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Attorney Louis B. Williams will serve notice to-day of motion for a peremptory writ of mandamus on the proper school authorities requesting them to pay the men teachers on eligible lists prior to Jan. 1, 1912, according to the old schedule. This motion will be returnable before the Special Term of the Kings County Supreme Court on July 11 at 10 A. M. Arthur Schatteles, President of the 'Association of Eligibles, has said:

The men on these lists demand that they be paid according to the old schedule for the following reason:

They were, as substitute teachers, members of the teaching staff. This fact is clearly shown by the following syllogism:

In the Educational Chapter of the Revised Charter, Section 1,091, we find that the Board of Education shall have power to adopt by-laws fixing the salaries of all members of the teaching staff. To the Board of Aldermen is given the power to fix the salaries of all other persons connected with the public schools.

The Board of Education fixes the salaries of substitute teachers.

Therefore, the Board of Education considers substitute teachers as members of the teaching staff.

Being members of the teaching staff prior to Jan. 1, 1912, the men of this association are protected by that section of the equal-pay law which states as follows: "The salary, including the annual increment, to which a present member is entitled under a specific salary schedule now existing shall not be reduced."

We maintain that the equal-pay law protects the men who held licenses and were doing substitute work in 1911, just as much as the appointed teachers. We are determined in this matter and will carry it if necessary to the Court of Appeals.

The opening of classes for tubercular children on ferryboats has been postponed until July 8. The classes will be for children in the elementary schools. Among the subjects they will be taught are sewing and basketry.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Transfer—Patrolman F. Kremmelbein, 171st Precinct, to C. O. Squad and duty in Bureau of Information.

Temporary Assignment—Surgeon John D. Gorman, Eighth Surgical District, to assume charge of the Sixth, in addition, for twenty days, from July 7, during vacation of Surgeon McGovern.

Fines—R. G. Becker, 171st Precinct, June 8, absent from patrol, sitting in dining room of hotel smoking, ten days. C. H. Wolff, 171st Precinct, June 8, dismounted, sitting, ten days; P. Fagan, 278th Precinct, June 14, seated in saloon in full uniform, two days.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has refused the request of Margaret Smith, 310 West Twenty-ninth Street, that her name be restored to the list of playground attendants. She was appointed in the Department of Parks, Manhattan, on June 1, 1912, for work on Sundays only, and resigned on June 6, 1912.

The commission has approved the following:

Reassignment to duty of Patrick O'Brien, bridge tender, who was granted a leave of absence without pay for two months.

Vouchers of Ellen McAteer, Elizabeth McAteer, Ethel Randal, and Madeline Banvard as special nurses in Bellevue Hospital.

Employment by the Queens Borough President of Julius Schroeder as steam boiler engineman, and of John V. Gray as topographical draughtsman, at $1,200 a year.

Employment of William J. Zartman as assistant engineer, with knowledge of landscape gardening, Parks Department, Queens Borough, at $4,000 a year.

Restoration of the name of Abraham Weil to the list of clerk, second grade, temporary appointment.

Appointment of Lorenz Reich, Jr., and John McBennett as monitors in the Civil Service Commission's Department of Examinations.

Request of Thomas F. Ford that he be admitted to the mental examination for inspector of fire prevention.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission has promulgated the eligible list for messenger, as a result of the recent sub-clerical examination held in the Second Civil Service District. There are about 1,250 names on it. There are five preferred competitors: John J. Strain, with a rating of 89.40; Charles Bluegrass, 88.40; David Nagel, 87.70; Otto W. Markey, 86.50, and David Fitzmaurice, 73.20. Among those who are not in the preferred class, the following obtained 91 or more, the names being given in the order in which they stand in the list:

Abraham Berkowitz, Morris Poller, John P. Bradley, William F. Morian, Joseph F. McGuire, Robert E. Garthen, Harry Miller, Solomon Unger, Augustine H. Thorogood, Charles S. McEniff, Jack C. Katlin, Walter E. Raftery, John M. Aherne, Louis J. Levy, Grant J. Duay, Cornelius J. Grace, William E. Jones, William H. Tilly, James A. Black, Thomas Gough, Vincent Giannasio, Patrick J. Ryan, Robert D. Green, Joseph A. Owens, John Dooner, Benjamin Miller, Edward F. Kelly, Vincent P. Connolly, John A. Crome, Joseph F. McGinnis, Harry G. Lincoln, Marcus Siskind, Gustave A. Detroit, Claude A. Porter, John S. D. Cuff, Oscar A. Greenfield, Edward L. Kelly, Edward E. Lippner, William E. Thompson, Frank B. Mellinger, Abraham Klein, Isador Bischoff, Peter Cullen, William C. J. Quinn, Franklin M. Simmelkjaer, Benjamin Cohen, Louis Meyer, Samuel Dobroczynski, Joseph H. Marcus, Albert L. Berglund, Bernard J. Farley, Miles F. Powers.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—Changes in Corps of Engineers: Capt. W. L. Guthrie assigned to Company M, Third Battalion of Engineers, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Capt. E. D. Peck, relieved duty with Company M, Third Battalion of Engineers and proceed to Duluth, Minn., for duty.

Lieut. Col. J. E. Kuhn, relieved duty at Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 1, and proceed to Philadelphia and relieve Major H. Deakyne; Major Deakyne to Kansas City, Mo., and relieve Major E. H. Schulz; Major Schulz to New Orleans and relieve Lieut. Col. L. H. Beach; Lieut. Col. Beach to Baltimore, Md., and relieve Lieut. Col. W. C. Langfitt; Capt. D. MacArthur, relieved duty with Second Battalion of Engineers and detailed as instructor Department of Engineering, Army Service Schools; Major L. H. Rand, relieved duty office of Chief of Engineers and proceed to Cincinnati and relieve Major J. C. Oakes; Major Oakes to Louisville, Ky., and relieve Lieut. Col. H. Jervey; Major C. S. Bromwell, transfer temporarily to Lieut. Col. G. A. Zinn, duties in his charge pertaining to Milwaukee Engineer District and proceed July 31 to Cleveland, Ohio, and relieve Col. J. Millis; Col. Millis to Newport, R. I., and relieve Col. F. V. Westcott; Major C. S. Smith to St. Louis, Mo., and relieve Lieut. Col. C. L. Potter; Col. C. M. Townsend will relieve Lieut. Col. C. L. Potter, who will proceed to St. Paul, Minn, and relieve Lieut. Col. F. R. Shunk; Lieut. Col. Shunk will proceed to Pittsburgh, Penn., and relieve Lieut. Col. H. C. Newcomer; Lieut. Col. Newcomer to Washington, D. C., and report to Chief of Engineers for duty; Capt. H. C. Jewett is assigned to First Battalion of Engineers.

Major E. M. Markham, Corps of Engineers, relieved duty as assistant to Engineer Commissioner of the District of Columbia; to Memphis, Tenn., and relieve Major C. S. Smith.

Capt. J. L. Schley, Corps of Engineers, to Washington, D. C., for duty as assistant to Engineer Commissioner of the District of Columbia.

Lieut. Col. J. H. Gardner, cavalry, unassigned, retirement announced.

First Lieut. S. A. Harris, Fourteenth Infantry, detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics, North Georgia Agriculture College, Sept. 15, vice Capt. H. A. Wiegenstein, Twenty-fourth Infantry.

Capt. H. Pendleton, Jr., Quartermaster, relieved duty at San Antonio, Texas; to Washington, D. C., as assistant to Depot Quartermaster.

Orders June 21 directing First Lieut. T. A. Clark, Coast Artillery Corps, to proceed to Boston, Sept. 23, amended to direct him to proceed to Boston July 1.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are relieved from assignment to company indicated and placed on unassigned list: Capt. H. Hall, from One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Company; Capt. E. Biscoe, from One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Company.

First Lieut. J. B. Woolnough, Twenty-first Infantry, detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at University of Minnesota Sept. 1.

A board to consist of Major J. H. Ford, Medical Corps; Capts. F. S. Cocheu and R. E. Ingram, Tenth Infantry, and First Lieut. W. F. Harrell, Tenth Infantry, and G. E. Pariseau, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet at Camp E. S. Otis, Canal Zone, July 16, to examine applicants for commissions in volunteer forces.

Capt. H. P. Howard, Quartermaster, to Hamilton, Mon., to inspect and purchase public animals.

Changes in duties of officers of the Corps of Engineers: Capt. M. J. McDonough, relieved duty with Second Battalion of Engineers, detailed to enter next class Army Field Engineer School, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Capt. P. S. Bond, detailed to enter next class Army Field Engineer School; First Lieuts. J. A. O'Connor, L. H. Watkins, and R. S. A. Dougherty, relieved duty with Second Battalion of Engineers, to Washington, D. C., and report Oct. 25 commandant Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D. C., for instruction.

Changes in Coast Artillery Corps: Major T. W. Winston, relieved duty as librarian Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va., and as editor of Journal of the United States Artillery, and proceed to Fort Barrancas, Florida, and report to commanding officer Artillery District of Pensacola; Major J. M. Williams, relieved duty assistant coast defense officer, Eastern Division, and proceed to Fort Monroe, Va., for duty as librarian of the Coast Artillery School and as editor of Journal of the United States Artillery; Major F. W. Coe, relieved duty at Fort Monroe, Va., and as a member of the Coast Artillery Board, and report to commanding General Eastern Division for duty as assistant coast defense officer.

First Lieut. E. Santschi, Jr., Eighth Infantry, transferred to the Fifteenth Infantry.

First Lieut. J. E. Barzynzki, One Hundred and Eighteenth Infantry, transferred to the Eighth Infantry.

First Lieut. J. Randolph, infantry, unassigned, assigned to the Eighteenth Infantry.

First Lieut. E. K. Massee, infantry, assigned to Eleventh Infantry.

The name of Major T. W. Moore, First Infantry, placed on list of detached officers, vice Major J. A. Penn, infantry, unassigned, whose name is removed therefrom and assigned to First Infantry.

Capt. H. C. Smither, Fifteenth Cavalry, detailed to Signal Corps.

Capt. H. D. Orey, Forty-eighth Infantry, to Chicago for temporary duty with provisional regiment in camp at Sparta, Wis.

The Navy.

Commander A. T. Long, to office of Naval Intelligence.

Lieut. C. B. May, treatment at Naval Hospital, New York.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Rocket, at Norfolk; El Cano and Barry, at Shanghai; South Carolina, at Norfolk; Standish at Annapolis; North Dakota at Navy Yard, New York; Florida and Massachusetts, at Newport; Porter, at Navy Yard, New York; Oregon at Tacoma; Chester, at Eastport, Me.; Chauncey, at Cheefoo; Whipple, Hull, Preble, Perry, and Stewart, at Sausalito; Colorado, at Honolulu; Albany, at Yokohama; California, South Dakota, and Glacier, at Shanghai.

Sailed: Louisiana, from Baltimore for Bristol, R. I.; Kansas, from Baltimore for Gloucester, Mss.; New Hampshire, from Baltimore for Bar Harbor, Me.; Buffalo, from Bremerton for San Francisco; De Long, from Port Royal for Charleston; Iowa, from Philadelphia for Newport; Washington and Rhode Island, from Havana for Guantanamo; Patapsco, from Havana for Key West; Tallahassee, from Washington for Chesapeake Bay.

Country Houses To Let
FURNISHED

LONG BEACH.—Completely furnished, thoroughly modern stucco house, conveniently accessible to station; steam heat, electric light, telephone; six bedrooms, two bathrooms, kitchen, dining and living rooms; full area cellar, with laundry and toilet; for rent, Summer season. Telephone John 4183.

Bungalow, just finished at Milton Road, Dearborn Av., Rye, N. Y.; forty minutes by train; 6 rooms and bath; within three minutes of the beach; all improvements; to lease for the season. Telephone 3628 Madison Square. Livingston, 389 5th Av.

Furnished house to rent at Freeport, L. I.—8 rooms; new house; nicely furnished; all improvements; near bathing beach; rent $275 for the season. R. N. Lamb, 49 Railroad Av., Freeport, L. I. Telephone 230 Freeport.

For rent for the Summer, in the beautiful town of Simsbury, Connecticut, furnished 10-room house; hardwood floors; modern plumbing. Address P. O. Box 943, Hartford, Conn.

New 12-room bungalow, well furnished, near Montowese Hotel; all modern improvements; $500 for season. Frederick L. Averill, Totoket Hotel, Branford, Conn.

Lost and Found

Lost advertisements in The New York Times are reprinted without extra charge in more than 1000 Bulletins posted in public places throughout the city—railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels and theatres.

Lost

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. 53,386 for 100 shares in the name of "Lehman Brothers." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. GRACE R. BUMSTED, Executrix, Owner. OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys, 170 Broadway, New York City.

LOST.—In the vicinity of Amsterdam Av. and 66th St., small white poodle, with rather short hair, one eye smaller than the other; answering to the name of "Muff." $10 reward will be paid on its return to Mrs. Patrick Kearney, 140 West 66th St., or J. V. V. Olcott, 31 West 72d St.

LOST.—Belvedere Hotel, Baltimore, Md., rooms 706, 707, 708, on Friday, June 28, soft shirt containing a pair of gold amethyst cuff links and two collar buttons. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Arnold Sanchez, second floor, Times Building, New York City.

LOST.—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, Saturday night, either at Murray's cabaret, 42d St., or between Murray's and St. Francis Hotel, West 47th St. Return to Apartment 103, St. Francis Hotel, receive liberal reward.

LOST—June 28, 5:41 P. M. train from New York to Far Rockaway, lady's black velvet handbag, gold glasses, pocketbook, silver watch, fountain pen, owner's card with address. Reward. Z 105 Times.

LOST.—A star sapphire set in scarfpin; probably lost in Fulton St., Brooklyn, or in Subway. $5 reward to finder by leaving it at the New Netherland Bank, 41 West 34th St.

LOST—At Far Rockaway, L. I., a turquois brooch surrounded by diamonds; finder liberally rewarded. Notify Mrs. Sheridan Norton, Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, L. I.

LOST.—Crochet bag, containing pocketbook and money, between Imperial Hotel and 87th St., corner 5th Av. Liberal reward if returned to 201 West 108th St. Apt. 53.

LOST.—Goertz camera, on special train to Poughkeepsie on June 29. Return to H. S. Mudd, 616 West 113th St.; reward.

LOST—Probably 125th St., gold flare brooch, diamond centre. Reward. Boniface, Room 1,322, 165 Broadway.

LOST.—Baroque pearl horseshoe. Liberal reward if returned to 170 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—Boston bull pup, Thursday night, 79th St., 5th Av.; wore red collar; $5 reward. 63 East 84th St.

$25 REWARD for return of Skye terrier (female) to Strand Hotel, 500 West 14th St.

Found

FOUND.—Saturday, on Amsterdam Av., between 81st and 82d Sts., an automobile tire. Owner can have same by calling at 443 Amsterdam Av., in stationery store, and proving ownership.

FOUND, July 1.—POLICE DEPARTMENT.—Apply 240 Centre St.—Bay horse, bankbook on Omega Bank, name of E. D. Cafferty. BROOKLYN. Apply 269 State St.—Cardigan jacket, empty wine barrel, lady's hat, straw hat, heart-shaped locket initialed, chain.

FOUND, June 29 and 30—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Parasol, book, coat, balls, hat, frame, brace and bit, bag, 2 umbrellas, 2 purses, 2 packages.

FOUND, June 30—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Three satchels, shirt, collars, aprons. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Meshbag, handbag, eyeglasses, earring, candy, books, apron, shirt, neckpiece, coat, football, brush, hats, belt, key. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, cuff links, 2 satchels, books, 3 pairs gloves, shirt, trousers, shoes, checks, key, medicine, metal. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Nine umbrellas, purse, bags, stickpin, breastpin, vest, bond, aprons. SUBWAY—Umbrella, purse, watch, teeth, 3 books, gloves, keys, overalls, stockings, sweets, belt, dresses, aprons, coats, music, varnish.

FOUND, July 1—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Purse, auto license, umbrella, clock, envelope, package, veil, raincoat, overcoat, small box, handbag, letters.

FOUND, July 1—NEW YORK CENTRAL, N. H. & H. R R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Two packages, dress suit case, umbrella, ticket.

FOUND, July 1—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages, umbrella.

FOUND, July 1—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven packages, 5 umbrellas.

FOUND, July 1—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Jersey City: Umbrella.

FOUND, July 1—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Eyeglasses, gloves, hat, lamp shade, 5 umbrellas, satchel, camera box.

Business Opportunities

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY is open to a congenial, active young man who will invest about $700 and services with well-established manufacturer whose products are used by the largest corporations and admitted to be the best; no special experience required; security given pending suitability and satisfaction; references exchanged. Ideal, 812 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WITH $5,000-$10,000 WANTED, PROSPEROUS, ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUSINESS; EXCLUSIVE AGENCY; ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES IN GREAT DEMAND; WILL BEAR STRICTEST INVESTIGATION; MONEY FOR EXPANSION. OPPORTUNITY, V 5 TIMES.

An opportunity is offered to secure an orchard and fruit farm located on the Hudson River for $6,300; owner will sacrifice on account of other interests; a fine home and income property for any one desiring to move to the country. Z 103 Times.

Old-established Manhattan publishing business would sell half interest to proven advertising salesman who can invest $5,000 cash; present owner is good inside man. Harris-Dibble Company, 71 West 23d St., New York.

I desire to get in touch with practical man of ability now employed with some successful concern to start like business; state nature of business. Confidential, N 22 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY.
Owing to disagreement, will sacrifice for best offer large law practice; over 1,000 cases pending; 1,500 clients. Z 99 Times.

Accounting firm seeks man with influential connections who can secure accounting work; liberal arrangements. Z 107 Times.

$2,000 to $5,000 will secure connection with New York selling house for staple products. N 279 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Reliable party to invest in amusement enterprises; large returns shown. F 2 Times.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

54TH ST., 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block, cuisine and service; references.

63D ST., 23 EAST.—Fine rooms with board, $8 up; corner Madison Av.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Corner rooms; excellent board optional; $9 weekly up; elevator.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Cool, attractive, large suite, parlor bedroom; bath; other rooms; Southerners accommodated.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean, comfortable room with running water, telephone; good table.

26TH ST., 33 WEST.—Desirable rooms with bath; Summer prices; with board.

39TH, 49 WEST, (5th Av.)—Heart retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; high-class home cooking; Summer rates; Southerners catered to.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Pleasant single and double rooms; quiet house; excellent board; telephone.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; baths, phones; superior table; moderate.

54TH, 54 WEST.
Rooms; table guests; first-class.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with or without board; superior table board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

64TH ST., 167 WEST.—Superior accommodation; reasonable; those desiring the comforts investigate; references.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room; private bath, marble shower; electric light; private residence; Southern cooking; board optional; Southerners catered to.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Rooms, baths, every convenience; beautiful location; board optioned; refined home.

260 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Subway; board optional.

71ST ST, 130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; every convenience; excellent table.

72D, 134 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium, single rooms; private baths; telephone; table guests accommodated.

73D ST., 154 WEST.—Desirable rooms and board; Summer prices; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms, baths; excellent table; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Light, airy rooms; excellent table; homelike surroundings; prices reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Newly furnished; parlor dining; excellent table; Southerners desired; Summer rates; telephone.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, well-furnished cool, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior table; Summer rates; references.

78TH, 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; private family; central location; board optional; Subway; phone; moderate.

76T HST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms, parlor dining; table board; references.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady offers in her residence choice selection of rooms, all conveniences; superior table; real home atmosphere; references.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Handsomely furnished house; large light rooms; excellent table; best service; transients accommodated; all conveniences; Summer rates.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Attractive rooms for business people.
Schuyler 8397.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms suitable one, two gentlemen; excellent home cooking; Jewish family.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Accommodate one or two gentlemen in exclusive refined Jewish home; easy access to Subway and surface lines; reference.

91ST ST., 38 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms; electricity; parquet floors; excellent table; Jewish.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Airy, large, single rooms; private, refined house; excellent table; Summer rates.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; also small room; good board; references.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Choice selection light, airy rooms; Southerners; excellent table. Phone 1782 Riverside.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near Central Park; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Large rooms; all home comforts; excellent board; Jewish family; telephone.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large, cool room; also single; excellent meals; table board; dinners; moderate.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table guests; Summer rates. Telephone Riverside 2840.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Good rooms; good table; good service; tourists or permanent guests; Southerners.

113TH, 544 WEST, Near Columbia.—Double, single rooms; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive; large front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; board optional; telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Two large, one single, corner rooms; Morningside Heights, overlooking park; delightfully cool; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $3, $6; references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Opposite Columbia University; elegant, new, modern fireproof building; elevators, reception room, roof garden; all rooms newly furnished, light, airy; shower baths adjoining; beautiful, cool, ground-floor restaurant: moderate rates. See Yetman, manager.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, Near Riverside.—Single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Parlor, also medium-sized room to let, with board.

137TH ST., 602 WEST.—Very attractive front rooms; elevator; Subway station corner. Apt. 23.

138TH ST., 242 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms with excellent board; refined neighborhood; table guests accommodated.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; large rooms; electricity; homelike; unexcelled cuisine; table guests.

141ST., 527 WEST.—Attractive rooms, bath, all conveniences; near Riverside Drive; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

ATTRACTIVE FRONT ROOM; elevator apartment; private family; home comforts; references; reasonable; telephone 6305 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407.—Exceptional board for gentleman desiring real home; private family. Sander.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855.—Ideal Summer home; overlooking Hudson; surrounded by 3 acres shady grounds; 2 blocks north 157th St. Subway. 4412 Audubon.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Heights, overlooking river; Subway, five minutes Wall St.; trolley connects ferry, bridge; seashore; neighborhood, house, table high class; Summer rates, $8, $20 weekly. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway; delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; near river; 'Phone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

Gentleman wants room and board with refined private family near Macombs' Dam Park. Give full information in letter. Z 104 Times.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

11TH ST., 28 EAST, (Adjoining 5th Av.)—Cool rooms; running water; next baths; large closets.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms, running water; board optional; Southerners accommodated; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

29TH ST., 147 EAST.—Two exceptionally bright and airy furnished rooms, one large, one small, with private family; references required.

44TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large front room; comfortably furnished; private bath; telephone.

45TH, 9 EAST.—Handsome suite, single, double rooms; private bath; kitchenette; Summer prices; telephone.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references; Summer rates.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; square room; single room; breakfast optional; references.

76TH ST. 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates; telephone.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Doctor's office; every convenience; former occupant physician. 'Phone, Lenox 6613.

86TH ST., 58 EAST.—Physician and dentist office; just vacated; lease; house remodeled.

IRVING PLACE, 14, corner 15th St., (block east of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful large and small room; $3.50 up; telephone 1978 Gramercy; references.

Large, attractively furnished room, near 5th Av. and 42d; private family; cool, light, and airy; electricity; private bath. E 148 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 153.—Nicely furnished room; central location; for one or two.

MADISON AV., 69.—Homelike, Summer environment; hotel appointments and service; Southerners solicited.

MADISON AV., 278.—Handsome suite, single, double rooms; private bath, kitchenette; Summer prices; telephone.

MADISON AV., 432, (49th St.)—Cool, well-furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; no transients taken.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Fine location; beautiful, small, large rooms, suite; running water, bath; breakfast.

5TH AV., 46—Cool, attractive, large suite, parlor bedroom; bath; other rooms; Southerners accommodated.

8TH AV., 75 (14th.)—Clean, airy, single, double, housekeeping; $1.50 to $4.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming, cool rooms; bachelors; electricity, telephone; location unsurpassed; references.

9TH ST., 23 WEST.—Neatly furnished large, small rooms; hot water; ample closets; conveniences; references.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well furnished, very superior rooms; for refined persons; moderate prices.

11TH ST., 21 WEST.—Airy rooms; running water; baths; telephone; gentleman; Japanese attendance; refined surroundings.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large, clean room; single beds if desired; telephone.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor and dressing room; running water; telephone; private.

31ST ST., 28 WEST.—Well-furnished room for bachelor; adjoins modern bath; $5.

42D, 322 WEST.—Convenient, beautifully furnished, clean, airy rooms; tiled bath; $2; gentlemen. Hughes.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; bachelors; breakfast if desired.

47TH ST., 113 WEST.—Furnished large room; bath and hot and cold water; Summer rates. Owner in house; gentlemen.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large room; second floor; bath; all conveniences; breakfast. Telephone; references.

55 WEST 50TH ST.
Large and small rooms; private bath.

56TH ST., 104 WEST.—Two, three charming connecting rooms; modern apartment. Phone 7248—Columbus. Dixon.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—Nicely furnished; cool and quiet; running water; baths; Summer rates

58TH ST., 148 WEST.—Select house and location; large rooms; private baths; second floor; references.

58TH ST., 325 WEST.—Elegant large room near Subway, "L," all cars; Summer prices; reference.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, (facing Central Park.)—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; telephone; $4 up; room suitable for studio or two or three gentlemen; Summer rates.

61ST ST., 38 WEST, near Central Park.—Large room, private bath; also large room, adjoining bath; telephone; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

64TH ST., 159 WEST.—Elegant, large rooms; running hot, cold water; large closet; telephone; conveniences.

65TH ST., 150 WEST.—First floor to let, private house; bath, telephone; beautifully furnished; reasonable.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished room for gentleman; all accommodations.

73D ST., 101 WEST.—Delightfully cool room, running water, shower bath, telephone; references required. Doherty.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large, medium, single rooms; southern exposure; private baths; meals optional; references.

74TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large front room, southern exposure; also single; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bath, electricity; also other rooms; private house; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Medium and smaller rooms; bath same floor; private family. Schuyler 7965.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, beautiful large, small rooms; bath adjoining; refined surroundings; telephone.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; twin beds; also single room; gentlemen.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, adjoining dressing room; running water; private house; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; exceptional rooms; large and single; select private house; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, with bath, in private house; telephone.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms, with or without bath; private house.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Medium sized and small rooms; conveniences; private house; reasonable; references.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Special Summer rates; gentlemen or man and wife; newly decorated, large and small rooms; near Central Park; Southern and out-of-town guests accommodated.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large rooms; all improvements; southern exposure; quiet, private house; Summer rates.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated; all sized rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished rooms with bath; private house; transients accommodated; telephone.

82D, 130 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; all conveniences; quiet home for business people; references.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Semi-detached house, overlooking Drive; continuous hot water, shower; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, adjoining bath; electric light; every convenience; private residence.

84TH ST., 10 WEST, Near Park.—Beautiful private residence; handsomely furnished rooms; single, en suite; private baths; prices right to desirable people; telephone.

84TH, 54 WEST.—Delightful rooms; attractive, private house, near Park; Summer, very reasonable; transients.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Handsome large and a small room, newly furnished; private family; references.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, running water, $5; telephone; "L"; small, $2.50.

92D, 51 WEST.—Large rooms, first floor; running water; bath adjoining.

94TH ST., 316 WEST.—Must rent immediately two charming rooms; will rent together or separately; $5 and $6; just off Riverside Drive; three blocks from Subway station; meals if desired; men only. Spanwood.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; quiet, refined surroundings; private house; owner; reference.

95TH, 50 WEST, (near Park, "L," Subway express.)—Only few accommodated; breakfast; telephone; references.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large front room; running water; private house.

96TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small, cool, airy rooms, near Park and Subway; moderate.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; light housekeeping; convenient Park and transportation; references.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive rooms; dressing rooms; large closets; singly or suite; phone.

98TH ST., 248 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms; every convenience; near 96th St. Subway express. La Salle.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; attractive room, adjoining bath; telephone; near Subway.

104TH, 111-117 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; elevator apartment; electricity; $2.50 up. Telephone 5420 Riverside. Manager.

105TH ST., 213 WEST.—Three-room suite; housekeeping; $7 per week; suitable for two. Thomson.

107TH, 19 WEST.—Newly furnished room; modern apartment house, with all improvements; telephone. Smith.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Most attractive room, with bath, for gentlemen. Janvier, fifth floor, west.

111TH, 237 WEST.—Large, airy, nicely furnished room; high-class elevator apartment; telephone service; near elevated and Subway; gentleman who can furnish best references may call between 6 and 8 P. M. Apt. 3.

111TH, 257 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, overlooking park; housekeeping; phone; elevator; $6, $3. Estill.

112TH ST., 305 WEST.—Large front, also smaller rooms; all improvements; private house; Summer prices.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Large front parlor; single rooms; telephone; elevator; shower; Summer rates. Wells.

113TH, 523 WEST, near Broadway.—Beautifully furnished room; shower baths, electricity; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 606 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Private house; large, choice suite of rooms; private bath; all modern conveniences; near Subway.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; private house; opposite Columbia University; telephone; convenient transportation.

115TH, 101 WEST.—Light, airy room; elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen; references; Subway. Schiff.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; cool, comfortable rooms; every convenience; reasonable. Atwood.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; southern exposure; high class elevator apartment; reasonable. Apartment 41.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Two cool front rooms, connecting; phone, electricity, elevator. Apartment 22. Elmer.

118TH, 421 WEST, Apartment 41.—Cool single rooms or suite; kitchen privileges; Summer prices.

401 WEST 118TH ST.
Airy room; large closet; elevator. Apt. 38.

118TH, 401 WEST, APARTMENT 2.
Two large, cool rooms; Morningside Drive.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and small room; elevator; reasonable. Inquire Apartment one.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Handsome, cool; fine view; opposite Columbia campus. Apartment 67. Burdon.

(120TH,) 477 MANHATTAN AV.
Large, small rooms; parlor floor; running water

121ST ST., (Broadway.)—Rooms in high-class apartment; ladies only; references. Apartment 62. Miss Panny.

122D, 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment. (21.)

124TH, 63 WEST, (Subway.)—Light, cool, airy room, suitable two, $4; single, $2.50; electricity, phone.

129TH, 17 WEST.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates; telephone; references.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Second floor, back; third floor, front; skylight; Subway, elevated; Summer prices.

139TH ST., 602 WEST, (Apartment 23.)—To single gentlemen, nicely furnished room in small family.

158TH ST., 646 WEST (Subway.)—First-class rooms; overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson; private house.

AMSTERDAM AV., 442—Large front and bedroom; suitable couple; private bath; use kitchen. Parsons.

AT MODERATE PRICES; HOTEL-SERVICES. THE SUBOREL OFFERS PRETTIEST SUITES IN NEW YORK. 156 WEST 65TH ST.

BROADWAY, 3,100, (123d.)—Private family will rent beautiful parlor suite; all modern conveniences. Hales.

BROADWAY, 2,848-2,850, (110th St. Subway Station.)—Apartment hotel with home comforts; beautifully, newly furnished single room, also 2 and 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large window; private bath; telephone; maid service; weekly, monthly, Summer rates. Trianon. Telephone Morningside 4245.

BUSINESS young woman would rent furnished room; shower bath, use kitchen, piano, telephone; on Riverside Drive. R. D., 263 West 125th St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Ideal Summer room, elevator, for one or two; reasonable. Brien.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 433, (103d.)—Parlor and bedroom, $7; other rooms, $3.50. Laurence.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Exclusive bachelors' apartments, attractive rooms; living rooms; low rate; block Riverside, Broadway Subway. Barnard. Phone 4595 Morningside.

EUGENE COURT.—Apartment hotel with home comforts; one, two, three rooms; kitchen, with wash tubs; private bath; telephone, electric light; $4 up. 105-107 West 104th St. Telephone 637—Riverside.

FOR SUMMER.—Furnished rooms, with bathrooms, dressing rooms, elevator, electric light service, in a handsome private residence on Riverside Drive, in the 80s; Summer rates. Phone 8911 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137th.)—Ideal accommodations; overlooking Hudson; two-room suite; private bath; single rooms; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

MORNINGSIDE AV. EAST, 14, corner West 115th, Apartment 63.—Four furnished housekeeping rooms in apartment facing finest part of Morningside Park; elevator; telephone; Summer rates to reliable person.

TWO LARGE, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; all conveniences; breakfast. 216 West 102d St. Sherman.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, northwest corner of Washington Square.—Large, comfortable rooms for Summer season.

Brooklyn.

1ST ST., 438., (Park Slope.)—Superior accommodations; $2, $4; handy; everything convenient; homelike; private.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, BROOKLYN.—Private family will let 2 large, cool rooms, with running water; 160 feet from beach. 1,615 Emmons Av.

Apartments To Let
FURNISHED

Broadway, 2,731, two minutes from 103d Subway express station; six all-light, unusually pleasant, nicely furnished, cool, quiet rooms to sublet; all-night elevator; thoroughly respectable house; very desirable rent to October; $40 or less.

Cool Washington Heights. Bargain!—For two or three months, 5 large, airy rooms, completely furnished; piano, silver, linen; elevator. (Apartment 62.) 510 West 144th St. 'Phone 1960 Audubon.

Sublet 6 large, well-ventilated comfortably furnished rooms, eighth floor; southern, northern exposure; high class; reasonable rent. Holland, 39 East 27th St.

Kitchenette, large parlor bedroom, bath; handsomely furnished; reduction to October. 28 West 31st St., between 5th Av. and Broadway.

Charming four-room apartment, 143d St., near Riverside; furnished or unfurnished. Terms to suit. Telephone 2990 Audubon.

112TH, 201 WEST.—Sublet $100 apartment $50; furnished complete; elevator, piano; six rooms. Bowman.

Furnished six-room elevator apartment for Summer, west of Broadway. Schmitt, 239 West 103d.

Sublet, furnished, 2 rooms, bath, $40 month. Apt. No. 2, Hotel Calumet. 340 West 57th.

Four rooms, corner, one flight; one month or two. Cogswell, 593 Lexington Av.

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Eight rooms, two baths, elevator, every improvement; rent, $125.
Five rooms, bath, elevator, every improvement; rent, $50, $55, $65. Apply Mrs. Fitton, 342 West 71st St. 'Phone 1755 Columbus.

Broadway, 2,731.—One short block from 103d Subway; four medium-sized rooms, bathroom; all light, cool, quiet; all-night elevator; respectable; to sublet until Oct. 1; $25; $35 thereafter.

East Side.

Sublet $1,500 apartment; six extra large, light, well-ventilated rooms; every convenience; half regular rent till October. Supt., 43 E. 27.

Situations Wanted

Female

A lady of large experience in catering and buying desires position as caterer for a club, apartment house, office building or an inn, near New York; best of references given. Address N 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; competent, intelligent, energetic, punctual; small salary. Augusta Schaeffer, 150 Glenmore Av., B'klyn.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER; $2.50 daily; fancy waists, dresses; alterations; stylish; write Huesley, 179 West 97th.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Several years with large manufacturing and commercial concerns; 9 years in large New York printing plant; thorough in all detail work; capable of devising and installing system; at present employed, but desires to make change; will make good; A1 references; $2,500 per annum. N 253 Times Downtown.

GIRL, 19, would like position as upstairs girl in Summer hotel, (S. R.) F. B., 197 East Broadway. 'Phone 1970 Orchard.

LADY, closing house, would like to place two reliable maids, one cook, other chambermaid-waitress. Call to-day, also Tuesday until 1 o'clock, 30 West 74th St., city.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper washing at home; open air drying; private house; reference. Mrs. Reed, 862 East 224th St., city.

MOTHER'S helper or housekeeper; elderly, refined, trained nurse. A. R., 131 Scheerer Av., Newark, N. J.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Experienced, best references, speaking English, German, and little French, seeks situation to children over 3 years. E. L. Stieglitz, German Home, Bath Beach, Brooklyn.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. — Typewriting, mimeographing, copying manuscripts; expert work; special Summer rates. Masonic Hall Annex, 46 West 24th St. Tel. 2172 Gramercy.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, office assistant; good penman; refined, industrious, wide-awake, conscientious. X., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience, desires position; quick, accurate, neat; moderate salary; A1 references. Bessie, 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Intelligent, energetic young lady; best references; terms moderate. Typist, 91 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Bright, ambitious beginner; will start with moderate salary. Hopper, 810 West 123d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; rapid, accurate; assist books; $15; highest references. N 277 Times Downtown.

TRAVEL IN EUROPE.
A lady of refinement and considerable experience in foreign travel, will chaperon small party of ladies or girls, contemplating traveling or studying in Europe; highest references given and required. For particulars, address N 283 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Female

YOUNG WOMAN with wide business experience, thoroughly capable to take charge of office, familiar with all clerical work, filing, card systems, &c., desires position; best references. N 276 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, 25, would like position in children's institution; has been domestic science teacher and understands stenography; employed. T 86 Times.

Male

ADVERTISING MAN.
I have had two years' experience on New York's leading daily; am familiar with the handling of copy, cuts, mats., and publication work in general; have written a great deal of attractive, compelling copy, and prepared layouts of all kinds; especially good on business-getting letters and follow-up correspondence; also pamphlets, folders, &c.; 32 years old and a sane, well-balanced, systematic worker and thinker; valuable to a newspaper, department store, or advertising agency; very moderate salary until worth proved. D 292 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and OFFICE MANAGER.—Ten years' experience with large corporation; thoroughly experienced in up-to-date bookkeeping, cost accounting, and intelligent handling of office employes; age 28; reference. T 84 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Auditor with extensive experience in all lines would like to hear from business houses requiring high-class services; exceptional references. Address Auditor, N 275 Time Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 'Phone 4376—Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced, system arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. Telephone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, systematizes, writes up books, day or evening, at moderate rates. Sumliner, 156 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1111M Williamsburg.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, (24,) broad and varied experience; seeks connection with progressive house; well recommended; moderate salary. T 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; operates typewriter; shipping; references. Seiden, 11 West 114th St.

BOY, very highly recommended as strictly honest and capable, of good appearance, quick and accurate at figures, desires employment during school vacation. Thomas McCarroll, 414 Vanderbilt St., Brooklyn.

BOY, (16,) with public school education, wants position in office; willing and ambitious. H. R. C., Box 42 Times.

BOY, 17, wishes position as switchboard operator. (H. M.) F. B., Educational Alliance, East Broadway. 'Phone 1970 Orchard.

BOY, experienced, stock runner, wishes position. A. Lore, 1,908 3d Av.

BOY 16, willing to learn electrician trade. G. Jarolim, 316 East 73d St.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, 25, desires a position. I am experienced in transportation and mercantile lines. Traffic, N 273 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, (26,) desires position; city or country; drive and repair any car; references from last employer. Address Chauffeur, 650 3d Av.

CLERK.—Young man, 24, wishes clerical position with chance of advancement; first-class recommendations. C. G. Bayer, 432 West 48th St., city.

IT has often been alleged that there is no man who would not tire of traveling. I am willing to start now, spend never more than two consecutive months in any one place, make each move from 50 to 5,000 miles, and keep it up for ten years in order to refute this fallacy. Estimated cost $5,000 a year. If you care to spend $50,000 in this way, write immediately. Offers will be considered in the order of their receipt. E 156 Times.

MANAGER.—Will manage successfully large commercial egg or poultry farm; prefer Connecticut. T 58 Times.

NURSE, ATTENDANT. — Thoroughly competent, desires immediate position. P. Kuhlig, 325 West 58th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typewriter; intelligent, capable, honest, energetic; small salary. S., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

PAINTER, handy, all-around man, experienced, desires position. J. C., 132 Times Harlem.

PORTER.—Young man (21) wishes position as porter; any kind of work. Nestora, 436-38 East 70th St.

SALESMAN, &c.—Young man, 24, seeks responsible indoor position or salesmanship with established house; wide business experience, selling ability; understands general staple merchandise; immediate salary secondary consideration. R 62 Times.

SALESMAN, with big lingerie waist house, wants side line of silk waists; can assure big business with right line. F 6 Times.

SITUATION wanted as caretaker of a gentleman's house; understands gardening, and has the best of references. Address M 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, experienced two years, completed two years' college work, desires permanent connection with large firm assuring advancement; best references. N 274 Times Downtown.

USEFUL MAN, (32,) single, wishes position, city or country; sober, honest, neat, industrious; references. J. M. M., 406 W. 23d St.

YOUNG MAN, with extensive experience in business affairs and engaged in the manufacture of clothing, is open for responsible position; can furnish highest credentials. T 65 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, at present in charge of office and factory, desires position that has future possibilities. F 5 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, nine years' office and selling experience, desires change for better; salary, $20. F 4 Times.

YOUNG MAN, temperate, desires position elevator runner or porter. Rogers, 309 Alexander Av., Bronx.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, Reed & Barton Building, 320 and 322 5th Av., ninth floor. Telephone 4527 Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.; guaranteed A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLORED HELP, male, female; all purposes. Murrain Agency, 1,970 Amsterdam Av., telephone 4302 Audubon.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COLORED HELP.—Thoroughly investigated, supplied shortest notice. 6370 Harlem. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COOKS, houseworkers, waitresses, elevator runners; city or country. Parker's Agency, 142 West 133d St 94 Morningside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Employment Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morning.

EXCELLENT COOK, $30; competent young houseworker, $25. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4293.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Country Houses Wanted

Furnished cottage wanted in the country within two hours of New York by family of four adults; must have bath, four bedrooms, attractive and refined surroundings, within reach of Episcopal Church; amiable, useful pussy cat, dog, and chickens, but no mosquitos taken into the bargain; rent not over $50 per month. T 85 Times.

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104 East 74th St.—9-room house, close to Park Av.; running water in all bedrooms; will make alterations to suit desirable tenant. Henry Mandel, 149 Broadway. Telephone 4285 Cortlandt.

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Furniture, carpets, pianos, books, antiques bought for cash. Dawson, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 1879.

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A magnificent solid mahogany player piano, popular make, brand new, at half price; seen at factory. S. S. Collins, 500 Tribune Bldg.

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order; will sell for $100. 318 West 42d St.

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Help Wanted

The New York Times declines Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for purchases of samples or cash deposits are excluded. If employment is on a commission basis advertisements must so state. The Times endeavors to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

Female

FORELADY, EXPERIENCED ON FINE DRESSES AND WAISTS, FIRST CLASS POSITION OFFERED TO ONE WHO IS THOROUGHLY CAPABLE TO INSTRUCT AND GET OUT GOOD AND CLEAN WORKMANSHIP; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS F. F., BOX 162 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MODEL.
Stylish young lady, 18 year size, to try on fur garments. Kohn & Baer, 43 West 33d St.

MODEL.
Stylish young lady, 36 size, to try on fur garments. Kohn & Baer, 43 West 33d St.

WANTED—Competent stenographer in architect's office. Reply by mail only, stating experience and salary desired. Alfred Hopkins, 165 East 66th St.

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It is a certificate of good character to have your advertisement admitted to the columns of The New York Times, because an effort is made to exclude advertisements of a questionable character and those that decoy and deceive.

BOY, 16 years old, for night work, (5:30 to 12:30;) must be well recommended; good chance for advancement; salary to start, $5 per week. L. G., 121 Times.

EXPERIENCED advertising solicitor for high-class proposition; every advertiser possible customer; every order brings repeat order; salary or commission. Permanent, 171 Times.

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LARGEST popular silk waist manufacturer wishes salesman for Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin; experienced man, with large acquaintance, considered only; great opportunity; commission basis. R 57 Times.

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SALESMEN having insurance, real estate, or book experience; opportunities for hustlers and those speaking foreign languages; salary, commission. 523, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced; traveling for childrens' and misses' dresses; commission basis. Subin, 20 West 4th St.

SALESMEN to sell shares manufacturing enterprise; exceptionally profitable commissions. Room 1,514, 305 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, good at details and having knowledge of typewriting, wanted for clerical work from midnight to 8 A. M.; one with experience in publication office preferred; give experience and salary desired. C. J., 124 Times.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

COST ACCOUNTANT, $2,000; accountant and credit man, $1,800; night clerk, (hotel,) $30; salesman, $15; clerk, (real estate,) $15; other openings, different lines. Call Mighill, (agency,) Flatiron Building.

CREDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT CORPORATION.—High-grade office positions for men and women. 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

Country Board

Westchester.

Yonkers.—Large private house, facing Hudson River, near yacht club; can accommodate few boarders; easy commuting distance to city, N. Y. Central R. R., or Subway; references required. Y 121 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.—Pleasant rooms; exceptional good table; near water; prices moderate. Harrison, 17 Jackson St. Tel. 2744.

Long Island.

THE WOODWILDE.—An ideal home, where city and country meet; select and private; 600 feet private beach; pier; large rooms; spacious dining room or pavilion; meals unsurpassed; 10 acres beautiful shaded lawns; one block from Bay 35th St. station; 45 minutes City Hall; fare, 5 cents; now open for guests. 'Phone 262 Bath Beach, Bensonhurst, L. I.

AAA.—Family having modern cottage near water; hour out; delightful grounds, tennis, boating, bathing; will accommodate few paying guests appreciating home comforts; $8 to $10. References required. Box 108, Amityville, L. I. Telephone 209-W Amityville.

RICHMOND HILL.—Charming Summer home; large grounds, shade, spacious porch; near park, golf links, tennis, &c.; large, airy rooms; excellent table. 342 Oak St. Telephone 313 Richmond Hill.

WHITE HOUSE, Whitestone Landing.—Beautiful location, facing Sound; fishing, boating, bathing; extensive piazzas; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. 'Phone 1465 Flushing.

Rockaway Park, 46 2d Av., comfortable connecting rooms, with bath; balconies overlooking ocean; from $26 weekly, for two, with excellent board.

AT FAR ROCKAWAY.—Room and board at 221 Grandview Av. to sublet; rates very moderate. Inquire of Mrs. Morris.

New York State.

Healthy and Restful.—Pine Forest Park, Berkshire Hills; two hours New York Central; beautiful private lake; mountainous, no dust; solid comfort, free from restraints of fashion, simplicity, refinement; rooms in cottages, bungalows, camps, modern plumbing; German-American table; bathing, boating, fishing, tennis, rate, $12.50 to $15. Mrs. Celia Sullivan, care Dr. Louis Rosenbaum, 153 West 120th St.

SYLVAN LAKE COTTAGE, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.—Homelike, cozy farmhouse, where rest and good cooking are supreme; all table products from farm; near lake; rates reasonable.

SUMMER BOARD.
Before selecting your vacation resort send postal for descriptive circular. Hillair Farm, Walton, N. Y.

Lake Valley Farm House.—Large rooms; good table; pleasantly located; $7; particulars. L. A. Van De Bogart, Shady, N. Y.

Rayvella Hall, Hasbrouck, Sullivan Co.—On farm; baths, toilets, gas; $7 up. Illustrated booklet.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !
$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J. Special rates for families.

Southern exposure; billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give a fairyland effect; four minutes from station; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?

Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door, at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre, shopping district, at Broadway and 33d St.; no crowded Subway and warm cars; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

A.—THE RIDGEDALE,
MADISON, N. J.
An ideal family boarding house; one hour from New York; refinement, comfort, health, extensive grounds; table special feature.

In pleasant country home, large airy rooms, bath on same floor; convenient to P. R. R. Station, Post Office, and store; good table; write for particulars. Mrs. P. E. Frazee, P. O. Box 23, Allenwood, N. J.

SPACIOUS rooms, good board; reasonable rates; all modern conveniences; near trolley station, via Fort Lee Ferry. Mrs. Bingham, Teaneck Road, Teaneck.

Belmar, N. J., 203 11th Av.—First-class German board; all accommodations; near beach; reasonable.

THAW IS INSANE, DR. FLINT TESTIFIES

Would Be a Menace to Public Safety if Set at Liberty, State's Alienist Declares.

A PARANOIAC, AND INCURABLE

Prisoner's Lawyer Puts the Physician Through Long Cross-Examination, Trying to Prove Bias.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 1.—Harry K. Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, heard Dr. Austin Flint, the alienist, declare under oath this afternoon that he was still insane and that hi srelease from the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane would be dangerous to the peace and safety of the public.

Mr. Jerome was not long in concluding the direct examination of Dr. Flint, and then Clarence J. Shearn, Thaw's chief counsel, took the alienist in hand. For more than three hours Mr. Shearn hammered away at Dr. Flint, trying to break down his testimony. It was a battle of wits, and the consensus of opinion seemed to be that Dr. Flint, who is more than 76 years old, bested the younger man all along the line.

Dr. Flint was still on the stand when court adjourned, at 5 P. M., and the indications then were that he would be under fire most of to-morrow, if not the entire day.

Mr. Shearn made much of the fact that it was not until the first Thaw homicide trial was well under way that Dr. Flint arrived at the conclusion that Thaw was a victim of incurable paranoia. At one point in the cross-examination Mr. Shearn demanded that Dr. Flint tell the court why it was that he did not make up his mind until February, 1907, that Thaw was incurably insane. Mr. Shearn wanted to know what Dr. Flint's opinion of Thaw was before that time.

"Until that time," Dr. Flint answered suavely, "I thought he was just a common murderer."

Newspaper Articles in Evidence.

Mr. Shearn also tried to make much of the fact that in newspaper articles, which were shown to the alienist, Dr. Flint was quoted as saying that Thaw was insane and that it would be a menace to public safety to set him free. Mr. Shearn contended that these statements showed bias on the part of Dr. Flint. Two signed articles and one interview printed in The World and an editorial from THE NEW YORK TIMES were offered in evidence by Mr. Shearn in this effort to prove bias. Dr. Flint assured the Thaw attorney that he was responsible for every word said in The World articles, but just as positively assured Mr. Shearn that he had in no way "inspired," as Mr. Shearn charged, the editorial in THE TIMES, although he indorsed every word of it.

"In those articles in which you stated that the liberation of Thaw would be dangerous to the public, did you mean to help or hurt Thaw?" asked Mr. Shearn.

"I meant to be helpful in the highest degree to him,' 'answered Dr. Flint.

"How?" demanded Shearn.

"I was and am of the opinion that he should be kept in restraint, and I considered that it was my duty so to inform the public," Dr. Flint answered with great positiveness.

At another point in the cross-examination of Dr. Flint there was a lively interchange of compliments between Mr. Shearn and Mr. Jerome. In the midst of the colloquy Justice Keogh interrupted with the following remark, which by some was considered very significant, coming as it did at this important point in the hearing:

"Gentlemen, I am forming my opinion of this matter as I go along, and this does not aid me."

Peabody Matter Disposed Of.

When court convened this morning Mr. Jerome arose and said that he considered it his duty to inform Justice Keogh that he was informed yesterday that a few weeks prior to the beginning of the present hearing the Justice had talked over with a person in no way connected with the Thaw case the conversations that Justice Keogh had had with the late Russell Peabody. Mr. Peabody was one of Thaw's lawyers, and the conversations, Mr. Jerome said, were understood to have reference to Clifford W. Hartridge's former connection with the Thaw defense.

"As I have stated in the conference between us," Justice Keogh replied, "the matter passed entirely from my memory, and can in no way influence my acts or decisions in the case. The only recollection I have of the conversations with Mr. Peabody is that they had to do with a difference that existed between Mr. Peabody and Mr. Hartridge. As for any recent conversation with reference to that matter I have no recollection of any such talk with any person. The hearing will proceed."

With the final disposition of the Peabody matter, Mr. Shearn proceeded with the reading of the Matteawan record of the Thaw case, the reading of which was interrupted when court adjourned last Friday. This took up two hours and was a very tiresome proceeding. All of the record read to-day was included in the report of the five days' examination to which Dr. John W. Russell, the new Superintendent of Matteawan, subjected Thaw recently. It was a very dry question-and-answer affair—something like a high school boy's recitation. In this respect it differed strikingly from the part of the record written by Dr. Amos T. Baker, the former Acting Superintendent, toward whom Thaw is intensely bitter.

Jerome on the Stand Again.

Mr. Jerome was the first witness called to the stand when the reading of the record was finished. Mr. Shearn called him for the purpose of getting into evidence a letter that Dr. Flint wrote to Mr. Jerome in 1908. Justice Keogh did not see the relevancy of the letter and did not want it admitted into the evidence, but as Mr. Jerome seemed just as anxious as Mr. Shearn to have it in, the Justice finally ordered it into the record.

The letter did not produce the expected sensation, and there was nothing in it that in any way discredited either Dr. Flint, Mr. Jerome, or Dr. Baker, who was the subject of the communication.

When Mr. Jerome left the stand he demanded of Mr. Shearn what he intended to do with regard to the cross-examination of Policemen Lynch and Garrett of New York. These men were State witnesses and the cross-examination was postponed to give Mr. Shearn a chance to issue a subpoena to Mr. Jerome to produce a certain written stateemnt made by Barrett, immediately after the killing of Stanford White. Mr. Shearn had intimated to the court that this document would prove an important link in the Thaw side of the case. Mr. Jerome produced the document, but would not surrender it until Mr. Shearn had agreed to offer it in evidence.

Barrett and Lynch were in court to-day ready for the cross-examination. Mr. Jerome suggested to the Thaw attorney that he thought the cross-examination of the policemen should proceed so that the men could return to their stations in New York. Mr. Shearn, however, had changed his mind and refused to cross-examine whereupon Justice Keogh excused the men for the rest of the hearing. The document that Mr. Shearn subpoenaed Mr. Jerome to produce did not prove to be what Mr. Shearn thought it was, it is said.

Dr. Flint Takes the Stand.

"Dr. Austin Flint, will you take the stand?" Mr. Jerome said, when Mr. Shearn announced that he had decided not to cross-examine the policemen. Thaw straightened up in his chair, and the expression on his face showed that he realized that a most important moment in his fight for liberty was at hand.

Dr. Flint is one of the men toward whom Thaw is most bitter. He has hated Dr. Flint from the day that he was retained by Mr. Jerome as one of the State's alienists. He knows that Dr. Flint is one of the three men who know his case from beginning to end. The others are Mr. Jerome and Dr. Baker, and against these three the man who killed White appears to harbor an intense resentment.

Dr. Flint, alert and vigorous, despite his years, walked briskly to the witness chair. He carried a leather portmanteau containing his records of the Thaw case. There was a determined look on his face and it was easy to see that he was prepared to match wits with the Thaw lawyers, for he realized that his cross-examination would be the most severe that the Thaw side would offer.

Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Harry Thaw, put on a pair of dark spectacles and seated herself in a position so that she could always have the alienist in view.

Saw Thaw Day After the Shooting.

"When did you first see Harry K. Thaw?" Mr. Jerome asked.

"June 26, 1906, in his cell in the Tombs," Dr. Flint replied.

"Did you have a conversation with him at that time?" Mr. Jerome continued.

"No, I only greeted him at that time," Dr. Flint answered.

The next time that he saw Thaw, Dr. Flint said in answer to a question, was on June 27 in the library of the District Attorney's office, in the Criminal Court Building. On that occasion he had an opportunity of observing Thaw, Dr. Flint said, for a period of about forty or fifty minutes. Besides himself there were present on that occasion Mr. Garvan, then Mr. Jerome's chief assistant in the Thaw case, Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, Dr. Mabon, Dr. McDonald and Mr. McManus, who represented Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge, then the Thaw attorneys.

"Describe what you saw, heard or observed?" Mr. Jerome said.

"I greeted Thaw as he entered the room," Dr. Flint replied, "and soon afterward Dr. Carlos McDonald, who was associated with me, started to examine Thaw, but Thaw only answered one or two questions, neither of them important, after which he did not reply to the questions asked by Dr. McDonald.

"Thaw looked away from us. Dr. McDonald told him the object of the visit, but Thaw made no response to any of his questions. Once on that occasion Thaw asked me as to the health of my son, but that was all that he said to me.

Had Observed Thaw Many Times.

"When did you next see Thaw?" asked Mr. Jerome.

"To the best of my recollection it was on the morning of Jan. 23, 1907, the opening day of the first homicide trial. That trial lasted fifty-nine days and I was present on every one of them.'

Q.—Did you, during the progress of that trial, have a position in the trial room where you could see and observe Thaw at all times? A.—Yes; he was always in full view.

Q.—Did you note his appearance in court and when entering court? A.—I did.

Q.—Did you attend each session of the Mills hearing, and were you able to see and observe Thaw? A.—I attended every session, and was able to see and observe Thaw at all times.

Q.—When was the next time that you saw Thaw? A.—I think at Matteawan in April of last year, when I was there performing my duties as an examiner of the hospital.

Had Studied Thaw's Writings.

Mr. Jerome then asked Dr. Flint if there had been submitted to him the various exhibits that figure in the Thaw case, mentioning among others the famous Longfellow letters, the Thaw will and codicil, the remarkable series or papers included in Thaw's instructions to Delphin M. Delmas, his leading counsel at the first homicide trial, and the pen and ink sketches. The witness said that he had seen and carefully studied all of these exhibits.

Q.—Did you examine and read in the original the two letters written to Gov. Dix last year, the letter written to Dr. Lamb, the one writen to Dr. McDonald—all in the handwriting of H. K. Thaw—and the pamphlet entitled "The Secret Unveiled," of which Mrs. William Thaw is purported to be the author? A.—I have read and studied all of the exhibits referred to.

Q.—Did you compare the handwriting of a letter written to Hartridge in 1907 with the letters subsequently written to Dr. McDonald and Gov. Dix? A.—I do no remember having done so.

Q.—Did you examine the letter written to Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw in which Thaw wrote "sometimes get rattlesnake skins"? A.—No, I have not read that one.

Mr. Jerome then read the letters that Thaw wrote to Anthony Comstock, asking his help in bringing to justice those who, according to Thaw, made it a practice to ruin young girls. Dr. Flint replied that he had studied all of the Comstock letters.

Dr. Flint Defines Paranoia.

"Now I ask you," Mr. Jerome began, speaking very slowly, "as a result of your scientific study of insanity—what is the fact that you find in regard to the memory of insane persons"?

"In many forms of insanity the memory is not impaired, and in many it is abnormally retentive," Dr. Flint replied.

Thaw was looking at Dr. Flint, and the expression in his big eyes was one of intense interest. He had heard such questions before, and knew what was soon to come. Mr. Jerome continued:

Q.—What is paranoia? A.—Paranoia generally occurs in young adult life. It is progressive and is characterized by delusions or illusions without impairment of intellect, memory, or other powers.

Q.—What can you say as to the capacity of the insane to conceal their condition? A.—They often do so with considerable success, and this is especially true of paranoiacs.

Q.—What can you say of the presence of the exaggerated ego or grandiosement in paranoiacs? A.—Always present, especially in later years.

Thaw Insane, Says Alienist.

Dr. Flint then said that there were no physical signs of paranoia observable, and then came the question as to the present mental condition of Thaw.

"In your opinion, is Thaw sane or insane?" Mr. Jerome asked.

"Insane," Dr. Flint replied, with great deliberation.

"Are you able, after your eighty days' observation of Thaw and your study of the documents that figure in this case, to give an opinion as to the form of the insanity from which he suffers?" Mr. Jerome continued.

"True paranoia," the alienist answered.

"Do true paranoiacs ever recover?" Mr. Jerome asked.

"Never," was the cool and deliberate answer.

"Are true paranoiacs suffering from delusions dangerous when at large?"

"They are dangerous at all times."

"To others or to themselves?"

"Generally dangerous to others."

Mr. Jerome then read the hypothetical question based on the history of the Thaw case to Dr. Flint, and asked him if he was able to form an opinion as to the present mental condition of Thaw.

"I am," Dr. Flint replied.

"What is that condition?" Mr. Jerome asked.

"He is insane," Dr. Flint answered.

"In your opinion, could Harry K. Thaw be released from custody without danger to the public safety and peace?"

"He could not."

"That is all; he's your witness," said Mr. Jerome, turning to Mr. Shearn.

Dr. Flint Cross-Examined.

Mr. Shearn began by asking Dr. Flint many questions as to his education, and by a series of questions traced his professional career from before the civil war to the present time. When he was a young man Dr. Flint was a Professor of Psychology in several medical institutions at different times. Mr. Shearn spent much time questioning him about these professorships.

"Because he has a knowledge of psychology is no reason that he does not also understand insanity," Justice Keogh said to Mr. Shearn after the lawyer had used up about half an hour questioning Dr. Flint about psychology.

"Is there any doubt in your mind about paranoia in the case of Mr. Thaw?" Mr. Shearn asked.

"None whatever," replied Dr. Flint.

"Have you any hostility toward Thaw?" continued Mr. Shearn.

"I never had any hostility toward any lunatic. Such a hostility as that would be monstrous," Dr. Flint replied, with a show of anger.

"Do you realize that a person should be free from bias and hostility against a person whose liberty is at stake?"

"I do."

Next Mr. Shearn questioned Dr. Flint with reference to his two signed articles and interview in The World, and the editorial on the Thaw case in THE TIMES.

When Mr. Shearn produced these articles Justice Keogh asked Mr. Jerome if he knew about them.

"All that I know about them is based on the fulminations of Mr. Shearn," Mr. Jerome replied, smiling.

Mr. Shearn handed the clippings to the stenographer for identification.

Wrote Them to Arouse Public.

"Put in a few from The Journal and The American, please," Mr. Jerome suggested, and even Dr. Flint, who had been very solemn and determined looking all the time he had been on the stand, smiled.

"Did you write these articles to arouse public sentiment against the release of Thaw?" Mr. Shearn inquired.

"Yes," said Dr. Flint.

Dr. Flint said that both signed articles were written because he considered it a duty he owed to the public, and when asked if he did so of his own volition, he fairly shouted out "Certainly."

Then came the refrence to the editorial in THE TIMES, which Justice Keogh wanted to exclude as having no bearing on the question at issue, but which he finally admitted for identification when Mr. Jerome said he had no objection to make.

"Did you ever," Mr. Shearn asked, "communicate with The New York Tribune and ask that paper to advocate the selection of Mr. Jerome to handle this case for the State?"

"I was solicited for information by The Tribune and suggested Mr. Jerome because he understands this case better than any other man in the State."

In answer to questions that followed in rapid succession, Dr. Flint said that he knew Clifford W. Hartridge, Daniel O'Reilly, and other persons who had been identified with Thaw's case. In this part of the cross-examination there was another tilt between opposing counsel.

"You must be getting delusions, too," Jerome said to Shearn.

"I have all the delusions that Thaw has," Mr. Shearn retorted.

"I believe you," said Jerome.

The "Kill List" Letter.

"Dr. Flint, did you prepare the 1909 case against Thaw?" Mr. Shearn demanded, suddenly changing the subject.

"No, I prepared the case against the release of Thaw," Dr. Flint corrected.

"Did Hartridge present Susan Merrill to you in the preparation of that case?" Mr. Shearn asked.

"That is too remote, and I exclude the question," Justice Keogh remarked before Dr. Flint had a chance to answer.

"Do you know anything about the 'kill list' letter that appeared recently in The New York Herald?"

"I know of such a matter."

"Were you visited by a Herald reporter in regard to the 'kill list' letter story?"

"That is too remote, and I will exclude it," Justice Keogh again ruled.

"Did you procure the publication of that letter?"

"I did not."

"When did Evelyn Nesbit Thaw first visit your house?"

"I think it was sometime in the Spring of 1909. She came two or three times, and it was during those visits that she met Mr. Clarke, then the Deputy Attorney General in charge of the case for the State."

Dr. Flint said that Mrs. Evelyn Thaw called to see him for advice in reference to a proposed annulment suit, and also to aid him in his preparation of the 1909 hearing before Justice Mills. He said that it was true that he had signed an affidavit in opposition to the effort made by Mrs. William Thaw to have her son transferred from Matteawan to a private sanitarium. A question as to the amount of time Dr. Flint had given to the Thaw case, Justice Keogh ruled out as "utterly immaterial."

Questioned About His Pay.

"How much have you been paid up to now by the State?" Mr. Shearn asked.

"Five thousand dollars on the trial."

"Have you been paid $7,000 for your services?"

"About," Dr. Flint replied.

"Why, that was the same amount 'Mrs. Read' got," Mr. Jerome interrupted, his reference being to the woman Thaw is alleged to have paid that amount to after his arrest for the murder of Stanford White.

"But yours was real money?" Mr. Shearn rejoined.

"So was that, and I hope that yours will be just as real," was Jerome's retort.

Next came the letter that Mr. Jerome produced yesterday, written to him by Dr. Flint. The letter, which was dated Oct. 10, 1908, inclosed a copy of a letter from Dr. Baker in which Dr. Baker said that Dr. Lamb was not then of the opinion that Thaw was a paranoiac.

"He has not, however, seen any of the exhibits," Dr. Baker wrote in that letter.

Dr. Baker said in the same letter that he had not been able to verify a story that Thaw had thought there was a plot hatched at Matteawan to kill him.

Justice Keogh wanted to exclude this letter but Mr. Jerome said he had no objection to its being offered in evidence and so it was read into the record by Mr. Shearn.

"Did you endeavor to convince Dr. Baker that Thaw was a paranoia?" Mr. Shearn asked Dr. Flint.

"I did not. I showed him the exhibits in the case," Dr. Flint answered.

"Now, when Dr. Baker was turned over to you in the District Attorney's office by your dear friend Mr. Jerome did you not try to convince him that Thaw was a paranoiac?" Mr. Shearn persisted.

"I did not," Dr. Flint replied, with great positiveness.

Judge Excludes the Question of Bias.

Justice Keogh at this point interrupted Mr. Shearn and told him to proceed along some other line of inquiry.

"Hereafter," Justice Keogh said, "I shall try this case at least by the elementary rules of evidence and I shall not permit you to go any further into the question of bias."

"Did you ever explain the exhibits in this case to Dr. Lamb?" Mr. Shearn asked, switching to a new line of inquiry as suggested by Justice Keogh.

"I never did, but I understand he was shown them by Dr. Baker," responded Dr. Flint.

"What is the aspect of paranoia?"

"No human being can describe the aspect of paranoia."

"In the forty or fifty minutes that you observed Thaw in Mr. Jerome's office, you did not think him insane, did you?"

"No, I did not, I thought him to be just a common murderer."

"Did you find evidence of paranoia in the will that is one of the exhibits in this case?"

"I did."

"Did you find it in the codicil?"

"I found evidence of it all through the codicil."

"What part of the codicil is delusional?"

"The whole document."

Dr. Flint was asked to tell how he became convinced that Thaw was insane. Mr. Shearn started to interrupt him, but Justice Keogh insisted that he be permitted to answer.

Thaw's Will an Insane Man's.

"I was given the exhibits in the case," Dr. Flint said, "and I took them home and studied them from 9 o'clock at night until 4 o'clock the following morning. It brought home to me the delusion of the 'act of Providence,' the condition of the man's childhood, the codicil, and the will, &c. I realized what it all was, and the next morning I went to Mr. Jerome and told him that he was trying an insane man. I then offered to withdraw from the case if he wanted me to, but he asked me to stay, and I did.

"Before the Commission in Lunacy I testified that he knew when he killed White that he was doing a wrong, despite the delusion that he was acting as an agent of Providence. Had he met some other man that night against whom he harbored delusions he might have killed him instead of White."

One of the Thaw agents said to-day that persons acting in behalf of Thaw had sounded 200,000 persons, mostly business men, in New York as to whether or not they considered Thaw insane. He said three out of every four interviewed expressed the opinion that Thaw was sane.

The hearing will be resumed at 9:15 o'clock to-morrow morning with Dr. Flint still on the stand for cross-examination.

CARMODY WON'T INTERFERE.

Will Tell Shearn That Court Must Pass Upon Jerome's Conduct.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 1.—Attorney General Carmody received a telegram from Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Harry K. Thaw, to-day, protesting against what he calls unfairness on the part of William T. Jerome, special deputy assigned by Mr. Carmody to oppose Thaw's application for release from the Matteawan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane.

Mr. Carmody said he would inform Mr. Shearn that he saw no reason why he should interfere in Mr. Jerome's conduct of the case at this time, and that if Mr. Shearn had any grievance it was a matter for the court to pass upon.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Other Classified Advertisements on preceding page.

EDWARDS GIVES AN OUTING.

Children, Helping to Keep Streets Clean, Join in a Celebration.

Some 25,000 school children visited Ulmer Park yesterday, practically as the guests of Street Cleaning Commissioner "Big Bill" Edwards and the Street Cleaning Department, for the outing was arranged by what is known as the Junior League of the Street Cleaning Department, an organization of children who are bound to assist in keeping the streets clean.

The youngsters met at their schools and then made the trip in special trolley cars. There were all sorts of athletic games, a band and dancing, and, finally, all the food that any one could eat.

The cars took the youngsters home shortly after 5 o'clock, each one an earnest convert to the campaign for cleaner streets.

TWO CANOEISTS DROWNED.

Boy Dragged to Death by Girl He Tries to Save.

While canoeing on Branchbrook Park Lake in Newark last night, Lois O'Connor, 18 years old, of 57 North Seventh Street, and Edward Pollant, 15 years old, of 479 Orange Street, were drowned. They were members of two different canoe parties. It was while Pollant was in the act of rescuing Miss O'Connor that the latter dragged him to death.

In the canoe with Miss O'Connor were her two sisters, Virginia, 13 years old, and Bettie, 11 years old, and Catherine Barry, 17 years old, of Second Avenue. They were paddling the Southern course in the middle division of the park lake, which is situated between Park and Bloomfield Avenues. Pollant and a boy friend were going in the same direction. The girls evidently believed that Pollant's craft was close to them, and they began paddling fast to get out of the way when the frail craft capsized.

Pollant and his companion jumped to the rescue. Pollant succeeded in getting hold of Miss O'Connor, who was struggling frantically in the water. She seized him around the neck, and they both sank. Park Policeman Winget and Chief Gilhooley were soon at the scene of the accident. Winget dived into the water, and in a few minutes recovered Miss O'Connor. She was still alive, and while waiting for an ambulance first aid was administered. She failed to respond to the treatment, and was hurried to the City Hospital, where she died. Miss O'Connor was the daughter of John H. O'Connor, Clerk of the First District Court of Newark. Pollant's body had drifted away from the spot where the accident occurred, but was recovered.

JUMPS INTO LAKE GEORGE.

Engelhard of New York, Suffering from Nervousness, Is Rescued.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., July 1.—Daniel Englehard, Deputy Commissioner of Taxes for Manhattan, living at 305 East Fifth Street, Flatbush, who with his wife has been spending a few days at Hotel Worden, Lake George Village, jumped from the steamer Horicon here to-day, and was picked up by a party of Summer cottagers from Silver Bay.

Mr. Englehard was recovering from an attack of nervous prostration, and his wife has been with him constantly. This afternoon Mr. Englehard left her to buy a cigar and did not return. A telephone message at Sagamore Landing informed Mrs. Englehard that her husband had been picked up alive in the bay, but was in a dangerous condition. Mrs. Englehard returned on the afternoon boat to Silver Bay. Mr. Englehard is 54 years old, and has been under the care of a nerve specialist of New York for two years.

STEPS OFF ROOF FLYING KITE

Boy So Engrossed He Forgets—Killed Instantly.

Samuel Brecker, 15 years old, of 218 Moore Street, Williamsburg, ran back and forth on the roof of the four-story tenement where he lived last night to start a kite which he had difficulty in getting to fly. As it began finally to soar, he walked slowly backwards, with his attention centred on the kite. He backed to the front of the building, and taking another step, fell over to the street, 60 feet below. Scores of people, seated on their front steps and walking along the street, saw him fall and rushed to his side.

A physician was summoned immediately, but it was found that death had been instantaneous.

DIES AT CONEY ISLAND.

Mrs. Laura E. Baker Stricken as She Watched Grandchildren at Play.

Mrs. Laura E. Baker, widow of William H. Baker, a wealthy builder of Brooklyn, with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Frank M. Baker, and her two children, and her cousin, Mrs. Jacob K. Robinson, of Camden, N. J., visited Steeplechase Park, Coney Island, yesterday afternoon, and for several hours watched her grandchildren as they tried every amusement device in the park.

Then Mrs. Baker, who had been very lively and much interested in the pleasure of the children, complained of feeling ill. Dr. Charles E. Hall of 2,113 Mermaid Avenue was called, but Mrs. Baker died before he arrived. He said she had died of apoplexy. Her home was at 196 Westminster Road, Flatbush.

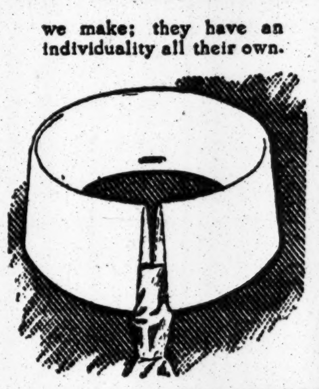
BOY FALLS ON GLASS, DIES.

Child's Jugular Vein Pierced by Piece of Broken Bottle.

Mrs. Sarah Barasch of 1,421 De Kalb Avenue, Williamsburg, began to look about for her three-year-old son, Joseph, a few minutes after she missed him last night. He was not in her apartment on the second floor and she decided to look in the basement, where he often played with other children living in the same building.

At the bottom of the stairs leading to the basement she found the child blee from a cut in the neck. In one h he held a piece of a medicine bo which had evidently broken in his h and inflicted a deep cut when he downstairs. Neighbors summoned Walenta of the Bushwick Hospital, found that the glass had pierced the jugular vein and that the child was dead.

TRY
The COLLARS
we make; they have an individuality all their own.



EARL & WILSON,
Thornwood—a Red-Man.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Helps for the "Fourth" at Special Prices.
$1.50 Fancy Shirts at 98c
French Percale, neat patterns; cuffs attached or separate.
Soft-Cuff Shirts, $1.19
of Mercerized Madras Handsome Colorings
$3.00 Wool Bathing Suits $1.98
n gray, blue and black, with plain or colored edges
Summer Underwear
50c Nainsook (Athletic) at 29c
75c Lisle Thread Knit at 49c
$1.50 Imported Aertex (Athletic) 98c
35c Silk Socks at 17c pair

Save, Now, $15 on a Regular $40 Suit
This saving is made possible to you by our semi-annual stock-taking sale.
Regular materials sold all season at $40 are reduced.
It is worth your while to take this opportunity to get acquainted with the greatest money-saving merchant tailoring establishment in the world.
Suits Heretofore Sold at $40—Now $25.
Two hundred different materials give you a chance to choose.
Made to your measure—Arnheim skill—fit, finish and satisfaction guaranteed.
Wednesday delivery guaranteed on all orders placed before 3 o'clock to-day.
Arnheim
Broadway and 9th Street

Vogel & Co., 167-169 E. 125th St.
ANNOUNCE
Their Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of
KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES
Every Suit in Stock Will Be Marked at
25% Reduction
From Original Prices
(No Charge for Alterations)
Vogel & Co.
167-169 E. 125th St. Just West of 3d Ave.
OUR ONLY STORE OPEN EVENINGS

The Yorke Shirt Shop
1272 Broadway
Between 32d and 33d Streets.

A JULY 4th ATTRACTION
A SHOW IN OUR OWN SHOP
of every kind of shirt
FOR AN OUTING OF SOLID COMFORT
Shirts for Big and Little Men in Long or Short Sleeves $1.50 to $8.50 FROM MAKER TO WEARER
If our shirts fade, don't blame the laundry, blame us.
FACTORIES, GLENS FALLS, N. Y.
WHOLESALE SALESROOMS, 29 UNION SQ., N. Y.

LUNA
HEART of CONEY IS
THE PLACE FOR YOUR WIFE, YOUR MOTHER, YOUR SISTER AND YOUR CHILDREN, AND
The Nations' Playground

ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE
FORMERLY NEW YORK THEATRE—SMOKING
MATINEE TO-MORROW, 400 SEATS $1.00.
A WINSOME WIDOW
75—WONDERFUL CHORUS—75
GAIETY B'way and 46th. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Sat. Only, 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris Success.
This cop's cap in a laughing ring.
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger.
LYCEUM 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. 25c. to To-day, Thur. & Sat. 2:30. $1.00.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w. (Pop. Prices) & Sat. 2:15.
3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat.
THE ROSE MAID Always Cool. Roof Off on Clear Nights.
PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES.
5th AVE. B'way, 28th St Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1.
THOS. A. WISE & CO., CARL SCHUETZE & HETTIE DEUMM, Mott & Maxfield, Burnham & Greenwood, Frank Mayne & Co., others.
23RD STR. nr. 6th Av.
58TH ST. & 3d Av.
125TH ST. Lex. Av.
7 VAUDEVILLE NOVELTIES CHANGED MON. & THURSDAYS—LATEST PHOTO PLAYS CHANGED DAILY. Continuous 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Aft. 5, 10, 15c. Evs. 10 to 25c. Come Any Time.
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-m'w, July 4 & Sat
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day, July 4 & Sat.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
MADISON SQ. ROOFGARDEN Talk of the Town. Open Air Dancing. Big 3-Ring Cabaret. All Seats 50c.
Columbia B'way & 47th Summer Burlesque To-day 2:15. 15c. to 50c. THE MERRY GO-ROUNDERS. To-night, 25c. to $1.00.
WEST END Matinee Daily. 10, 20 & 30c
CORSE PAYTON STOCK CO. in S.T. ELMO
B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. B'way, 14 St. "DETECTIVE KEEN," Mlle. Ma Belle, Clark & Hamilton, Master Gabriel & Co., others.
HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF & REAL ICE CARNIVAL. HOUDINI & 15 Big Acts. Daily Matinee in Theatre, 25 & 50c.
FOX'S Theatre, E. 14th. Mat. Daily, 10-20-30c. —THE CHRISTIAN—

Steeplechase Fun
CONEY'S HIGH-CLASS AMUSEMENT PLACE
NEW—Daily Mat. 25c. "The Antique Girl," S. Miller Kent, Fanny Brice
BRIGHTON Brighton Beach Geo. B. Reno & Co., 6 Brown Brothers, Jungman Troupe The Wards, Minnie Allen.
PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St
Airship Ascension Daily. Fireworks Thursday.
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
CONVENTION VISITORS! DINE
Where the Discriminating Dine.
Cafe des Beaux-Arts
80 West 40th St., cor. 6th Av.
UNDER EXCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT OF
LOUIS BUSTANOBY,
PHONE 2300 BRYANT.
LUCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brau
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910
NORTH BEACH
RESTAURANTS AT CITY PRICES
Boats from East 99th and 134th Sts.
Queensboro Bridge Trolley Also Direct.
Free Fireworks Tuesdays & Thursdays
Southwesterly Breezes Cool the
ROOF GARDEN RESTAURANT
HOTEL NAVARRE, 7th Av.-38th St., (Tel. 6463 Greeley.) Only one in town. Musical Entertainment. Dine in the open air. E. H. Smith, Mgr., Dir.
A. J. PURSSELL'S LUNCH COUNTER & RESTAURANT IS NOW OPEN AT BROADWAY AND 21ST ST.